

Teacher Quality & Learning Outcomes

Filippo Panfoli 2202955

November 25, 2025

Introduction and Context

This project uses the Brazilian School Panel to study how teacher quality shapes student learning and school progression.

My goal is to distinguish two channels: standardized test performance (**extensive margin**) and grade progression outcomes (**intensive margin**).

Extensive Margin: Teacher Quality → Test Scores

$$Y_{smt}^{score} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 TQ_{smt} + \beta_2 INFRA_{smt} + \gamma X_{smt} + \mu_m + \lambda_t + \varepsilon_{smt}$$

Teachers Quality is measured as number of students per class or as teachers education. Identification relies on municipal FE, state FE and year FE. This strategy isolates the effect of teacher quality on students test scores.

Intensive Margin: Teacher Quality → Failure / Approval

$$Y_{smt}^{failure} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 TQ_{smt} + \beta_2 INFRA_{smt} + \gamma' X_{smt} + \mu_m + \lambda_t + \varepsilon_{smt}$$

Teachers Quality is measured as number of students per class or as teachers education. Identification relies on municipal FE, state FE and year FE. This strategy isolates the effect of teacher quality on rate of test failures.

Main Hypotheses

Hp1: Teacher quality $\uparrow \Rightarrow$ median student performance \uparrow

Hp2: Teacher quality $\uparrow \Rightarrow$ worst students performance \uparrow

Comparing extensive and intensive margin helps determine which mechanisms affect the test score.

Potential Confounders

Teacher quality and outcomes may be influenced by school type, urban vs rural context, infrastructure, school size, local socioeconomic conditions, or previous performance.

Identification Strategy

I plan to use an RDD to identify the causal effect.

Thank you!