Code for My heart will go on

```
[1]:
             import numpy as np
             import numpy.typing as npt
             import pandas as pd
[2]:
             train_url = "http://s3.amazonaws.com/assets.datacamp.com/course/Kaggle/
      →train.csv"
             train = pd.read_csv(train_url) #training set
             test_url = "http://s3.amazonaws.com/assets.datacamp.com/course/Kaggle/test.
      بcsv"
             test = pd.read_csv(test_url) #test set
[3]:
             train.describe()
[3]:
             PassengerId
                            Survived
                                           Pclass
                                                                     SibSp \
                                                           Age
                                                                       891.000000
             count
                     891.000000
                                 891.000000
                                              891.000000
                                                          714.000000
                     446.000000
                                    0.383838
                                                2.308642
                                                           29.699118
             mean
                                                                         0.523008
             std
                     257.353842
                                    0.486592
                                                0.836071
                                                            14.526497
                                                                         1.102743
             min
                       1.000000
                                    0.00000
                                                1.000000
                                                             0.420000
                                                                         0.000000
             25%
                     223.500000
                                    0.00000
                                                2.000000
                                                            20.125000
                                                                         0.000000
             50%
                     446.000000
                                    0.000000
                                                3.000000
                                                            28.000000
                                                                         0.000000
             75%
                     668.500000
                                    1.000000
                                                3.000000
                                                            38.000000
                                                                         1.000000
             max
                     891.000000
                                    1.000000
                                                3.000000
                                                           80.000000
                                                                         8.000000
             Parch
                           Fare
                                891.000000
             count
                    891.000000
                      0.381594
                                  32.204208
             std
                      0.806057
                                  49.693429
             min
                      0.000000
                                   0.000000
             25%
                      0.00000
                                   7.910400
             50%
                      0.000000
                                  14.454200
                                  31.000000
             75%
                       0.000000
                       6.000000 512.329200
             max
    T8
[4]:
             print('median of age is', age_med := train['Age'].median())
        median of age is 28.0
[5]:
             train['Age'] = train['Age'].fillna(age_med)
    T9
             print('Embarked Mode is', embark_mode := train['Embarked'].mode()[0])
        Embarked Mode is S
[7]:
             train['Embarked'] = train['Embarked'].fillna(embark_mode)
             train.loc[train["Embarked"] == "S", "Embarked"] = 0
             train.loc[train["Embarked"] == "C", "Embarked"] = 1
             train.loc[train["Embarked"] == "Q", "Embarked"] = 2
             print('Sex Mode is', sex_mode := train['Sex'].mode()[0])
[8]:
        Sex Mode is male
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[9]: train['Sex'] = train['Sex'].fillna(sex_mode)
    train.loc[train["Sex"] == "male", "Sex"] = 0
    train.loc[train["Sex"] == "female", "Sex"] = 1
```

T10, T11

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[10]:
              class LogisticRegressionGradient:
              def __init__(self, lr=0.00001, random_state=42, epochs=10_000, threshold=0.
       →5):
              self.lr = lr
              self.random_state = random_state
              self.epochs = epochs
              self.threshold = threshold
              @staticmethod
              def logist(X: np.array):
              X = np.clip(X, -600, 600) # for overflow
              mask = X >= 0
              X[mask] = np.exp(X[mask]) / (1 + np.exp(X[mask]))
              X[^mask] = 1 / (1 + np.exp(-X[^mask]))
              def fit(self, X: npt.ArrayLike, y: npt.ArrayLike):
              X = np.array(X)
              y = np.array(y)
              np.random.seed(self.random_state)
              X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0]).reshape(-1, 1), X))  # add bias
              self.params = np.random.randn(X.shape[1])
              for _ in range(self.epochs):
              y_pred = self.logist(X @ self.params)
              diff = y - y_pred
              loss = X.T @ diff
              self.params += self.lr * loss
              return self
              def predict(self, X: npt.ArrayLike):
              X = np.array(X)
              X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0]).reshape(-1, 1), X)) # add bias
              return (self.logist(X @ self.params) >= self.threshold).astype(int)
              X = np.array(train[["Pclass", "Sex", "Age", "Embarked"]].values, dtype = np.
[11]:
       →float64)
              y = np.array(train['Survived'], dtype=np.float64)
[12]:
              lr = LogisticRegressionGradient()
              lr.fit(X, y)
[12]:
              <__main__.LogisticRegressionGradient at 0x1287b3c40>
[13]:
              test['Age'] = test['Age'].fillna(age_med)
              test['Embarked'] = test['Embarked'].fillna(embark_mode)
```

```
test.loc[test["Embarked"] == "S", "Embarked"] = 0
              test.loc[test["Embarked"] == "C", "Embarked"] = 1
              test.loc[test["Embarked"] == "Q", "Embarked"] = 2
              test['Sex'] = test['Sex'].fillna(sex_mode)
              test.loc[test["Sex"] == "male", "Sex"] = 0
              test.loc[test["Sex"] == "female", "Sex"] = 1
[14]:
              y_pred = lr.predict(np.array(test[["Pclass","Sex","Age","Embarked"]],_
       →dtype=float))
              pd.DataFrame({
              'PassengerId': test['PassengerId'],
              'Survived': y_pred
              }).to_csv('Submit.csv', index=False)
     T12
[15]:
              def accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred):
              if y_test.shape[0] != y_pred.shape[0]:
              raise ValueError("Shape are not equal")
              return (y_test == y_pred).sum() / y_test.shape[0]
[16]:
              y_pred = lr.predict(X)
              print('Accuracy score of training set is', accuracy_score(y, y_pred))
         Accuracy score of training set is 0.7968574635241302
     Add high order feature (x_1, x_1^2, x_2...)
[17]:
              train['Age_squared'] = train['Age'] ** 2
              test['Age_squared'] = test['Age'] ** 2
              train['Age_Cubic'] = train['Age'] ** 3
              test['Age_Cubic'] = test['Age'] ** 3
              X_ho_train = np.array(train[["Pclass", "Sex", "Age", "Age_squared", __

¬"Age_Cubic", "Embarked"]].values, dtype = np.float64)

              X_ho_test = np.array(test[["Pclass", "Sex", "Age", "Age_squared", __

¬"Age_Cubic", "Embarked"]].values, dtype = np.float64)

              lr_ho = LogisticRegressionGradient().fit(X_ho_train, y)
              y_pred_ho_train = lr_ho.predict(X_ho_train)
              print(lr_ho.params)
              print('Accuracy score of training set with high order feature is', u
       →accuracy_score(y, y_pred_ho_train))
         [ 0.70055359 -12.32966498 11.8377913
                                                    9.44359665 318.83403664
         -87.10590108
                       4.65074534]
         Accuracy score of training set with high order feature is 0.6273849607182941
[18]:
              y_pred_ho_test = lr_ho.predict(X_ho_test)
              pd.DataFrame({
              'PassengerId': test['PassengerId'],
              'Survived': y_pred_ho_test
```

}).to_csv('Submit_highorder.csv', index=False)

T13

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[19]:
              X_train = np.array(train[["Sex", "Age"]].values, dtype = np.float64)
              X_test = np.array(test[["Sex", "Age"]].values, dtype = np.float64)
              lr_sa = LogisticRegressionGradient().fit(X_train, y)
              y_pred_sa_train = lr_sa.predict(X_train)
              print(lr_sa.params)
              print('Accuracy score of training set with only Sex and Age is', __
       →accuracy_score(y, y_pred_sa_train))
         [-1.01863706 2.34645073 -0.01149691]
         Accuracy score of training set with only Sex and Age is 0.7867564534231201
[20]:
              y_pred_sa = lr_sa.predict(X_test)
              pd.DataFrame({
              'PassengerId': test['PassengerId'],
              'Survived': y_pred_sa
              }).to_csv('Submit_Sex_Age.csv', index=False)
     OT3
[21]:
              print(X)
         [[ 3. 0.22. 0.]
             [ 1. 1. 38. 1.]
             [ 3. 1. 26. 0.]
             [3. 1. 28. 0.]
             [1. 0. 26. 1.]
             [3. 0. 32. 2.]]
     normalized Age
[22]:
              mx_age, mn_age = X[:, 2].max(), X[:, 2].min()
              def normalize_age(x, mx_age, mn_age):
              return (x - mn_age) / (mx_age - mn_age)
              normalize_age_vectorized = np.vectorize(lambda x : normalize_age(x, mx_age, u
       →mn_age))
              X[:, 2] = normalize_age_vectorized(X[:, 2])
              print(X)
         [[3.
                                 0.27117366 0.
                                                       ]
             [1.
                                     0.4722292 1.
                                                          ٦
                         1.
                                     0.32143755 0.
                                                          ]
             [3.
                         1.
             [3.
                                     0.34656949 0.
                                                          ]
                         1.
             [1.
                         0.
                                     0.32143755 1.
                                                          ٦
                                    0.39683338 2.
             ГЗ.
                         0.
                                                          11
[23]:
              class LinearRegressionGradient:
              def __init__(self, lr=0.001, random_state=42, epochs=200_000):
              self.lr = lr
              self.random_state = random_state
              self.epochs = epochs
              self.params = None
```

```
def fit(self, X: npt.ArrayLike, y: npt.ArrayLike):
              np.random.seed(self.random_state)
              X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0]).reshape(-1, 1), X))
                                                                      # add bias
              self.params = np.random.randn(X.shape[1])
              for _ in range(self.epochs):
              y_pred = X @ self.params
              diff = y - y_pred
              loss = X.T @ diff
              self.params += self.lr / X.shape[0] * loss
              return self
              def predict(self, X: npt.ArrayLike):
              X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0]).reshape(-1, 1), X))  # add bias
              return X @ self.params
[24]:
              params_gradient = LinearRegressionGradient(random_state=0).fit(X, y).params
              params_gradient
[24]:
              array([ 0.74253777, -0.18302629, 0.4945769 , -0.35394677, 0.04905888])
     OT4
[25]:
              class LinearRegressionInversion:
              def __init__(self):
              self.params = None
              def fit(self, X: npt.ArrayLike, y: npt.ArrayLike):
              X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0]).reshape(-1, 1), X))  # add bias
              self.params = np.linalg.inv(X.T @ X) @ X.T @ y
              return self
              def predict(self, X: npt.ArrayLike):
              X = np.hstack((np.ones(X.shape[0]).reshape(-1, 1), X))  # add bias
              return X @ self.params
[26]:
              params_matrix_inversion = LinearRegressionInversion().fit(X, y).params
              params_matrix_inversion
              array([ 0.77442159, -0.18843944, 0.49086711, -0.40222591, 0.04911346])
[26]:
     Compute MSE
              np.power(params_gradient - params_matrix_inversion, 2).sum()
[27]:
[27]:
              0.003390521142094702
```