# Assignment 05

July 6, 2021

# 1 EN2550 Image Processing and Machine Vision - 2021

# 1.1 Assignment 05: Object Counting on a Conveyor Belt

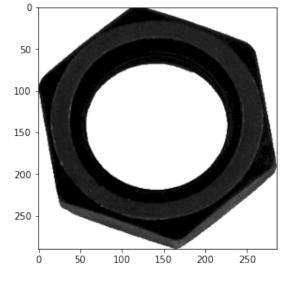
### 1.1.1 180616T P.M.P.H. Somarathne

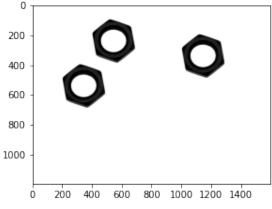
```
[226]: import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow

%matplotlib inline
```

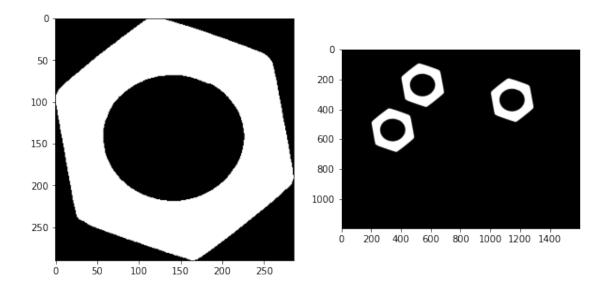
```
[227]: template_im = cv.imread(r'template.png', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
belt_im = cv.imread(r'belt.png', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10,10))
ax[0].imshow(template_im, cmap='gray')
ax[1].imshow(belt_im, cmap='gray')
plt.show()
```



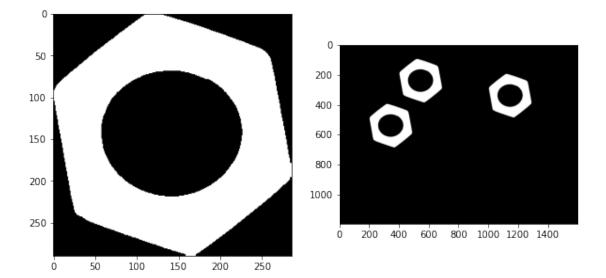


## 2 PART I



```
[230]: kernel = np.ones((3,3), dtype=np.uint8)
    closing_t = cv.morphologyEx(img_t, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
    closing_b = cv.morphologyEx(img_b, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)

[231]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10,10))
    ax[0].imshow(closing_t, cmap='gray')
    ax[1].imshow(closing_b, cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
```



[[ 0 0 286 290 42290] [ 0 0 286 290 40650]]

Stats for belt:

1200 1798161] ГΓ 0 1600 400 100 286 290 40613] 1000 286 290 40613] 200 Γ 200 400 286 290 40613]]

Centeroids of template:

[[142.18770395 145.19172381]

[142.82489545 143.780369 ]]

Centroids on belt:

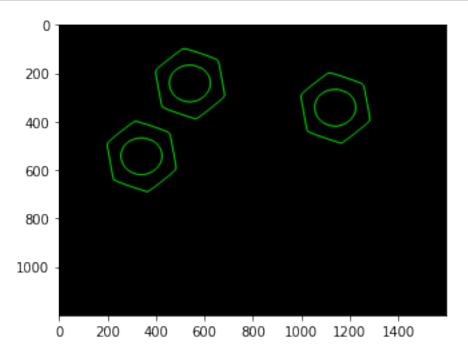
```
[[ 807.85728475 614.56805258]
[ 542.82567158 243.78479797]
[1142.82567158 343.78479797]
[ 342.82567158 543.78479797]]
```

[234]: contours\_t, hierarchy\_t = cv.findContours(closing\_t, cv.RETR\_TREE, cv.

CHAIN\_APPROX\_SIMPLE)

contours\_b, hierarchy\_b = cv.findContours(closing\_b, cv.RETR\_TREE, cv.

CHAIN\_APPROX\_SIMPLE)



0.00010071698397151607

- 0.00010071698397928763
- 0.00010071698397484674

### 3 PART II

```
[237]: ca = cv.contourArea(contours_b[1])
    print(ca)

20080.0

[238]: M = cv.moments(contours_b[1])
    cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
    print(cx, cy)

341 542

[239]: count = 1
    object_prev_frame = np.array([cx, cy, ca, count])
[240]: delta_x = 15
```

## 4 PART III - GRADING

## 4.1 get\_indexed\_image function

```
[241]: def get_indexed_image(im):
    """
        Thresholding, closing, and connected component anysis lumped
    """
        th, img = cv.threshold(im, 0, 255, cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV + cv.THRESH_OTSU)
        kernel = np.ones((3,3), dtype=np.uint8)
        closing = cv.morphologyEx(img, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
        retval, labels, stats, centroids = cv.connectedComponentsWithStats(closing)
        return retval, labels, stats, centroids
```

#### 4.2 is new function

```
[242]: def is_new(a, b, delta, i):

"""

Vector Dissimilarity with an Array of Vectors

Checks if vector b is similar to a one or more vectors in a outside the

→tolerances specified in delta.

vector i specified which elements in b to compare with those in a

"""

if (np.absolute(a[:,i] - b[i]) > delta).all(): return True

return False
```

```
[243]: # check is_new expected answer False

a = np.array([[1.36100e+03, 5.53000e+02, 5.99245e+04, 2.00000e+00],
        [7.61000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 1.00000e+00],
        [1.55200e+03, 2.43000e+02, 6.00585e+04, 3.00000e+00]])
b = np.array([7.51000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 3.00000e+00])
delta = np.array([delta_x])
i = np.array([0])

assert is_new(a, b, delta, i) == False, " Check the function "
```

# 4.3 prev\_index function

```
[244]: def prev_index(a, b, delta, i):
    """
    Returns Previous Index
    Returns the index of the appearance of the object in the previous frame
    """
    index = np.where(np.absolute(a[:,i] - b[i]) <= delta)
    return index[0]</pre>
```

```
[245]: # check prev_index expected answer 1
a = np.array([[1.36100e+03, 5.53000e+02, 5.99245e+04, 2.00000e+00],
        [7.61000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 1.00000e+00],
        [1.55200e+03, 2.43000e+02, 6.00585e+04, 3.00000e+00]])
b = np.array([7.51000e+02, 4.53000e+02, 5.99385e+04, 3.00000e+00])
delta = np.array([delta_x])
i = np.array([0])
assert prev_index(a,b,delta,i) == 1, " Check the function "
```

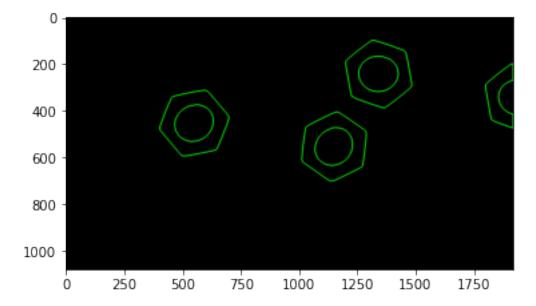
- 5 Using above functions to detect objects in videos
- 6 Detect hexagonal nuts in conveyor\_two\_frame.mp4

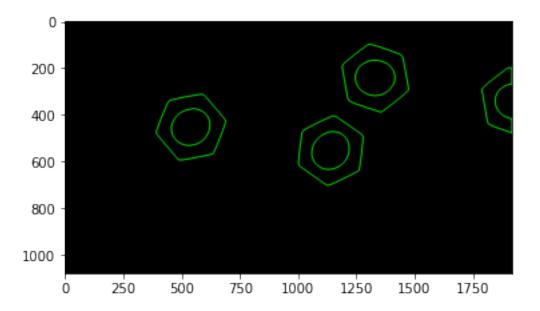
```
[260]: col_frames = []
  frames = []
  cap = cv.VideoCapture('conveyor_two_frame.mp4') # give the correct path here
  while cap.isOpened():
    ret, frame = cap.read()
    if not ret:
        print("Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...")
        break
    col_frames.append(frame)
    frames.append(cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY))
  cap.release()
```

```
cv.destroyAllWindows()
frames = np.array(frames)
print("Frames shape:", frames.shape)
```

Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ... Frames shape: (2, 1080, 1920)

## 6.1 Drawing contours in each frame





#### 6.2 Segmentation

Going through the video frame-by-frame, generating the object flow of each frame by detecting contours, comparing their shapes with template, comparing the area of the contours, and saving the hexagonal objects in each frame.

```
[267]: object flow = []
       matching\_threshold = 4.5e-3
       for grey in frames:
         retval, labels, stats, centroids = get_indexed_image(grey)
         contours, hierarchy = cv.findContours(((labels >= 1)*255).astype('uint8'), cv.
        →RETR_TREE, cv.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
         frame_objects = []
         for i in range(len(contours)):
           if cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], contours[i], cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0) >__
        →matching_threshold: continue
           ca = int(cv.contourArea(contours[i]))
           if ca<59500: continue
           M = cv.moments(contours[i])
           cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
           frame_objects.append([cx, cy, ca, i+1])
         frame_objects = np.array(frame_objects)
         object_flow.append(frame_objects)
```

## 6.3 Counting

Checking for new objects and counting the number of unique nuts. However, this is not effective for this short video as it has no rotation of objects.

```
[268]: prev_frame = object_flow[0]
  obj_count = object_flow[0].shape[0]
  for frame in object_flow[1:]:
    for obj in frame:
        if is_new(prev_frame, obj, 15, 0):
            obj_count+=1
        prev_frame = frame
    print("Detected", obj_count, "nuts in the video")
```

Detected 3 nuts in the video

#### 6.4 Tracking

By going through the object flow frame-by-frame; identifying new objects in each frame, giving identification numberd to new objects and assigning the same identification number to objects coming from previous frame.

```
[269]: prev_frame = object_flow[0]
  obj_count = object_flow[0].shape[0]
  for frame in object_flow[1:]:
    for obj in frame:
        if is_new(prev_frame, obj, delta_x, 0):
            obj_count+=1
            obj[3] = obj_count
        else:
        obj[3] = prev_frame[prev_index(prev_frame, obj, delta_x, 0)][0, 3]
        prev_frame = frame
```

### 6.5 Adding text

Embed the identification number of each object in each frame. Here, the original color image is used.

#### 6.6 Encoding

Using MP4V encoder

```
[271]: # Encoding the frames
file_name = 'test1.mp4'
fourcc = cv.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'MP4V')
out = cv.VideoWriter(file_name, fourcc, 30.0, (1920, 1080), True)
for frame in col_frames:
    out.write(frame)
```

```
# Release everything if job is finished
out.release()
```

# 7 Detect hexagonal nuts in conveyor\_with\_rotation.mp4

Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ... Frames shape: (280, 1080, 1920)

#### 7.1 Drawing contours in each frame

Commented due to this taking around 2 minutes and continuously outputting images from each frame. (280 image outputs)

#### 7.2 Segmentation

```
[254]: object_flow = []
matching_threshold = 4.5e-3
for grey in frames:
    retval, labels, stats, centroids = get_indexed_image(grey)
```

```
contours, hierarchy = cv.findContours(((labels >= 1)*255).astype('uint8'), cv.

ARETR_TREE, cv.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
frame_objects = []
for i in range(len(contours)):
    if cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], contours[i], cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0) >
    matching_threshold: continue
    ca = int(cv.contourArea(contours[i]))
    if ca<59500: continue
    M = cv.moments(contours[i])
    cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
    frame_objects.append([cx, cy, ca, i+1])
frame_objects = np.array(frame_objects)
object_flow.append(frame_objects)</pre>
```

### 7.3 Tracking

```
[255]: prev_frame = object_flow[0]
  obj_count = object_flow[0].shape[0]
  for frame in object_flow[1:]:
    for obj in frame:
        if is_new(prev_frame, obj, delta_x, 0):
            obj_count+=1
            obj[3] = obj_count
        else:
        obj[3] = prev_frame[prev_index(prev_frame, obj, delta_x, 0)][0, 3]
        prev_frame = frame
```

## 7.4 Adding text

# 8 Complete run for conveyor\_with\_rotation.mp4

```
[258]: import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np

print("Identification of objects in a video\nby 180616T-P.M.P.H. Somarathne")

def get_indexed_image(im):
    """
    Thresholding, closing, and connected component anysis lumped
    """
```

```
th, img = cv.threshold(im, 0, 255, cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV + cv.THRESH_OTSU)
 kernel = np.ones((3,3), dtype=np.uint8)
 closing = cv.morphologyEx(img, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
 retval, labels, stats, centroids = cv.connectedComponentsWithStats(closing)
 return retval, labels, stats, centroids
def is_new(a, b, delta, i):
    Vector Dissimilarity with an Array of Vectors
   \rightarrow tolerances specified in delta.
   vector i specified which elements in b to compare with those in a
 if (np.absolute(a[:,i] - b[i]) > delta).all(): return True
 return False
def prev_index(a, b, delta, i):
   Returns Previous Index
   Returns the index of the appearance of the object in the previous frame
 index = np.where(np.absolute(a[:,i] - b[i]) <= delta)</pre>
 return index[0]
# Detect contours of template.png to be used as reference
print("Reading template")
template_im = cv.imread(r'template.png', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
th_t, img_t = cv.threshold(template_im, 0, 255, cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV + cv.
→THRESH_OTSU)
kernel = np.ones((3,3), dtype=np.uint8)
closing_t = cv.morphologyEx(img_t, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
contours_t, hierarchy_t = cv.findContours(closing_t, cv.RETR_TREE, cv.
→CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
# Read the video
print("Reading video")
col_frames = []
frames = \Pi
cap = cv.VideoCapture('/content/drive/MyDrive/conveyor_with_rotation.mp4') #_J
→ give the correct path here
while cap.isOpened():
   ret, frame = cap.read()
   if not ret:
       print("Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...")
       break
   col_frames.append(frame)
   frames.append(cv.cvtColor(frame, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY))
```

```
cap.release()
cv.destroyAllWindows()
frames = np.array(frames)
print("Frames shape:", frames.shape)
# Generate object flow
print("Generating object flow")
object_flow = []
matching threshold = 4.5e-3
for grey in frames:
 retval, labels, stats, centroids = get_indexed_image(grey)
 contours, hierarchy = cv.findContours(((labels >= 1)*255).astype('uint8'), cv.
→RETR_TREE, cv.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
 frame_objects = []
 for i in range(len(contours)):
    if cv.matchShapes(contours_t[0], contours[i], cv.CONTOURS_MATCH_I1, 0.0) > ___
→matching_threshold: continue
    ca = int(cv.contourArea(contours[i]))
    if ca<59500: continue
    M = cv.moments(contours[i])
    cx, cy = int(M['m10']/M['m00']), int(M['m01']/M['m00'])
    frame_objects.append([cx, cy, ca, i+1])
  frame_objects = np.array(frame_objects)
  object_flow.append(frame_objects)
# Track the nut and assign identification number
print("Tracking the nuts")
delta x = 15
prev_frame = object_flow[0]
obj_count = object_flow[0].shape[0]
for frame in object_flow[1:]:
  for obj in frame:
    if is_new(prev_frame, obj, delta_x, 0):
      obj_count+=1
      obj[3] = obj_count
      obj[3] = prev_frame[prev_index(prev_frame, obj, delta_x, 0)][0, 3]
 prev_frame = frame
print("Detected", obj_count, "nuts in the video")
# Add identification number into original image as text
print("Adding text")
for i in range(len(frames)):
 frame = col_frames[i]
 for obj in object_flow[i]:
    frame = cv.putText(frame, str(int(obj[3])), (int(obj[0]), int(obj[1])), cv.
 \rightarrow FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 2, (0,0,255), 2)
```

```
frame = cv.putText(frame, '180616T', (20, 1060), cv.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
        \rightarrow2, (0,0,255), 2)
       # Encoding the frames
       print("Encoding")
       file name = '180616t en2550 a05.mp4'
       fourcc = cv.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'MP4V')
       out = cv.VideoWriter(file_name, fourcc, 30.0, (1920, 1080), True)
       for frame in col_frames:
           out.write(frame)
       # Release everything if job is finished
       out.release()
       print("Identification complete. You can view", file_name)
      Identification of objects in a video
      by 180616T-P.M.P.H. Somarathne
      Reading template
      Reading video
      Can't receive frame (stream end?). Exiting ...
      Frames shape: (280, 1080, 1920)
      Generating object flow
      Tracking the nuts
      Detected 5 nuts in the video
      Adding text
      Encoding
      Identification complete. You can view 180616t_en2550_a05.mp4
[259]: !du 180616t_en2550_a05.mp4
      2280
              180616t_en2550_a05.mp4
[259]:
```