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EE23010 Assignment

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Question 12.13.3.11

How many times must a man toss a fair coin so that the probability of having at least one head is more than 90%?

Solution:

Parameter	Value	Description
n	n	number of coin tosses
p	$\frac{1}{2}$	getting a head on a coin toss
q	1/2	getting a tail on a coin toss
$\mu = np$	<u>n</u> 2	mean of the distribution
$\sigma^2 = npq$	<u>n</u> 4	variance of the distribution
Y	≥ 1	Number of heads

1) Gaussian:

$$Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$
 (1)

The CDF of *Y*:

$$F_Y(y) = 1 - \Pr(Y > y) \tag{2}$$

$$= 1 - \Pr\left(\frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} > \frac{y - \mu}{\sigma}\right)$$
 (3)

But,

$$\frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \tag{4}$$

$$\implies F_Y(y) = 1 - Q\left(\frac{y - \mu}{\sigma}\right) \tag{5}$$

a) Without correction

$$\Pr(Y \ge 1) = 1 - F_Y(1)$$
 (6)

From the result (5)

$$Q\left(\frac{2-n}{\sqrt{n}}\right) > 0.9\tag{7}$$

$$\frac{2-n}{\sqrt{n}} < Q^{-1}(0.9) \tag{8}$$

$$\frac{2-n}{\sqrt{n}} < -1.28\tag{9}$$

Squaring on both the sides

$$\implies (n-2)^2 > (1.28\sqrt{n})^2 \quad (10)$$

$$\implies n^2 - 5.6384n + 4 > 0 \tag{11}$$

$$\implies n > 4.86, n < 0.8$$
 (12)

$$\implies n = 5$$
 (13)

b) With correction: 0.5 as correction term

$$Pr(Y > 0.5) = 1 - F_Y(0.5)$$
 (14)

From the result (5)

$$Q\left(\frac{1-n}{\sqrt{n}}\right) > 0.9\tag{15}$$

$$\frac{1-n}{\sqrt{n}} < Q^{-1}(0.9) \tag{16}$$

$$\frac{1-n}{\sqrt{n}} < -1.28\tag{17}$$

Squaring on both the sides

$$\implies (n-1)^2 > (1.28\sqrt{n})^2 \quad (18)$$

$$\implies n^2 - 3.6384n + 1 > 0 \tag{19}$$

$$\implies n > 3.38, n < 0.29$$
 (20)

$$\implies n = 4$$
 (21)

2) Binomial:

$$X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$$
 (22)

$$\Pr(X \ge 1) > 0.9$$
 (23)

$$\implies n = 4$$
 (24)

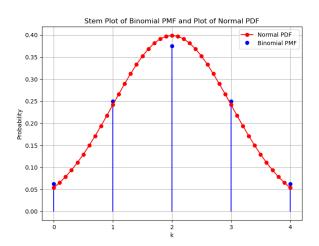


Fig. 2. Binomial PMF of X vs Normal PDF of Y