

# Lesson 17 - Regular Subjunctive Mood

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# Today, we will...

- ★ Learn About The Subjunctive Mood In The Present Tense
- ★ Learn To Use “Tener” When It Isn’t Obvious

Before we begin....

- Make a sentence in your language that includes reflexive verbs. Something like “I scratch myself.” or “She bathes herself.”.

# Subjunctive In The Present Tense | Subjuntivo En El Tenso Presente

Conjugation Endings

'-Er' and '-Ir' Verbs

Pronoun	Ending	Pronoun	Ending
Yo	-a	Nosotros	-amos
Tú	-as	Ustedes	-an
Él/Ella/Usted	-a	Ellos/Ellas	-an

Ex: I don't want you **to eat**.

→ To eat → Comer

→ Must be conjugated for the noun being affected by the verb (Tú) → Com- → Com**as**

→ (Yo) No quiero que comas (tú).

# Subjunctive In The Present Tense | Subjuntivo En El Tense Presente

‘-Ar’ Verbs

Pronoun	Ending	Pronoun	Ending
Yo	-e	Nosotros	-emos
Tú	-es	Ustedes	-en
Él/Ella/Usted	-e	Ellos/Ellas	-en

Ex: I don't want you **to speak**.

→ To speak → Hablar

→ Must be conjugated for the noun being affected by the verb (Tú) → Habl- → Habl**es**

→ (Yo) No quiero que hables (tú).

# Subjunctive In The Present Tense | Subjuntivo En El Tenso Presente

You can use the Subjunctive Mood in:

1. Sentences with two subjects.

Ex: I don't want **you** to sing. | **Yo** no quiero que (**tú**) cantes.

2. Sentences with two verbs. Where one verb follows WEIRDO, and the other is the verb conjugated to subjunctive mood.

a. WEIRDO → Wishes, Emotions, Impersonal expressions, Recommendations, Doubt, Ojalá

Ex: Is it necessary that you buy this book? | ¿Es necesario que compres este libro?.

3. Sentences with a relative pronoun (Que, quien, como)

Ex: I need them to be happy. | Yo necesito **que** sean felices.

# ¡Tu Turno!

Traduzcan las frases que siguen.

1. I need you to drink this.
2. She wants me to do my homework.
3. He's treating them as if they were babies.
4. We don't want you to go. (Ir → vayas)
5. I'm sorry that you couldn't sing. (Couldn't → Pudieras)

# Using “Tener” When It Isn’t Obvious | Usando “Tener” Cuándo No Es Obvio

So, there are a few verbs that need “to be” in English and therefore “to be” would be used, but that wouldn’t be the case in Spanish.

There are expressions such as “being hungry” or “being thirsty” or “being cold” in English in which you use the verb “to be”. In Spanish, you can’t “be” an expression. You have it.

In Spanish, expression words such as “to be hungry” are translated as follows:

- Hambre → Hunger
- Sed → Thirst
- Sueño → Sleepiness
- Frío → Cold

Let’s take a look at the verb “To be hungry” in Spanish. The word literally means “Hunger”. And you can’t “be” hunger. You have it. So to say “I am hungry” in Spanish, you would say “Tengo hambre.”.

# ¡Tú Turno!

Traduce las frases que siguen.

1. I am cold. (Cold → Frío)
2. She is scared. (Miedo → Fear)
3. They are careful. (Cuidado → awareness [kinda])
4. Bob is thirsty. (Sed → Thirst)
5. I am sleepy. (Sueños → the sleepys)



# ¡Tu turno!

Traduzcan las frases.

1. I bathe myself.
2. She eats (herself) a pizza.
3. We eat ourselves.
4. She spanks/hits herself.
5. I wash myself a plate.....for myself.

¿Tienen Preguntas?



¡Gracias y Adiós!

