EXPERIMENT NO: 1

Aim: Create and save simple HTML document & modifying the

1. background of HTML.

2. Webpage with different colors.

Description:
In this practical, we created a basic HTML document and applied CSS to change the background color of the webpage. Additionally, we used CSS properties to modify the color of different webpage elements like headers and paragraphs. This demonstrates the basic concept of styling HTML elements using CSS.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<HTML>
<Head>
        <title> Background change </title>
</Head>
    <body bgcolor = "light green">
        <h1>
        Hello seder my name is
        Sachin
        Welcome to Greek Fox Greeks
        </h1>
    </body>
</HTML>
```

Conclusion:

well cone to SimPleHtmlpage
this a siparaspet
the webPage.

Post Practical Question:

1. How can you apply different background images instead of a color to your webpage?

   Ans: use css backgound images: curl &Path1tolayour Image.
   To apply a background image insted of a
   Color on Your webpage,

2. How would you change the colors dynamically using JavaScript?

   Ans: we document body style background Color
   New Colox1 ; Jaua script to change the.
   background color dly nomically

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 2

Aim: Demonstrate use of
1. subscript,
2. super script,
3. align tag and
4. Format the text by using formatting tags like bold and italic.

Description:

In this practical, we demonstrated how to use:

1. **Subscript** (<sub>) and **superscript** (<sup>) tags to format text in mathematical and chemical notations.

2. **Align** attribute to control text alignment (center, right).
3. Formatting tags like **bold** (<b>) and **italic** (<i>) to emphasize specific parts of the text.

Procedure:

To use subscript and super script, you can use the Html tags <sub> for subscripts and <sup> for superscript; to align text. use the <align> attribute with a block element like <div> or <p> to formate text use for bold and for italic, Here's.

An Examples.

<p align = "center">

This is blod and italic text.

</p>

< p>

H ₁ O is water and E = me is a famous Equation

</p>.

Conclusion:

In Conclusion using HTML effectively allows. for a variety of text formatting option including Subscript and fope sesipt for chemical and mathematical notation as well as text aligment.

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to display text as a subscript in HTML?

a) <sup>
b) <sub>
c) <script>
d) <small>

Answer:

b. <sub>

2. Which of the following tags is used to display text as superscript in HTML?

a) <sub>
b) <r>
c) <sup>
d) <u>

Answer:

C. <sup>

3. What is the correct way to align text to the center in a paragraph using HTML?

a) <p align="right">This is centered text</p>
b) <p align="center">This is centered text</p>
c) <p style="center">This is centered text</p>
d) <p text-align="center">This is centered text</p>

Answer:

d. <P text-align = "center"> This is centered text</IP>

4. Which tag is used to make text bold in HTML?

a) <b>
b) <i>
c) <u>
d) <strong>

Answer:

a. <b> & <strong>.

5. What is the purpose of the <i> tag in HTML?

a) To underline the text
b) To make the text bold
c) To italicize the text
d) To strike through the text

Answer:

c. To italicize the text

6. Which tag is used to underline text in HTML?

a) <i>
b) <b>
c) <u>
d) <sub>

Answer:

c. <u>

7. Which of the following attributes is used to align text within a <p> tag?

a) text-align
b) align
c) style
d) font-align

b. align.

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 3

Aim: Draw the table as given format

Description:

In this exercise, a table is created using the `<table>`, `<tr>`, `<th>`, and `<td>` tags. The table structure was enhanced with attributes like borders, cell padding, and cell spacing. This demonstrates the creation of structured data presentation using tables in HTML.

Procedure:

```
<!Doctype html. >
<html long. "eng" >
<head >
<meta charset "UTF 8" >
<meta name = "viewport" content s= "width : device, width initial
scale -1.06.
<title > Sample. table </title>

<style >
table {

border - collapse: collapse;/ merges borders for cleane
lock/ width ; 80% /sets the table width/ margin :
20px auto;/ centers the table on the page/
}
th, td {

border : 1px solid #000; | Black border for cells/
```

EXPERIMENT NO: 3

Aim: Draw the table as given format

Description:

In this exercise, a table is created using the <table>, <tr>, <th>, and <td> tags. The table structure was enhanced with attributes like borders, cell padding, and cell spacing. This demonstrates the creation of structured data presentation using tables in HTML.

Procedure:

```
<!Doctype html. >
<html long. 'eng" >
<head >
<meta charset "UTF 8"> >
<meta name = "upewport" content 6= " width : device , width initial
scale -' 06
<title > Sample. table </title >

<Style >
table {

    border - Collapse: Collapse;/ merges borders for cleane
    lock/ width ; 80% /sets the table width/ margin -
    20px auto;/ centers the table on the page/
}

th, td {

    border : 1px solid #000; / Black border for cells/
```

Conclusion:

The given code and Experiment shows the use of table tags and How use it for to make a table and it shows the output in table form

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to create a table in HTML?

a) <table>
b) <tab>
c) <tr>
d) <td>

Answer:

a. <table>

2. What does the <tr> tag represent in an HTML table?

a) A table cell
b) A table row
c) A table header
d) A table caption

Answer:

b. A table row

3. Which tag is used to define a header cell in a table?

a) <td>
b) <th>
c) <header>
d) <tr>

Answer:

b. <th>

4. What attribute is used to add a caption to a table?

a) <caption>
b) <tablecaption>
c) title
d) description

Answer:

a. <caption>

5. Which attribute would you use to specify the border of a table in HTML?

a) border
b) border-style
c) frame
d) cellpadding

Answer:

a. <border>

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Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 4

Aim: Create web page using metadata &<! DOCTYPE html> tag.

Description:

This practical demonstrates the use of the `<!DOCTYPE html>` declaration to specify the HTML version. It also covers the use of metadata tags like `<meta>` to define the character set, description, keywords, and other important information for the webpage. Metadata is essential for SEO and webpage responsiveness.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTUPE HtMl >
< HtMl lang = "en" >
< head >
< meta charsets = "caf-8" > <! -character Enpoding >
< meta name = wiewport Contents - width dewice width
 intital Scale - 0 >
<! Responsive design...>

<> meta name - "wiewport" Contents width dewire - width initith
 Scale 1.0 >.
< title > Simple webpage Erample.     the Doctupe tag">
                    </title>
                    < style >
```

Conclusion:

Doctype declaration :- the <! Doctype html> ensure the page is rendered in stand dards mode. according to Htmls.

Post Practical Question:

metadata : The <head> Section Contains wital Elemts. like character encoding responsive. design settings and SEO description Enhancing browser understanding and serach wisibility.

Content Structure :- the dleodup Reation includes. main content such as heading and Panagraph gouiding us store witors on the Pages writte

Styling :- Basic cess enhance the visual layout improwiny users Experiens and accessibily

Signature with Date of Completion	.
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 5

Aim: Create a Web page to display basic your resume

Description:

In this practical, a simple webpage was created to showcase a basic resume layout. HTML tags such as <h1>, <p>, <ul>, and <table> are used to structure sections like personal details, education, skills, and contact information. This is useful for creating personal portfolios or professional resumes online.

Procedure:

```
< !Doctype html >
< html lang ."en" >
  < head >
  < meta charset utf = 8" >
  < meta name = "viewport" contents width device width, initial
  < title > Your Name - Resume < /title >
  < style >
    body {
            font-family = Airal, Sans Soif;
            margin = 0;
            Podeling 20 px;
    background color # P4 Ph Ph;
    }
    header {
            text align = Center;
            Podeling = 10px;
    background - Color = #hCAf50;
    Color = white
    }
```

h_1 &

margin = 0;

h_3

& color = 333;

Conclusion:

The given code shows that the use of tags like table tags, ul tags, h, & p tags, il's show different contents.

Post Practical Question:

This web page serves a simple but effective. away to present a resume online. It is. mobile responsive. and user-friendly using Html & css that can easily be modified. or expanded as needed. The structure and style offer clarity and. organization. allowing viewers to quickly find the. information they are interested. in.

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 6

Aim: Show the use of all tags and attributes of
1. ordered list
2. unordered list.

Description:

This exercise demonstrates the use of ordered (`<ol>`) and unordered (`<ul>`) lists in HTML. The `<li>` tag is used for list items. Attributes like `type`, `start`, and `reversed` for ordered lists, and bullet styling for unordered lists, are explored to enhance list formatting.

Procedure:

```
<ul>
  <li> Item1 </li>
  <li> Item2 </li>
  <li> Item3 </li>
</ul>

<ol type' = "A")  Start "2" reversed>
  <li> Step1 </li>
  <li> Step2 </li>
  <li> Step3 </li>

<ol type 6. "A" Start "2" reversed>
  <li> Step1 </li>
  <li> Step2 </li>
  <li> Step3 </li>

-6 # Nested list
<ul>
  <li> main Item
  <ul>
    <li> Subitem1 </li>
```

```
<ul> main step
    <ol type = 'a'>
    <li> Sub step1 </li>
    <li> Sub step2 </li>
    </ol>
    </li>
    <li> Another main step </li>
    </ol>
```

Conclusion:

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to create an unordered list in HTML?

a) `<ol>`
b) `<ul>`
c) `<li>`
d) `<list>`

Answer:

   b. `<ul>`

2. What is the purpose of the `<li>` tag in both ordered and unordered lists?

a) To define the list itself
b) To represent each item within a list
c) To create a heading for the list
d) To style the list items

Answer: b. To represent each item within a list

3. Which attribute can be used to specify the type of bullet in an unordered list?

a) style
b) type
c) bullet
d) list-style-type

Answer:

list-styletype.

4. What tag is used to create an ordered list in HTML?

a)
b)
c)
d) <list>

Answer: C

5. Which attribute can you use to change the numbering style of an ordered list?

a) style
b) type
c) numbering
d) format

Answer: b) type. Style

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 7

Aim: Create webpage which shows the use of hyperlink.

Description:

In this practical, hyperlinks were created using the <a> tag. The href attribute was used to link to external and internal web pages, while the target attribute was used to control how the linked page opens (e.g., in a new tab). This exercise is key in learning how to navigate between web pages.

Procedure: ✓ ¦ DOC TYPE html¦

<html lang = "en"¦

<head¦

    <meta charset = "utf-8"¦
    <meta name = "viewport" content = "width = divice
    - width, initial - scale = 1.0¦
    <title¦ hyper link Demonstraction</title.

</head¦
<body¦

Conclusion:

The provided html code demonstrate how to create a web page featuring various types of hyperlink, including external links, Enteralinks, and mailto links.

Post Practical Question:

These link enhance navigation and interactivity allowing user to easily oress additional resources and Contact information

1. What are the security implications of using hyperlinks that open in a new tab (i.e., using target="_blank")?

Ans: Use rel = "newopener noreferrer", this attribute combination prevents the newpage from having access to the window opener object effectively mitigating the risk to tab nagging here's you canuse it.

2. How would you create an anchor link that scrolls to a specific section of the same webpage?

Ans:

To create an another link that scroll to a specific section of the same webpage add and id attribute to the target section and use a link with a hash symbol followed by the id. for Example

a href = # Section iD"4 Goto section 1/a/4

d clivid = " section" iD)/4 target section a/div4

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 8

Aim: Show the use of all tags related to images.

Description:

This practical demonstrates the use of the `<img>` tag to display images on a webpage. Attributes like `src` (source), `alt` (alternative text), `height`, and `width` are explored to control the display of images. It also covers image alignment and linking an image to another page using the `<a>` tag.

Procedure:

< img src , "image. jpg" alt = 'Description of image> &
< figure
< img src = "image jpg alt description of image>
< figcaption> Caption for the image </ figcaption>
</figure>

3) < Picture>
< source media = " min width :650 px)" src set = "image-large
< source media - (min width h$50p)" srcset- image- medium jpg
< /Picture>

4) < source media = "(min leth = 650px)" srcset = <img
large . jpg">

Conclusion: result

- Image will be displayed with their respective attributes (e.g, width, height alter)
- Show there basic Image
- image with and Heigh (400 x 800)

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to embed an image in an HTML document?

a) <img>
b) <picture>
c) <image>
d) <src>

Answer: c) <image>

---

2. What attribute is essential for the <img> tag to specify the image source?

a) source
b) src
c) href
d) file

Answer: b) src

---

3. What attribute is used in the <img> tag to provide alternative text for an image?

a) alt
b) title
c) description
d) text

Answer: a) alt

4. How do you specify a caption for an image using HTML?

a) Using the <figcaption> tag inside the <figure> tag
b) Using the <caption> tag
c) Using the alt attribute
d) Using the <label> tag

Answer: a) using the <figcaption> tag inside the <figure> tag

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 9

Aim: Create a webpage and use the following TAG to perform operation.

1. Create a simple table with at least three rows and three columns.
2. Use the <table>, <tr>, <th>, and <td> tags.
3. Add a caption to the table created above using the <caption> tag.
4. Add a border to your table using the border attribute in the <table> tag.
5. Align the content of your table cells using the align and valign attributes.
6. Change the background color of your table and its cells using the bgcolor attribute.
7. Use the cellpadding and cellspacing attributes to adjust the spacing inside and between the table cells.
8. Create a nested table by inserting one table inside another table's cell.

Description:

This practical focuses on creating a table with at least three rows and three columns using the <table>, <tr>, <th>, and <td> tags. Features such as captions, borders, alignment, background colors, cellpadding, and cellspacing were demonstrated. Additionally, a nested table was created by placing one table inside a table cell

Procedure:

```
<table border = " 1 ">
<tr>
<th> Header 1 </th>
<th> Header 2 </th>
<th> Header 3 </th>
</tr>
  <tr>
      <td> Rocol , cell 1 </td>
      <td>  Recor , cell 2 </td>
      <td>  Rocos , cell 3 </td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
      <td> Row 2 , cell 1 </td>
      <td> Row 2 , cell 2 </td>
      <td> Row 2 , cell 3 </td>
  </tr>
      </table>
```

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Conclusion:

The code is a straight forward implementation of an html table the effectively show cases how to organize information on tabular format which can improw data Presentation and make it emprow data presentation and make it easier for users to digestand Compare information

Post Practical Question:

1. What are the benefits of using CSS to style tables instead of inline HTML attributes?

Ans: Separation of Concerns, resuseability, Consistency flexibilty, ease of maintenance, performance media Queries, Easier callaboration

2. How would you handle large tables with many rows and columns to improve readability and usability?

Ans: Pagination Infinite Scrolling, Sorting and filtering responsive Design, Highting emportant Data, Sticky Colums, collapsible Rows or Sections wpecy Case.

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 10

Aim: Create a webpage and use the following TAG to perform operation.

1. Use the <frameset> tag to create a webpage with two frames.
2. Use the <frame> tag to define the content of each frame.
3. Specify different attributes like border, frameborder, framespacing, and marginwidth for the frames.
4. Set the width and height of the frames using the cols and rows attributes in the <frameset> tag.
5. Create a navigation menu in one frame and display the corresponding content in another frame using the target attribute in the <a> tag.

Description:

This practical shows the use of the <frameset> and <frame> tags to create a webpage with two frames. The webpage includes a navigation menu in one frame and displays related content in another frame using the target attribute. Attributes like border, frameborder, framespacing, and marginwidth are also demonstrated to control the appearance and spacing of frames.

Procedure:

```
<table border = "1">
<tr>
   <th> Header 1 </th>
   <th> Header 2 </th>
   <th> Header 3 </th>
</tr>
<tr>
   <td> Row 1, cell 1 </td>
   <td> Row 1, cell 2 </td>
   <td> Row 1, cell 3 </td>
</tr>
<tr>
   <td> Row 2, cell 1 </td>
   <td> Row 2, cell 2 </td>
   <td> Row 2, cell 3 </td>
</tr>
</table>.
```

Conclusion: The code is a straight foxeword implementation of an Html table the ffectively showcashs hero to organise information in tablar formed which can improve clutu Pserntation and make it ealier for users to digestand Compare information

Post Practical Question:

1. What are the drawbacks of using frames in modern web development, and what alternatives exist?

Ans: Separation of Concerns, Reusability, Consistency, Flexibility, Ease of maintenance, performanse media, Couunies, Easier collaboration

2. How can you handle issues related to frame security and browser compatibility?

Ans: Pagination. Infinite scrolling, Sorting and Fitering Responsive Design, highlighting, Impocmtant path Schiking thardtts and Coloms. Collapcits rows or Sections. use of Eaxtes of Alternative.

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 11

Aim: Create a webpage for online Jewellery shopping.
1. Display Menu in left frame.
2. Clicking on menu should display related webpage in right frame.
3. Keep header and footer frames to display related information.

Description:

In this exercise, a webpage is designed using frames to create a simple online jewelry shopping interface. The left frame displays the menu, and clicking on the items in the menu displays the related content in the right frame. Additionally, a header and footer are used to display additional information.

Procedure:

```
<main>
<section id = "Products">
<h2> our collections </h2>
<div class = "Product Container">
  <div class = "product card>
  <img src = "ring jpg" alt = "Gold ring">
  <h3> Gold ring </h3>
  <p> $ 500 </p>
  <button> Add to Cart </button>
</div>
<div class = "product card">
<img src " bracelet. jpg alt " Silver bracelet">
<h3> Silver Bracelet </h3>
<p> $250 </p>
<button> Add to cart </button>
  </div>
</div>
</section>
</main>
```

Conclusion:

The basic template serves as a starting point for an online jewelry shopping website and you can expand it further with additional features and functionalities as needed

Post Practical Question:

1. How would you enhance the user experience by integrating JavaScript or CSS animations in your jewelry shopping website?

Ans:

To enhance user experience on the jewelry shopping website implement javascript for dynamic feature like adding product to a shopping cart with realtime updates and filtering

2. How can you make your shopping website responsive for mobile and tablet devices?

Ans:

To make the shopping website for mobile and tablet device utilize css media queries to adjust generation, font size and image elements based on screen width, implement a flexible grid system or css flexbox to ensure Product cards stack appropriately on smaller screens while maintaining a visually appealing arrangment additionally use relative units for padding and margin to ensure consistency

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	

EXPERIMENT NO: 12

Aim: Create web page for register online exam form filling process.

Description:

This practical involves creating a form for registering for an online exam. The form uses various form elements like `<input>`, `<select>`, `<textarea>`, and buttons for user input. The exercise highlights form validation, data submission, and user interaction on a webpage.

Procedure:

<div class = "Container">

<h1> Exam Registration form</h1>

<form action= "submit - Php" method= "post">

<label for = "name"> Full name ; </label>

<input type = "text" id = "name" name = "name" required>

<label for "Phone"> Phone </label>

<input type = "tel" id = "Phone" name = "Phone" required>

<label form = "exam"> Select Exam</label>

<select id : "Exam" name = "Exam" required>

<option value = "math"> mathematics </option>

<option value = "Science"> Science </option>

<option value = "Literature"> Literature </option>

</select>

<button type = "Submit"> Register </button>

</form>

</div>

</body>

</html>

Conclusion:

The provided code create a simple online Exam registration from using HTML, Styled with css for a clean apperance, upon submission the form data is processed by a PHP script which can be extende to sup

Post Practical Question:

1. Which HTML tag is used to create a form in a webpage?

a) <input>
b) <form>
c) <register>
d) <fieldset>

Answer: b) <form>

_____ ✓ form ✓

2. What attribute is used to specify the method of form submission in HTML?

a) action
b) method
c) submit
d) enctype

Answer: b) ~~submit~~ method

3. Which input type would you use for a text field where users can enter their names?

a) <input type="number">
b) <input type="text">
c) <input type="email">
d) <input type="password">

Answer:
b) <input type = "text">

4. Which CSS property would you use to change the background color of the form?

a) color
b) background
c) bgcolor
d) background-color

Answer: d) background. color

---

5. What is the purpose of the `<label>` tag in a form?

a) To create a text input
b) To provide a clickable area for form controls
c) To define a form section
d) To display error messages

Answer:

6. Which CSS property is used to adjust the spacing between the form fields?

a) margin
b) padding
c) border
d) spacing

Answer: b) Padding

7. How can you make a field required in a form?

a) By adding the required attribute to the input tag
b) By using the mandatory attribute
c) By adding required "true" in the form tag
d) By setting the validate attribute to true

Answer: a) By adding the required to the input tag

EXPERIMENT NO: 13

Aim: Create a Web page to display your resume.

```
<h1> your Name </h1>
<p> Email: your: email @ example. com|Phone :(133)-456-7890 </p>
<p> location:- City State </p>
</header>
<section id = "summary">
<h2> summary </h2>
<p> Brief summary about-yourself and your carre gaals </p>
</Section>
 <Section id="Experience">
<h2> Experience </h2>
<div class = "job">
<h3> job title - Company name </h3>
<P> month yyy - Present </p>
</p>
  <li> Responsibility or achievement </li>
  <li> Responsibility or achievement </li>
  <li> Responsibility or achievement </li>
   <section id = "skills">
   <h1> skills </h1>
   </ul>
```

Description:

This practical involves creating a more detailed and formatted resume using HTML. Sections like personal details, education, work experience, and skills are presented using appropriate tags like <h1>, <p>, <ul>, and <table>. This showcases how HTML can be used to create professional online resumes.

Procedure:

```
<li> skill 1 </li>
<li> skill 2 </li>
<li> skill 3 </li>
<li> skill 4 </li>
<li> skill 5 </li>
</ul>
</section>
<footer>
<p> &copy; 2023 YourName </p>
</footer>
</body>
</html>
```

Conclusion:

The provided Html and css creats a simple, structural webpage to display a resume, reatuing sections forkwing personal information experince, Education and boanding

Post Practical Question:

1. What enhancements can you add to make the resume more interactive, such as using modal windows or downloadable sections?

Ans: To enhance the resume interactivity you could add modal windows to display detailed information about each job experience when cocked providing a more in depth overview without cluttering the main page implementing downhabable sections such as a PDF version of the resume, could allow oens to easily save or print a copy

2. How would you update your resume in the future while maintaining consistency and formatting across devices?

Ans: To updates your resume in the future and. formatting across devices use responsive web designgn techniques to adapt the layout for different screen sizes, ensuring readabili -ty on desktops, tablets and smartphones implement a css framework like Bootstrap to maintain a cohensive apperance and ease of updates. Additionally utilize a version control system like git to track changes and collaborate efficiently, ensuring a consistent format one time.

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Marks out of 10	

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EXPERIMENT NO: 14

Aim: Show the use of all tags and attributes of ordered list and unordered list.

Description:

In this practical, ordered and unordered lists were created using <ol> and <ul> tags. Different attributes of lists were explored, such as the type attribute for ordered lists (e.g., numbers, letters) and various bullet styles for unordered lists. This practical highlights how to create and style lists on a webpage.

Procedure:

```
<ul>
<li>Item1</li>
<li>Item2</li>
<li>Item3</li>
</ul>

<li>Step 1</li>
<li>Step2</li>
<li>Step3</li>
```

Conclusion:

- to use a responsive webdesing techniques to adapt the lay out for various devices
  Implement a css framework like Bootstrap for consistency and ease of updates
  utilize a version control system like Git to track change and maintain format
  use responsive webdesing techniques for layout adaptability

  Implement a css frame work like bootstrap for consistent apperance.

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to create an ordered list in HTML?

a) `<ul>`
b) `<li>`
c) `<ol>`
d) `<list>`

Answer: C `<ol>`

---

2. What attribute can you use to specify the starting number of an ordered list?

a) start
b) type
c) value
d) marker

Answer: a) start

3. Which of the following tags is used to define each item in a list?

a) `<item>`
b) `<list-item>`
c) `<li>`
d) `<element>`

Answer: b) `<list-item>`

4. What is the default bullet style for an unordered list created with the `<ul>` tag?

a) Square
b) Circle
c) Disc
d) None

Answer: None

5. Which attribute can be used with the `<ol>` tag to change the numbering style of the list?

a) start
b) type
c) style
d) numbering

Answer:

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	