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ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS
CASCODE AMPLIFIER

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Numericals

1. A two-stage circuit is shown in Figure 1. The BJT parameters are $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 150$, $V_{BE_1} = V_{BE_2} = 0.7$ V
 - a) Calculate the DC parameters, i.e. V_{B_1} , V_{B_2} , V_{E_1} , V_{E_2} , I_{E_1} , I_{E_2} , I_{C_1} , I_{C_2} , V_{C_1} , V_{C_2} , V_{E_1} , V_{E_2} , V_{CE_1} and V_{CE_2} of the circuit
 - b) Determine the input and output impedance
 - c) Calculate the voltage gain for the circuit

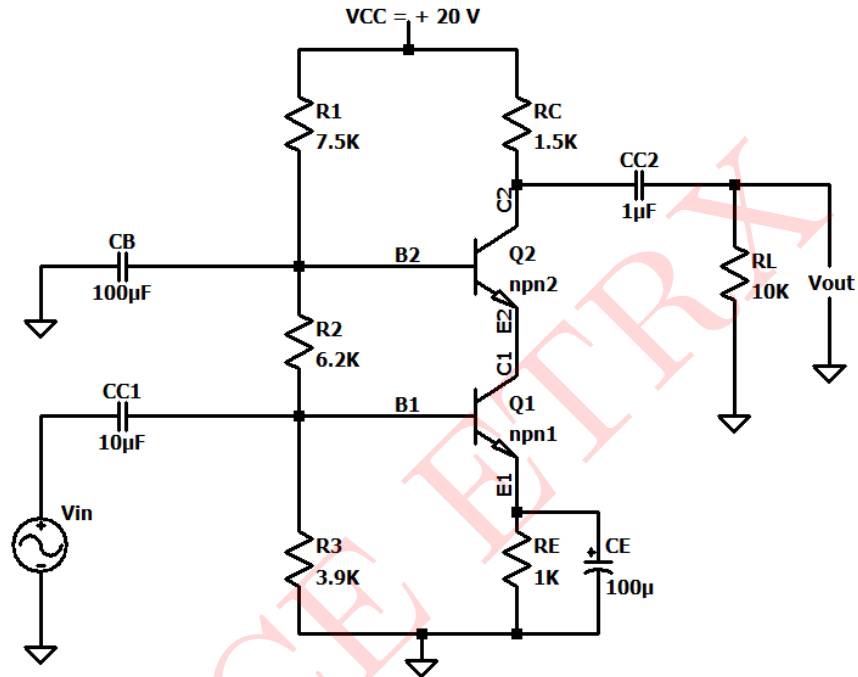


Figure 1: Circuit 1

Solution:

DC Analysis:

The capacitors act as open circuit.

$$f = 0, \therefore X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi fC} = \infty$$

The DC equivalent circuit is shown in Figure 2

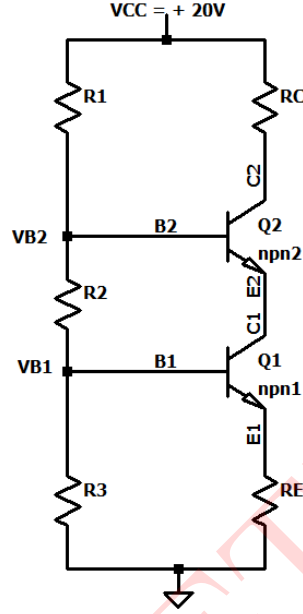


Figure 2: DC equivalent circuit

$$\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 150, I_{C1} = I_{C2} = I_{E1} = I_{E2}$$

$$V_{B1} = \frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} \times V_{CC} = \frac{3.9k}{3.9k + 6.2k + 7.5k} \times 20$$

$$\therefore V_{B1} = 4.4318 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{B2} = \frac{R_3 + R_2}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} \times V_{CC} = \frac{3.9k + 6.2k}{3.9k + 6.2k + 7.5k} \times 20$$

$$\therefore V_{B2} = 11.477 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{E1} = V_{B1} - V_{BE1} = 4.4318 - 0.7$$

$$\therefore V_{E1} = 3.7318 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{E1} = \frac{V_{E1}}{R_E} = \frac{3.7318}{1k}$$

$$\therefore I_{E1} = 3.7318 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{C1} = I_{C2} = I_{E2} = I_{E1} = 3.7318 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{B1} = I_{B2} = \frac{I_{C1}}{\beta} = 24.87 \mu\text{A}$$

$$V_{C2} = V_{CC} - I_{C2}R_C = 20 - (3.7318 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.5k)$$

$$\therefore V_{C2} = 14.4023 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{E_2} = V_{B_2} - V_{BE_2} = 11.477 - 0.7$$

$$\therefore V_{E_2} = \mathbf{10.777 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{CE_1} = V_{C_1} - V_{E_1} = 10.777 - 3.7318 = \mathbf{7.045 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{CE_2} = V_{C_2} - V_{E_2} = 14.4023 - 10.777 = \mathbf{3.625 \text{ V}}$$

Small-signal parameters:

$$r_{\pi_1} = r_{\pi_2} = \frac{\beta V_T}{I_{CQ}} = \frac{150 \times 26 \times 10^{-3}}{3.7318 \times 10^{-3}} = 1.045 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$g_{m_1} = g_{m_2} = \frac{I_{CQ}}{V_T} = \frac{3.7318 \times 10^{-3}}{26 \times 10^{-3}} = 143.53 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}}$$

The mid-band AC equivalent circuit is shown in Figure 3

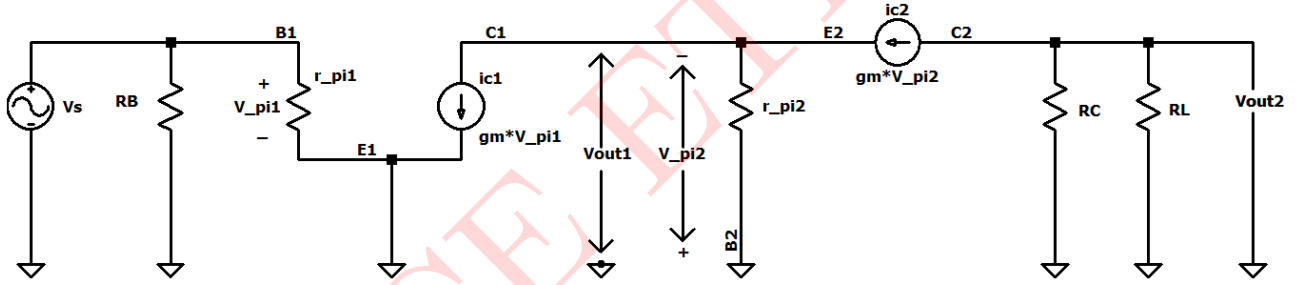


Figure 3: Mid frequency equivalent circuit

$$\text{Input impedance } Z_i = R_B || r_{\pi_1} = R_2 || R_3 || r_{\pi_1} = (3.9k || 6.2k) || 1.045k$$

$$\therefore Z_i = \mathbf{727.458 \Omega}$$

$$\text{Output impedance } Z_o = R_C || R_L = 1.5k || 10k$$

$$\therefore Z_o = \mathbf{1.3 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$A_{V_2} = g_m(R_C || R_L) = 143.53 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.3k = 186.59$$

$$A_{V_1} = -g_m \left(\frac{r_{\pi}}{1 + \beta} \right) = \frac{-143.53 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.045k}{151} = -0.9933$$

$$A_{V_T} = A_{V_1} \times A_{V_2} = 186.59 \times -0.9933$$

$$\therefore A_{V_T} = -185.34$$

$$|A_{V_T}| \text{ (in dB)} = 20 \log_{10} A_{V_T} = 20 \log_{10}(185.34)$$

$$\therefore |A_{V_T}| \text{ (in dB)} = \mathbf{45.359 \text{ dB}}$$

$$V_o = V_{in} \times A_{V_T} = 20 \times 10^{-3} \times 185.34 = \mathbf{3.7068 \text{ V}}$$

SIMULATED RESULTS:

Above circuit is simulated using LTspice and the results are presented below:

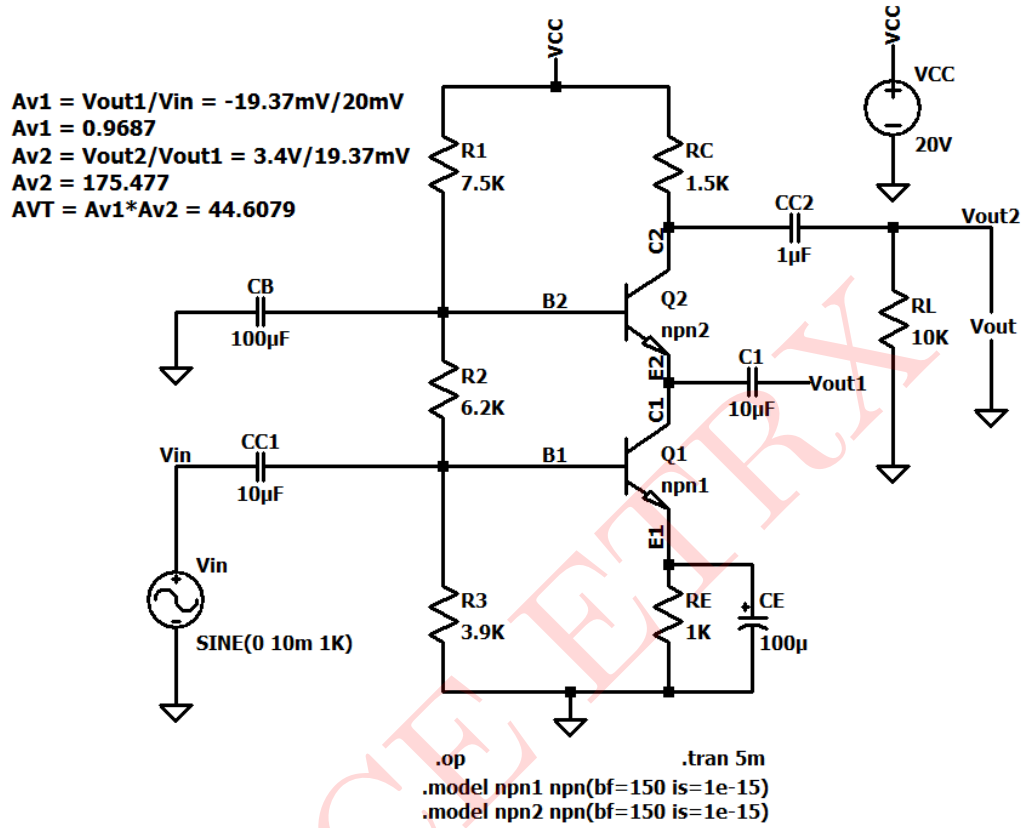


Figure 4: Circuit schematic

The input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_1} are shown in Figure 5

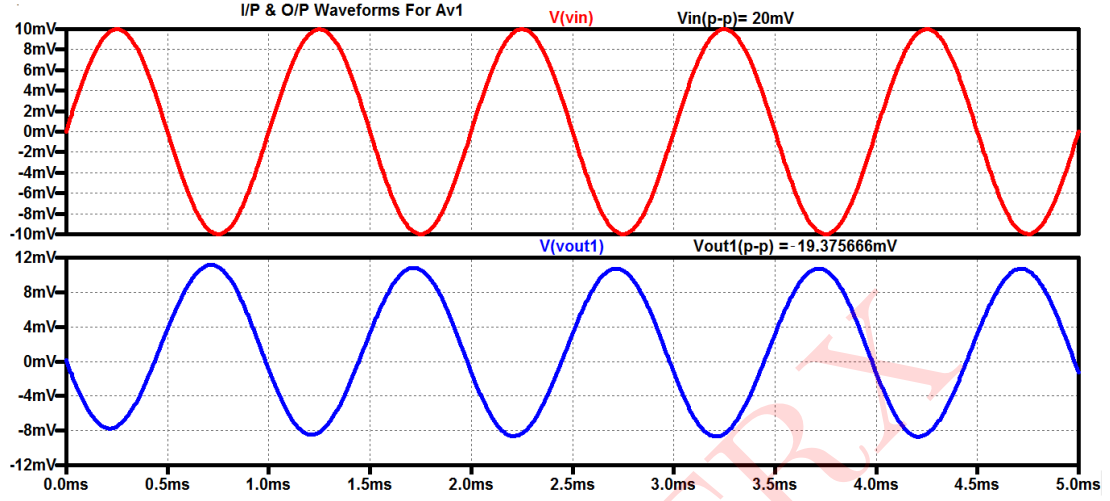


Figure 5: Input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_1}

The input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_2} are shown in Figure 6

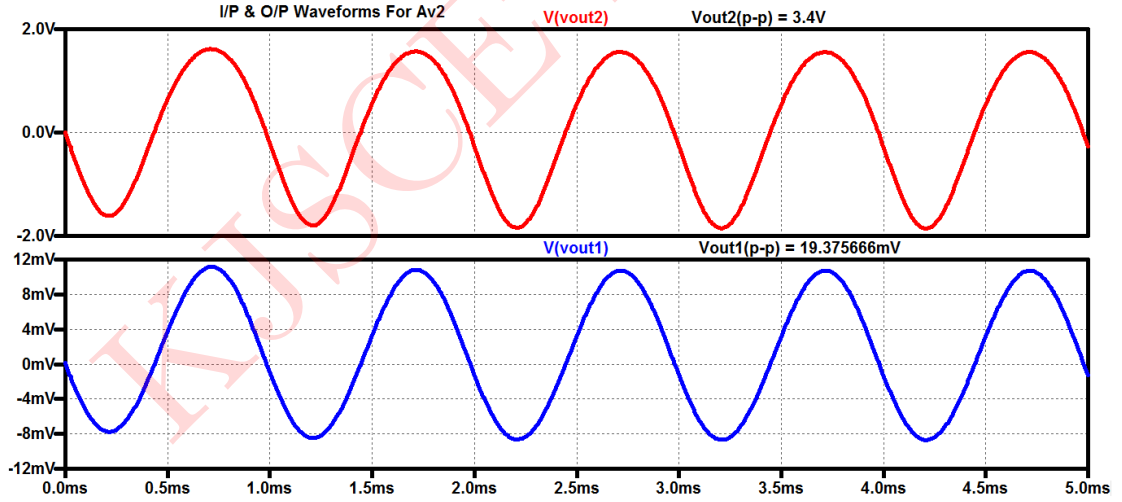


Figure 6: Input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_2}

Comparison of theoretical and simulated values:

| Parameters | Theoretical | Simulated |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| I_{B_1} | 24.87866 μA | 23.5086 μA |
| I_{C_1} | 3.7318 mA | 3.5498 mA |
| I_{E_1} | 3.7318 mA | 3.57346 mA |
| I_{B_2} | 24.87866 μA | 23.5086 μA |
| I_{C_2} | 3.7318 mA | 3.52629 mA |
| I_{E_2} | 3.7318 mA | 3.5498 mA |
| V_{E_2} | 10.777 V | 10.5895 V |
| V_{C_2} | 14.4023 V | 14.7106 V |
| Voltage gain of 1 st stage (A_{V_1}) | -0.9933 | -0.9687 |
| Voltage gain of 2 nd stage (A_{V_2}) | 186.59 | 175.477 |
| Overall voltage gain A_{V_T} | 45.359 dB | 44.6079 dB |
| Input impedance of 1 st stage | 727.458 Ω | — |
| Output impedance of 2 nd stage | 1.3 k Ω | — |
| Output voltage | 3.7068 V | 3.4 V |

Table 1: Numerical 1

2. A two-stage circuit is shown in Figure 7. The BJT parameters are $k_{n1} = k_{n2} = 0.8 \text{ mA/V}^2$ and $V_{TN1} = V_{TN2} = 0.8 \text{ V}$
- Calculate the DC parameters , i.e. V_{G1} , V_{G2} , V_{GS1} , V_{GS2} , I_{D1} , I_{D2} , V_{D1} , V_{D2} , V_{S1} , V_{S2} , V_{DS1} , V_{DS2} of the circuit
 - Determine the input and output impedance of the circuit
 - Calculate the voltage gain for the circuit

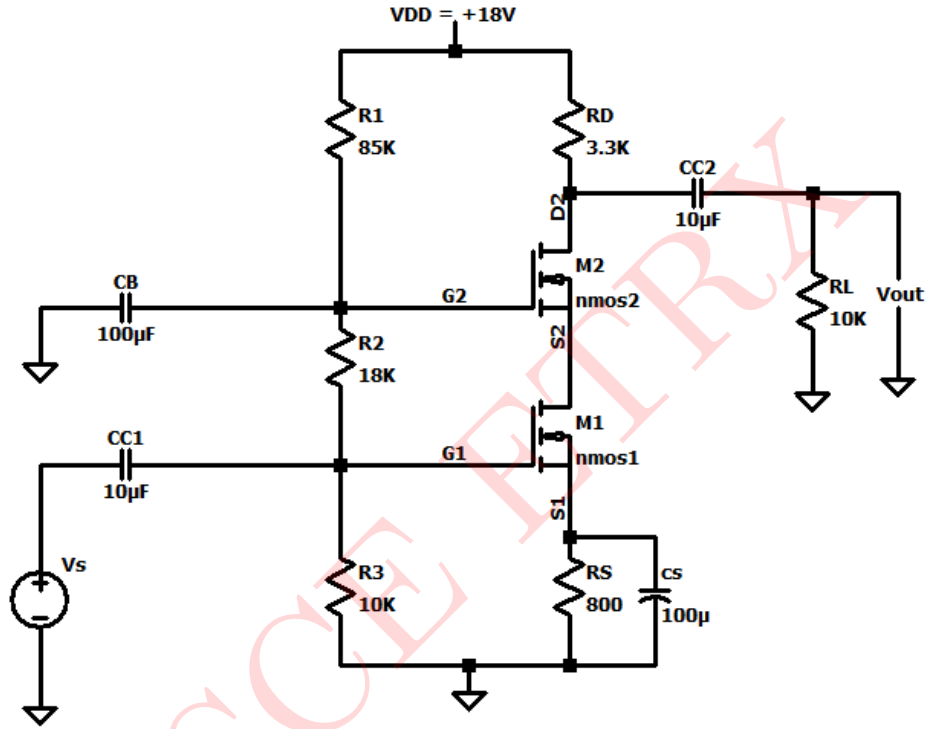


Figure 7: Circuit 2

Solution:

DC Analysis:

The capacitors act as open circuit.

$$f = 0, \therefore X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi fC} = \infty$$

$$R_T = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 = 113 \text{ k}\Omega$$

The DC equivalent circuit is shown in Figure 8

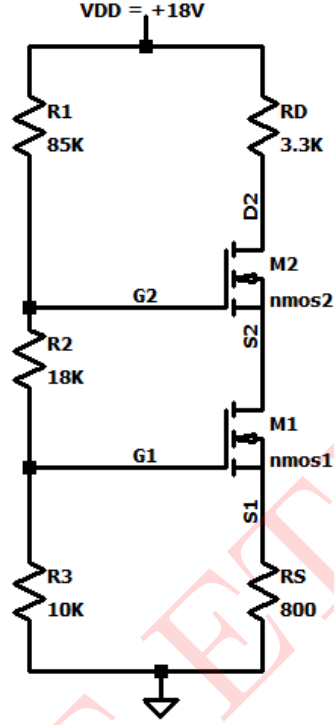


Figure 8: DC equivalent circuit

$$V_{G_1} = \frac{R_3}{R_T} \times V_{DD} = \frac{10k}{113k} \times 18$$

$$\therefore V_{G_1} = \mathbf{1.59292 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{G_2} = \frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_T} \times V_{DD} = \frac{18k + 10k}{113k} \times 18$$

$$\therefore V_{G_2} = \mathbf{4.4601769 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{GS_1} = V_{G_1} - V_{S_1}$$

$$V_{GS_1} = 1.59292 - I_{D_1} R_S$$

$$\therefore V_{GS_1} = 1.59292 - (800 \times I_{D_1}) \quad \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

$$I_{D_1} = k_n (V_{GS_1} - V_{TN_1})^2$$

$$\therefore I_{D_1} = 0.8 \times 10^{-3} \times (V_{GS_1} - 0.8)^2 \quad \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

Putting (2) in (1), we get

$$V_{GS_1} = 1.59292 - [800 \times 0.8 \times 10^{-3} \times (V_{GS_1} - 0.8)^2]$$

$$V_{GS_1} = 1.59292 - 0.64V_{GS_1}^2 + 1.024V_{GS_1} - 0.4096$$

$$\therefore 0.64V_{GS_1}^2 - 0.024V_{GS_1} - 1.18332 = 0$$

$$V_{GS_1} = 1.3786 \text{ V or } V_{GS_1} = -1.3411 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Since } V_{GS_1} > V_{TN_1}, \therefore V_{GS_1} = \mathbf{1.3786 \text{ V}}$$

$$\text{From equation (2), } I_{D_1} = 0.8 \times 10^{-3} \times (1.3786 - 0.8)^2$$

$$\therefore I_{D_1} = 0.2678 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{D_1} = I_{D_2} = \mathbf{0.2678 \text{ mA}}$$

$$V_{D_2} = V_{DD} - I_{D_2}R_D = 18 - 0.2678 \times 10^{-3} \times 3.3k$$

$$\therefore V_{D_2} = \mathbf{17.116 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{GS_2} = V_{GS_1} = V_{G_2} - V_{S_2} = 1.3786 \text{ V}$$

$$\therefore V_{S_2} = 4.4601769 - 1.3786 = \mathbf{3.08157 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{DS_2} = V_{D_2} - V_{S_2} = 17.116 - 3.08157 = \mathbf{14.03443 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{D_1} = V_{S_2} = \mathbf{3.08157 \text{ V}}$$

$$V_{DS_1} = V_{D_1} - V_{S_1} = \mathbf{2.86733 \text{ V}}$$

Small-signal parameters:

$$g_{m_1} = g_{m_2} = 2k_n(V_{GS} - V_{TN}) = 2 \times 0.8 \times 10^{-3} \times (1.3786 - 0.8)$$

$$\therefore g_{m_1} = g_{m_2} = \mathbf{0.92576 \text{ mA/V}}$$

The mid-band AC equivalent circuit is shown in Figure 9

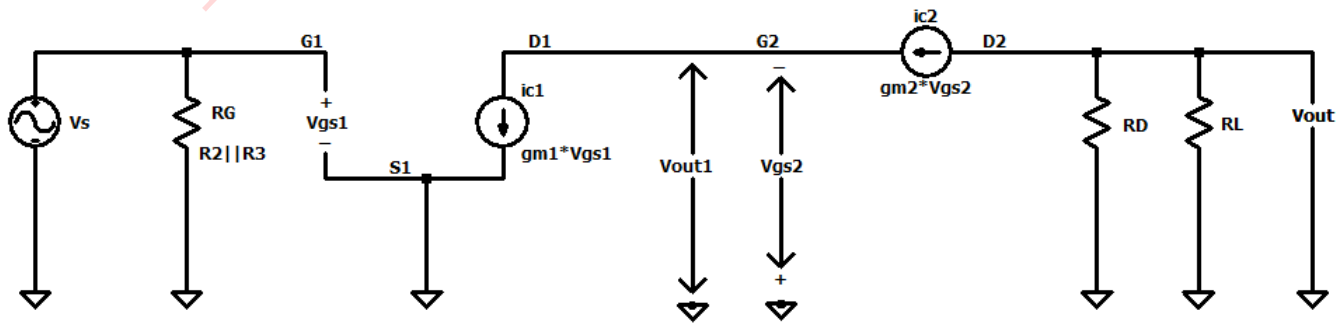


Figure 9: Mid frequency equivalent circuit

$$g_{m_2} V_{gs_2} = g_{m_1} V_{gs_1}$$

$$R_G = R_2 || R_3$$

$$\text{Input impedance } Z_i = R_G = R_2 || R_3 = 18k || 10k$$

$$\therefore Z_i = \mathbf{6.42857 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$\text{Output impedance } Z_o = R_D || R_L = 3.3k || 10k$$

$$\therefore Z_o = \mathbf{2.4812 \text{ k}\Omega}$$

$$A_{V_2} = \frac{V_o}{V_1} = \frac{-g_{m_2} V_{gs_2} (R_D || R_L)}{-V_{gs_2}} = g_{m_2} (R_D || R_L)$$

$$\therefore A_{V_2} = 0.92576 \times 10^{-3} \times 2.4812k = 2.29699$$

$$A_{V_1} = \frac{V_1}{V_S} = \frac{-V_{gs_2}}{V_{gs_1}} = \frac{-V_{gs_1}}{V_{gs_1}} = -1$$

$$A_{V_T} = A_{V_1} \times A_{V_2} = 2.29699 \times -0.1$$

$$\therefore A_{V_T} = -2.29699$$

$$|A_{V_T}| \text{ (in dB)} = 20 \log_{10} A_{V_T} = 20 \log_{10} (2.29699)$$

$$\therefore |A_{V_T}| \text{ (in dB)} = \mathbf{7.223180209 \text{ dB}}$$

$$V_o = V_{in} \times A_{V_T} = 20 \times 10^{-3} \times 2.29699 = \mathbf{45.9399 \text{ mV}}$$

SIMULATED RESULTS:

Above circuit is simulated using LTspice and the results are presented below:

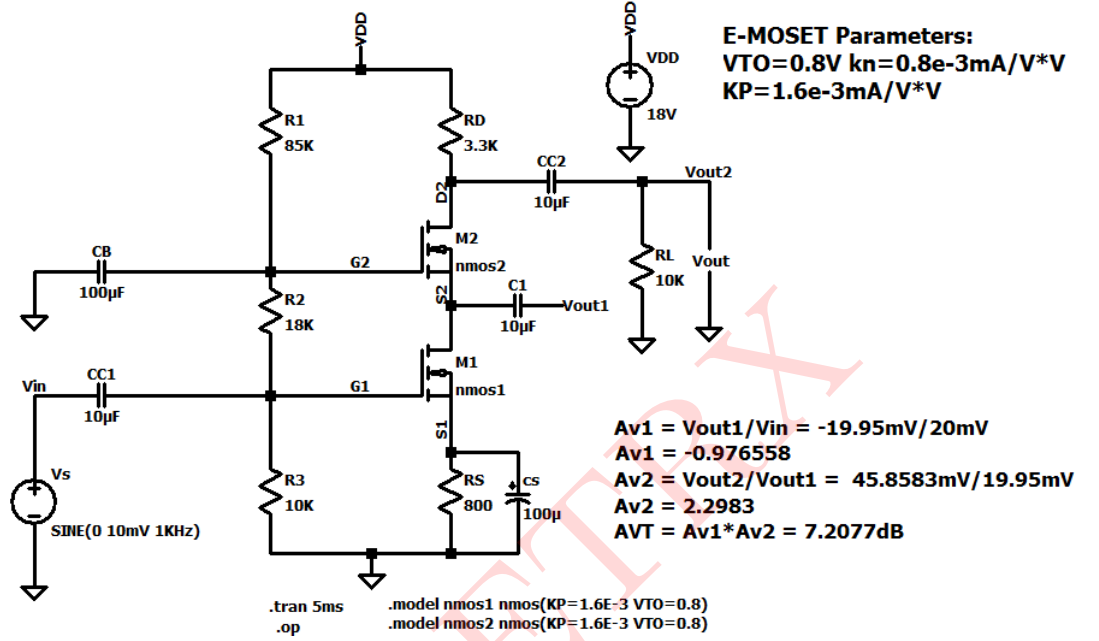


Figure 10: Circuit schematic

The input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_1} are shown in Figure 11

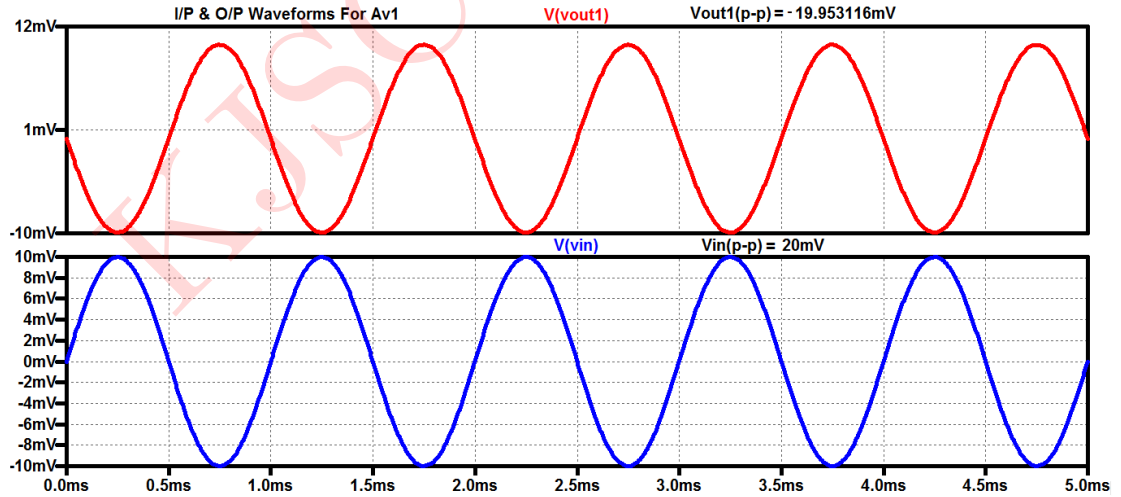


Figure 11: Input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_1}

The input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_2} are shown in Figure 12

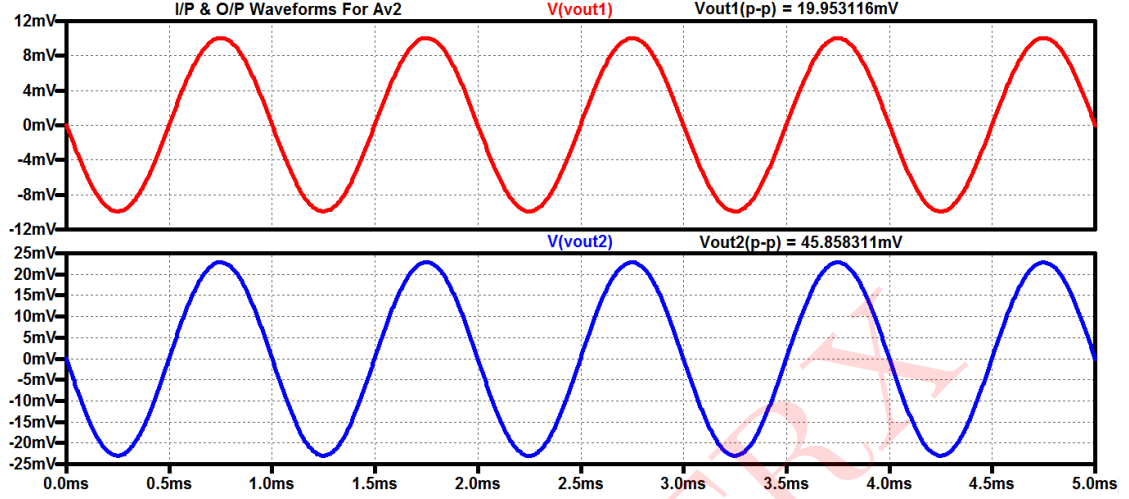


Figure 12: Input and output waveforms for voltage gain A_{V_2}

Comparison of theoretical and simulated values:

| Parameters | Theoretical | Simulated |
|---|--------------------|--------------|
| V_{G_1} | 1.59292 V | 1.59292 V |
| V_{D_1} | 3.08157 V | 3.08154 V |
| V_{S_1} | 0.2143 V | 0.214284 V |
| I_{D_1} | 0.2678 mA | 0.267856 mA |
| V_{G_2} | 4.460179 V | 4.46018 |
| V_{D_2} | 17.116 V | 17.1161 |
| V_{S_2} | 3.08157 V | 3.08154 V |
| I_{D_2} | 0.2678 mA | 0.267856 mA |
| Voltage gain of 1 st stage (A_{V_1}) | -1 | -0.997 |
| Voltage gain of 2 nd stage (A_{V_2}) | 2.29699 | 2.2983 |
| Overall voltage gain A_{V_T} | 7.22318 dB | 7.077 dB |
| Input impedance of 1 st stage | 6.42867 k Ω | — |
| Output impedance of 2 nd stage | 2.4812 k Ω | — |
| Output voltage | 45.9399 mV | 45.858311 mV |

Table 2: Numerical 2