

Loan Case Study (Pankaj_Saha)

June 20, 2021

CREDIT - LOAN CASE EDA Case Study:

0.0.1 Importing Libraries and Required Files:

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
print('Libraries imported successfully:')
```

Libraries imported successfully:

0.0.2 Setting the max viewing dimension of rows and columns:

```
[2]: pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 500)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', 500)
pd.set_option('display.width', 1000)
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
print("Alterationn done Successfully:")
```

Alterationn done Successfully:

0.1 (1) New Application Dataset:

```
[3]: application=pd.read_csv('application_data.csv')
application.head()
```

```
[3]: SK_ID_CURR  TARGET  NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  CODE_GENDER  FLAG_OWN_CAR
FLAG_OWN_REALTY  CNT_CHILDREN  AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  AMT_CREDIT  AMT_ANNUITY
AMT_GOODS_PRICE  NAME_TYPE_SUITE  NAME_INCOME_TYPE  NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS  NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE  DAYS_BIRTH
DAYS_EMPLOYED  DAYS_REGISTRATION  DAYS_ID_PUBLISH  OWN_CAR_AGE  FLAG_MOBIL
FLAG_EMP_PHONE  FLAG_WORK_PHONE  FLAG_CONT_MOBILE  FLAG_PHONE  FLAG_EMAIL
OCCUPATION_TYPE  CNT_FAM_MEMBERS  REGION_RATING_CLIENT
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY  WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START  HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION  REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION
```

LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION	REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY	REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY	LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY	ORGANIZATION_TYPE	EXT_SOURCE_1	EXT_SOURCE_2	EXT_SOURCE_3	APARTMENTS_AVG	BASEMENTAREA_AVG	YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG	YEARS_BUILD_AVG	COMMONAREA_AVG	ELEVATORS_AVG	ENTRANCES_AVG	FLOORSMAX_AVG	FLOORSMIN_AVG	LANDAREA_AVG
0	100002	1		Cash loans	M	N											
Y		0		202500.0	406597.5	24700.5				351000.0							
Unaccompanied				Working	Secondary / secondary special	Single / not											
married	House / apartment				0.018801	-9461											
-637		-3648.0			-2120	NaN				1							
1		0		1	1	0											Laborers
1.0			2			2											
WEDNESDAY				10		0											
0				0		0											0
0	Business Entity Type 3			0.083037	0.262949	0.139376											
0.0247		0.0369			0.9722	0.6192											
0.0143		0.00		0.0690	0.0833	0.1250				0.0369							
1	100003	0		Cash loans	F	N											
N		0		270000.0	1293502.5	35698.5				1129500.0							
Family	State servant			Higher education		Married											
House / apartment				0.003541	-16765	-1188											
-1186.0		-291		NaN	1	1											
0		1		1	0	Core staff				2.0							
1				1		MONDAY											
11				0		0											
0			0			0											0
School		0.311267		0.622246	NaN	0.0959											
0.0529				0.9851	0.7960	0.0605											
0.08		0.0345		0.2917	0.3333	0.0130											
2	100004	0		Revolving loans	M	Y											
Y		0		67500.0	135000.0	6750.0				135000.0							
Unaccompanied				Working	Secondary / secondary special	Single / not											
married	House / apartment				0.010032	-19046											
-225		-4260.0			-2531	26.0				1							
1		1		1	1	0											Laborers
1.0			2			2											
MONDAY				9		0											
0				0		0											0
0		Government		NaN	0.555912	0.729567											
NaN		NaN			NaN	NaN											
NaN		NaN		NaN	NaN	NaN				NaN							NaN
3	100006	0		Cash loans	F	N											
Y		0		135000.0	312682.5	29686.5				297000.0							
Unaccompanied				Working	Secondary / secondary special	Civil											
marriage	House / apartment				0.008019	-19005											
-3039		-9833.0			-2437	NaN				1							
1		0		1	0	0											Laborers

2.0		2		2	
WEDNESDAY		17		0	
0		0		0	0
0 Business Entity Type 3		NaN	0.650442	NaN	
NaN	NaN		NaN	NaN	
NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4 100007	0	Cash loans	M	N	
Y	0	121500.0	513000.0	21865.5	513000.0
Unaccompanied	Working	Secondary /	secondary special	Single / not	
married House / apartment			0.028663	-19932	
-3038	-4311.0	-3458	NaN	1	
1	0	1	0	0	Core staff
1.0	2		2		
THURSDAY		11		0	
0		0	0		1
1	Religion	NaN	0.322738	NaN	
NaN	NaN		NaN	NaN	
NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	LIVINGAREA_AVG	NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG		
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	APARTMENTS_MODE	BASEMENTAREA_MODE		
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE	YEARS_BUILD_MODE	COMMONAREA_MODE	ELEVATORS_MODE	
ENTRANCES_MODE	FLOORSMAX_MODE	FLOORSMIN_MODE	LANDAREA_MODE	
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	LIVINGAREA_MODE	NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE		
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE	APARTMENTS_MEDI	BASEMENTAREA_MEDI		
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI	YEARS_BUILD_MEDI	COMMONAREA_MEDI	ELEVATORS_MEDI	
ENTRANCES_MEDI	FLOORSMAX_MEDI	FLOORSMIN_MEDI	LANDAREA_MEDI	
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	LIVINGAREA_MEDI	NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI		
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI	FONDKAPREMONT_MODE	HOUSETYPE_MODE	TOTALAREA_MODE	
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE	EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE	OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE		
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE		
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	FLAG_DOCUMENT_2	FLAG_DOCUMENT_3	FLAG_DOCUMENT_4	
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	FLAG_DOCUMENT_8	
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	\		
0	0.0202	0.0190	0.0000	
0.0000	0.0252	0.0383	0.9722	
0.6341	0.0144	0.0000	0.0690	0.0833
0.1250	0.0377	0.022	0.0198	
0.0	0.0	0.0250	0.0369	
0.9722	0.6243	0.0144	0.00	0.0690
0.0833	0.1250	0.0375	0.0205	0.0193
0.0000	0.00	reg oper account	block of flats	0.0149
Stone, brick		No	2.0	
2.0	2.0		2.0	-1134.0
0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	
1	0.0773	0.0549	0.0039	

[illegible]

	FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	FLAG_DOCUMENT_16	FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	FLAG_DOCUMENT_20	FLAG_DOCUMENT_21	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR
0	0	0	0	0													
0	0	0		0													
0	0		0.0														0.0
0.0		0.0						0.0									
1.0																	
1	0		0					0									0
0	0		0					0									0
0	0		0.0														0.0
0.0		0.0						0.0									
0.0																	
2	0		0					0									0
0	0		0					0									0
0	0		0.0														0.0
0.0		0.0						0.0									
0.0																	
3	0		0					0									0
0	0		0					0									0
0	0			NaN													NaN
NaN		NaN						NaN									
NaN																	
4	0		0					0									0
0	0		0					0									0
0	0		0.0														0.0
0.0		0.0						0.0									
0.0																	

0.1.1 (1.1) Getting the dimension of Rows and columns of the Application dataset:

```
[4]: application.shape
```

```
[4]: (307511, 122)
```

```
[5]: application.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 307511 entries, 0 to 307510
Columns: 122 entries, SK_ID_CURR to AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR
dtypes: float64(65), int64(41), object(16)
memory usage: 286.2+ MB
```

0.1.2 (1.2) Extracting the column names and its dimensions too:

```
[6]: col=list(application.columns)
     col
```

```
[6]: ['SK_ID_CURR',
      'TARGET',
      'NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE',
      'CODE_GENDER',
      'FLAG_OWN_CAR',
      'FLAG_OWN_REALTY',
      'CNT_CHILDREN',
      'AMT_INCOME_TOTAL',
      'AMT_CREDIT',
      'AMT_ANNUITY',
      'AMT_GOODS_PRICE',
      'NAME_TYPE_SUITE',
      'NAME_INCOME_TYPE',
      'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE',
      'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS',
      'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE',
      'REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE',
      'DAYS_BIRTH',
      'DAYS_EMPLOYED',
      'DAYS_REGISTRATION',
      'DAYS_ID_PUBLISH',
      'OWN_CAR_AGE',
      'FLAG_MOBIL',
      'FLAG_EMP_PHONE',
      'FLAG_WORK_PHONE',
      'FLAG_CONT_MOBILE',
      'FLAG_PHONE',
      'FLAG_EMAIL',
      'OCCUPATION_TYPE',
      'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS',
      'REGION_RATING_CLIENT',
      'REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY',
      'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START',
      'HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START',
      'REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION',
      'REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION',
      'LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION',
      'REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY',
      'REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY',
      'LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY',
      'ORGANIZATION_TYPE',
      'EXT_SOURCE_1',
```

'EXT_SOURCE_2',
 'EXT_SOURCE_3',
 'APARTMENTS_AVG',
 'BASEMENTAREA_AVG',
 'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG',
 'YEARS_BUILD_AVG',
 'COMMONAREA_AVG',
 'ELEVATORS_AVG',
 'ENTRANCES_AVG',
 'FLOORSMAX_AVG',
 'FLOORSMIN_AVG',
 'LANDAREA_AVG',
 'LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG',
 'LIVINGAREA_AVG',
 'NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG',
 'NONLIVINGAREA_AVG',
 'APARTMENTS_MODE',
 'BASEMENTAREA_MODE',
 'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE',
 'YEARS_BUILD_MODE',
 'COMMONAREA_MODE',
 'ELEVATORS_MODE',
 'ENTRANCES_MODE',
 'FLOORSMAX_MODE',
 'FLOORSMIN_MODE',
 'LANDAREA_MODE',
 'LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE',
 'LIVINGAREA_MODE',
 'NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE',
 'NONLIVINGAREA_MODE',
 'APARTMENTS_MEDI',
 'BASEMENTAREA_MEDI',
 'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI',
 'YEARS_BUILD_MEDI',
 'COMMONAREA_MEDI',
 'ELEVATORS_MEDI',
 'ENTRANCES_MEDI',
 'FLOORSMAX_MEDI',
 'FLOORSMIN_MEDI',
 'LANDAREA_MEDI',
 'LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI',
 'LIVINGAREA_MEDI',
 'NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI',
 'NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI',
 'FONDKAPREMONT_MODE',
 'HOUSETYPE_MODE',
 'TOTALAREA_MODE',

```

'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE',
'EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE',
'OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_2',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_3',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_4',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_5',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_6',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_7',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_8',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_9',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_10',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_11',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_12',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_13',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_14',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_15',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_16',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_17',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_18',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_19',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_20',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_21',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR']

```

0.1.3 (1.3) Length of the columns stands out to be:

```
[7]: len(col)
```

```
[7]: 122
```

0.1.4 (1.4) Checking the unique values of column (Name_Contract_Type):

```
[8]: application['NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE'].unique()
```

```
[8]: array(['Cash loans', 'Revolving loans'], dtype=object)
```


0.2 (2) Importing the previous application dataset:

```
[328]: prev_app=pd.read_csv('previous_application.csv')
prev_app.head()
```

```
[328]: SK_ID_PREV SK_ID_CURR NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE AMT_ANNUITY AMT_APPLICATION
AMT_CREDIT AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT AMT_GOODS_PRICE WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY
RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED
NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS DAYS_DECISION
NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE CODE_REJECT_REASON NAME_TYPE_SUITE NAME_CLIENT_TYPE
NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY NAME_PORTFOLIO NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE CHANNEL_TYPE
SELLERPLACE_AREA NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY CNT_PAYMENT NAME_YIELD_GROUP
PRODUCT_COMBINATION DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING DAYS_FIRST_DUE
DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION DAYS_LAST_DUE DAYS_TERMINATION
NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL
0 2030495 271877 Consumer loans 1730.430 17145.0
17145.0 0.0 17145.0 SATURDAY
15 Y 1 0.0
0.182832 0.867336 XAP Approved
-73 Cash through the bank XAP NaN Repeater
Mobile POS XNA Country-wide
35 Connectivity 12.0 middle POS mobile with interest
365243.0 -42.0 300.0 -42.0
-37.0 0.0
1 2802425 108129 Cash loans 25188.615 607500.0
679671.0 NaN 607500.0 THURSDAY
11 Y 1 NaN
NaN NaN XNA Approved
-164 XNA XAP Unaccompanied Repeater
XNA Cash x-sell Contact center -1
XNA 36.0 low_action Cash X-Sell: low 365243.0
-134.0 916.0 365243.0 365243.0
1.0
2 2523466 122040 Cash loans 15060.735 112500.0
136444.5 NaN 112500.0 TUESDAY
11 Y 1 NaN
NaN NaN XNA Approved
-301 Cash through the bank XAP Spouse, partner Repeater
XNA Cash x-sell Credit and cash offices -1
XNA 12.0 high Cash X-Sell: high 365243.0
-271.0 59.0 365243.0 365243.0
1.0
3 2819243 176158 Cash loans 47041.335 450000.0
470790.0 NaN 450000.0 MONDAY
7 Y 1 NaN
NaN NaN XNA Approved
```

-512	Cash through the bank		XAP	NaN	Repeater
XNA	Cash	x-sell	Credit and cash offices		-1
XNA	12.0	middle	Cash X-Sell: middle		365243.0
-482.0		-152.0	-182.0	-177.0	
1.0					
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395	337500.0
404055.0		NaN	337500.0		THURSDAY
9		Y		1	NaN
NaN		NaN	Repairs		Refused
-781	Cash through the bank		HC	NaN	Repeater
XNA	Cash	walk-in	Credit and cash offices		-1
XNA	24.0	high	Cash Street: high		NaN
NaN		NaN	NaN	NaN	
NaN					

0.2.1 (2.1) Examining the dimension of the previous application:

```
[10]: prev_app.shape
```

```
[10]: (1670214, 37)
```

Rows=1670214 and Columns=37

```
[11]: prev_app.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1670214 entries, 0 to 1670213
Data columns (total 37 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   SK_ID_PREV                            1670214 non-null int64
1   SK_ID_CURR                            1670214 non-null int64
2   NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE                    1670214 non-null object
3   AMT_ANNUITY                           1297979 non-null float64
4   AMT_APPLICATION                       1670214 non-null float64
5   AMT_CREDIT                            1670213 non-null float64
6   AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT                      774370 non-null float64
7   AMT_GOODS_PRICE                       1284699 non-null float64
8   WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START            1670214 non-null object
9   HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START               1670214 non-null int64
10  FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT            1670214 non-null object
11  NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY                 1670214 non-null int64
12  RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT                      774370 non-null float64
13  RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY                  5951 non-null float64
14  RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED               5951 non-null float64
15  NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE                 1670214 non-null object
16  NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS                   1670214 non-null object
17  DAYS_DECISION                          1670214 non-null int64
```

18	NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE	1670214	non-null	object
19	CODE_REJECT_REASON	1670214	non-null	object
20	NAME_TYPE_SUITE	849809	non-null	object
21	NAME_CLIENT_TYPE	1670214	non-null	object
22	NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY	1670214	non-null	object
23	NAME_PORTFOLIO	1670214	non-null	object
24	NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE	1670214	non-null	object
25	CHANNEL_TYPE	1670214	non-null	object
26	SELLERPLACE_AREA	1670214	non-null	int64
27	NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY	1670214	non-null	object
28	CNT_PAYMENT	1297984	non-null	float64
29	NAME_YIELD_GROUP	1670214	non-null	object
30	PRODUCT_COMBINATION	1669868	non-null	object
31	DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING	997149	non-null	float64
32	DAYS_FIRST_DUE	997149	non-null	float64
33	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	997149	non-null	float64
34	DAYS_LAST_DUE	997149	non-null	float64
35	DAYS_TERMINATION	997149	non-null	float64
36	NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL	997149	non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(15), int64(6), object(16)

memory usage: 471.5+ MB

0.3 (3) Exploratory Data Analysis :

0.3.1 (3.1) Checking the null value percentages of Application Dataset:

(3.1.1) Finding the percentage of missing values in all columns of application:

```
[12]: round(application.isnull().mean()*100,2).sort_values(ascending = False)
```

```
[12]: COMMONAREA_MEDI      69.87
COMMONAREA_AVG          69.87
COMMONAREA_MODE          69.87
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE  69.43
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI  69.43
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG   69.43
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE       68.39
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI     68.35
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE     68.35
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG      68.35
FLOORSMIN_MEDI            67.85
FLOORSMIN_MODE            67.85
FLOORSMIN_AVG             67.85
YEARS_BUILD_MEDI          66.50
YEARS_BUILD_AVG           66.50
YEARS_BUILD_MODE          66.50
OWN_CAR_AGE               65.99
LANDAREA_MODE             59.38
LANDAREA_AVG              59.38
```

LANDAREA_MEDI	59.38
BASEMENTAREA_MEDI	58.52
BASEMENTAREA_AVG	58.52
BASEMENTAREA_MODE	58.52
EXT_SOURCE_1	56.38
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI	55.18
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	55.18
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE	55.18
ELEVATORS_MODE	53.30
ELEVATORS_AVG	53.30
ELEVATORS_MEDI	53.30
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE	50.84
APARTMENTS_MODE	50.75
APARTMENTS_AVG	50.75
APARTMENTS_MEDI	50.75
ENTRANCES_MEDI	50.35
ENTRANCES_MODE	50.35
ENTRANCES_AVG	50.35
LIVINGAREA_MEDI	50.19
LIVINGAREA_MODE	50.19
LIVINGAREA_AVG	50.19
HOUSETYPE_MODE	50.18
FLOORSMAX_MODE	49.76
FLOORSMAX_MEDI	49.76
FLOORSMAX_AVG	49.76
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI	48.78
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG	48.78
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE	48.78
TOTALAREA_MODE	48.27
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE	47.40
OCCUPATION_TYPE	31.35
EXT_SOURCE_3	19.83
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	13.50
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR	13.50
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY	13.50
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	13.50
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	13.50
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	13.50
NAME_TYPE_SUITE	0.42
OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	0.33
OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	0.33
DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	0.33
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	0.33
EXT_SOURCE_2	0.21
AMT_GOODS_PRICE	0.09
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH	0.00
FLAG_EMP_PHONE	0.00

FLAG_MOBIL	0.00
DAYS_EMPLOYED	0.00
FLAG_WORK_PHONE	0.00
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE	0.00
FLAG_PHONE	0.00
FLAG_EMAIL	0.00
DAYS_REGISTRATION	0.00
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE	0.00
DAYS_BIRTH	0.00
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE	0.00
REGION_RATING_CLIENT	0.00
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS	0.00
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE	0.00
NAME_INCOME_TYPE	0.00
AMT_ANNUITY	0.00
AMT_CREDIT	0.00
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	0.00
CNT_CHILDREN	0.00
FLAG_OWN_REALTY	0.00
FLAG_OWN_CAR	0.00
CODE_GENDER	0.00
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	0.00
TARGET	0.00
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	0.00
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION	0.00
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	0.00
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_2	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_3	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_4	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_8	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	0.00
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_16	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	0.00
FLAG_DOCUMENT_20	0.00

```

FLAG_DOCUMENT_21          0.00
ORGANIZATION_TYPE         0.00
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY   0.00
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY    0.00
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY    0.00
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION 0.00
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION 0.00
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START    0.00
SK_ID_CURR                0.00
dtype: float64

```

(3.1.2) Removing all the columns of the application dataset having Null value percentage > 50% and keeping the remaining:

```
[13]: application=application.loc[:,application.isnull().mean()<=0.5]
      application.shape
```

```
[13]: (307511, 81)
```

Previously, the number of columns was 122 and now its updated to 81.

(3.1.3) Getting the list of null values less then 15% and more than 0%:

```
[14]: list(application.columns[(application.isnull().mean()<=0.15)&(application.
    ↪isnull().mean()>0.0)])
```

```
[14]: ['AMT_ANNUITY',
      'AMT_GOODS_PRICE',
      'NAME_TYPE_SUITE',
      'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS',
      'EXT_SOURCE_2',
      'OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
      'DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
      'OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
      'DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
      'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE',
      'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR',
      'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY',
      'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK',
      'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON',
      'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT',
      'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR']
```

0.3.2 (3.2) Examining the Amt__Annuity column:

```
[15]: application['AMT_ANNUITY'].isnull().value_counts()
```

```
[15]: False    307499
      True      12
```

Name: AMT_ANNUIITY, dtype: int64

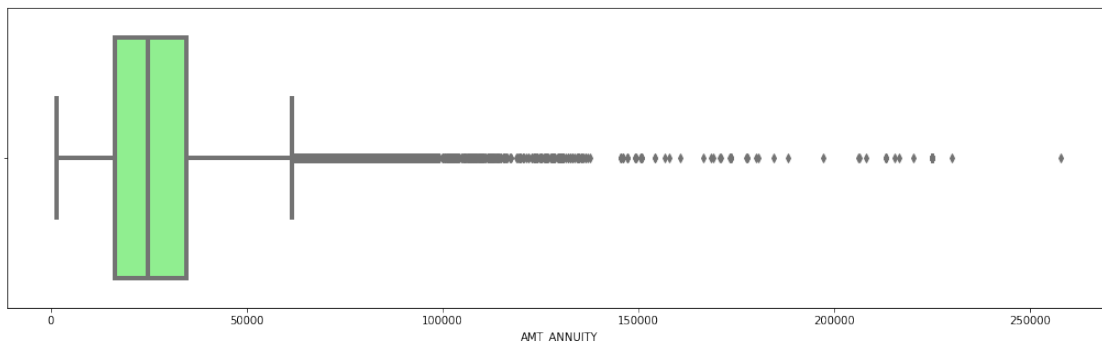
```
[16]: application['AMT_ANNUIITY'].unique()
```

```
[16]: array([24700.5, 35698.5, 6750. , ..., 71986.5, 58770. , 77809.5])
```

```
[17]: application['AMT_ANNUIITY'].value_counts()
```

```
[17]: 9000.0      6385
      13500.0   5514
      6750.0   2279
      10125.0  2035
      37800.0  1602
      ...
      15210.0    1
      50265.0    1
      73012.5    1
      40558.5    1
      4437.0     1
      Name: AMT_ANNUIITY, Length: 13672, dtype: int64
```

```
[18]: f = plt.figure()
      f.set_figwidth(18)
      f.set_figheight(5)
      sns.
      ↪boxplot(application['AMT_ANNUIITY'],color='lightgreen',linewidth=4,saturation=50)
      plt.show()
```



Here we can see that the column 'AMT_ANNUIITY' have outliers, therefore the column can be altered using the median.

```
[19]: print('The Median value for column: {} is: {}'.
      ↪format('AMT_ANNUIITY',round(application['AMT_ANNUIITY'].median())))
```

The Median value for column: AMT_ANNUIITY is: 24903

0.3.3 (3.3) Examining the AMT_GOODS_PRICE Column:

```
[20]: application['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].isnull().value_counts()
```

```
[20]: False      307233  
      True       278  
      Name: AMT_GOODS_PRICE, dtype: int64
```

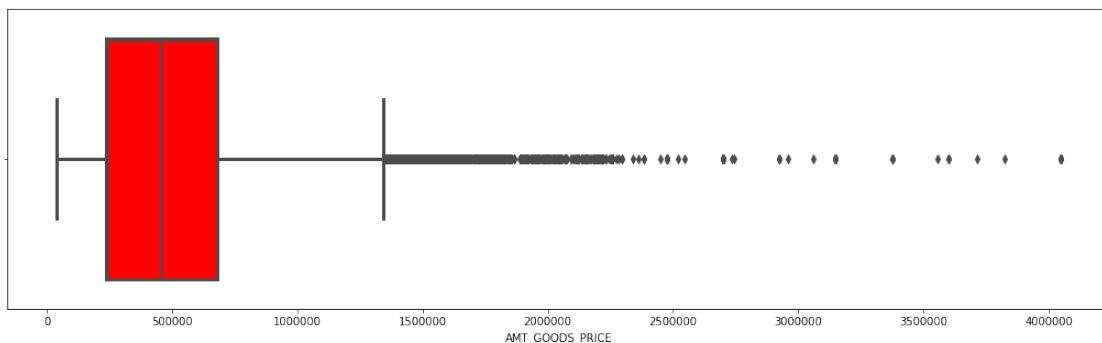
```
[21]: application['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].unique()
```

```
[21]: array([ 351000. , 1129500. , 135000. , ..., 453465. , 143977.5,  
        743863.5])
```

```
[22]: application['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].value_counts()
```

```
[22]: 450000.0      26022  
      225000.0      25282  
      675000.0      24962  
      900000.0      15416  
      270000.0      11428  
      ...  
      705892.5         1  
      442062.0         1  
      353641.5         1  
      353749.5         1  
      738945.0         1  
      Name: AMT_GOODS_PRICE, Length: 1002, dtype: int64
```

```
[23]: f = plt.figure()  
      f.set_figwidth(18)  
      f.set_figheight(5)  
      sns.  
      ↪ boxplot(application['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'], color='red', linewidth=3, saturation=50)  
      plt.show()
```



Here we can see that the column 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE' have outliers, therefore the column can be altered using the median.

```
[24]: print('The Median value for column: {} is: {}'.  
        ↳format('AMT_GOODS_PRICE',round(application['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].median())))
```

The Median value for column: AMT_GOODS_PRICE is: 450000

0.3.4 (3.4) Examining the NAME_TYPE_SUITE Column:

```
[25]: application['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].value_counts()
```

```
[25]: Unaccompanied      248526  
      Family             40149  
      Spouse, partner    11370  
      Children           3267  
      Other_B            1770  
      Other_A            866  
      Group of people     271  
      Name: NAME_TYPE_SUITE, dtype: int64
```

```
[26]: application['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].isnull().value_counts()
```

```
[26]: False      306219  
      True        1292  
      Name: NAME_TYPE_SUITE, dtype: int64
```

```
[27]: application['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].unique()
```

```
[27]: array(['Unaccompanied', 'Family', 'Spouse, partner', 'Children',  
            'Other_A', nan, 'Other_B', 'Group of people'], dtype=object)
```

Since the column (Name_Type_Suite) holds a categorical value in it, so inorder to remove the outliers, we will update the null values with most repeated string kinda a mode(Name_Type_Suite)

```
[28]: print('The Mode for column: {} is: {}'.  
        ↳format('NAME_TYPE_SUITE',application['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].mode()[0]))
```

The Mode for column: NAME_TYPE_SUITE is: Unaccompanied

0.3.5 (3.5) Examining CNT_FAM_MEMBERS column:

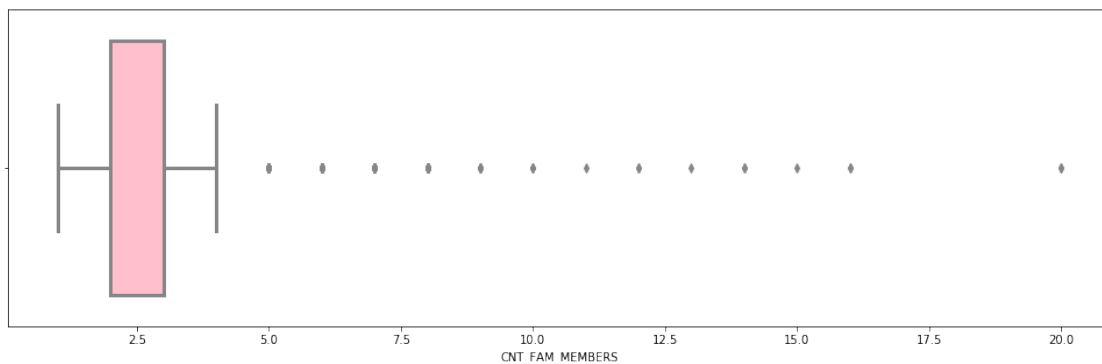
```
[29]: application['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'].isnull().value_counts()
```

```
[29]: False      307509  
      True         2  
      Name: CNT_FAM_MEMBERS, dtype: int64
```

```
[30]: application['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'].value_counts()
```

```
[30]: 2.0      158357
      1.0      67847
      3.0      52601
      4.0      24697
      5.0       3478
      6.0        408
      7.0         81
      8.0         20
      9.0          6
     10.0          3
     14.0          2
     16.0          2
     12.0          2
     20.0          2
     11.0          1
     13.0          1
     15.0          1
Name: CNT_FAM_MEMBERS, dtype: int64
```

```
[31]: f = plt.figure()
      f.set_figwidth(17)
      f.set_figheight(5)
      sns.
      ↪boxplot(application['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'],color='pink',linewidth=3,saturation=50)
      plt.show()
```



Here we can see that the column 'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS' have outliers, therefore the column can be altered using the median.

```
[32]: print('The Median value for column: {} is: {}'.
      ↪format('CNT_FAM_MEMBERS',round(application['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'].median())))
```

The Median value for column: CNT_FAM_MEMBERS is: 2

0.3.6 (3.6) EXT_SOURCE_2 column:

```
[33]: application['EXT_SOURCE_2'].isnull().value_counts()
```

```
[33]: False      306851  
      True       660  
      Name: EXT_SOURCE_2, dtype: int64
```

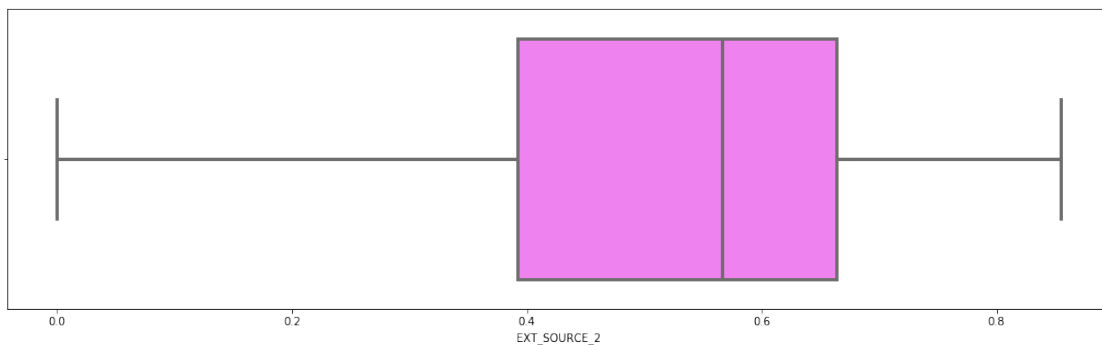
```
[34]: application['EXT_SOURCE_2'].value_counts()
```

```
[34]: 0.285898      721  
      0.262258      417  
      0.265256      343  
      0.159679      322  
      0.265312      306  
      ...  
      0.169134        1  
      0.213753        1  
      0.057994        1  
      0.229146        1  
      0.336367        1  
      Name: EXT_SOURCE_2, Length: 119831, dtype: int64
```

```
[35]: application['EXT_SOURCE_2'].unique()
```

```
[35]: array([0.26294859, 0.62224578, 0.55591208, ..., 0.13118876, 0.26448565,  
          0.2678342 ])
```

```
[36]: f = plt.figure()  
      f.set_figwidth(18)  
      f.set_figheight(5)  
      sns.  
      ↪boxplot(application['EXT_SOURCE_2'],color='violet',linewidth=3,saturation=50)  
      plt.show()
```



Here we can see that the column 'EXT_SOURCE_2' have outliers, therefore the column can be altered using the median.

```
[37]: print('The Median value for column: {} is: {}'.  
      ↪format('EXT_SOURCE_2',round(application['EXT_SOURCE_2'].median())))
```

The Median value for column: EXT_SOURCE_2 is: 1

0.4 (4) Crosschecking the columns (its datatypes) of application dataset:

```
[77]: #Checking the int type columns  
A=application.select_dtypes(include='int64').columns  
print(A)  
print('\n')  
print('length of the columns:',len(A))
```

```
Index(['SK_ID_CURR', 'TARGET', 'CNT_CHILDREN', 'AMT_INCOME_TOTAL', 'AMT_CREDIT',  
'REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE', 'DAYS_BIRTH', 'DAYS_EMPLOYED',  
'DAYS_REGISTRATION', 'DAYS_ID_PUBLISH', 'FLAG_MOBIL', 'FLAG_EMP_PHONE',  
'FLAG_WORK_PHONE', 'FLAG_CONT_MOBILE', 'FLAG_PHONE', 'FLAG_EMAIL',  
'REGION_RATING_CLIENT', 'REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY',  
'HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START', 'REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION',  
'REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION', 'LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION',  
'REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY', 'REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY', 'LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY',  
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_2', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_3', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_4', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_5',  
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_6', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_7', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_8', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_9',  
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_10', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_11', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_12', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_13',  
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_14', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_15', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_16', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_17',  
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_18', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_19', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_20', 'FLAG_DOCUMENT_21'],  
dtype='object')
```

length of the columns: 45

```
[76]: #Checking the float type columns  
float=application.select_dtypes(include='float64').columns  
print(float)  
print('\n')  
print('length of the columns:',len(float))
```

```
Index(['AMT_ANNUITY', 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE', 'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS', 'EXT_SOURCE_2',  
'EXT_SOURCE_3', 'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG', 'FLOORSMAX_AVG',  
'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE', 'FLOORSMAX_MODE',  
'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI', 'FLOORSMAX_MEDI', 'TOTALAREA_MODE',  
'OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE', 'DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',  
'OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE', 'DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',  
'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR',  
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK',  
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT',
```

```
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR'], dtype='object')
```

length of the columns: 23

```
[71]: #converting the float datatype of the column to the int datatype.
      for i in float:
          application.loc[:,i]=application.loc[:,i].astype('int64',errors='ignore')
      print("Updation Done!")
```

Updation Done!

```
[75]: application.select_dtypes(include='float64').columns
```

```
[75]: Index(['AMT_ANNUITY', 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE', 'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS', 'EXT_SOURCE_2',
        'EXT_SOURCE_3', 'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG', 'FLOORSMAX_AVG',
        'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE', 'FLOORSMAX_MODE',
        'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI', 'FLOORSMAX_MEDI', 'TOTALAREA_MODE',
        'OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE', 'DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
        'OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE', 'DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
        'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR',
        'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK',
        'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT',
        'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR'], dtype='object')
```

```
[83]: len(list(application.select_dtypes(include='float64').columns))
```

```
[83]: 23
```

```
[86]: #Checking for columns as an object dtypes:
      obj=application.select_dtypes('object').columns
      print(obj)
      print(len(obj))
```

```
Index(['NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE', 'CODE_GENDER', 'FLAG_OWN_CAR', 'FLAG_OWN_REALTY',
        'NAME_TYPE_SUITE', 'NAME_INCOME_TYPE', 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE',
        'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS', 'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE', 'OCCUPATION_TYPE',
        'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START', 'ORGANIZATION_TYPE', 'EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE'],
      dtype='object')
13
```

```
[96]: #converting the object dtypes to string dtypes:
      for i in obj:
          application[i]=application[i].astype('str')
      print('Updation Done!')
```

Updation Done!

```
[104]: application.head()
```


Government	0.555912	0.729567			NaN	
NaN		NaN		NaN		NaN
NaN	NaN	nan			0.0	
3	100006	0	Cash loans	F	N	
Y	0	135000	312682	29686.5		297000.0
Unaccompanied		Working	Secondary / secondary special			Civil
marriage	House / apartment			0	-19005	
-3039	-9833		-2437	1		1
0	1	0	0	Laborers		2.0
2		2		WEDNESDAY		
17		0		0		
0	0			0		0
Business Entity Type	3	0.650442		NaN		NaN
NaN		NaN		NaN		NaN
NaN	NaN	nan			2.0	
4	100007	0	Cash loans	M	N	
Y	0	121500	513000	21865.5		513000.0
Unaccompanied		Working	Secondary / secondary special			Single / not
married	House / apartment			0	-19932	
-3038	-4311		-3458	1		1
0	1	0	0	Core staff		1.0
2		2		THURSDAY		
11		0		0		
0	0			1		1
Religion	0.322738		NaN		NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN			NaN	NaN	
NaN	nan			0.0		

DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE			
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	FLAG_DOCUMENT_2	FLAG_DOCUMENT_3	FLAG_DOCUMENT_4		
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	FLAG_DOCUMENT_8		
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	FLAG_DOCUMENT_12		
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	FLAG_DOCUMENT_16		
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	FLAG_DOCUMENT_20		
FLAG_DOCUMENT_21	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY			
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT			
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR					
0	2.0		2.0		2.0
-1134.0	0		1	0	0
0	0	0		0	0
0	0	0		0	0
0	0	0		0	0
0	0.0		0.0		
0.0	0.0		0.0		
1.0					
1	0.0		1.0		0.0
-828.0	0		1	0	0

```

0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
0.0
2          0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
-815.0     0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
0.0
3          0.0        2.0        0.0        0.0
-617.0     0          1          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          NaN        NaN        NaN        NaN
NaN        NaN        NaN        NaN        NaN
NaN
4          0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
-1106.0    0          0          0          0
0          0          1          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0          0          0          0
0          0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0        0.0
0.0

```

0.5 (5) Getting the proportion of GENDER among the dataset:

```
[117]: print(application['CODE_GENDER'].unique())
print('\n')
print(application['CODE_GENDER'].value_counts())
```

```
['M' 'F' 'XNA']
```

```

F      202448
M      105059
XNA      4
Name: CODE_GENDER, dtype: int64

```


0.5.1 (5.1) Removing the XNA from the dataset due to its less frequency:

```
[121]: application=application.where(application['CODE_GENDER']!='XNA')
print('XNA removed from the dataset, due to its less frequency:')
```

XNA removed from the dataset, due to its less frequency:

0.5.2 (5.2) Updated attribute of column 'CODE_GENDER':

```
[122]: application['CODE_GENDER'].value_counts()
```

```
[122]: F    202448
      M    105059
      Name: CODE_GENDER, dtype: int64
```

```
[123]: application['CODE_GENDER'].replace(['M', 'F'], ['Male', 'Female'], inplace=True)
application.head()
```

```
[123]: SK_ID_CURR  TARGET NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE CODE_GENDER FLAG_OWN_CAR
FLAG_OWN_REALTY  CNT_CHILDREN  AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  AMT_CREDIT  AMT_ANNUITY
AMT_GOODS_PRICE  NAME_TYPE_SUITE  NAME_INCOME_TYPE  NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS  NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE  DAYS_BIRTH
DAYS_EMPLOYED  DAYS_REGISTRATION  DAYS_ID_PUBLISH  FLAG_MOBIL  FLAG_EMP_PHONE
FLAG_WORK_PHONE  FLAG_CONT_MOBILE  FLAG_PHONE  FLAG_EMAIL  OCCUPATION_TYPE
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS  REGION_RATING_CLIENT  REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START  HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START  REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION  LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION  REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY  LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY  ORGANIZATION_TYPE
EXT_SOURCE_2  EXT_SOURCE_3  YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG  FLOORSMAX_AVG
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE  FLOORSMAX_MODE  YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI
FLOORSMAX_MEDI  TOTALAREA_MODE  EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE  OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE  \
0    100002.0    1.0    Cash loans    Male    N
Y    0.0    202500.0    406597.0    24700.5    351000.0
Unaccompanied    Working    Secondary / secondary special    Single / not
married    House / apartment    0.0    -9461.0
-637.0    -3648.0    -2120.0    1.0    1.0
0.0    1.0    1.0    0.0    Laborers    1.0
2.0    2.0    WEDNESDAY
10.0    0.0    0.0
0.0    0.0    0.0    0.0
Business Entity Type 3    0.262949    0.139376    0.9722
0.0833    0.9722    0.0833
0.9722    0.0833    0.0149    No
2.0
1    100003.0    0.0    Cash loans    Female    N
N    0.0    270000.0    1293502.0    35698.5    1129500.0
Family    State servant    Higher education    Married
House / apartment    0.0    -16765.0    -1188.0
```

-1186.0		-291.0	1.0	1.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	0.0	Core staff	2.0	
1.0			1.0	MONDAY	
11.0			0.0	0.0	
0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0
School	0.622246		NaN	0.9851	0.2917
0.9851	0.2917			0.9851	0.2917
0.0714		No		1.0	
2	100004.0	0.0	Revolving loans	Male	Y
Y	0.0	67500.0	135000.0	6750.0	135000.0
Unaccompanied		Working	Secondary / secondary special	Single / not	
married	House / apartment			0.0	-19046.0
-225.0	-4260.0		-2531.0	1.0	1.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	Laborers	1.0
2.0		2.0		MONDAY	
9.0		0.0		0.0	
0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0
Government	0.555912		0.729567		NaN
NaN			NaN	NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN		nan		0.0
3	100006.0	0.0	Cash loans	Female	N
Y	0.0	135000.0	312682.0	29686.5	297000.0
Unaccompanied		Working	Secondary / secondary special		Civil
marriage	House / apartment			0.0	-19005.0
-3039.0	-9833.0		-2437.0	1.0	1.0
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	Laborers	2.0
2.0		2.0		WEDNESDAY	
17.0		0.0		0.0	
0.0		0.0		0.0	0.0
Business Entity Type 3		0.650442		NaN	NaN
NaN		NaN		NaN	NaN
NaN	NaN		nan		2.0
4	100007.0	0.0	Cash loans	Male	N
Y	0.0	121500.0	513000.0	21865.5	513000.0
Unaccompanied		Working	Secondary / secondary special	Single / not	
married	House / apartment			0.0	-19932.0
-3038.0	-4311.0		-3458.0	1.0	1.0
0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	Core staff	1.0
2.0		2.0		THURSDAY	
11.0		0.0		0.0	
0.0		0.0		1.0	1.0
Religion	0.322738		NaN		NaN
NaN	NaN			NaN	NaN
NaN		nan		0.0	

DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE FLAG_DOCUMENT_2 FLAG_DOCUMENT_3 FLAG_DOCUMENT_4

FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	FLAG_DOCUMENT_8	FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	FLAG_DOCUMENT_16	FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	FLAG_DOCUMENT_20	FLAG_DOCUMENT_21	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR
0	2.0		2.0				2.0															
-1134.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
1.0																						
1	0.0		1.0				0.0															
-828.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0																						
2	0.0		0.0				0.0															
-815.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0																						
3	0.0		2.0				0.0															
-617.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0		NaN	NaN				NaN															
NaN		NaN	NaN				NaN															
NaN																						
4	0.0		0.0				0.0															
-1106.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0		0.0	0.0				0.0															
0.0																						

0.6 (6) Binning variable for analysis:

```
[128]: application['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL'].quantile([0,0.1,0.3,0.6,0.8,1])
```

```
[128]: 0.0      25650.0
      0.1      81000.0
      0.3     112500.0
      0.6     162000.0
      0.8     225000.0
      1.0    117000000.0
      Name: AMT_INCOME_TOTAL, dtype: float64
```

```
[130]: #Creating A new categorical variable based on income total
      application['INCOME_GROUP']=pd.qcut(application['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL'],
                                             q=[0,0.1,0.3,0.6,0.8,1],
                                             ↵
                                             ↪labels=['VeryLow','Low','Medium','High','VeryHigh'])
      print("Done!")
```

Done!

```
[131]: application['INCOME_GROUP'].head()
```

```
[131]: 0      High
      1  VeryHigh
      2  VeryLow
      3   Medium
      4   Medium
      Name: INCOME_GROUP, dtype: category
      Categories (5, object): [VeryLow < Low < Medium < High < VeryHigh]
```

0.6.1 (6.1) Binning Birth Date:

```
[138]: application['DAYS_BIRTH'].head()
```

```
[138]: 0    -9461.0
      1   -16765.0
      2   -19046.0
      3   -19005.0
      4   -19932.0
      Name: DAYS_BIRTH, dtype: float64
```

```
[134]: #Binning DAYS_BIRTH
      abs(application['DAYS_BIRTH']).quantile([0,0.1,0.3,0.6,0.8,1])
```

```
[134]: 0.0      7489.0
      0.1     10284.6
      0.3     13140.0
```

```
0.6    17220.0
0.8    20474.0
1.0    25229.0
Name: DAYS_BIRTH, dtype: float64
```

Since DAYS_BIRTH consist negative values, hence we will use abs to typecast it into positive value:

0.6.2 (6.2) Creating a column AGE using the Days_Birth column for future reference:

```
[147]: application['AGE']=abs(application['DAYS_BIRTH'])//365.25
application['AGE'].head(10)
```

```
[147]: 0    25.0
      1    45.0
      2    52.0
      3    52.0
      4    54.0
      5    46.0
      6    37.0
      7    51.0
      8    55.0
      9    39.0
      Name: AGE, dtype: float64
```

(6.2.1) Now lets analyse the AGE dataset:

```
[151]: application['AGE'].describe()
```

```
[151]: count    307507.000000
      mean      43.405223
      std       11.945763
      min       20.000000
      25%       33.000000
      50%       43.000000
      75%       53.000000
      max       69.000000
      Name: AGE, dtype: float64
```

Here we can see that the min age is 20 and max age is 69 (70approx)

NOTE: Since the age is varrying from 20 to 70, we would create a bins of approx length 5 each:

```
[152]: application['AGE_GROUP'] = pd.cut(application['AGE'],bins=np.arange(20,71,5))
      #Here 20 is the starting point and 71 is the ending and the difference 5 each
```

```
[155]: application['AGE_GROUP'].head(10)
```

```
[155]: 0    (20, 25]
      1    (40, 45]
      2    (50, 55]
      3    (50, 55]
      4    (50, 55]
      5    (45, 50]
      6    (35, 40]
      7    (50, 55]
      8    (50, 55]
      9    (35, 40]
      Name: AGE_GROUP, dtype: category
      Categories (10, interval[int64]): [(20, 25] < (25, 30] < (30, 35] < (35, 40] ...
      (50, 55] < (55, 60] < (60, 65] < (65, 70]]
```

0.7 (7) Adding a new column to the application dataframe for future use:

```
[156]: application['CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO']=round((application['AMT_CREDIT']/
      ↪application['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL']))
```

```
[157]: application['CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO'].head(10)
```

```
[157]: 0    2.0
      1    5.0
      2    2.0
      3    2.0
      4    4.0
      5    5.0
      6    9.0
      7    4.0
      8    9.0
      9    3.0
      Name: CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO, dtype: float64
```

```
[158]: # Getting the percentage of social circle who defaulted for 30 and 60 days each
      application['SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC']=application['DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE']/
      ↪application['OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE']
      application['SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC']=application['DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE']/
      ↪application['OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE']
```

```
[160]: application['SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC'].head()
```

```
[160]: 0    1.0
      1    0.0
      2    NaN
      3    0.0
      4    NaN
      Name: SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC, dtype: float64
```

```
[161]: application['SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC'].head()
```

```
[161]: 0    1.0
      1    0.0
      2   NaN
      3    0.0
      4   NaN
      Name: SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC, dtype: float64
```

0.8 (8) Checking for imbalance in Target attribute:

```
[165]: application['TARGET'].value_counts()
```

```
[165]: 0.0    282682
      1.0    24825
      Name: TARGET, dtype: int64
```

```
[173]: application['TARGET'].count()
```

```
[173]: 307507
```

```
[178]: round(application['TARGET'].value_counts()[0]/application['TARGET'].count()*100)
```

```
[178]: 92.0
```

```
[179]: round(application['TARGET'].value_counts()[1]/application['TARGET'].count()*100)
```

```
[179]: 8.0
```

NOTE: Performing the above steps using normalization:

```
[182]: application['TARGET'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100
```

```
[182]: 0.0    91.927013
      1.0    8.072987
      Name: TARGET, dtype: float64
```

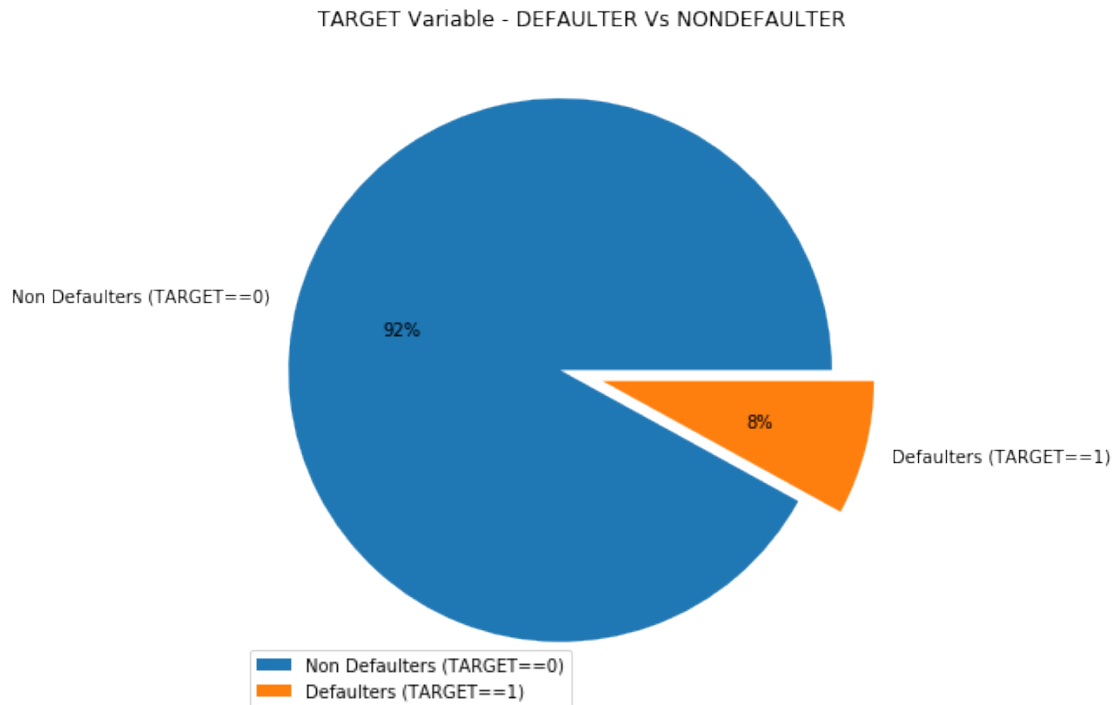
```
[184]: A=round(application['TARGET'].value_counts(normalize=True)*100)
      print(A)
```

```
0.0    92.0
1.0     8.0
Name: TARGET, dtype: float64
```

Plotting a pie chart for visualisation:

```
[228]: f = plt.figure()
      f.set_figwidth(7)
      f.set_figheight(7.5)
```

```
plt.pie(A,labels=['Non Defaulters (TARGET==0)','Defaulters (TARGET==1)'],explode=(0.08,0.08),autopct='%1.f%%')
plt.legend()
plt.title('TARGET Variable - DEFAULTER Vs NONDEFAULTER')
plt.show()
```



NOTE: Here we can visualise that approx 8% people defaulted their loan by not paying any installment, where as approx 92% people were genuinely paying the sum:

0.9 (9) Performind descriptive analysis:

Removing the unwanted columns from the application dataset and keeping the important attributes only:

```
[229]: FinalColumns = [
    'SK_ID_CURR', 'TARGET', 'CODE_GENDER', 'FLAG_OWN_CAR', 'FLAG_OWN_REALTY', 'INCOME_GROUP', 'AGE_G',
    'CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO', 'NAME_INCOME_TYPE', 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE', 'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS', 'NAME_HOUS',
    'DAYS_REGISTRATION', 'FLAG_EMAIL', 'OCCUPATION_TYPE',
    'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS', 'REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY', 'ORGANIZATION_TYPE', 'SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF',
    'SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY',
    'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON', 'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT', 'NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE', 'AMT_ANNUITY', 'RE
```

```
[230]: application_final=application[FinalColumns]
```



```
[232]: application_final.head()
```

```
[232]: SK_ID_CURR TARGET CODE_GENDER FLAG_OWN_CAR FLAG_OWN_REALTY INCOME_GROUP
AGE_GROUP AMT_CREDIT AMT_INCOME_TOTAL CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO NAME_INCOME_TYPE
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE NAME_FAMILY_STATUS NAME_HOUSING_TYPE DAYS_EMPLOYED
DAYS_REGISTRATION FLAG_EMAIL OCCUPATION_TYPE CNT_FAM_MEMBERS
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY ORGANIZATION_TYPE
SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE AMT_ANNUITY REGION_RATING_CLIENT AMT_GOODS_PRICE
0 100002.0 1.0 Male N Y High
(20, 25] 406597.0 202500.0 2.0 Working
Secondary / secondary special Single / not married House / apartment
-637.0 -3648.0 0.0 Laborers 1.0
2.0 Business Entity Type 3 1.0
1.0 0.0 0.0
0.0 Cash loans 24700.5 2.0 351000.0
1 100003.0 0.0 Female N N VeryHigh
(40, 45] 1293502.0 270000.0 5.0 State servant
Higher education Married House / apartment -1188.0
-1186.0 0.0 Core staff 2.0
1.0 School 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0
0.0 Cash loans 35698.5 1.0 1129500.0
2 100004.0 0.0 Male Y Y VeryLow
(50, 55] 135000.0 67500.0 2.0 Working
Secondary / secondary special Single / not married House / apartment
-225.0 -4260.0 0.0 Laborers 1.0
2.0 Government NaN
NaN 0.0 0.0
0.0 Revolving loans 6750.0 2.0 135000.0
3 100006.0 0.0 Female N Y Medium
(50, 55] 312682.0 135000.0 2.0 Working
Secondary / secondary special Civil marriage House / apartment
-3039.0 -9833.0 0.0 Laborers 2.0
2.0 Business Entity Type 3 0.0
0.0 NaN NaN
NaN Cash loans 29686.5 2.0 297000.0
4 100007.0 0.0 Male N Y Medium
(50, 55] 513000.0 121500.0 4.0 Working
Secondary / secondary special Single / not married House / apartment
-3038.0 -4311.0 0.0 Core staff 1.0
2.0 Religion NaN
NaN 0.0 0.0
0.0 Cash loans 21865.5 2.0 513000.0
```

```
[233]: application_final.shape
```

[233]: (307511, 30)

Dividing the application datasheet on the basis of Target Values; example (Non-defaulter and Defaulter)

```
[271]: #dataset for non-defaulter
app_final_nondef=application_final[application['TARGET']==0]
app_final_nondef.head(10)
```

```
[271]: SK_ID_CURR  TARGET CODE_GENDER FLAG_OWN_CAR FLAG_OWN_REALTY INCOME_GROUP
AGE_GROUP  AMT_CREDIT  AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO
NAME_INCOME_TYPE          NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE      NAME_FAMILY_STATUS
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  DAYS_EMPLOYED  DAYS_REGISTRATION  FLAG_EMAIL OCCUPATION_TYPE
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS  REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY      ORGANIZATION_TYPE
SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC  SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  AMT_ANNUITY  REGION_RATING_CLIENT  AMT_GOODS_PRICE
1      100003.0      0.0      Female      N      N      VeryHigh
(40, 45]      1293502.0      270000.0      5.0      State
servant      Higher education      Married      House / apartment
-1188.0      -1186.0      0.0      Core staff      2.0
1.0      School      0.0
0.0      0.0
0.0      Cash loans      35698.5      1.0      1129500.0
2      100004.0      0.0      Male      Y      Y      VeryLow
(50, 55]      135000.0      67500.0      2.0
Working      Secondary / secondary special      Single / not married      House / apartment
-225.0      -4260.0      0.0      Laborers      1.0
2.0      Government      NaN
NaN      0.0      0.0
0.0      Revolving loans      6750.0      2.0      135000.0
3      100006.0      0.0      Female      N      Y      Medium
(50, 55]      312682.0      135000.0      2.0
Working      Secondary / secondary special      Civil marriage      House / apartment
-3039.0      -9833.0      0.0      Laborers      2.0
2.0      Business Entity Type 3      0.0
0.0      NaN      NaN
NaN      Cash loans      29686.5      2.0      297000.0
4      100007.0      0.0      Male      N      Y      Medium
(50, 55]      513000.0      121500.0      4.0
Working      Secondary / secondary special      Single / not married      House / apartment
-3038.0      -4311.0      0.0      Core staff      1.0
2.0      Religion      NaN
NaN      0.0      0.0
0.0      Cash loans      21865.5      2.0      513000.0
5      100008.0      0.0      Male      N      Y      Low
(45, 50]      490495.0      99000.0      5.0      State
servant      Secondary / secondary special      Married      House / apartment
```

-1588.0		-4970.0	0.0	Laborers		2.0
2.0		Other			NaN	
NaN			0.0		0.0	
1.0	Cash loans		27517.5		2.0	454500.0
6	100009.0	0.0	Female	Y	Y	High
(35, 40]	1560726.0		171000.0		9.0	Commercial
associate		Higher education			Married	House /
apartment	-3130.0		-1213.0	0.0		Accountants
3.0		2.0	Business Entity Type 3			
0.0		0.0			0.0	
1.0		1.0	Cash loans		41301.0	
2.0	1395000.0					
7	100010.0	0.0	Male	Y	Y	VeryHigh
(50, 55]	1530000.0		360000.0		4.0	State
servant		Higher education			Married	House / apartment
-449.0	-4597.0	0.0		Managers		2.0
3.0		Other			0.0	
0.0		0.0			0.0	
0.0	Cash loans		42075.0		3.0	1530000.0
8	100011.0	0.0	Female	N	Y	Low
(50, 55]	1019610.0		112500.0		9.0	
Pensioner	Secondary / secondary special				Married	House /
apartment	365243.0		-7427.0	0.0		nan
2.0		2.0			XNA	
0.0		0.0			0.0	
0.0		0.0	Cash loans		33826.5	
2.0	913500.0					
9	100012.0	0.0	Male	N	Y	Medium
(35, 40]	405000.0		135000.0		3.0	
Working	Secondary / secondary special			Single / not married		House / apartment
-2019.0	-14437.0	0.0		Laborers		1.0
2.0	Electricity				0.0	
0.0		NaN			NaN	
NaN	Revolving loans		20250.0		2.0	405000.0
10	100014.0	0.0	Female	N	Y	Low
(25, 30]	652500.0		112500.0		6.0	
Working		Higher education			Married	House / apartment
-679.0	-4427.0	0.0		Core staff		3.0
2.0	Medicine				NaN	
NaN		0.0			1.0	
0.0	Cash loans		21177.0		2.0	652500.0

```
[272]: app_final_nondef.shape
```

```
[272]: (282682, 30)
```

```
[273]: A=app_final_nondef[app_final_nondef['SK_ID_CURR'].isnull()!=True]
A.shape
```

```
[273]: (282682, 30)
```

```
[274]: A.head()
```

```
[274]: SK_ID_CURR  TARGET CODE_GENDER FLAG_OWN_CAR FLAG_OWN_REALTY INCOME_GROUP
AGE_GROUP  AMT_CREDIT  AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO NAME_INCOME_TYPE
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE  NAME_FAMILY_STATUS  NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  DAYS_EMPLOYED
DAYS_REGISTRATION  FLAG_EMAIL OCCUPATION_TYPE  CNT_FAM_MEMBERS
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY  ORGANIZATION_TYPE
SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC  SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  AMT_ANNUITY  REGION_RATING_CLIENT  AMT_GOODS_PRICE
1    100003.0    0.0    Female    N    N    VeryHigh
(40, 45]    1293502.0    270000.0    5.0    State servant
Higher education    Married    House / apartment    -1188.0
-1186.0    0.0    Core staff    2.0
1.0    School    0.0
0.0    0.0    0.0
0.0    Cash loans    35698.5    1.0    1129500.0
2    100004.0    0.0    Male    Y    Y    VeryLow
(50, 55]    135000.0    67500.0    2.0    Working
Secondary / secondary special    Single / not married    House / apartment
-225.0    -4260.0    0.0    Laborers    1.0
2.0    Government    NaN
NaN    0.0    0.0
0.0    Revolving loans    6750.0    2.0    135000.0
3    100006.0    0.0    Female    N    Y    Medium
(50, 55]    312682.0    135000.0    2.0    Working
Secondary / secondary special    Civil marriage    House / apartment
-3039.0    -9833.0    0.0    Laborers    2.0
2.0    Business Entity Type 3    0.0
0.0    NaN    NaN
NaN    Cash loans    29686.5    2.0    297000.0
4    100007.0    0.0    Male    N    Y    Medium
(50, 55]    513000.0    121500.0    4.0    Working
Secondary / secondary special    Single / not married    House / apartment
-3038.0    -4311.0    0.0    Core staff    1.0
2.0    Religion    NaN
NaN    0.0    0.0
0.0    Cash loans    21865.5    2.0    513000.0
5    100008.0    0.0    Male    N    Y    Low
(45, 50]    490495.0    99000.0    5.0    State servant
Secondary / secondary special    Married    House / apartment
-1588.0    -4970.0    0.0    Laborers    2.0
```

2.0		Other		NaN
NaN		0.0		0.0
1.0	Cash loans	27517.5		2.0
				454500.0

```
[275]: # Dataset for defaulter:
app_final_def=application_final[application_final['TARGET']==1]
app_final_def.head(10)
```

```
[275]: SK_ID_CURR  TARGET CODE_GENDER FLAG_OWN_CAR FLAG_OWN_REALTY INCOME_GROUP
AGE_GROUP  AMT_CREDIT  AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO
NAME_INCOME_TYPE      NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE      NAME_FAMILY_STATUS
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  DAYS_EMPLOYED  DAYS_REGISTRATION  FLAG_EMAIL
OCCUPATION_TYPE  CNT_FAM_MEMBERS  REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY
ORGANIZATION_TYPE  SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC
SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT  NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE
AMT_ANNUITY  REGION_RATING_CLIENT  AMT_GOODS_PRICE
0      100002.0      1.0      Male      N      Y      High
(20, 25]      406597.0      202500.0      2.0
Working Secondary / secondary special Single / not married House / apartment
-637.0      -3648.0      0.0      Laborers      1.0
2.0 Business Entity Type 3      1.0
1.0      0.0      0.0
0.0      Cash loans      24700.5      2.0      351000.0
26      100031.0      1.0      Female      N      Y      Low
(50, 55]      979992.0      112500.0      9.0
Working Secondary / secondary special      Widow House / apartment
-2628.0      -6573.0      0.0      Cooking staff      1.0
2.0 Business Entity Type 3      0.1
0.0      0.0      0.0
2.0      Cash loans      27076.5      3.0      702000.0
40      100047.0      1.0      Male      N      Y      High
(45, 50]      1193580.0      202500.0      6.0 Commercial
associate Secondary / secondary special      Married House /
apartment      -1262.0      -1182.0      0.0      Laborers
2.0      2.0 Business Entity Type 3
NaN      NaN      0.0
2.0      0.0      Cash loans      35028.0
2.0      855000.0
42      100049.0      1.0      Female      N      N      Medium
(35, 40]      288873.0      135000.0      2.0
Working Secondary / secondary special      Civil marriage House / apartment
-3597.0      -45.0      0.0      Sales staff      2.0
3.0      Self-employed      0.0
0.0      0.0      0.0
0.0      Cash loans      16258.5      3.0      238500.0
81      100096.0      1.0      Female      N      Y      VeryLow
```

(65, 70]	252000.0		81000.0		3.0	
Pensioner	Secondary / secondary special				Married	House /
apartment	365243.0		-5391.0		0.0	nan
2.0		2.0			XNA	
1.0		1.0			0.0	
0.0		0.0	Cash loans		14593.5	
2.0	252000.0					
94	100112.0	1.0	Male	Y	Y	VeryHigh
(25, 30]	953460.0		315000.0		3.0	Commercial
associate		Incomplete higher	Single / not married			With
parents	-2015.0		-4802.0	0.0		nan
1.0		2.0	Industry: type 4			
NaN		NaN			0.0	
0.0		0.0	Cash loans		64107.0	
2.0	900000.0					
110	100130.0	1.0	Female	N	Y	Medium
(25, 30]	723996.0		157500.0		5.0	Commercial
associate		Incomplete higher	Separated			House /
apartment	-267.0		-387.0	0.0		Sales staff
2.0		2.0	Trade: type 2			
NaN		NaN			0.0	
0.0		0.0	Cash loans		30802.5	
2.0	585000.0					
138	100160.0	1.0	Male	N	Y	VeryHigh
(40, 45]	675000.0		292500.0		2.0	
Working		Higher education			Married	House / apartment
-200.0	-5239.0	0.0			Managers	2.0
2.0	Business Entity Type 3				NaN	
NaN		0.0			0.0	
0.0	Cash loans	36747.0			2.0	675000.0
154	100181.0	1.0	Female	N	Y	Medium
(45, 50]	245619.0		157500.0		2.0	
Working	Secondary / secondary special	Single / not married				House / apartment
-7676.0	-774.0	0.0	Private service staff			1.0
2.0	Business Entity Type 3				NaN	
NaN		0.0			0.0	
0.0	Cash loans	12667.5			2.0	166500.0
163	100192.0	1.0	Female	N	N	Low
(20, 25]	225000.0		111915.0		2.0	Commercial
associate	Secondary / secondary special	Single / not married				With
parents	-150.0		-2570.0	0.0		Core staff
1.0		2.0	Trade: type 3			
NaN		NaN			0.0	
0.0		0.0	Cash loans		21037.5	
2.0	225000.0					

```
[276]: app_final_def.shape
```

[276]: (24825, 30)

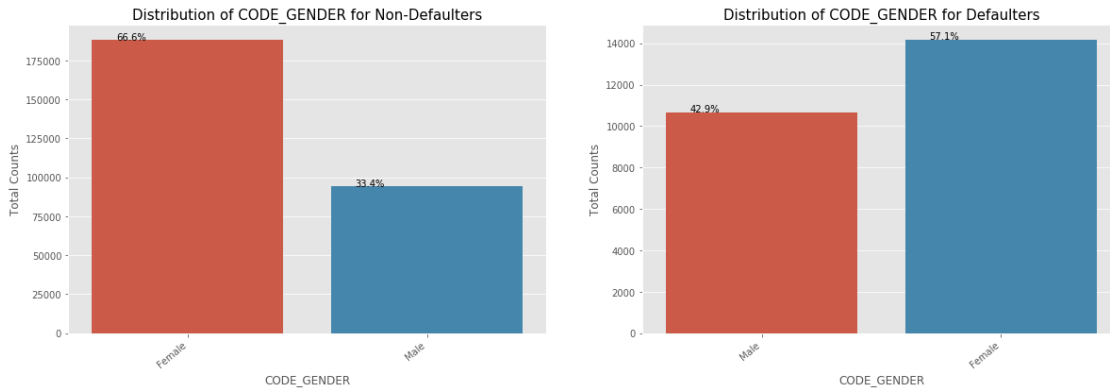
0.10 (10) Univariate Analysis:

0.10.1 (10.1) Function to plot univariate variables:

```
[285]: def plot_univ(D):  
    plt.style.use('ggplot')  
    sns.despine  
    fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(20, 6))  
  
    sns.countplot(x=D, data=app_final_nondef, ax=ax1)  
    ax1.set_ylabel('Total Counts')  
    ax1.set_title(f'Distribution of {D} for Non-Defaulters', fontsize=15)  
    ax1.set_xticklabels(ax1.get_xticklabels(), rotation=40, ha="right")  
  
    # Adding the normalized percentage for easier comparision between defaulter  
    ↪ and non-defaulter  
    for p in ax1.patches:  
        ax1.annotate('{:.1f}%'.format((p.get_height()/  
    ↪ len(app_final_nondef))*100), (p.get_x()+0.1, p.get_height()+50))  
  
    sns.countplot(x=D, data=app_final_def, ax=ax2)  
    ax2.set_ylabel('Total Counts')  
    ax2.set_title(f'Distribution of {D} for Defaulters', fontsize=15)  
    ax2.set_xticklabels(ax2.get_xticklabels(), rotation=40, ha="right")  
  
    # Adding the normalized percentage for easier comparision between defaulter  
    ↪ and non-defaulter  
    for p in ax2.patches:  
        ax2.annotate('{:.1f}%'.format((p.get_height()/len(app_final_def))*100),  
    ↪ (p.get_x()+0.1, p.get_height()+50))  
  
    plt.show()
```

0.10.2 (10.2) Plotting the CODE Gender:

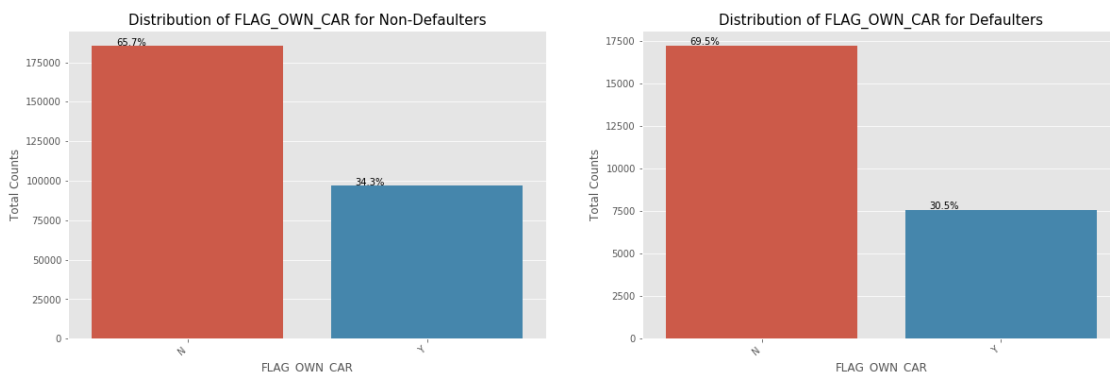
```
[286]: plot_univ('CODE_GENDER')
```



NOTE: We can see that Female contribute 67% to the non-defaulters while 57% to the defaulters. We see more female applying for loans than males and hence the more number of female defaulters as well. **But the rate of defaulting of FEMALE is much lower compared to their MALE counterparts.**

0.10.3 (10.3) Plotting Flag_own_car:

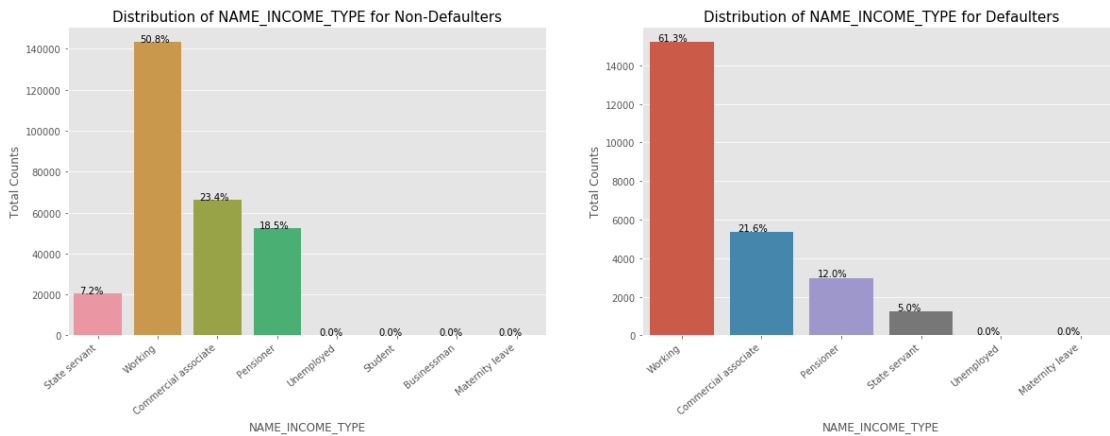
```
[287]: plot_univ('FLAG_OWN_CAR')
```



We can see that people with cars contribute 65.7% to the non-defaulters while 69.5% to the defaulters. We can conclude that While people who have car default more often, the reason could be there are simply more people without cars Looking at the percentages in both the charts, we can conclude that the rate of default of people having car is low compared to people who don't.

0.10.4 (10.3) Plotting Name_Income_Type:

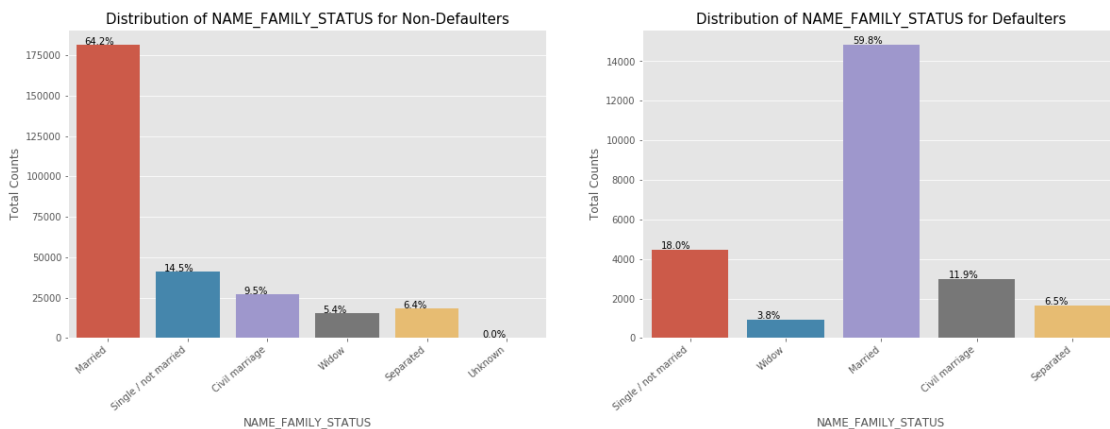
```
[288]: plot_univ('NAME_INCOME_TYPE')
```

We can notice that the students don't default. The reason could be they are not required to pay during the time they are students. We can also see that the BusinessMen never default. Most of the loans are distributed to working class people. We also see that working class people contribute 51% to non defaulters while they contribute to 61% of the defaulters. Clearly, the chances of defaulting are more in their case.

0.10.5 (10.4) Plotting Name_Income_Type:

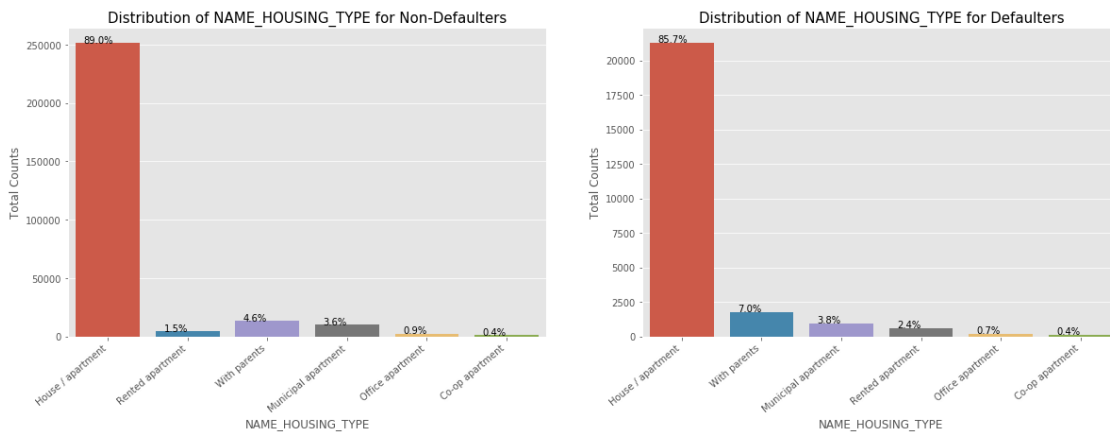
```
[289]: plot_univ('NAME_FAMILY_STATUS')
```



Married people tend to apply for more loans comparatively. But from the graph we see that Single/non Married people contribute 14.5% to Non Defaulters and 18% to the defaulters. So there is more risk associated with them.

0.10.6 (10.5) Plotting Name_Housing_Type:

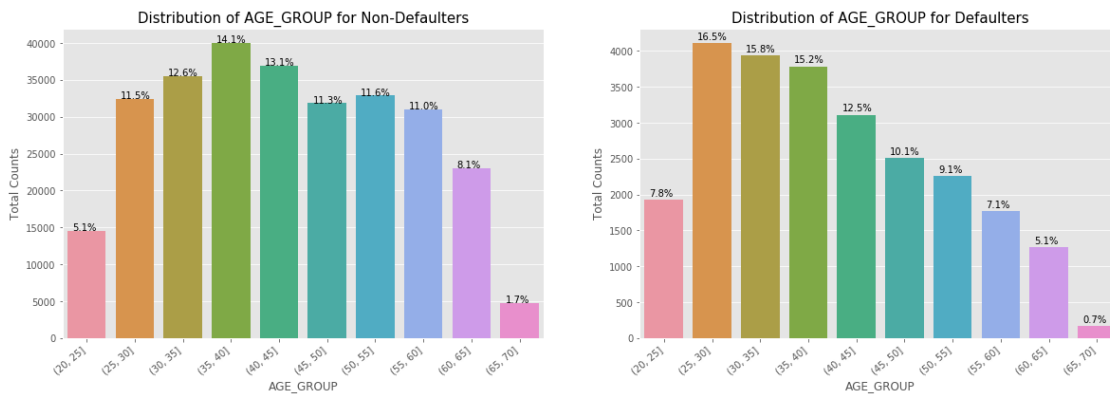
```
[290]: plot_univ('NAME_HOUSING_TYPE')
```



It is clear from the graph that people who have House/Appartment, tend to apply for more loans. People living with parents tend to default more often when compared with others. The reason could be their living expenses are more due to their parents living with them.

0.10.7 (10.6) Plotting AGE_GROUP:

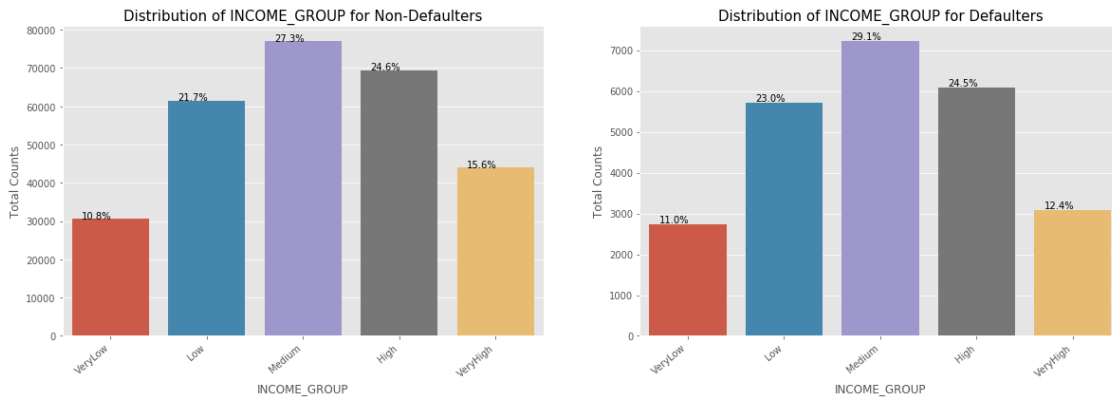
```
[291]: plot_univ('AGE_GROUP')
```



We see that (25,30] age group tend to default more often. So they are the riskiest people to loan to. With increasing age group, people tend to default less starting from the age 25. One of the reasons could be they get employed around that age and with increasing age, their salary also increases.

0.10.8 (10.6) Plotting INCOME_GROUP:

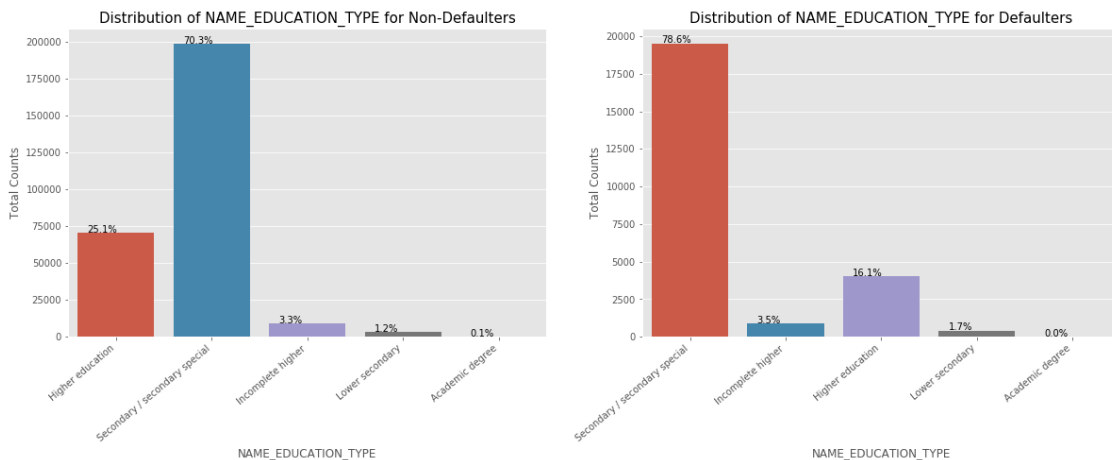
```
[292]: plot_univ('INCOME_GROUP')
```



The Very High income group tend to default less often. They contribute 12.4% to the total number of defaulters, while they contribute 15.6% to the Non-Defaulters.

0.10.9 (10.7) Plotting NAME_EDUCTAION_TYPE:

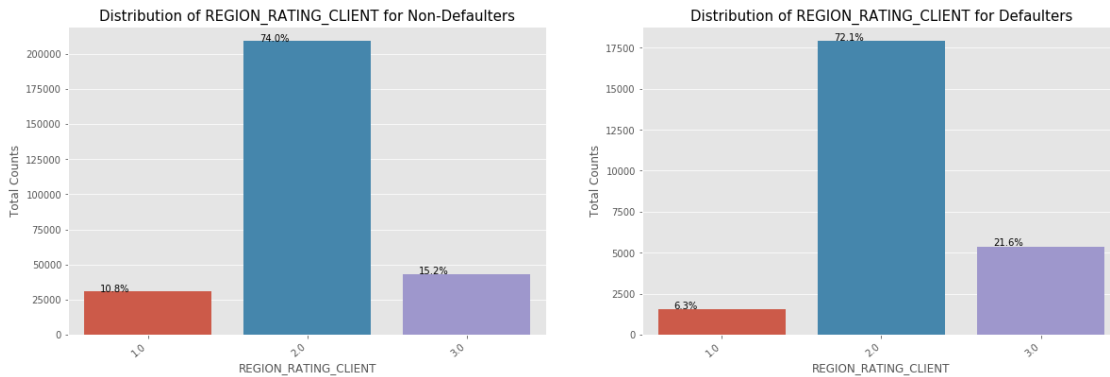
```
[293]: plot_univ('NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE')
```



Almost all of the Education categories are equally likely to default except for the higher educated ones who are less likely to default and secondary educated people are more likely to default

0.10.10 (10.8) Plotting REGION_RATING_CLIENT:

```
[294]: plot_univ('REGION_RATING_CLIENT')
```



More people from second tier regions tend to apply for loans. We can infer that people living in better areas(Rating 3) tend contribute more to the defaulters by their weightage. People living in 1 rated areas

0.11 (11) univariate continuous variable analysis:

0.11.1 (11.1) FUNCTION :

```
[297]: # function to dist plot for continuous variables
def plotunidist(D):

    plt.style.use('ggplot')
    sns.despine
    fig,(ax1,ax2) = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(15,5))

    sns.distplot(a=app_final_nondef[D],ax=ax1)

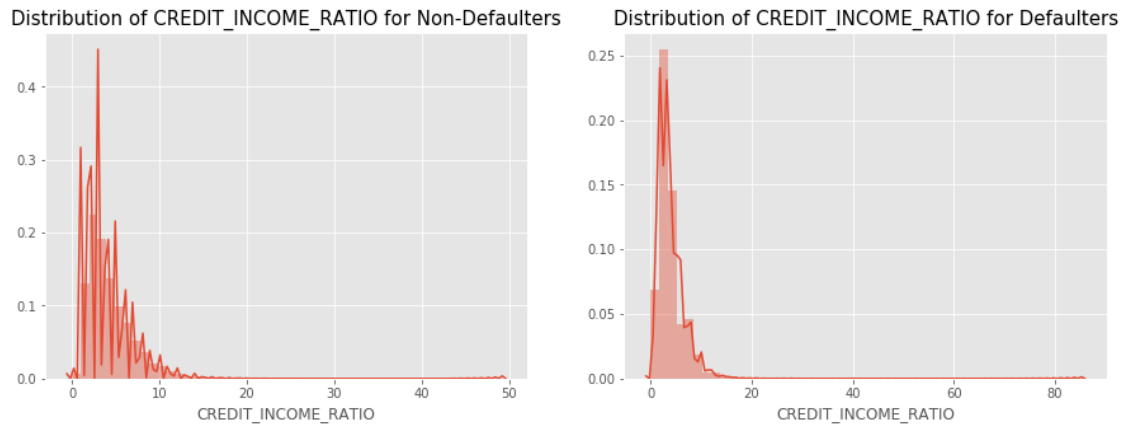
    ax1.set_title(f'Distribution of {D} for Non-Defaulters',fontsize=15)

    sns.distplot(a=app_final_def[D],ax=ax2)
    ax2.set_title(f'Distribution of {D} for Defaulters',fontsize=15)

    plt.show()
```

0.11.2 (11.2) Plotting the credit income ratio:

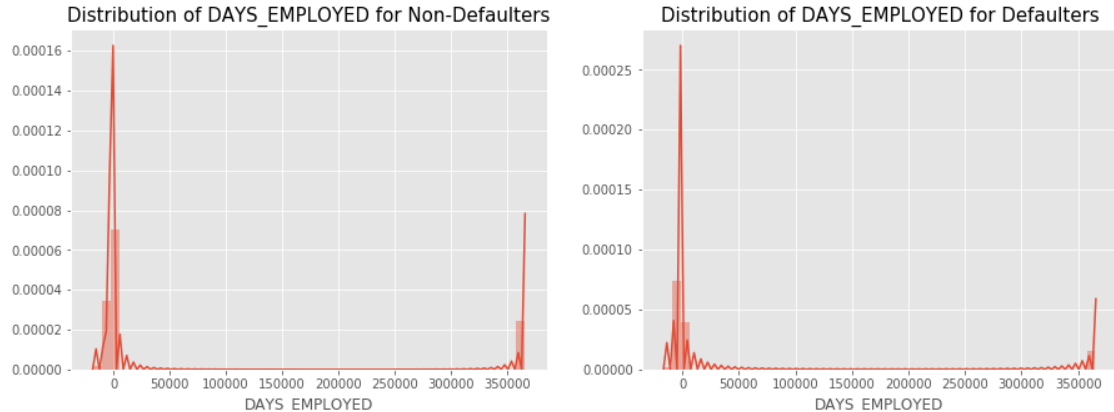
```
[298]: plotunidist('CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO')
```



Credit income ratio the ratio of $\text{AMT_CREDIT} / \text{AMT_INCOME_TOTAL}$. Although there doesn't seem to be a clear distinction between the group which defaulted vs the group which didn't when compared using the ratio, we can see that when the $\text{CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO}$ is more than 50, people default.

0.11.3 (11.3) Plotting the DAYS_EMPLOYED:

```
[300]: plotunidist('DAYS_EMPLOYED')
```



0.11.4 (11.3) Analysing the CNT_FAM_MEMBERS

```
[303]: app_final_def['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'].value_counts()
```

```
[303]: 2.0    12009
        1.0     5675
        3.0     4608
        4.0     2136
```

```

5.0      327
6.0       55
7.0        6
8.0        6
11.0       1
10.0       1
13.0       1
Name: CNT_FAM_MEMBERS, dtype: int64

```

```

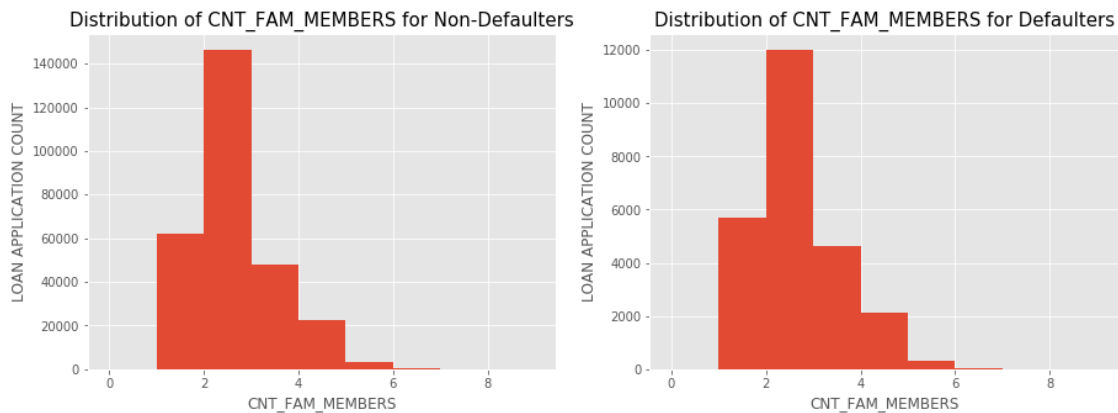
[311]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
app_final_nondef['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'].plot.hist(bins=range(10))
plt.title('Distribution of CNT_FAM_MEMBERS for Non-Defaulters',fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('CNT_FAM_MEMBERS')
plt.ylabel('LOAN APPLICATION COUNT')

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
app_final_def['CNT_FAM_MEMBERS'].plot.hist(bins=range(10))
plt.title(f'Distribution of CNT_FAM_MEMBERS for Defaulters',fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('CNT_FAM_MEMBERS')
plt.ylabel('LOAN APPLICATION COUNT')

plt.show()

```



We can see that a family of 3 applies loan more often than the other families

0.12 (12) Getting the top 20 correlation of the selected columns

```

[313]: #Getting the top 20 correlation in Non-defaulters
corr=app_final_nondef.corr()
corr_df = corr.where(np.triu(np.ones(corr.shape),k=1).astype(np.bool)).
    ↳unstack().reset_index()

```

```
corr_df.columns=['Column1','Column2','Correlation']
corr_df.dropna(subset=['Correlation'],inplace=True)
corr_df['Abs_Correlation']=corr_df['Correlation'].abs()
corr_df = corr_df.sort_values(by=['Abs_Correlation'], ascending=False)
corr_df.head(20)
```

```
[313]:
```

	Column1	Column2	Correlation
Abs_Correlation			
308	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_CREDIT	0.987253
0.987253			
297	REGION_RATING_CLIENT	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	0.950148
0.950148			
208	SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC	SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC	0.873003
0.873003			
321	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_ANNUITY	0.776686
0.776686			
272	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_CREDIT	0.771308
0.771308			
74	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	AMT_CREDIT	0.648589
0.648589			
310	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	0.628749
0.628749			
273	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	0.418954
0.418954			
274	AMT_ANNUITY	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	0.391499
0.391499			
309	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	0.349461
0.349461			
56	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	0.342801
0.342801			
149	CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	DAYS_EMPLOYED	-0.237411
0.237411			
75	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	-0.225923
0.225923			
113	DAYS_REGISTRATION	DAYS_EMPLOYED	-0.210188
0.210188			
165	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	-0.200470
0.200470			
291	REGION_RATING_CLIENT	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	-0.186577
0.186577			
150	CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	DAYS_REGISTRATION	0.175622
0.175622			
279	AMT_ANNUITY	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	-0.145151
0.145151			
93	DAYS_EMPLOYED	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	-0.141249
0.141249			
303	REGION_RATING_CLIENT	AMT_ANNUITY	-0.132126

0.132126

```
[314]: #Getting the top 20 correlation in defaulters
corr=app_final_def.corr()
corr_df = corr.where(np.triu(np.ones(corr.shape),k=1).astype(np.bool)).
    ↳unstack().reset_index()
corr_df.columns=['Column1','Column2','Correlation']
corr_df.dropna(subset=['Correlation'],inplace=True)
corr_df['Abs_Correlation']=corr_df['Correlation'].abs()
corr_df = corr_df.sort_values(by=['Abs_Correlation'], ascending=False)
corr_df.head(20)
```

```
[314]:
```

	Column1	Column2	Correlation
Abs_Correlation			
308	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_CREDIT	0.983103
0.983103			
297	REGION_RATING_CLIENT	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	0.956637
0.956637			
208	SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC	SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC	0.874562
0.874562			
321	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_ANNUITY	0.752699
0.752699			
272	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_CREDIT	0.752195
0.752195			
74	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	AMT_CREDIT	0.639744
0.639744			
310	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	0.623163
0.623163			
274	AMT_ANNUITY	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	0.381298
0.381298			
113	DAYS_REGISTRATION	DAYS_EMPLOYED	-0.188929
0.188929			
149	CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	DAYS_EMPLOYED	-0.186561
0.186561			
150	CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	DAYS_REGISTRATION	0.145828
0.145828			
94	DAYS_EMPLOYED	CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO	0.119095
0.119095			
294	REGION_RATING_CLIENT	DAYS_REGISTRATION	0.103855
0.103855			
168	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	DAYS_REGISTRATION	0.100285
0.100285			
279	AMT_ANNUITY	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	-0.089291
0.089291			
275	AMT_ANNUITY	DAYS_EMPLOYED	-0.082552
0.082552			
277	AMT_ANNUITY	FLAG_EMAIL	0.078188

0.078188				
315	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	-0.077191	
0.077191				
278	AMT_ANNUITY	CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	0.075711	
0.075711				
303	REGION_RATING_CLIENT	AMT_ANNUITY	-0.073784	
0.073784				

0.13 (13) Bivariate Analysis of numerical variables

```
[315]: # function for scatter plot for continuous variables
def plotbivar(var1,var2):

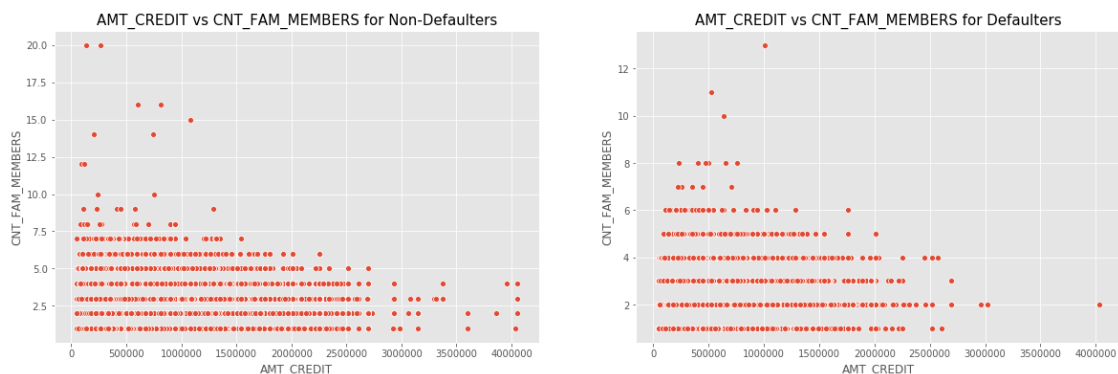
    plt.style.use('ggplot')
    sns.despine
    fig,(ax1,ax2) = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(20,6))

    sns.scatterplot(x=var1, y=var2,data=app_final_nondef,ax=ax1)
    ax1.set_xlabel(var1)
    ax1.set_ylabel(var2)
    ax1.set_title(f'{var1} vs {var2} for Non-Defaulters',fontsize=15)

    sns.scatterplot(x=var1, y=var2,data=app_final_def,ax=ax2)
    ax2.set_xlabel(var1)
    ax2.set_ylabel(var2)
    ax2.set_title(f'{var1} vs {var2} for Defaulters',fontsize=15)

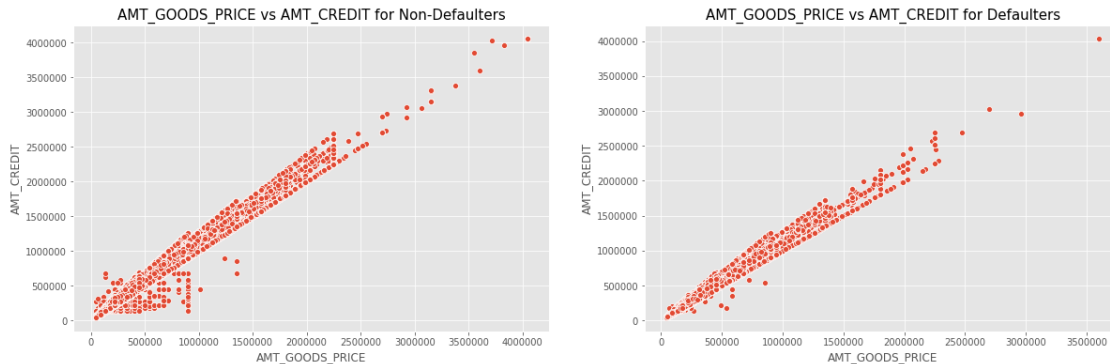
    plt.show()
```

```
[316]: plotbivar('AMT_CREDIT', 'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS')
```



We can see that the density in the lower left corner is similar in both the case, so the people are equally likely to default if the family is small and the AMT_CREDIT is low. We can observe that larger families and people with larger AMT_CREDIT default less often

```
[317]: plotbivar('AMT_GOODS_PRICE', 'AMT_CREDIT')
```



1 (14) Data Analysis for previous application dataset:

```
[319]: prev_app.head()
```

```
[319]: SK_ID_PREV SK_ID_CURR NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE AMT_ANNUITY AMT_APPLICATION
AMT_CREDIT AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT AMT_GOODS_PRICE WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY
RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED
NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS DAYS_DECISION
NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE CODE_REJECT_REASON NAME_TYPE_SUITE NAME_CLIENT_TYPE
NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY NAME_PORTFOLIO NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE CHANNEL_TYPE
SELLERPLACE_AREA NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY CNT_PAYMENT NAME_YIELD_GROUP
PRODUCT_COMBINATION DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING DAYS_FIRST_DUE
DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION DAYS_LAST_DUE DAYS_TERMINATION
NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL
0 2030495 271877 Consumer loans 1730.430 17145.0
17145.0 0.0 17145.0 SATURDAY
15 Y 1 0.0
0.182832 0.867336 XAP Approved
-73 Cash through the bank XAP NaN Repeater
Mobile POS XNA Country-wide
35 Connectivity 12.0 middle POS mobile with interest
365243.0 -42.0 300.0 -42.0
-37.0 0.0
1 2802425 108129 Cash loans 25188.615 607500.0
679671.0 NaN 607500.0 THURSDAY
11 Y 1 NaN
NaN NaN XNA Approved
-164 XNA XAP Unaccompanied Repeater
XNA Cash x-sell Contact center -1
XNA 36.0 low_action Cash X-Sell: low 365243.0
```

-134.0		916.0	365243.0	365243.0
1.0				
2	2523466	122040	Cash loans	15060.735
136444.5		NaN	112500.0	TUESDAY
11		Y		1
NaN		NaN	XNA	Approved
-301	Cash through the bank		XAP Spouse, partner	Repeater
XNA	Cash	x-sell	Credit and cash offices	-1
XNA	12.0	high	Cash X-Sell: high	365243.0
-271.0		59.0	365243.0	365243.0
1.0				
3	2819243	176158	Cash loans	47041.335
470790.0		NaN	450000.0	MONDAY
7		Y		1
NaN		NaN	XNA	Approved
-512	Cash through the bank		XAP	NaN
XNA	Cash	x-sell	Credit and cash offices	-1
XNA	12.0	middle	Cash X-Sell: middle	365243.0
-482.0		-152.0	-182.0	-177.0
1.0				
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395
404055.0		NaN	337500.0	THURSDAY
9		Y		1
NaN		NaN	Repairs	Refused
-781	Cash through the bank		HC	NaN
XNA	Cash	walk-in	Credit and cash offices	-1
XNA	24.0	high	Cash Street: high	NaN
NaN		NaN	NaN	NaN
NaN				

```
[329]: # Removing all the columns with more than 50% of null values
prev_app = prev_app.loc[:,prev_app.isnull().mean()<=0.5]
prev_app.shape
```

[329]: (1670214, 33)

1.1 (15) Univariate analysis

```
[334]: # function to count plot for categorical variables
def plot_uni(var):

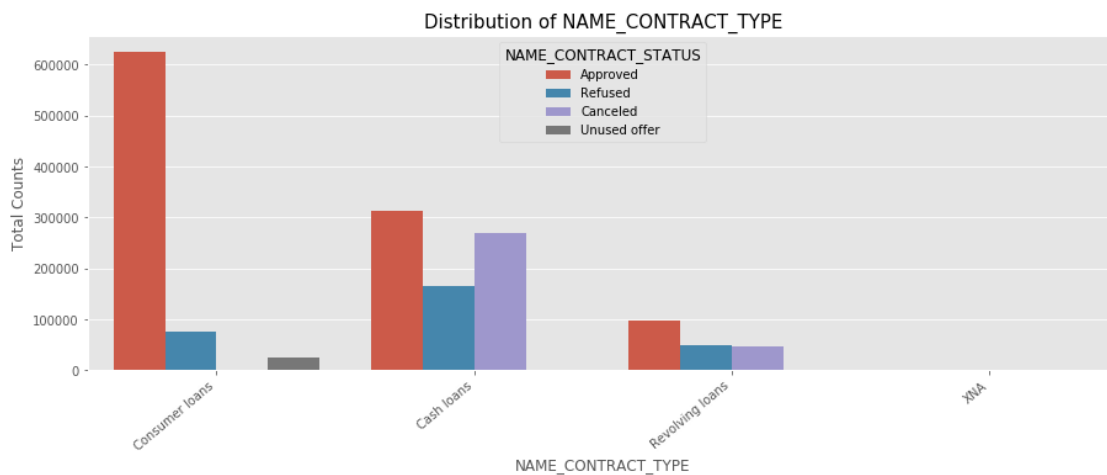
    plt.style.use('ggplot')
    sns.despine
    fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1,figsize=(15,5))

    sns.countplot(x=var, data=prev_app,ax=ax,hue='NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS')
    ax.set_ylabel('Total Counts')
```

```
ax.set_title(f'Distribution of {var}',fontsize=15)
ax.set_xticklabels(ax.get_xticklabels(), rotation=40, ha="right")

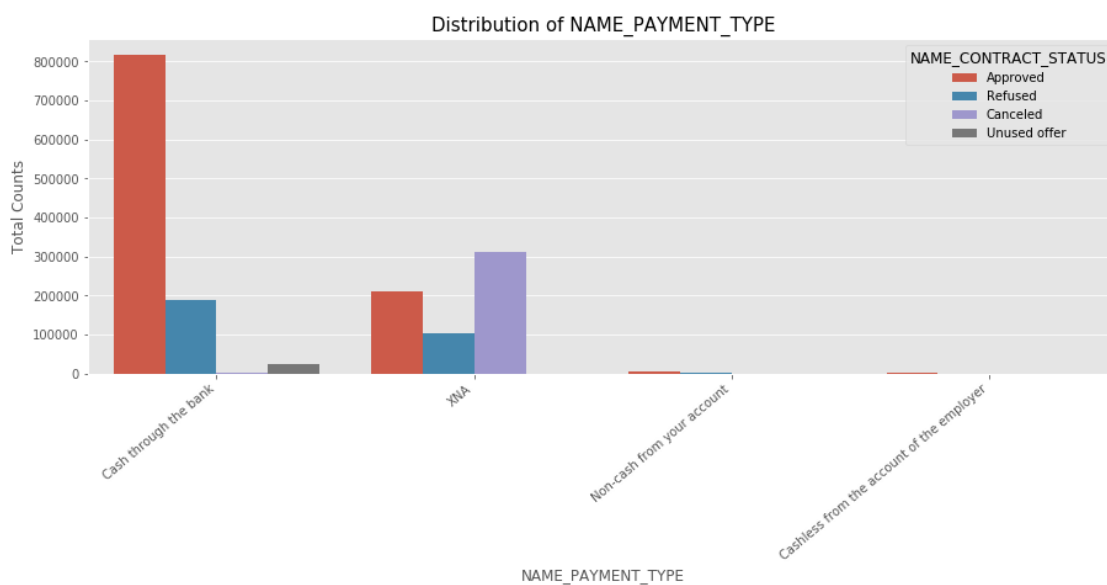
plt.show()
```

```
[335]: plot_uni('NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE')
```



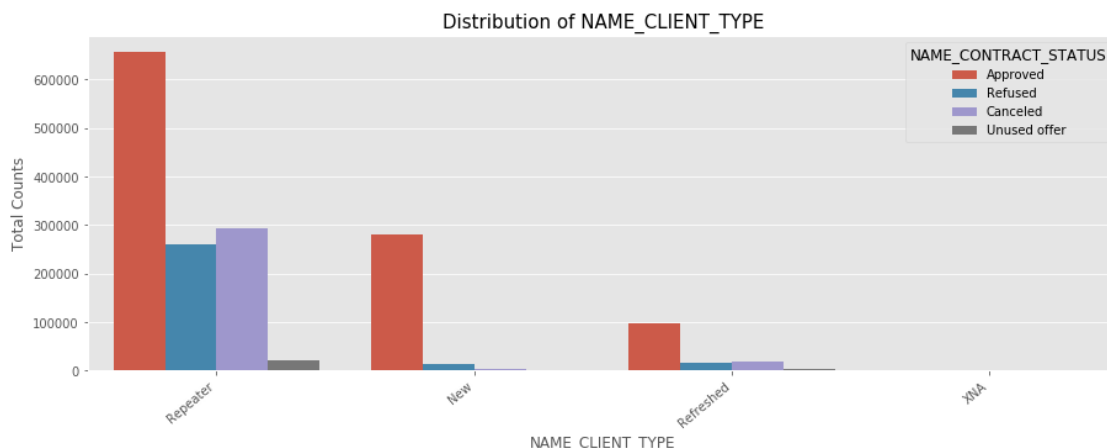
From the above chart, we can infer that, most of the applications are for 'Cash loan' and 'Consumer loan'. Although the cash loans are refused more often than others.

```
[336]: plot_uni('NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE')
```



From the above chart, we can infer that most of the clients chose to repay the loan using the ‘Cash through the bank’ option. We can also see that ‘Non-Cash from your account’ & ‘Cashless from the account of the employee’ options are not at all popular in terms of loan repayment amongst the customers.

```
[337]: plot_uni('NAME_CLIENT_TYPE')
```



Most of the loan applications are from repeat customers, out of the total applications 70% of customers are repeaters. They also get refused most often.

1.2 (16) Checking the correlation in the PreviousApplication dataset

```
[339]: #Getting the top 20 correlation prev_app
corr=prev_app.corr()
corr_df = corr.where(np.triu(np.ones(corr.shape),k=1).astype(np.bool)).
    ↳unstack().reset_index()
corr_df.columns=['Column1','Column2','Correlation']
corr_df.dropna(subset=['Correlation'],inplace=True)
corr_df['Abs_Correlation']=corr_df['Correlation'].abs()
corr_df = corr_df.sort_values(by=['Abs_Correlation'], ascending=False)
corr_df.head(20)
```

```
[339]:
```

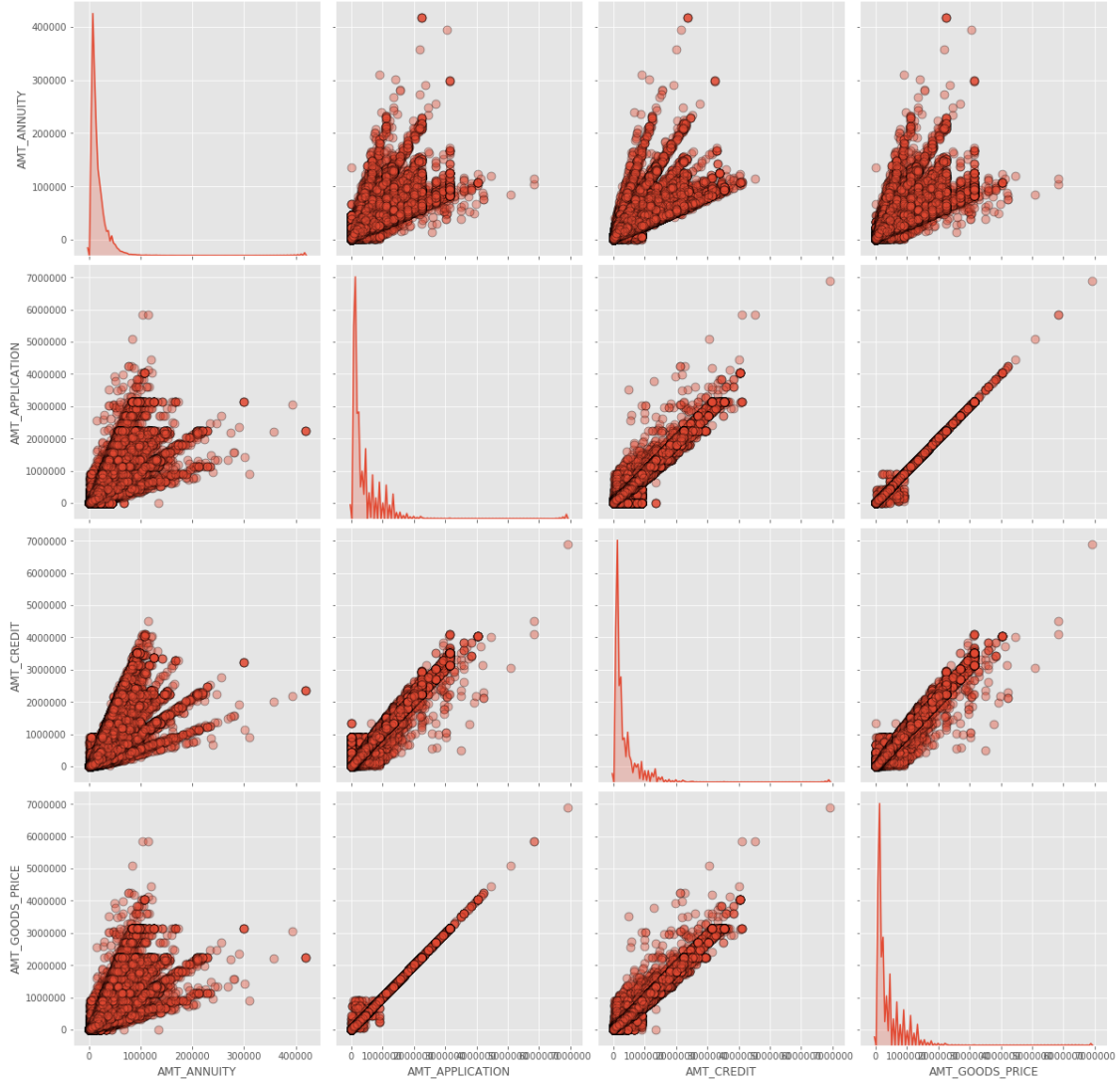
	Column1	Column2	Correlation
Abs_Correlation			
88	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_APPLICATION	0.999884
0.999884			
89	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_CREDIT	0.993087
0.993087			
71	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_APPLICATION	0.975824
0.975824			
269	DAYS_TERMINATION	DAYS_LAST_DUE	0.927990
0.927990			

87	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_ANNUITY	0.820895
0.820895			
70	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_ANNUITY	0.816429
0.816429			
53	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_ANNUITY	0.808872
0.808872			
232	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING	-0.803494
0.803494			
173	CNT_PAYMENT	AMT_APPLICATION	0.680630
0.680630			
174	CNT_PAYMENT	AMT_CREDIT	0.674278
0.674278			
175	CNT_PAYMENT	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	0.672129
0.672129			
233	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	DAYS_FIRST_DUE	0.513949
0.513949			
268	DAYS_TERMINATION	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	0.493174
0.493174			
246	DAYS_LAST_DUE	DAYS_DECISION	0.448549
0.448549			
251	DAYS_LAST_DUE	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	0.423462
0.423462			
250	DAYS_LAST_DUE	DAYS_FIRST_DUE	0.401838
0.401838			
263	DAYS_TERMINATION	DAYS_DECISION	0.400179
0.400179			
266	DAYS_TERMINATION	DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING	-0.396284
0.396284			
172	CNT_PAYMENT	AMT_ANNUITY	0.394535
0.394535			
231	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	CNT_PAYMENT	-0.381013
0.381013			

1.3 (17) Using pairplot to perform bivariate analysis on numerical columns

```
[340]: #plotting the relation between correlated highly corelated numeric variables
plt.figure(figsize=[20,8])
sns.
    ↳pairplot(prev_app[['AMT_ANNUITY','AMT_APPLICATION','AMT_CREDIT','AMT_GOODS_PRICE','NAME_CONV
        diag_kind = 'kde',
        plot_kws = {'alpha': 0.4, 's': 80, 'edgecolor': 'k'},
        size = 4)
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1440x576 with 0 Axes>



1. Annuity of previous application has a very high and positive influence over: (Increase of annuity increases below factors) (1) How much credit did client asked on the previous application (2) Final credit amount on the previous application that was approved by the bank (3) Goods price of good that client asked for on the previous application.
2. For how much credit did client ask on the previous application is highly influenced by the Goods price of good that client has asked for on the previous application
3. Final credit amount disbursed to the customer previously, after approval is highly influence by the application amount and also the goods price of good that client asked for on the previous application.

1.4 (18) Using box plot to do some more bivariate analysis on categorical vs numeric columns

```
[341]: #by variant analysis function
def plot_by_cat_num(cat, num):

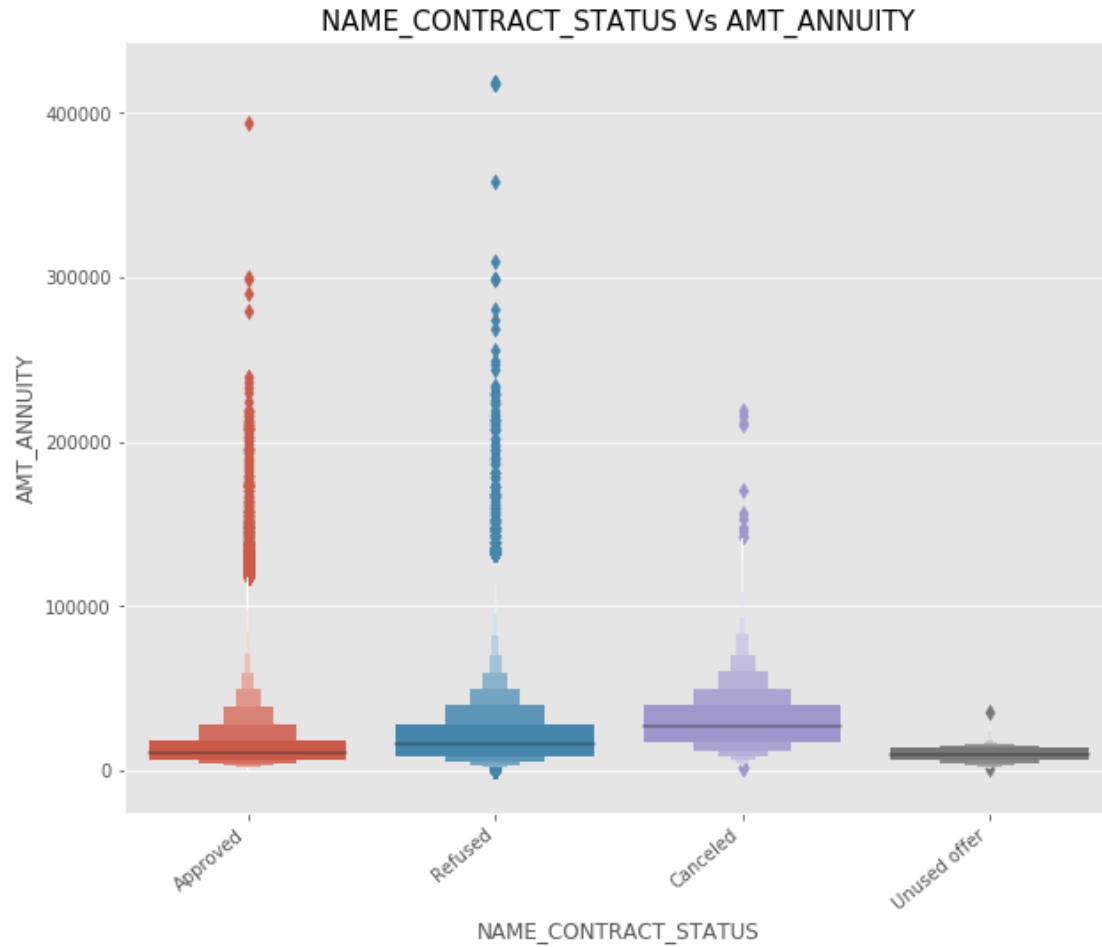
    plt.style.use('ggplot')
    sns.despine
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,1,figsize=(10,8))

    sns.boxenplot(x=cat, y = num, data=prev_app)
    ax.set_ylabel(f'{num}')
    ax.set_xlabel(f'{cat}')

    ax.set_title(f'{cat} Vs {num}', fontsize=15)
    ax.set_xticklabels(ax.get_xticklabels(), rotation=40, ha="right")

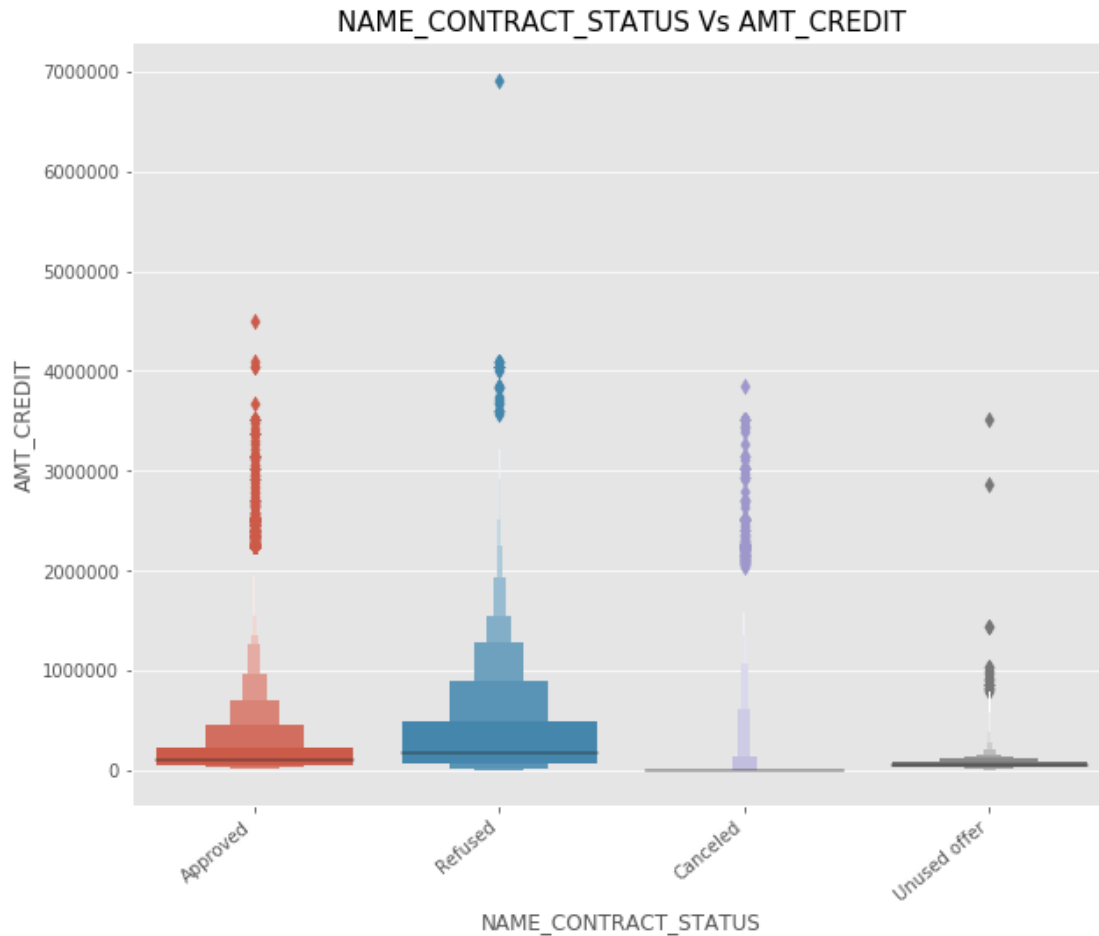
    plt.show()

[342]: #by-variant analysis of Contract status and Annuity of previous application
plot_by_cat_num('NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS', 'AMT_ANNUITY')
```

From the above plot we can see that loan application for people with lower AMT_ANNUIITY gets canceled or Unused most of the time. We also see that applications with too high AMT ANNUIITY also got refused more often than others.

```
[343]: #by-varient analysis of Contract status and Final credit amount disbursed to
↳ the customer previously, after approval
plot_by_cat_num('NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS', 'AMT_CREDIT')
```



We can infer that when the AMT_CREDIT is too low, it gets cancelled/unused most of the time.

1.5 (19) Merging the files and analyzing the data

```
[344]: ## Merging the two files to do some analysis
NewLeftPrev = pd.merge(application_final, prev_app, how='left',
↳ on=['SK_ID_CURR'])
```

```
[345]: NewLeftPrev.head()
```

```
[345]: SK_ID_CURR  TARGET CODE_GENDER FLAG_OWN_CAR FLAG_OWN_REALTY INCOME_GROUP
AGE_GROUP  AMT_CREDIT_x  AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO NAME_INCOME_TYPE
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE    NAME_FAMILY_STATUS  NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  DAYS_EMPLOYED
DAYS_REGISTRATION  FLAG_EMAIL OCCUPATION_TYPE  CNT_FAM_MEMBERS
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY    ORGANIZATION_TYPE
SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC  SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_x  AMT_ANNUITY_x  REGION_RATING_CLIENT  AMT_GOODS_PRICE_x
```

SK_ID_PREV	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_y	AMT_ANNUITY_y	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT_y	AMT_GOODS_PRICE_y	WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START	HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START	FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT	NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY	NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE	NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS	DAYS_DECISION	NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE	CODE_REJECT_REASON	NAME_TYPE_SUITE	NAME_CLIENT_TYPE	NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY	NAME_PORTFOLIO	NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE	CHANNEL_TYPE	\
0	100002.0	1.0	Male	N	Y	High															
(20, 25]	406597.0	202500.0	2.0	Working																	
Secondary / secondary special		Single / not married	House / apartment																		
-637.0	-3648.0	0.0	Laborers	1.0																	
2.0	Business Entity Type 3		1.0																		
1.0		0.0	0.0																		
0.0	Cash loans	24700.5	2.0	351000.0																	
1038818.0	Consumer loans	9251.775	179055.0	179055.0																	
179055.0	SATURDAY		9.0																		
Y	1.0		XAP	Approved																	
-606.0	XNA		XAP	NaN																	
New	Vehicles	POS	XNA																		
Stone																					
1	100003.0	0.0	Female	N	N	VeryHigh															
(40, 45]	1293502.0	270000.0	5.0	State servant																	
Higher education		Married	House / apartment	-1188.0																	
-1186.0	0.0	Core staff	2.0																		
1.0	School		0.0																		
0.0		0.0	0.0																		
0.0	Cash loans	35698.5	1.0	1129500.0																	
1810518.0	Cash loans	98356.995	900000.0	1035882.0																	
900000.0	FRIDAY		12.0																		
Y	1.0		XNA	Approved																	
-746.0	XNA		XAP	Unaccompanied																	
Repeater	XNA	Cash	x-sell	Credit and cash																	
offices																					
2	100003.0	0.0	Female	N	N	VeryHigh															
(40, 45]	1293502.0	270000.0	5.0	State servant																	
Higher education		Married	House / apartment	-1188.0																	
-1186.0	0.0	Core staff	2.0																		
1.0	School		0.0																		
0.0		0.0	0.0																		
0.0	Cash loans	35698.5	1.0	1129500.0																	
2636178.0	Consumer loans	64567.665	337500.0	348637.5																	
337500.0	SUNDAY		17.0																		
Y	1.0		XAP	Approved																	
-828.0	Cash through the bank		XAP	Family																	
Refreshed	Furniture	POS	XNA																		
Stone																					
3	100003.0	0.0	Female	N	N	VeryHigh															
(40, 45]	1293502.0	270000.0	5.0	State servant																	

Higher education		Married	House / apartment	-1188.0
-1186.0	0.0	Core staff	2.0	
1.0		School	0.0	
0.0		0.0	0.0	
0.0	Cash loans	35698.5	1.0	1129500.0
2396755.0	Consumer loans	6737.310	68809.5	68053.5
68809.5		SATURDAY	15.0	
Y	1.0		XAP	Approved
-2341.0	Cash through the bank		XAP	Family
Refreshed	Consumer Electronics		POS	XNA
Country-wide				
4	100004.0	0.0	Male	Y
(50, 55]	135000.0	67500.0		Y
			2.0	VeryLow
Secondary / secondary special	Single / not married	House / apartment		
-225.0	-4260.0	0.0	Laborers	1.0
2.0	Government		NaN	
NaN		0.0	0.0	
0.0	Revolving loans	6750.0	2.0	135000.0
1564014.0	Consumer loans	5357.250	24282.0	20106.0
24282.0		FRIDAY	5.0	
Y	1.0		XAP	Approved
-815.0	Cash through the bank		XAP	Unaccompanied
New	Mobile		POS	XNA
Local				Regional /

SELLERPLACE_AREA	NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY	CNT_PAYMENT	NAME_YIELD_GROUP
PRODUCT_COMBINATION	DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING	DAYS_FIRST_DUE	
DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	DAYS_LAST_DUE	DAYS_TERMINATION	
NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL			
0	500.0	Auto technology	24.0
other with interest	365243.0		low_normal
125.0	-25.0	-17.0	POS
1	-1.0	XNA	0.0
Cash X-Sell: low	365243.0	12.0	low_normal
-536.0	-527.0	-716.0	-386.0
		1.0	
2	1400.0	Furniture	6.0
industry with interest	365243.0		middle
-647.0	-647.0	-797.0	POS
			0.0
3	200.0	Consumer electronics	12.0
household with interest	365243.0		middle
-1980.0	-1980.0	-2310.0	POS
			1.0
4	30.0	Connectivity	4.0
mobile without interest	365243.0		middle
-694.0	-724.0	-784.0	POS
			0.0

1.5.1 (19.1) Basic checks on NewLeftPrev

```
[346]: NewLeftPrev.shape
```

```
[346]: (1430104, 62)
```

```
[347]: NewLeftPrev.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1430104 entries, 0 to 1430103
Data columns (total 62 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   SK_ID_CURR                           1430100 non-null float64
1   TARGET                               1430100 non-null float64
2   CODE_GENDER                           1430100 non-null object
3   FLAG_OWN_CAR                           1430100 non-null object
4   FLAG_OWN_REALTY                       1430100 non-null object
5   INCOME_GROUP                           1430100 non-null category
6   AGE_GROUP                             1430096 non-null category
7   AMT_CREDIT_x                           1430100 non-null float64
8   AMT_INCOME_TOTAL                     1430100 non-null float64
9   CREDIT_INCOME_RATIO                  1430100 non-null float64
10  NAME_INCOME_TYPE                      1430100 non-null object
11  NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE                  1430100 non-null object
12  NAME_FAMILY_STATUS                   1430100 non-null object
13  NAME_HOUSING_TYPE                    1430100 non-null object
14  DAYS_EMPLOYED                        1430100 non-null float64
15  DAYS_REGISTRATION                    1430100 non-null float64
16  FLAG_EMAIL                           1430100 non-null float64
17  OCCUPATION_TYPE                      1430100 non-null object
18  CNT_FAM_MEMBERS                      1430098 non-null float64
19  REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY          1430100 non-null float64
20  ORGANIZATION_TYPE                    1430100 non-null object
21  SOCIAL_CIRCLE_30_DAYS_DEF_PERC       684767 non-null float64
22  SOCIAL_CIRCLE_60_DAYS_DEF_PERC       681441 non-null float64
23  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY            1264288 non-null float64
24  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON            1264288 non-null float64
25  AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT            1264288 non-null float64
26  NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_x                 1430100 non-null object
27  AMT_ANNUITY_x                        1430007 non-null float64
28  REGION_RATING_CLIENT                 1430100 non-null float64
29  AMT_GOODS_PRICE_x                   1428881 non-null float64
30  SK_ID_PREV                           1413646 non-null float64
31  NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_y                 1413646 non-null object
32  AMT_ANNUITY_y                        1106438 non-null float64
33  AMT_APPLICATION                      1413646 non-null float64
34  AMT_CREDIT_y                         1413645 non-null float64
```

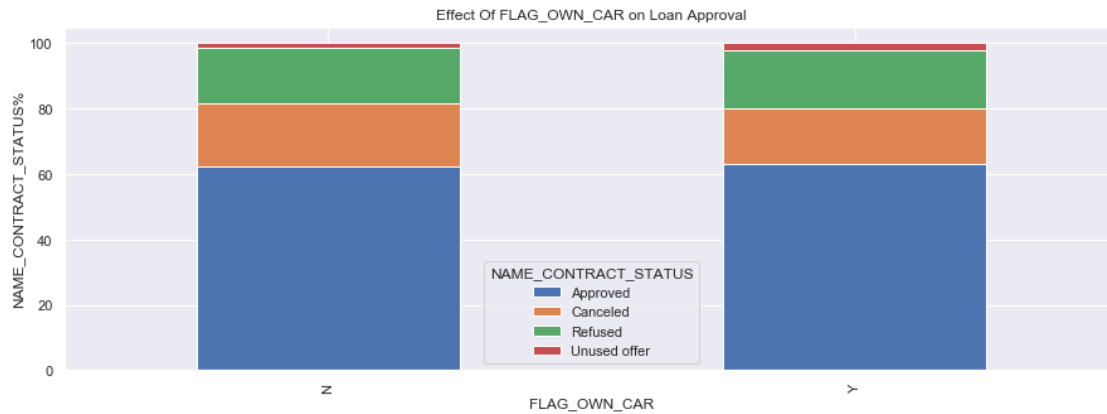
35	AMT_GOODS_PRICE_y	1094130	non-null	float64
36	WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START	1413646	non-null	object
37	HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START	1413646	non-null	float64
38	FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT	1413646	non-null	object
39	NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY	1413646	non-null	float64
40	NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE	1413646	non-null	object
41	NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS	1413646	non-null	object
42	DAYS_DECISION	1413646	non-null	float64
43	NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE	1413646	non-null	object
44	CODE_REJECT_REASON	1413646	non-null	object
45	NAME_TYPE_SUITE	718992	non-null	object
46	NAME_CLIENT_TYPE	1413646	non-null	object
47	NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY	1413646	non-null	object
48	NAME_PORTFOLIO	1413646	non-null	object
49	NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE	1413646	non-null	object
50	CHANNEL_TYPE	1413646	non-null	object
51	SELLERPLACE_AREA	1413646	non-null	float64
52	NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY	1413646	non-null	object
53	CNT_PAYMENT	1106443	non-null	float64
54	NAME_YIELD_GROUP	1413646	non-null	object
55	PRODUCT_COMBINATION	1413333	non-null	object
56	DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING	852573	non-null	float64
57	DAYS_FIRST_DUE	852573	non-null	float64
58	DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION	852573	non-null	float64
59	DAYS_LAST_DUE	852573	non-null	float64
60	DAYS_TERMINATION	852573	non-null	float64
61	NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL	852573	non-null	float64

dtypes: category(2), float64(34), object(26)

memory usage: 668.3+ MB

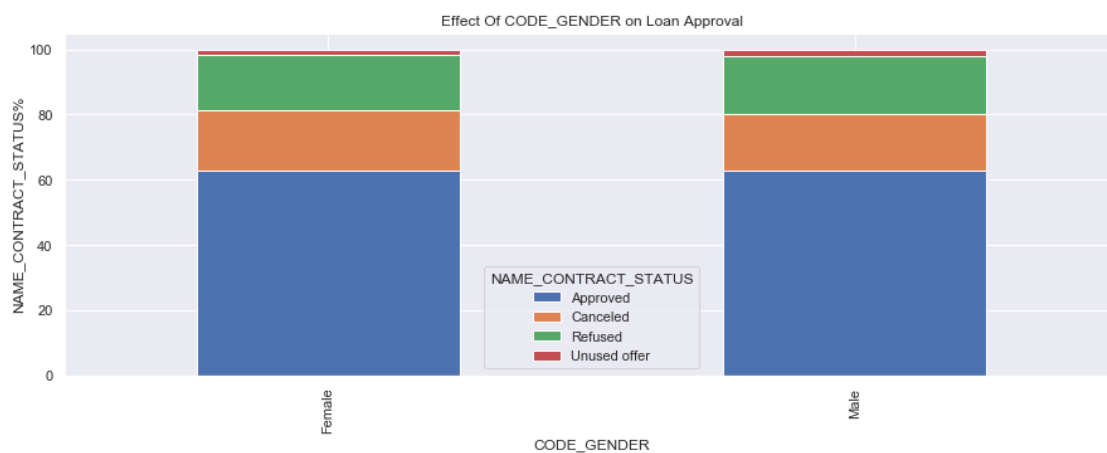
```
[348]: def plotuni_combined(Varx,Vary):
        # 100% bar chart
        plt.style.use('ggplot')
        sns.despine
        NewDat = NewLeftPrev.pivot_table(values='SK_ID_CURR',
                                          index=Varx,
                                          columns=Vary,
                                          aggfunc='count')
        NewDat=NewDat.div(NewDat.sum(axis=1),axis='rows')*100
        sns.set()
        NewDat.plot(kind='bar',stacked=True,figsize=(15,5))
        plt.title(f'Effect Of {Varx} on Loan Approval')
        plt.xlabel(f'{Varx}')
        plt.ylabel(f'{Vary}%')
        plt.show()
```

```
[349]: plotuni_combined('FLAG_OWN_CAR','NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS')
```



We see that car ownership doesn't have any effect on application approval or rejection. But we saw earlier that the people who has a car has lesser chances of default. The bank can add more weightage to car ownership while approving a loan amount

```
[350]: plotuni_combined('CODE_GENDER', 'NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS')
```



We see that code gender doesn't have any effect on application approval or rejection. But we saw earlier that female have lesser chances of default compared to males. The bank can add more weightage to female while approving a loan amount.

```
[351]: plotuni_combined('TARGET', 'NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS')
```



1.6 Target variable (0 - Non Defaulter 1 - Defaulter)

We can see that the people who were approved for a loan earlier, defaulted less often where as people who were refused a loan earlier have higher chances of defaulting.

2 The END