<http://www.pianshen.com/article/5539279742/>

1、程序输出结果是：

String str1 = "hello";

String str2 = "he" + new String("llo");

System.err.println(str1 == str2)

2下列说法正确的有（）

A． class中的constructor不可省略

B． constructor必须与class同名，但方法不能与class同名

C． constructor在一个对象被new时执行

D．一个class只能定义一个constructor

0.6332的数据类型是（）

A float B double C Float D Double

存在使i + 1 < i的数吗（）

Java接口的修饰符可以为（）

A private B protected C final D abstract

public class foo{

public static void main (String[] args){

String s;

System.out.println("s=" + s);

}

}

public static int getValue(int i) {

int result = 0; switch (i) { case 1:

result = result + i; case 2:

result = result + i \* 2; case 3:

result = result + i \* 3;

} return result;

}

1. 选项中哪一行代码可以替换题目中//add code here而不产生编译错误？（）

public abstract class MyClass {

public int constInt = 5;

//add code here

public void method() {

}

}

Apublic abstract void method(int a);

B constInt = constInt + 5;

C public int method();

D public abstract void anotherMethod() {}

class People {

String name; public People() {

System.out.print(1);

} public People(String name) {

System.out.print(2); this.name = name;

}

} class Child extends People {

People father; public Child(String name) {

System.out.print(3); this.name = name;

father = new People(name + ":F");

} public Child() {

System.out.print(4);

}

}

<https://blog.csdn.net/zzzzlei123123123/article/details/89355670>