

2. Statement: Exchange the contents of memory locations 2000H and 4000H

Program 1:

```
LDA 2000H      : Get the contents of memory location 2000H into
accumulator
MOV B, A       : Save the contents into B register
LDA 4000H      : Get the contents of memory location 4000H into
accumulator
STA 2000H      : Store the contents of accumulator at address 2000H
MOV A, B       : Get the saved contents back into A register
STA 4000H      : Store the contents of accumulator at address 4000H
```

Program 2:

```
LXI H, 2000H   : Initialize HL register pair as a pointer to
memory location 2000H.
LXI D, 4000H   : Initialize DE register pair as a pointer to
memory location 4000H.
MOV B, M       : Get the contents of memory location 2000H into B
register.
LDAX D         : Get the contents of memory location 4000H into A
register.
MOV M, A       : Store the contents of A register into memory
location 2000H.
MOV A, B       : Copy the contents of B register into accumulator.
STAX D        : Store the contents of A register into memory location
4000H.
HLT           : Terminate program execution.
```

4. Statement: Subtract the contents of memory location 4001H from the memory location 2000H and place the result in memory location 4002H.

Program - 4: Subtract two 8-bit numbers

Sample problem:

```
(4000H) = 51H
(4001H) = 19H
Result = 51H - 19H = 38H
```

Source program:

```
LXI H, 4000H   : HL points 4000H
MOV A, M       : Get first operand
INX H          : HL points 4001H
SUB M          : Subtract second operand
INX H          : HL points 4002H
MOV M, A       : Store result at 4002H.
HLT           : Terminate program execution
```

6. Statement: Add the contents of memory locations 40001H and 4001H and place the result in the memory locations 4002H and 4003H.

Sample problem:

```
(4000H) = 7FH
(4001H) = 89H
Result = 7FH + 89H = 108H
(4002H) = 08H
(4003H) = 01H
```

Source program:

```
LXI H, 4000H   : HL Points 4000H
MOV A, M       : Get first operand
INX H          : HL Points 4001H
ADD M          : Add second operand
INX H          : HL Points 4002H
MOV M, A       : Store the lower byte of result at 4002H
MVI A, 00      : Initialize higher byte result with 00H
```

```
ADC A          : Add carry in the high byte result
INX H          : HL Points 4003H
MOV M, A       : Store the higher byte of result at 4003H
HLT           : Terminate program execution
```

Program - 5.a: Add two 16-bit numbers - Source Program 1

Sample problem:

```
(4000H) = 15H
(4001H) = 1CH
(4002H) = 87H
(4003H) = 5AH
Result = 1C15 + 5AB7H = 76CCH
(4004H) = CCH
(4005H) = 76H
```

Source Program 1:

```
LHLD 4000H     : Get first 16-bit number in HL
XCHG           : Save first 16-bit number in DE
LHLD 4002H     : Get second 16-bit number in HL
MOV A, E       : Get lower byte of the first number
ADD L          : Add lower byte of the second number
MOV L, A       : Store result in L register
MOV A, D       : Get higher byte of the first number
ADC H          : Add higher byte of the second number with CARRY
MOV H, A       : Store result in H register
SHLD 4004H     : Store 16-bit result in memory locations 4004H and
4005H.
HLT           : Terminate program execution
```

8. Statement: Find the 1's complement of the number stored at memory location 4400H and store the complemented number at memory location 4300H.

Sample problem:

```
(4400H) = 55H
```

Result = (4300B) = AAB

Source program:

```
LDA 4400B      : Get the number
CMA           : Complement number
STA 4300H      : Store the result
HLT           : Terminate program execution
```

4. Statement: Subtract the contents of memory location 4001H from the memory location 2000H and place the result in memory location 4002H.

Program - 4: Subtract two 8-bit numbers

Sample problem:

```
(4000H) = 51H
(4001H) = 19H
Result = 51H - 19H = 38H
```

Source program:

```
LXI H, 4000H   : HL points 4000H
MOV A, M       : Get first operand
INX H          : HL points 4001H
SUB M          : Subtract second operand
INX H          : HL points 4002H
MOV M, A       : Store result at 4002H.
HLT           : Terminate program execution
```

16.Statement: Calculate the sum of series of numbers. The length of the series is in memory location 4200H and the series begins from memory location 4201H.

a. Consider the sum to be 8 bit number. So, ignore carries. Store the sum at memory location 4300H.

b. Consider the sum to be 16 bit number. Store the sum at memory locations 4300H and 4301H

a. Sample problem

4200H = 04H
 4201H = 10H
 4202H = 45H
 4203H = 33H
 4204H = 22H
 Result = 10 + 41 + 30 + 12 = H
 4300H = H

Source program:

```
LDA 4200H
MOV C, A      : Initialize counter
SUB A        : sum = 0
LXI H, 4201H  : Initialize pointer
BACK: ADD M   : SUM = SUM + data
INX H        : Increment pointer
DCR C        : Decrement counter
JNZ BACK     : If counter 0 repeat
STA 4300H    : Store sum
HLT          : Terminate program execution
```

b. Sample problem

4200H = 04H
 4201H = 9AH
 4202H = 52H
 4203H = 89H
 4204H = 3EH
 Result = 9AH + 52H + 89H + 3EH = H
 4300H = B3H Lower byte
 4301H = 01H Higher byte

Source program:

```
LDA 4200H
MOV C, A      : Initialize counter
LXI H, 4201H  : Initialize pointer
SUB A        : Sum low = 0
MOV B, A      : Sum high = 0
BACK: ADD M   : Sum = sum + data
JNC SKIP     : Add carry to MSB of SUM
INR B        : Increment pointer
SKIP: INX H   : Decrement counter
DCR C        : Check if counter 0 repeat
JNZ BACK     : Store lower byte
STA 4300H    : Store higher byte
MOV A, B     : Terminate program execution
STA 4301H
HLT
```