#### 1

# EE23010 Assignment

## Sayyam Palrecha\* EE22BTECH11047

Consider a triangle with vertices:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

#### I. VECTORS

	1: VECTORS	
parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{m_1}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	
$\mathbf{n}_1^{\scriptscriptstyle op}$	(4 5)	AB
$c_1$	-21	
B-A	6.40	Length of AB
$\mathbf{m}_2$	$\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$	
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$	(6 –9)	BC
$c_2$	-15	
C - B	10.81	Length of BC
$\mathbf{m}_3$	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$	
$\mathbf{n}_3^{\scriptscriptstyle op}$	(-10 4)	CA
$c_3$	-30	
A - C	10.77	Length of CA
rank	3	Non Collinear
area	33	Area of Triangle
∠A	73.1416	
∠B	72.3498	Angle
∠C	34.5085	

TABLE I.1 Vectors

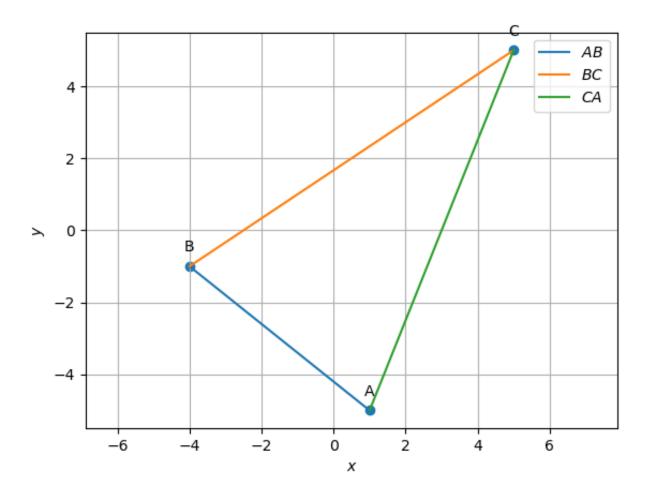


Fig. I.1. Triangle generated using python

#### II. MEDIAN

parameter	value	description
D	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	AD
E	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	BE
F	$\begin{pmatrix} -1.5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$	CF
$\mathbf{n}_{1}^{ op}$	(7 0.5)	normal form of AD
$c_1$	4.5	
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$	(1 7)	normal form of BE
$c_2$	3	
$\mathbf{n}_{3}^{ op}$	(-8   6.5)	normal form of CF
$c_3$	-7.5	
G	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.66 \\ -0.33 \end{pmatrix}$	Centroid of the triangle
	TABLE II.1	

MEDIAN

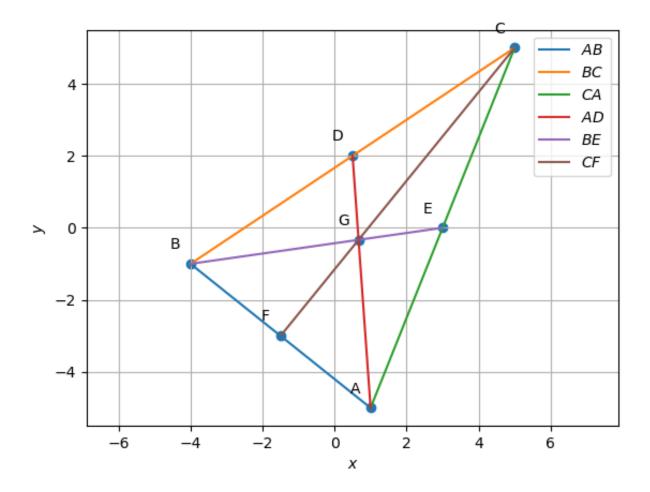


Fig. II.1. Triangle generated using python

III. ALTITUDE

parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_1^{\scriptscriptstyle op}$	(9 6)	$AD_1$
$c_1$	-21	$AD_1$
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$	(-4 -10)	$\mathrm{B}E_1$
$c_2$	26	DE <sub>1</sub>
$\mathbf{n}_{3}^{ op}$	(-5 4)	$CF_1$
$c_3$	-5	Cr <sub>1</sub>
Н	$\begin{pmatrix} 2.833 \\ -0.833 \end{pmatrix}$	Orthocentre of Triangle

TABLE III.1
ALTITUDE

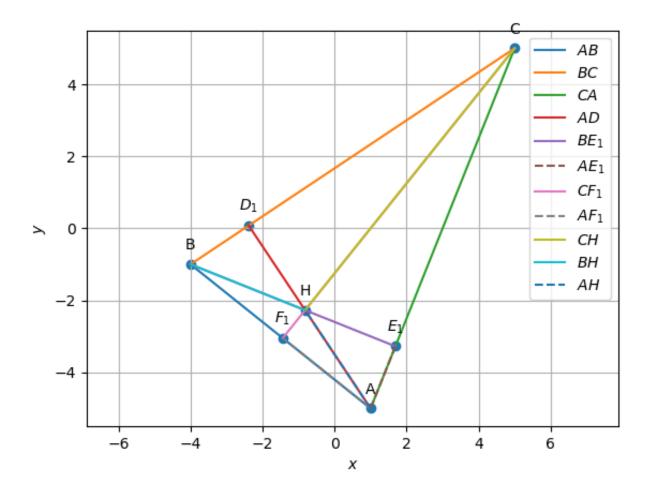


Fig. III.1. Triangle generated using python

### IV. PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description	
$\mathbf{n}_1^{\scriptscriptstyle op}$	(5 -4)	Perpendicular bisector of AB	
$c_1$	4.5	r espendicular disector of AB	
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$	(-9 -16)	Perpendicular bisector of BC	
$c_2$	-16.5	respendicular disector of BC	
$\mathbf{n}_{3}^{ op}$	(4 10)	Perpendicular bisector of CA	
$c_3$	12	respondicular discetor of CA	
0	(1.40)	Circumcircle	
	(0.63)		
radius	5.65		
L	ΤΔΡ	I E I V I	

TABLE IV.1
Perpendicular Bisector

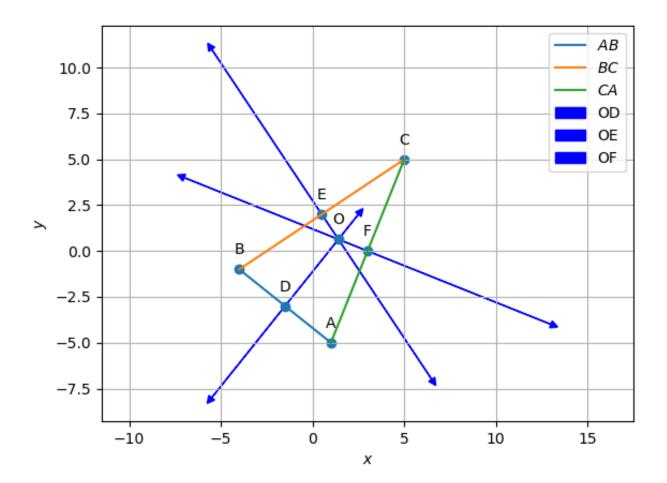


Fig. IV.1. Triangle generated using python

V. ANGLE BISECTOR
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parameter	value	description
$\mathbf{n}_1^{\scriptscriptstyle  op}$	(1.55 0.40)	- Angular bisector of A
$c_1$	-0.49	Aligurar disector of A
$\mathbf{n}_{2}^{ op}$	(-0.06 -1.61)	Angular bisector of B
$c_2$	1.89	Aligurar discetor of B
$\mathbf{n}_{3}^{ op}$	(-1.48  1.20)	- Angular bisector of C
$c_3$	-1.39	Aligular discetor of C
I	$\begin{pmatrix} -0.008 \\ -1.173 \end{pmatrix}$	In simple
		Incircle
radius	2.35	

TABLE V.1 Angle Bisector

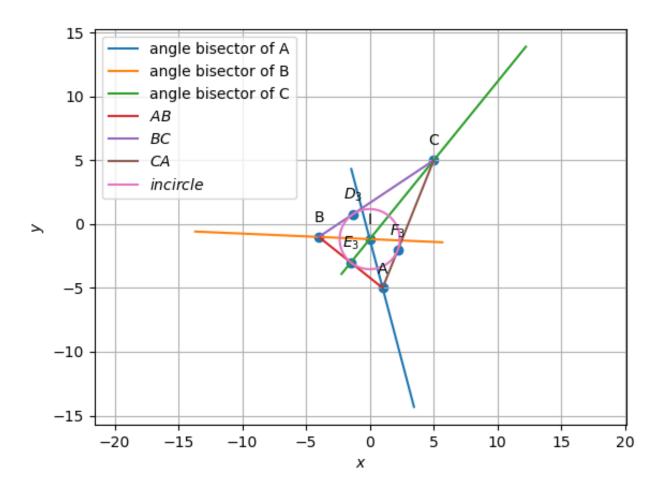


Fig. V.1. Triangle generated using python