

# Assignment 1

Panisha Gundelli

## 1 QUESTION 1

Find the value of  $p$  for which the points  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ p \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  are collinear

## 2 SOLUTION

Given:-  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ p \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$

It is given that the points are collinear, then the points should satisfy the condition.

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = k(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ p - 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (2.0.3)$$

Substituting the values in equation 2.0.1 we have

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ p - 1 \end{pmatrix} = k \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\implies 6 = 9k \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\implies k = \frac{2}{3} \quad (2.0.6)$$

We also have

$$p - 1 = k(-3) \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$p - 1 = -3 \frac{2}{3} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$p - 1 = -2 \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$\implies p = -1 \quad (2.0.10)$$

collinear.PNG

Fig. 2.1: Graphical solution