

Swinburne University of Technology Sarawak

COS10009 Introduction to Programming – Semester 1 / 2018

Pointer (Lab 07)

Core Task 1

To Do

Accessing and de-referencing pointers.

Download **pointy.c** from BlackBoard. Open the pointy.c program file with Quincy. It contains almost complete code and comments.

- The program declares a *int* variable *num*, a *int* pointer *numPtr* and an *int* array.
- *numPtr* is then assigned the address of *num*.
- The program then prints the value with `printf` the first time by using *num* as a *parameter*, the second time by using *numPtr* as a *parameter*.
- The value printed must, of course, be the same both times.
- Print the address of the first element in the array
- Print the content of the array name, the address in array name should be the same as the address of the first element in the array.
- Assign the address in array name into *numPtr*
- Print the whole array using *numPtr*

You must complete the program segments indicated by dots (. . .)

Core Task 2

To Do

Pointer (pass by reference)

In the `main()` function, declare a `int` type one dimensional array (the array can be of any size).

Next, construct two functions with the following prototypes:

```
void input(int ar[], int npts);  
double calculate(int ar[], int npts, int *gtr);
```

Function `input()` will prompt user to input integers. The local variable *npts* contains the size of array *ar[]*.

Function `calculate()` will calculate and return the average (double type) of all the integers in the one-dimensional integer array. Besides, the function will also count the number of integers in the array that are greater than the average.

Pointer *gtr* points to a variable in main function. All `printf()` statements must be written in the main function)

Note: parameter *npts* in function `calculate()` is passed by value, and parameter **gtr* is pass by reference.

Core Task 3

To Do

Function (Arguments, parameters and pointers)

Download **RPM.c**

Background: The rotational speed of an electric motor is monitored under load. A sensor records the speed in revolutions-per-minute (RPM) every 2 seconds into an integer array.

Write a function that is passed the integer array containing the speeds and passes the maximum, the minimum, and the average RPM values back to the calling program.

Open the startup file RPM.c with Quincy.

The startup file contains comments giving the decomposition outline of the program and RPMstats.

The array containing the RPM data is hard-coded at the start of main for simplicity, and the size of the array is declared in a pre-processor #define.

This time you must complete most of the program on your own. Ask the tutor at anytime if unsure.

- Complete, compile, link **RPM.c**, then **test**.

The average RPM should be 1952.4 RPM.

Vital Task

To Do

Complete the following program according to the comments provided:

```
/* This program prints the summary of BMI for a group of students. */

#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 10

/* Write a function
void bk_input(double b[SIZE]) { ... }
where b[] is the array, use for loop to get input from students on their
weight(kg) and height(meters), then calculate the BMI ( $BMI = W/H^2$ ) for each
student and store it into array b[]*/

/* Write a function
void disp_bk(double b[SIZE]) { ... }
where b[] is the array
Print the entire array to the screen. */

/* Write a function
void summary(double b[SIZE], int *underw, int *ideal, int *overw, int *obese) {
... }
where b[] is the array, *underw, *ideal, *overw and *obese are pointers, use a
for loop to count the number of students fall under each category base on the
following criteria: BMI<20 is underweight, BMI between 20 and 25 is ideal, BMI
above 25 but less than 30 is considered overweight and BMI over 30 is considered
obese*/

/* Write a function
void dispsummary(double b[SIZE], int uw, int idl, int ow, int obs) { ... }
where b[] is the array, underw, idl, overw and obese are variables. Print the
following:
printf("Number of students underweight:%i\n", . . .);
printf("Number of students with ideal BMI:%i\n", . . .);
printf("Number of students overweight:%i\n", . . .);
printf("Number of students obese:%i\n", . . .);

int main(void)
{
    /* declare needed variables or constants, e.g. */
    int no=0, uweight=0, ideal=0, oweight=0, obese=0;
    double average;

    double bk[SIZE];

    /* call bk_input(...) function */

    /* call the disp_bk(...) function */

    /* call the summary(...) function */

    /* call the dispsummary(...) function */

    /* Return to the operating system */
}
```