

Arrays and ArrayLists

Index

An index refers to an element's position within an array.

The index of an array starts from 0 and goes up to one less than the total length of the array.

```
int[] marks = {50, 55, 60, 70, 80};

System.out.println(marks[0]);
// Output: 50

System.out.println(marks[4]);
// Output: 80
```

Arrays

In Java, an array is used to store a list of elements of the same datatype.

Arrays are fixed in size and their elements are ordered.

Array creation in Java

In Java, an array can be created in the following ways:

- Using the {} notation, by adding each element all at once.
- Using the new keyword, and assigning each position of the array individually.

Changing an Element Value

To change an element value, select the element via its index and use the assignment operator to set a new value.

```
// Create an array of 5 int elements
int[] marks = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};

int[] age = {20, 21, 30};

int[] marks = new int[3];

marks[0] = 50;

marks[1] = 70;

marks[2] = 93;
```

nums[2] = 3;

Java ArrayList

In Java, an ArrayList is used to represent a dynamic list.

While Java arrays are fixed in size (the size cannot be modified), an ArrayList allows flexibility by being able to both add and remove elements.

```
// import the ArrayList package
import java.util.ArrayList;
```

// create an ArrayList called
students

ArrayList<String> students = new
ArrayList<String>();

Modifying ArrayLists in Java

An ArrayList can easily be modified using built in methods.

To add elements to an ArrayList , you use the add() method. The element that you want to add goes inside of the () .

To remove elements from an ArrayList , you use the remove() method. Inside the () you can specify the index of the element that you want to remove. Alternatively, you can specify directly the element that you want to remove.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class Students {
  public static void main(String∏
args) {
        ArrayList<String> studentList
= new ArrayList<String>();
    studentList.add("John");
    studentList.add("Lily");
    studentList.add("Samantha");
    studentList.add("Tony");
    studentList.remove(0);
    studentList.remove("Lily");
   System.out.println(studentList);
 }
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```