# COUSRE: CSA1445 COMPILER DESIGN FOR POLYMORPHIC FUNCTIONS

# NAME: P.PANEENDRA – 192321072 LEX PROGRAMS

# 1) Write a LEX program to identify the capital words from the given input. Aim:

To develop a LEX program that identifies and prints all capital words from the given input.

```
Code:
```

```
% {
          #include<stdio.h>
% }
% %
[A-Z]+[\t\n ] { printf("%s",yytext); }
.;
% %
Int yywrap(){}
int main()
{
          printf("Enter the input string:\n");
          yylex();
}
```

```
apital.l - Notepad
                                                        C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                                      File Edit Format View Help
                                                       Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
         #include<stdio.h>
%}
                                                        :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
                                                        :\Users\HP>flex capital.l.txt
[A-Z]+[\t\n ] { printf("%s",yytext); }
                                                        :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
                                                        :\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
int yywrap(){}
int main( )
                                                        :\Users\HP>a
                                                        nter the input string:
          printf("Enter the input string:\n");
          yylex();
                                                       ABCD
}
                                                       :\Users\HP>
```

# 2. Validate Email Address

**Aim:** To implement a LEX program that checks whether a given email address follows a valid format using pattern matching.

# Code: %{ %} %% [a-z.0-9\_]+@[a-z]+".com"|".in" { printf("it is valid");} .+ { printf("it is not valid");} %% int yywrap(){} int main() { printf("enter the mail:"); yylex(); }

```
email.l - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}

C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin

C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin

C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x8
```

# 3. Validate Mobile Number

**Aim:** To create a LEX program that verifies whether a given mobile number is valid based on a specific format (e.g., Indian mobil numbers starting with 7, 8, or 9 and having 10 digits).

# Code:

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
% }
% %
[789][0-9]{9} { printf("Valid mobile number: %s\n", yytext); }
.\n { /* Ignore other characters */ }
% %
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
```

```
phone.l - Notepad
<u>File Edit Format View Help</u>
                                                             icrosoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
%{
%}
                                                             c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
                                                             :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
                                                             :\Users\HP>flex phone.l.txt
[6-9][0-9]{9} {printf("\n mobile number valid\n");}
                                                             :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
.+ {printf("\n mobile number invalid\n");}
                                                             :\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
int yywrap(void){}
                                                             :\Users\HP>a
int main()
                                                             enter the mobile number:9025488475
printf("\n enter the mobile number:");
                                                             mobile number valid
yylex();
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

# 4. Count the Number of Vowels

**Aim:** To design a LEX program that scans an input sentence and counts the number of vowels (both uppercase and lowercase).

# Code:

```
wowel.l - Notepad
                                                                        🖦 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                                                 <u>File Edit Format View H</u>elp
                                                                       Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
#include <stdio.h>
int vowel_count = 0;
                                                                        :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
%}
                                                                        :\Users\HP>flex vowel.l.txt
[aeiouAEIOU] { vowel_count++; }
                { /* Ignore other characters */ }
                                                                        :\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
int main() {
     yylex();
printf("Total number of vowels: %d\n", vowel_count);
                                                                        arayanan
     return 0;
int yywrap() {
     return 1;
```

# 5. Check if Input is a Digit

**Aim:** To write a LEX program that determines whether the given input consists of digits and prints an appropriate message.

# Code: %{ #include <stdio.h> %} %% [0-9]+ { printf("Input is a digit: %s\n", yytext); } .\\n { /\* Ignore other characters \*/ } %% int main() { yylex(); return 0; } int yywrap() { return 1; }

```
digit.l - Notepad
                                                                   👞 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - a
<u>File Edit Format View Help</u>
                                                                   icrosoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                                   :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
[0-9]+ { printf("Input is a digit: %s\n", yytext); }
                                                                    :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
         { /* Ignore other characters */ }
                                                                    :\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
int main() {
                                                                   :\Users\HP>a
     yylex();
                                                                   input is a digit: 123456789
     return 0;
int yywrap() {
     return 1;
```

# 6. LEX Program to Count Characters, Words, and Lines in a C File Aim:

To write a LEX specification file that reads a C program from a .c file and counts the number of characters, words, and lines.

#### Code:

```
lex
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int char count = 0, word count = 0, line count = 0;
%}
%%
\n { line count++; char count++; }
[ \t] { char count++; }
[a-zA-Z0-9]+ { word count++; char count += yyleng; }
. { char count++; }
%%
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  if (argc > 1) {
     FILE *file = fopen(argv[1], "r");
     if (!file) {
        printf("Error: Cannot open file %s\n", argv[1]);
        return 1;
     yyin = file;
   }
  yylex();
  printf("Characters: %d\nWords: %d\nLines: %d\n", char count, word count,
line count);
  return 0;
}Output:
                                                   C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
File Edit Format View Help
                                                  icrosoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
                                                  c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
int nlines,nwords,nchars;
```

```
%}
%%
\n {
        nchars++;nlines++;
[^ \n\t]+ {nwords++, nchars=nchars+yyleng;}
. {nchars++;}
int yywrap(void) {}
int main()
 printf("Lines = %d\nChars=%d\nWords=%d",nlines,nchars,nwords);
```

```
:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
 \Users\HP>flex count.l.txt
:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
:\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
C:\Users\HP>a
#include <stdio.h>
nt main() {
   printf("Hello, World!");
   return 0;
ines = 6
Chars=78
```

# 7. LEX Program to Print All Constants in a Given C File

### Aim:

To write a LEX specification file that prints all numeric and string constants in a given C program.

```
Code:
%{
%}
%%
<INITIAL>[0-9]+ {printf("Integer\n");}
<INITIAL>[0-9]+[.][0-9]+ {printf("Float\n");}
<INITIAL>[A-Za-z0-9_]* {printf("Identifier\n");}
<INITIAL>[^\n] {printf("Invalid\n");}
%%
int yywrap(){}
int main()
{
printf("Enter String\n");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

```
printcon.l - Notepad
                                                                     👞 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - a
File Edit Format View Help
                                                                    Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
                                                                    (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
%}
                                                                     :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
<INITIAL>[0-9]+ {printf("Integer\n");}
                                                                     :\Users\HP>flex printcon.l.txt
<INITIAL>[0-9]+{print("Floath");}
<INITIAL>[0-9]+{printf("Floath");}
<INITIAL>[A-Za-Z0-9_]*{printf("Identifier\n");}
<INITIAL>[^\n] {printf("Invalid\n");}
                                                                   C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
                                                                     ::\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
                                                                     :\Users\HP>a
                                                                     nter String
int yywrap(){}
                                                                    int a = 100;
[dentifier
int main()
printf("Enter String\n");
yylex();
return 0;
                                                                    Integer
Invalid
                                                                     nvalid
```

# 8. LEX Program to Count Macros and Header Files in a C Program Aim:

To write a LEX specification file that counts the number of macros (#define) and header files (#include) in a C program.

# Code:

```
%{
int nmacro, nheader;
%}
%%
%%
^#define { nmacro++; }
^#include { nheader++; }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main() {
yylex();
printf("Number of macros defined = %d\n", nmacro);
printf("Number of header files included = %d\n", nheader);
}
```

```
countmacros.l - Notepad
                                                              C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
File Edit Format View Help
                                                             Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
                                                              (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
int nmacro, nheader;
                                                               :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
                                                              :\Users\HP>flex countmacros.l.txt
^#define { nmacro++; }
^#include { nheader++; }
                                                              :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
int yywrap(void) {
                                                              :\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
return 1;
                                                              :\Users\HP>a
int main() {
                                                             #include <stdio.h>
yylex();
printf("Number of macros defined = %d\n", nmacro);
                                                             #include <math.h>
MAX 100
                                                              _
Number of macros defined = 2
Number of header files included = 2
                                                               :\Users\HP>
```

# 9. LEX Program to Print All HTML Tags in an Input File

# Aim:

To write a LEX specification file that prints all HTML tags in an input file.

# Code: %{ #include <stdio.h> %} %% <[^>]+> { printf("Tag: %s\n", yytext); } %% int main() { yylex(); return 0; }

```
printhtml.l - Notepad
                                              C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
File Edit Format View Help
                                             C:\Users\HP>a
#include<stdio.h>
                                             <html>
%}
                                             <head>
                                             <title>Sample Page</title>
                                             </head>
                                            <body>
\<[^>]*\> fprintf(yyout,"%s\n",yytext);
                                             Hello, World!
.|\n;
                                             </body>
                                             </html>
%%
                                             ١Z
int yywrap()
                                             C:\Users\HP><html>
return 1;
                                             The syntax of the command is incorrect.
                                             C:\Users\HP><head>
                                             The syntax of the command is incorrect.
int main()
                                             C:\Users\HP><title>Sample Page</title>
yyin=fopen("sample.html","r");
yyout=fopen("output.txt","w");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

# 10. LEX Program to Add Line Numbers to a C Program

# Aim:

To write a LEX specification file that adds line numbers to a C program and displays the modified output.

# Code:

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
int line_no = 1;
% }
% %
    ^.* { printf("%d %s\n", line_no++, yytext); }
% %
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

```
addline.l - Notepad
                                                     C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
File Edit Format View Help
                                                    Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
                                                    (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
#include<stdio.h>
int ln=0;
                                                     ::\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
                                                    C:\Users\HP>flex addline.l.txt
%%
                                                     :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
.* {ln++; fprintf(yyout,"\n%d:%s",ln,yytext);}
                                                    C:\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
int yywrap(){}
                                                    C:\Users\HP>a
                                                     #include <stdio.h>
int main()
                                                     int main() {
printf("Hello, World!");
yyin=fopen("simple.txt","r");
                                                        return 0;
yyout=fopen("out.txt","w");
yylex();
return 0;
                                                     :\Users\HP>
```

# 11. LEX Program to Count and Remove Comments in a C File

### Aim:

To write a LEX specification file that counts the number of comment lines and removes them from a given C program.

# Code:

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int comment_count = 0;
%}
%%
"'/".* { comment_count++; }
"/*"([^*]|\*+[^*/])*\*+"/" { comment_count++; }
.|\n { printf("%s", yytext); }
%%
int main() {
    yylex();
    printf("\nNumber of Comments Removed: %d\n", comment_count);
    return 0;
}
```

```
File Edit Format View Help

%{

*include(stdio.h)

%}

%

%

*include(stdio.h)

*include(
```

# 12. LEX Program to Convert "abc" to "ABC" in an Input String

### Aim:

To write a LEX program that replaces every occurrence of the substring "abc" with "ABC" in the given input.

# Code:

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%%
abc { printf("ABC"); }
.|\n { printf("%s", yytext); } // Print other characters as they are
%%
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

```
abc.l - Notepad
                                          🖭 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - a
File Edit Format View Help
                                         Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
                                         (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
%}
%%
                                         C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
                                        C:\Users\HP>flex abc.l.txt
[a-z] {printf("%c",yytext[0]-32);}
. {}
                                         C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
                                         C:\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
int yywrap(void){}
                                          :\Users\HP>a
int main()
                                         enter the string : kaushik
printf("\nenter the string : ");
                                         KAUSHIK
yylex();
```

# 13. Implementing a Lexical Analyzer using FLEX Aim:

To write a FLEX program that tokenizes a given C program by identifying keywords, identifiers, operators, numbers, and symbols.

```
Code:
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void print token(const char* token type, const char* token) {
  printf("%s: %s\n", token type, token);
%}
%%
"int"|"float"|"char"|"double"|"return"|"if"|"else"|"while"|"for"|"void" {
print token("Keyword", yytext); }
[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]* { print token("Identifier", yytext); }
[0-9]+(\setminus [0-9]+)? { print token("Number", yytext); }
"=="|"!="|"<="|">="|"+"|"-"|"*"|"/"|"="|"<"|">" { print token("Operator",
yytext); }
[{}();,] { print token("Symbol", yytext); }
[\t\n] { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
{ print token("Unknown", yytext); }
%%
int main() {
  yylex();
  return 0;
```

```
lexicalusingflex.l - Notepad
                                                                                    C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - a
File Edit Format View Help
                                                                                    \Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
                                                                                    :\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.o
#include <string.h>
                                                                                   :\Users\HP>a
                                                                                  int main() {
Keyword: int
Identifier: main
void print_token(const char* token_type, const char
      printf("%s: %s\n", token_type, token);
int yywrap YY_PROTO((void)) { return 1; } // Fix fo
                                                                                   ymbol: {
    float num = 3.14;
(eyword: float
identifier: num
)perator: =
lumber: 3.14
"int"|"float"|"char"|"double"|"return"|"if"|"else"|
Int | Tioat | Char | double | return | IT | else |
|a-zA-Z] | a-zA-Z0-9]* { print_token("Identifier",
|0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)* { print_token("Number", yytext);
|"=="|"!="|"<="|">="|"+"|"-"""|"/"|"="|">" { print_token("Symbol", yytext);
| \t\n] { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
                                                                                   Keyword: if
Symbol: (
Edentifier: num
int main() {
      yylex();
                                                                                            return 1;
      return 0;
```

# 14. LEX Program to Separate Keywords and Identifiers

# Aim:

To write a LEX program that separates keywords and identifiers from an inputC program.

# Code:

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%%
"int"|"float"|"char"|"double"|"return"|"if"|"else"|"while"|"for"|"void" {
printf("Keyword: %s\n", yytext); }
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* { printf("Identifier: %s\n", yytext); }
[\t\n] { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
. { /* Ignore other characters */ }
%%
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

```
keyword.l - Notepad
                                                                             👞 C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - a
<u>File Edit Format View Help</u>
                                                                             :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
#include<stdio.h>
%}
                                                                             :\Users\HP>flex keyword.l.txt
                                                                             :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
if|else|while|int|switch|for|char { printf("its a keyword");}C:\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
[a-zA-Z0-9]+ { printf("\n%s is IDENTIFIER", yytext);}
                                                                            nt x = 10;
ts a keyword
c is IDENTIFIER =
int yywrap( ){}
int main()
         while( yylex());
                                                                             is IDENTIFIER =
                                                                             0 is IDENTIFIER.
                                                                             ts a keyword (
is IDENTIFIER >
is IDENTIFIER) {
                                                                             eturn is IDENTIFIER;
```

# 15. LEX Program to Recognize Numbers and Words in a Statement

# Aim:

To write a LEX program that identifies numbers and words from a given statement.

# Code:

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
% }
% %
[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)? { printf("Number: %s\n", yytext); }
[a-zA-Z]+ { printf("Word: %s\n", yytext); }
[ \t\n] { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
. { /* Ignore other characters */ }
% %
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

# 16. LEX Program to Identify and Count Positive and Negative Numbers

### Aim:

To write a LEX program that identifies and counts positive and negative numbers in the input.

### Code:

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
int positive_count = 0, negative_count = 0;
% }
% %
"-"[0-9]+ { printf("Negative Number: %s\n", yytext); negative_count++; }
[0-9]+ { printf("Positive Number: %s\n", yytext); positive_count++; }
[\t\n] { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
. { /* Ignore other characters */ }
% %
int main() {
    yylex();
    printf("\nTotal Positive Numbers: %d\nTotal Negative Numbers: %d\n",
positive_count, negative_count);
    return 0;
}
```

```
posandneg.l - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
                                                                        icrosoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]
                                                                        c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
int positive_no = 0, negative_no = 0;
                                                                        :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
                                                                        :\Users\HP>flex posandneg.l.txt
^[-][0-9]+ {negative_no++;
                                                                        :\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
                         printf("negative number = %s\n",yytext);}
                                                                        ::\Users\HP>gcc lex.yy.c
[0-9]+ {positive_no++;
                printf("positive number = %s\n",yytext);}
                                                                        3 -45 67 -89 100
int yywrap(){}
                                                                        positive number = 67
int main()
printf ("number of positive numbers = %d,"
                 "number of negative numbers = %d\n",
                                  positive_no, negative_no);
return 0;
```

# 17. LEX Program to Validate a URL

# Aim:

To write a LEX program that validates whether an input string is a valid URL.

# Code:

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
% }
%%
^https?:\/\(\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\((\)\)\(
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3930]

(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin

C:\Users\HP>flex valid.l.txt

"valid.l.txt", line 9: unrecognized rule
```

# 18. LEX Program to Validate Student DOB (Format: DD/MM/YYYY)

# Aim:

To write a LEX program that validates the Date of Birth (DOB) format as DD/MM/YYYY.

# Code:

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
% }
% %
[0-3][0-9]/[0-1][0-9]/[0-9] {4} { printf("Valid DOB: %s\n", yytext); }
.\n { printf("Invalid DOB: %s\n", yytext); }
% %
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

# 19. LEX Program to Implement Basic Mathematical Operations

# Aim:

To write a LEX program that performs basic mathematical operations (+, -, \*, /).

# Code:

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int result = 0, num1 = 0, num2 = 0;
char op;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {
  if (num1 == 0)
    num1 = atoi(yytext);
  else
    num2 = atoi(yytext);
[+\-*/] \{ op = yytext[0]; \}
n 
  switch(op) {
    case '+': result = num1 + num2; break;
     case '-': result = num1 - num2; break;
     case '*': result = num1 * num2; break;
    case '/': result = (num2 != 0) ? num1 / num2 : 0; break;
     default: result = 0;
  printf("Result: %d %c %d = %d\n", num1, op, num2, result);
  num1 = num2 = 0; // Reset
%%
int main() {
  yylex();
  return 0;
```

```
math.l - Notepad
                                                Select C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
<u>F</u>ile <u>E</u>dit F<u>o</u>rmat <u>V</u>iew <u>H</u>elp
                                               C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\GnuWin32\bin
%{
#include<stdio.h>
                                               C:\Users\HP>flex math.l.txt
%%
                                               C:\Users\HP>set path=C:\Program Files (x86)\MinGW\bin
"="|"+"|"-"|"/"|"*" { printf("valid");}
.+ {printf("invalid");}
                                               C:\Users\HP>a
                                               enter the input:12 + 5 invalid
int yywrap(){}
int main()
                                               8 * 3
invalid
printf("enter the input:");
                                               20 - 7
invalid
yylex();
                                               15 / 3
invalid
return 0;
```