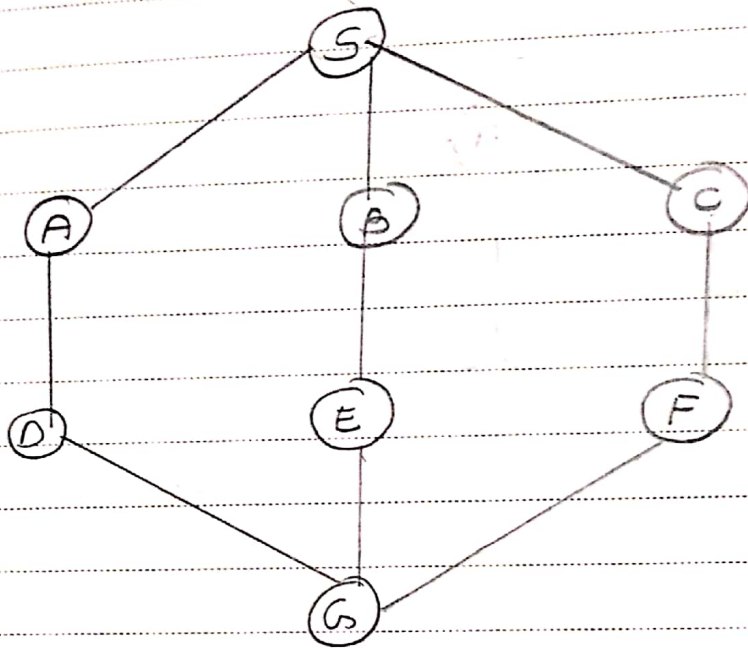
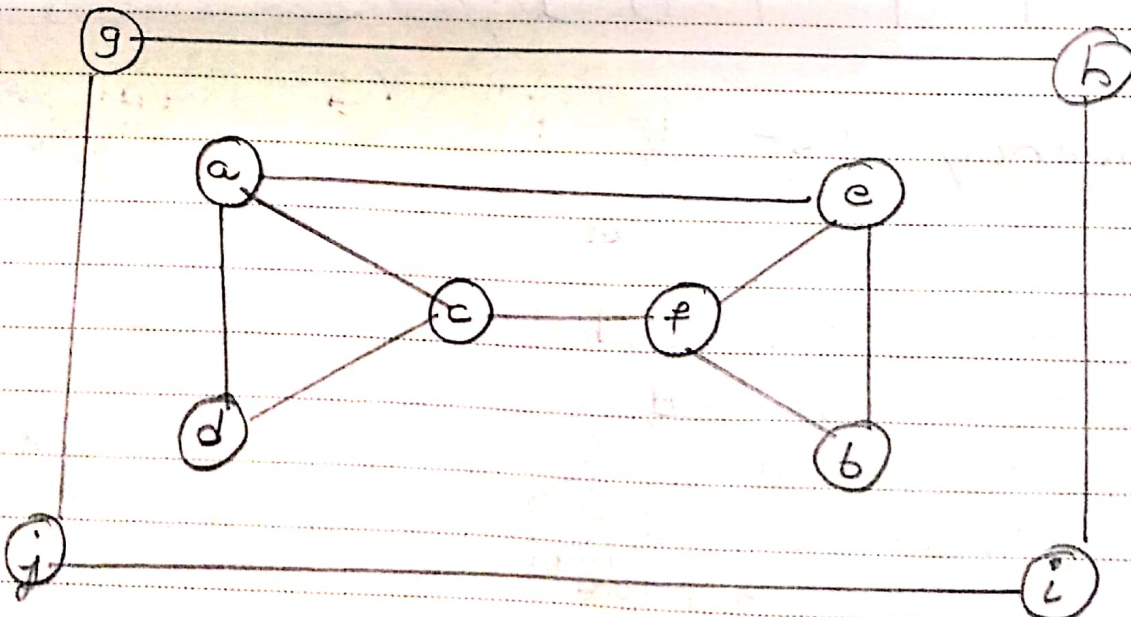
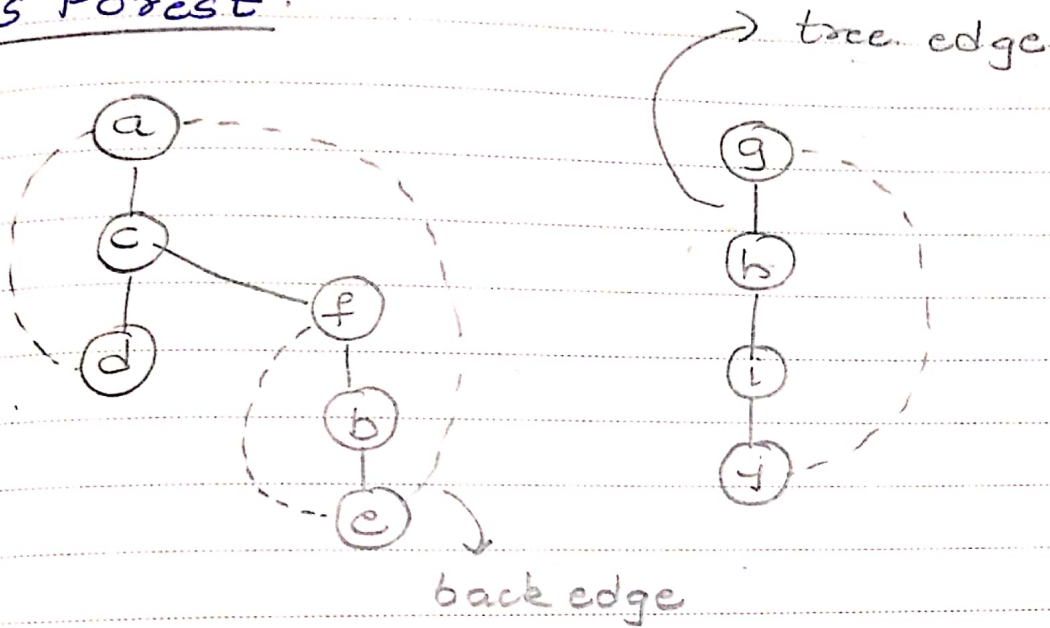


Graph Traversals:Eg: 1)

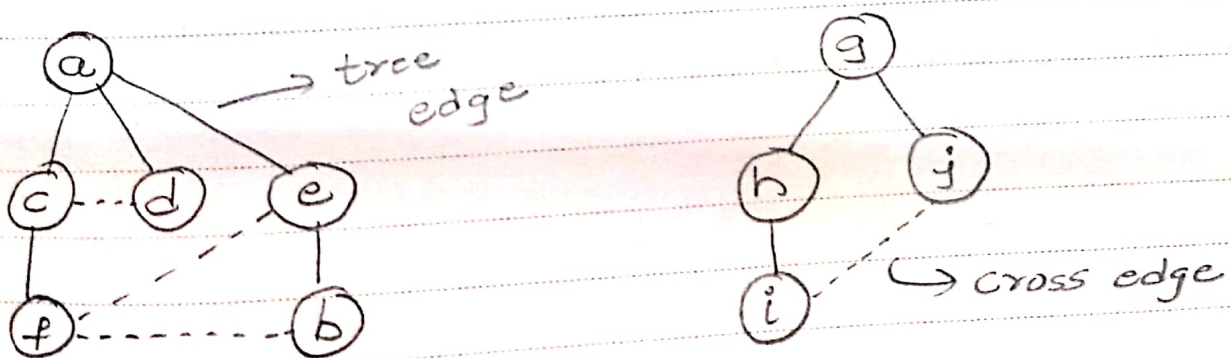
Depth First Search: S A D G E B F C

Breadth First Search: S A B C D E F G

Eg: 2)

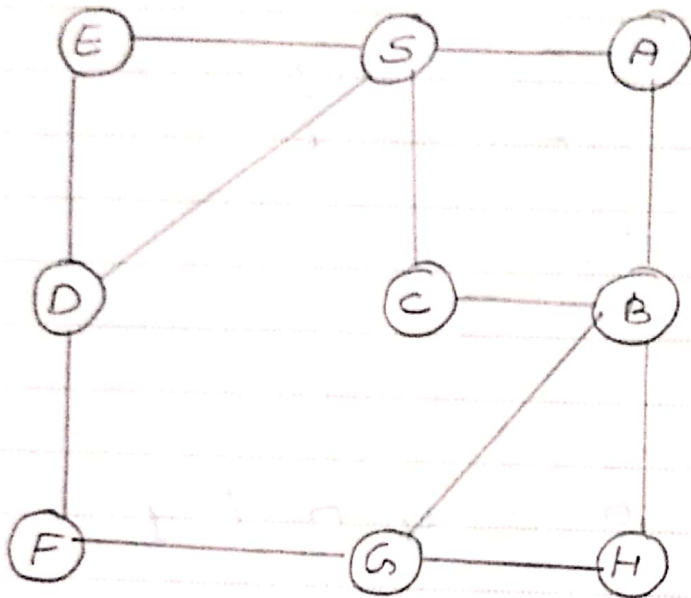
DFS Forest:

Traversal: a c d f b e g h i j

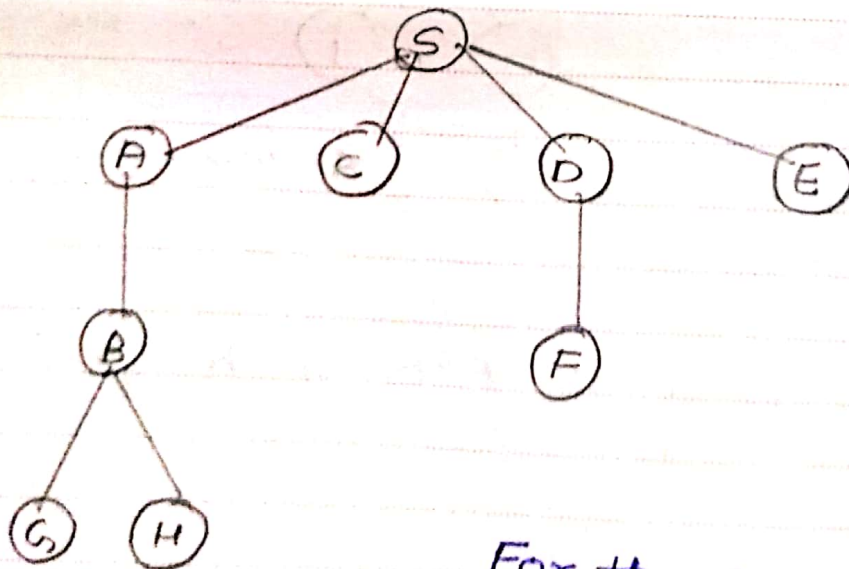
BFS Forest:

Traversal: a c d e f b g h j i

Draw a shortest path tree for the given graph, from S.



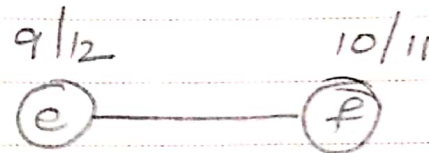
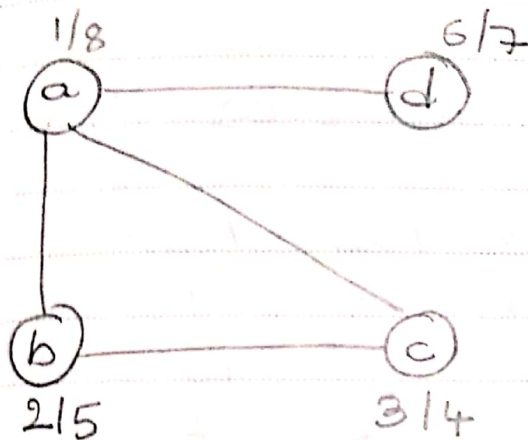
We can apply BFS traversal to obtain the Shortest path tree. BFS creates a tree with shortest path from given source vertex to every other vertex.



For the reason that graph has no weighted edges. Or all are of same weights.



## DFS Ordering:



Lemma: For any vertices  $u, v$  the intervals  $[pre(u), post(u)]$  and  $[pre(v), post(v)]$  are either nested or disjoint.

Nested:



Disjoint:



Interleaved is not possible.



Eg:  $(1, 8)$  &  $(6, 7)$  are nested

$(2, 5)$  &  $(6, 7)$  are disjoint

Eg:- Which of the following tables is not a valid set of pre- & post-orders?

Table 01

U	Pre	Post
A	1	8
B	9	10
C	3	4
D	2	7
E	5	6

Table 02

U	Pre	Post
A	1	9
B	8	10
C	2	7
D	3	6
E	4	5

Table 02, as justified by lemma.

interleaved

