

$$\begin{aligned}
& \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \ln \left((1 - \sin(2x^2))^{\frac{1}{x^2}} \right) \\
&= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1 - \sin(2x^2))}{x^2} \\
&= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin(2x^2)}{x^2} \\
&= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2x^2}{x^2} = -2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \sin(2x^2))^{\frac{1}{x^2}} = e^{-2}$$