Assignment 1

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1 Question 1

Find the value of p for which the points $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ p \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ are collinear

Given:-
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & \text{Solution} \\ -5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ p \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = -5, y_1 = 1 (2.0.1)$$

$$x_2 = 1, y_2 = p (2.0.2)$$

$$x_3 = 4, y_3 = -2 \tag{2.0.3}$$

The given points A,B and C are collinear. Therefore,

$$x_1(y_2 - y_3) + x_2(y_3 - y_1) + x_3(y_1 - y_2) = 0$$
 (2.0.4)

$$(-5)(p+2) + 1(-2-1) + 4(1-p) = 0$$
 (2.0.5)

$$(-5p - 10 - 3 + 4 - 4p) = 0$$
 (2.0.6)

$$-9p = 9$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\implies p = -1 \quad (2.0.8)$$

collinear.PNG

Fig. 2.1: Graphical solution