1

EE23010 Assignment

Sayyam Palrecha* EE22BTECH11047

Question 12.13.3.11

How many times must a man toss a fair coin so that the probability of having at least one head is more than 90%?

Solution:

Parameter	Value	Description
n	n	number of coin tosses
p	$\frac{1}{2}$	getting a head on a coin toss
q	1/2	getting a tail on a coin toss
$\mu = np$	<u>n</u> 2	mean of the distribution
$\sigma^2 = npq$	<u>n</u>	variance of the distribution
Y	≥ 1	Number of heads

1) Gaussian:

The gaussian-distribution of Y:

$$p_Y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$
 (1)

The Q-function from the gaussian distribution:

$$Q\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right) = 1 - F_Y(x) \tag{2}$$

$$F_Y(x) = 1 - Q\left(\frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}\right) \tag{3}$$

a) Without correction

$$\Pr(Y \ge 1) = 1 - F_Y(1)$$
 (4)

From the result (3)

$$Q\left(\frac{2-n}{\sqrt{n}}\right) > 0.9\tag{5}$$

$$\frac{2-n}{\sqrt{n}} < Q^{-1}(0.9) \tag{6}$$

$$\frac{2-n}{\sqrt{n}} < -1.28\tag{7}$$

Squaring on both the sides

$$(n-2)^2 > (1.28\sqrt{n})^2$$
 (8)

$$n^2 - 5.6384n + 4 > 0 (9)$$

$$n > 4.86, n < 0.8$$
 (10)

$$\implies n = 5$$
 (11)

b) With correction: 0.5 as correction term

$$Pr(Y > 0.5) = 1 - F_Y(0.5)$$
 (12)

From the result (3)

$$Q\left(\frac{1-n}{\sqrt{n}}\right) > 0.9\tag{13}$$

$$\frac{1-n}{\sqrt{n}} < Q^{-1}(0.9) \tag{14}$$

$$\frac{1-n}{\sqrt{n}} < -1.28\tag{15}$$

Squaring on both the sides

$$(n-1)^2 > (1.28\sqrt{n})^2$$
 (16)

$$n^2 - 3.6384n + 1 > 0 (17)$$

$$n > 3.38, n < 0.29$$
 (18)

$$\implies n = 4$$
 (19)

2) Binomial:

$$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$$
 (20)

The PMF of X is given by:

$$p_X(k) = {}^{n}C_k(0.5)^k(0.5)^{n-k}$$
 (21)

The CDF of *X* is defined as:

$$F_X(k) = \sum_{i=0}^{k} p_X(i)$$
 (22)

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{k} {}^{n}C_{i} (0.5)^{n-i} (0.5)^{i}$$
 (23)

We have

$$\Pr(X \ge 1) > 0.9$$
 (24)

$$1 - p_X(0) > 0.9 \tag{25}$$

$$(2)^n > 10$$
 (26)

$$n > \log_2(10) \tag{27}$$

$$\implies n = 4$$
 (28)

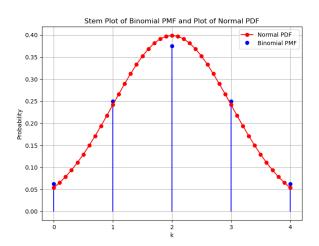


Fig. 2. Binomial PMF of X vs Normal PDF of Y