

#### CI CD PROJECT

## **OBJECTIVE:**

The primary objective of this project is to establish a robust CI/CD pipeline that automates the process of building, testing, and deploying applications by integrating Git, Jenkins, Maven, SonarQube, Docker Hub, Trivy, ArgoCD and Kubernetes (EKS), the project aims to achieve the following goals:

## 1. Continuous Integration (CI):

- Automate the process of code integration, ensuring that new code changes are seamlessly merged with the existing codebase.
- Perform automated code quality checks and static analysis using SonarQube.

# 2. Continuous Deployment (CD):

- Automate the deployment of applications to a Kubernetes cluster.
- Utilize Docker for creating and managing containerized applications, facilitating consistent deployment environments across different stages (development, testing, and production).
- Implement a streamlined workflow for updating deployment configurations and pushing them to a Git repository for version control.

#### **SUMMARY:**

This end-to-end Jenkins pipeline will automate the entire CI/CD process for a Java application, from code checkout to production deployment, using popular devops tools like Git, Jenkins, Maven, SonarQube, Docker Hub, ArgoCD and Kubernetes

This project covers setting up a CI/CD pipeline using.

- Installing and configuring Jenkins on a Linux server.
- Setting up Docker, configuring Jenkins to use Docker, and handling permissions.
- Configuring AWS CLI, installing kubectl and eksctl.
- Creating an EKS cluster with eksctl.
- Installing necessary Jenkins plugins and setting up credentials.
- Creating a Jenkins pipeline to:
- > Checkout code from GitHub.
- Perform a SonarQube scan.
- > Build the project using Maven.





- ➤ Build Docker Image using Docker file, scan the image using trivy and push Docker images to Docker Hub.
- ➤ Update deployment configurations and push them to a Git repository.
- ➤ Deploy the application to Kubernetes using ArgoCD.

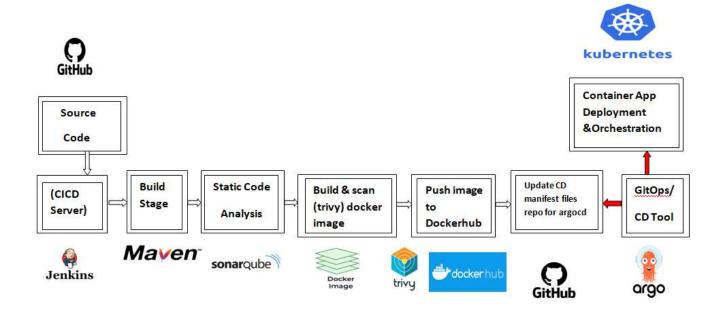
## **Pre-requisites:**

- 1. Java application code hosted on a Git repository
- 2. Server Requirements:
  - A Linux server for Jenkins, Docker, Sonarqube setup with an instance type "t2.large" and a EKS Cluster to deploy container application.

# 3. Software Requirements:

- Jenkins
- Docker
- Maven
- SonarQube
- Kubernetes CLI (kubectl), eksctl for managing EKS clusters
- EKS Kubernetes cluster
- Argo CD

### **FLOW CHART:**





### 1. Jenkins Installation

First, install Jenkins on your Linux system:

```
sudo yum update -y
sudo wget -O /etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-
stable/jenkins.repo
sudo rpm --import https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
sudo yum upgrade -y
sudo dnf install java-17-amazon-corretto -y
sudo yum install jenkins -y
sudo systemctl enable jenkins
sudo systemctl start jenkins
```

# 2. Docker Installation and Configuration

Install Docker and configure it to work with Jenkins:

```
sudo yum install docker -y
sudo systemctl start docker
sudo usermod -aG docker jenkins
sudo usermod -aG docker ec2-user
sudo systemctl restart docker
sudo chmod 666 /var/run/docker.sock
```

## 3. AWS CLI Configuration

Configure AWS CLI to interact with AWS services:

```
aws configure
# Enter your AWS
Access Key ID, Secret Access Key, region, and output format when prompted
```



### 4. Kubectl and Eksctl Installation

Install **kubectl** and **eksctl** to manage Kubernetes clusters:

Kubectl doc: <a href="https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/tools/install-kubectl-linux/">https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/tools/install-kubectl-linux/</a>

Eksctl doc: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/emr/latest/EMR-on-EKS-DevelopmentGuide/setting-

up-eksctl.html

### # Install kubectl

curl -LO "https://dl.k8s.io/release/\$(curl -L -s

https://dl.k8s.io/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl"

curl -LO "https://dl.k8s.io/release/\$(curl -L -s

https://dl.k8s.io/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl.sha256"

echo "\$(cat kubectl.sha256) kubectl" | sha256sum --check

sudo install -o root -g root -m 0755 kubectl /usr/local/bin/kubectl

#### # Install eksctl

curl --silent --location

"https://github.com/weaveworks/eksctl/releases/latest/download/eksctl\_\$(uname - s)\_amd64.tar.gz" | tar xz - C /tmp

sudo mv /tmp/eksctl /usr/local/bin

#### 5. Create EKS Cluster

Create an EKS cluster using **eksctl**:

eksctl create cluster --name mcappcluster --nodegroup-name mcng --node-type t3.micro -nodes 8 --managed

### 6. Install Required Jenkins Plugins

Install the Docker plugin in Jenkins:

- 1. Go to Jenkins Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Manage Plugins > Available.
- 2. Install the Docker plugin, Pipeline stage view, blue ocean..etc



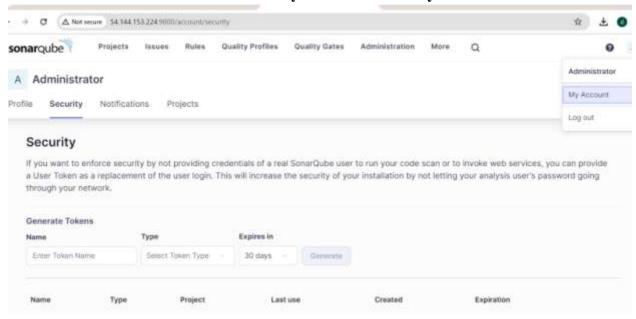




# 7. Install and configure Sonarqube as a Docker container

- 1. Docker run --itd --name sonar -p 9000:9000 sonarqube
- Check if the SonarQube container is running: docker ps
- 3. Access the SonarQube web interface:
  - Open a web browser and go to http://<your-server-ip>:9000
  - The default login credentials are:
    - 1. Username: admin
    - 2. Password: admin
- 4. Log in to SonarQube using the default credentials.
  - Change the default password
- 5. Create Sonar token for Jenkins:

Sonar Dashboard -> Administration -> MyAccount -> Security -> Create token



### 8. Generate GitHub Token

Generate a GitHub token for Jenkins to access your GIT repositories:

- 1. Go to GitHub > Settings > Developer settings > Personal access tokens.
- 2. Generate a new token with the necessary scopes (e.g., repo, admin:repo\_hook).

## 9. Create Jenkinsfile for CI/CD Pipeline

Create a **Jenkinsfile** in your repository to define the CI/CD pipeline:



```
pipeline {
  agent any
 // Specify the maven installation to use for this pipeline.
 // 'maven3' refers to a Maven installation configured in Jenkins.
  tools {
    maven 'maven3'
  }
  stages {
    stage('Checkout') {
       steps {
         echo 'Cloning GIT HUB Repo'
         // Clone the specified branch from the GitHub repository
         git branch: 'main', url: 'https://github.com/devopstraininghub/mindcircuit13.git'
       }
     }
    stage('SonarQube Scan') {
       steps {
         echo 'Scanning project'
         // List directory contents for debugging purposes
         sh 'ls -ltr'
         // Run SonarQube scan with specified SonarQube server and login token
         sh ''' mvn sonar:sonar \\
             -Dsonar.host.url=http://100.26.227.191:9000 \\
             -Dsonar.login=squ_19733ad4e43d54992ef61923b91447e2d17a3062'''
       }
     }
    stage('Build Artifact') {
       steps {
         echo 'Build Artifact'
         // Clean and package the project using Maven
         sh 'mvn clean package'
       }
    stage('Build Docker Image') {
```





```
echo 'Build Docker Image'
        // Build the Docker image using the Dockerfile in the project
        // Tag the image with the current build number
        sh 'docker build -t devopshubg333/batch13:${BUILD_NUMBER} .'
      }
    }
    stage('Push to Docker Hub') {
      steps {
        script {
           // Use Dockerhub credentials to access Docker Hub
           withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'dockerhub', variable: 'dockerhub')]) {
             sh 'docker login -u devopshubg333 -p ${dockerhub}'
           // Push the Docker image to Docker Hub
           sh 'docker push devopshubg333/batch13:${BUILD_NUMBER}'
           echo 'Pushed to Docker Hub'
      }
    stage('Update Deployment File') {
      environment {
         GIT_REPO_NAME = "mindcircuit13"
         GIT_USER_NAME = "devopstraininghub"
      }
      steps {
        echo 'Update Deployment File'
        withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'githubtocken', variable: 'githubtoken')]) {
           sh ""
             # Configure git user
             git config user.email "madhuxxxx123@gmail.com"
             git config user.name "Madhu"
             # Replace the tag in the deployment YAML file with the current build
number
             sed -i "s/batch13:.*/batch13:${BUILD_NUMBER}/g"
deploymentfiles/deployment.yml
             #Stage all changes
```



```
git add .

# Commit changes with a message containing the build number
git commit -m "Update deployment image to version ${BUILD_NUMBER}"

#Push changes to the main branch of the GitHub repository
git push

https://${githubtoken}@github.com/${GIT_USER_NAME}/${GIT_REPO_NAME}}

HEAD:main

""

}
}
}
```

# **Explanation of Each Stage**

### 1. Checkout

• Clones the **main** branch of the specified GitHub repository to the Jenkins workspace.

# 2. SonarQube Scan

- Lists the directory contents to ensure files are in place.
- Runs a SonarQube scan using Maven to analyze the code for bugs, vulnerabilities, and code smells. The scan results are sent to the specified SonarQube server.

## 3. Build Artifact

• Cleans the workspace and packages the Maven project, creating a build artifact (typically a JAR or WAR file).

## 4. Build Docker Image

- Builds a Docker image from the Dockerfile in the project directory.
- Tags the Docker image with the Jenkins build number for versioning.
- Trivy is an image scan on the specified image and fail the build if critical issues are found in image.

### 5. Push to Docker Hub

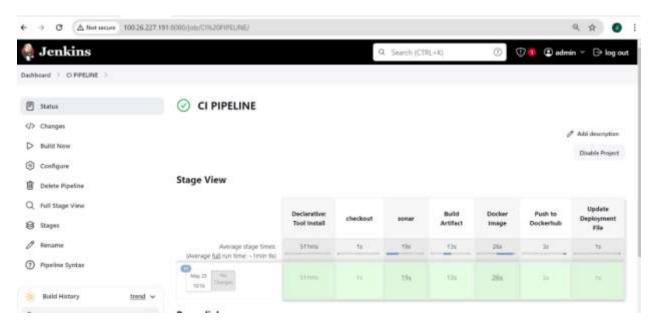
• Logs into Docker Hub using credentials stored in Jenkins.



Pushes the Docker image to the Docker Hub repository.

### 6. Update Deployment File

- Configures git user details for committing changes.
- Updates the deployment YAML file to use the newly created Docker image with the current build number.
- Stages, commits, and pushes the updated deployment file back to the GitHub repository, ensuring the Kubernetes cluster can pull the latest image.



# 10. Kubernetes Deployment and Service Files

### 1. Installation of argocd:

kubectl create namespace argord

 $kubectl\ apply\ \hbox{-n\ argocd\ -f\ } \underline{https://raw.githubusercontent.com/argoproj/argo-cd/stable/manifests/install.yaml}$ 

**2.** Edit the Argo CD server service to type **LoadBalancer**:

kubectl patch svc argocd-server -n argocd -p '{"spec": {"type": "LoadBalancer"}}'
kubectl get svc argocd-server -n argocd
kubectl -n argocd get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret -o jsonpath="{.data.password}" |
base64 -d; echo



Create **deployment.yaml** and **service.yaml** in your repository to define the Kubernetes resources:

# deployment.yml:

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: mc-app
 labels:
  app: mc-app
spec:
 replicas: 2
 selector:
  matchLabels:
   app: mc-app
 template:
  metadata:
   labels:
    app: mc-app
  spec:
   containers:
   - name: mc-app
    image: devopshubg333/batch13:tag
    ports:
    - containerPort: 8080
```

## service.yml:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
name: mc-app-service
spec:
type: LoadBalancer
ports:
- name: http
port: 80
targetPort: 8080
protocol: TCP
```



# selector:

# app: mc-app

# 11. ArgoCD Application Configuration

- 1. Open the Argo CD UI:
  - Access the Argo CD UI using the **EXTERNAL-IP** (for LoadBalancer)
  - Log in with the username **admin** and the password retrieved in the previous step.

# 2. Create and Sync an Application

- Once logged in, click the + **New App** button at the top of the Argo CD dashboard.
- Fill out the application details in the "General" section:
- Application Name: my-app (or your preferred name)
- Project: default
- **Sync Policy**: Leave as Manual for now (you can change it to Automatic later if desired)

### • Fill out the "Source" section:

- Repository URL: Enter the URL of the Git repository containing your application manifests. For example,
   https://github.com/devopstraininghub/mindcircuit13.git.
- **Revision**: Leave as **HEAD** or specify a branch/tag if needed.
- **Path**: Enter the path within the repository where the Kubernetes manifests are located. For example, **deploymentfiles**.

### • Fill out the "Destination" section:

- Cluster URL: Leave as https://kubernetes.default.svc (this targets the current cluster).
- **Namespace**: Specify the namespace where you want the application to be deployed. For example, **default**.
- Click the **Create** button at the bottom of the page.

## 5. Sync the Application

• After the application is created, it will appear in the Argo CD dashboard with a status of **OutOfSync**.



- To sync the application, click on the application name (my-app).
- Click the **Sync** button at the top right of the application details page.
- In the sync dialog, review the resources to be synchronized and click **Synchronize** to start the sync process.
- The status will change to **Healthy** once the sync is complete and the application is successfully deployed.

