#### **Machine Learning's Slides**

Author: Pannenets.F

Date: September 7, 2020

Je reviendrai et je serai des millions. «Spartacus»

Part I

part

#### Chapter 1 Week1

#### 1.1 Introduction

# Computer Architecture (计算机体系结构)

**Lecture #1 – Introduction** 



**Lecturer Yuanqing Cheng (成元庆)** 

**School of Microelectronics** 

**Beihang University** 

www.cadetlab.cn

L01 Introduction (1) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### "I stand on the shoulders of giants..."



Prof David Patterson



Prof Dan Garcia

Thanks to these talented folks (& many others) whose contributions have helped make this course a really tremendous course!

#### What are prerequisites of this course?

- Programming languages ?
- Data structures ?
- Digital logic design ?

L01 Introduction (3) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Are Computers Smart?**

- To a programmer:
  - Very complex operations / functions:

```
- (map (lambda (x) (* x x)) '(1 2 3 4))
```

- Automatic memory management:
  - List 1 = new List;
- "Basic" structures:
  - Integers, floats, characters, plus, minus, print commands

Computers

are smart!

L01 Introduction (4) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

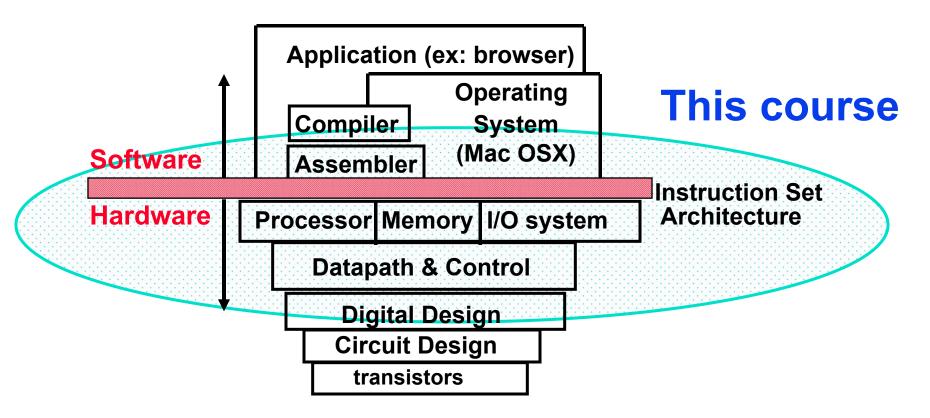
#### **Are Computers Smart?**

- In real life at the lowest level:
  - Only a handful of operations:
    - {and, or, not}
  - No automatic memory management.
  - Only 2 values:
    - {0, 1} or {low, high} or {off, on}



L01 Introduction (5) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## What are "Computer Architecture"?



Coordination of many levels (layers) of abstraction

L01 Introduction (6) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

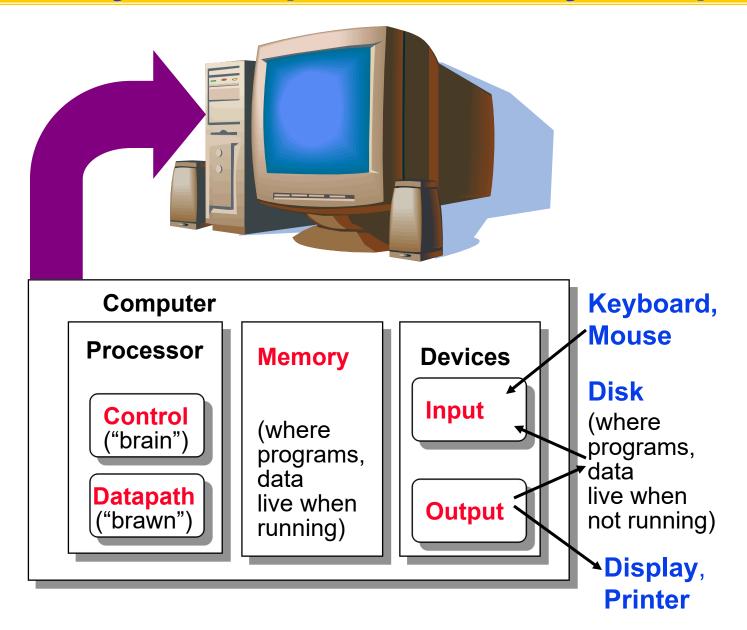
## **Levels of Representation**

```
temp = v[k];
                                     v[k] = v[k+1];
     High Level Language
        Program (e.g., C)
                                     v[k+1] = temp;
                  Compiler
                                          $t0, 0($2)
     Assembly Language
                                          $t1, 4($2)
                                          $t1, 0($2)
$t0, 4($2)
        Program (e.g., MIPS)
                                      SW
                                      SW
                  Assembler
     Machine Language
                                                      0110
         Program (MIPS)
                                       0101 1000 0000 1001 1100 0110 1010 1111
Machine
Interpretation
                                              Register File
Hardware Architecture Description
   (e.g., block diagrams)
                                                 ALU
Architecture
Implementation
  Logic Circuit Description
      (Circuit Schematic Diagrams)
```

L01 Introduction (7)

Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Anatomy: 5 components of any Computer**



L01 Introduction (8) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

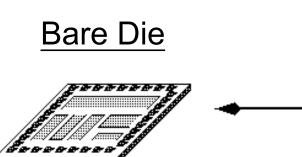
#### **Overview of Physical Implementations**

The hardware out of which we make systems.

- Integrated Circuits (ICs)
  - Combinational logic circuits, memory elements, analog interfaces.
- Printed Circuits (PC) boards
  - substrate for ICs and interconnection, distribution of CLK, Vdd, and GND signals, heat dissipation.
- Power Supplies
  - Converts line AC voltage to regulated DC low voltage levels.
- Chassis (rack, card case, ...)
  - holds boards, power supply, provides physical interface to user or other systems.
- Connectors and Cables.

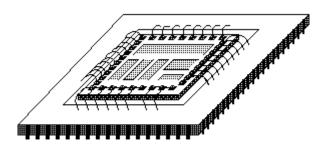
L01 Introduction (9) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## Integrated Circuits (2020 state-of-the-art)



- Primarily Crystalline Silicon
- 1mm 25mm on a side
- feature size ~ 14/7 nm
- Billions of transistors
- (25 100M "logic gates")
- 3 12 conductive layers
- "CMOS" (complementary metal oxide semiconductor) - most common.

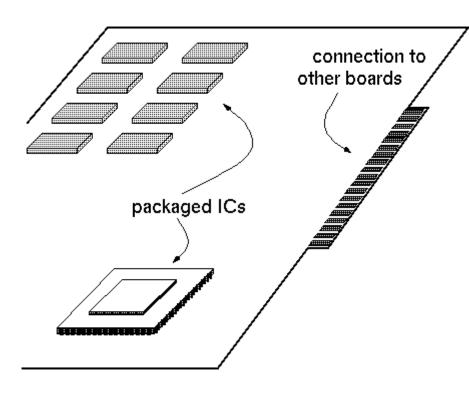
Chip in Package



- Package provides:
  - spreading of chip-level signal paths to board-level
  - heat dissipation.
- Ceramic or plastic with gold wires.

L01 Introduction (10) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Printed Circuit Boards**

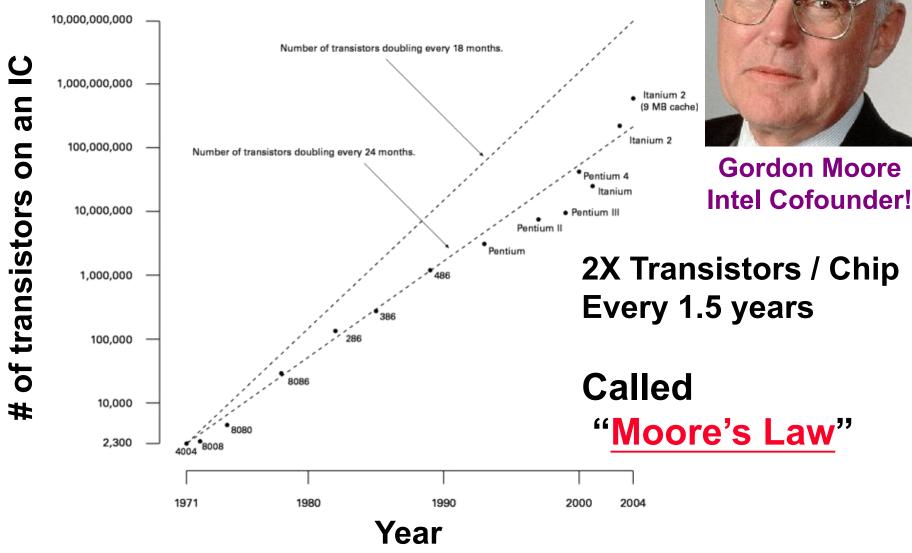


- fiberglass or ceramic
- 1-20 conductive layers
- 1-20 in on a side
- IC packages are soldered down.
- Provides:
  - Mechanical support
  - Distribution of power and heat.

L01 Introduction (11) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Technology Trends:**

# **Microprocessor Complexity**

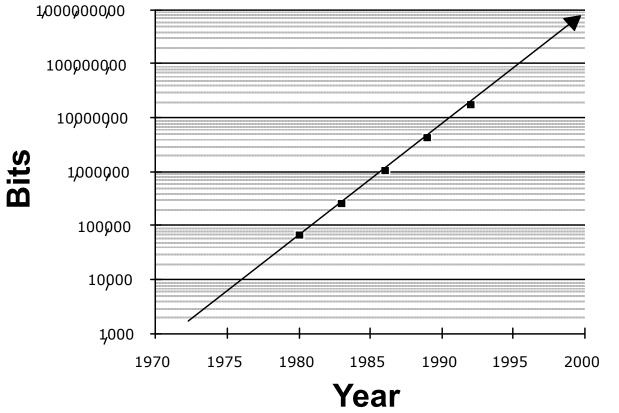


L01 Introduction (12) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Technology Trends: Memory Capacity**

(Single-Chip DRAM)

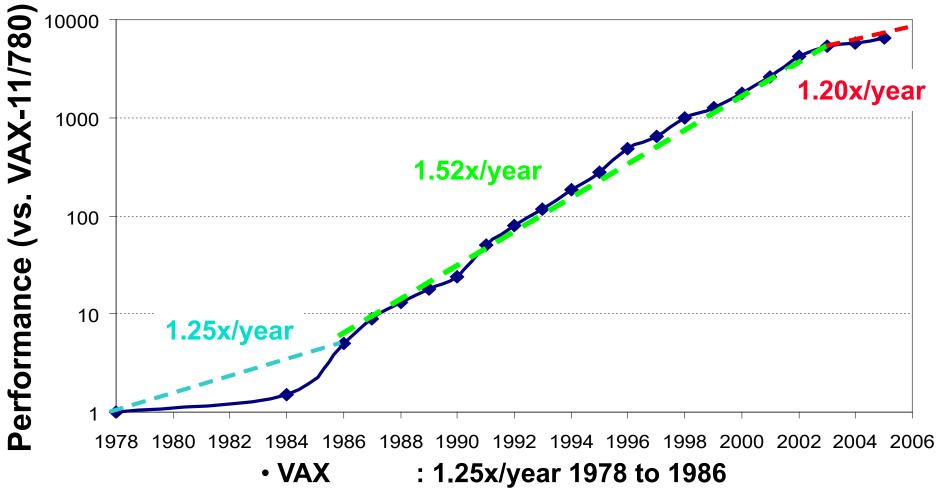




- Now 1.4X/yr, or 2X every 2 years.
- 8000X since 1980!

year	size (Mbit)
1980	0.0625
1983	0.25
1986	1
1989	4
1992	16
1996	64
1998	128
2000	256
2002	512
2004	1024
(1Gbit)	
2006	2048 (2Gbit)
2010	8192 (8Gbit)

# Technology Trends: Uniprocessor Performance (SPECint)



• RISC + x86: 1.52x/year 1986 to 2002

• RISC + x86: 1.20x/year 2002 to present

L01 Introduction (14) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Computer Technology - Dramatic Change!**

#### Memory

• DRAM capacity: 2x / 2 years (since '96); 64x size improvement in last decade.

#### Processor

Speed 2x / 1.5 years (since '85); [slowing!]
 Now almost remain the same.

#### Disk

Capacity: 2x / 1 year (since '97)
 250X size in last decade.

L01 Introduction (15) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Computer Technology - Dramatic Change!**

You just learned the difference between (Kilo, Mega, ...) and (Kibi, Mebi, ...)!

State-of-the-art PC: (at least...)

• Processor clock speed: 4,000 MegaHertz (4.0 GigaHertz)

• Memory capacity: 65,536 MebiBytes (64.0 GibiBytes)

• Disk capacity: 2,000 GigaBytes (2.0 TeraBytes)

New units! Mega ⇒ Giga, Giga ⇒ Tera

```
(Tera ⇒ Peta, Peta ⇒ Exa, Exa ⇒ Zetta Zetta ⇒ Yotta = 10<sup>24</sup>)
```

L01 Introduction (16) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## Computer arch.: So, what's in it for me?

- Learn some of the big ideas in CS & Engineering:
  - Principle of abstraction
    - Used to build systems as layers
  - 5 Classic components of a Computer
  - Data can be anything
    - Integers, floating point, characters, ...
    - A program determines what it is
    - Stored program concept: instructions just data
  - Principle of Locality
    - Exploited via a memory hierarchy (cache)
  - Greater performance by exploiting parallelism
  - Compilation v. interpretation through system layers
  - Principles / Pitfalls of Performance Measurement

L01 Introduction (17) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### Others Skills learned in this course

## Enhance C programming skill

- If you know one, you should be able to learn another programming language largely on your own
- If you know C++ or Java, it should be easy to pick up their ancestor, C

## Assembly Language Programming

 This is a skill you will pick up, as a side effect of understanding the Big Ideas

#### Hardware design

- We'll learn just the basics of hardware design
- We'll this in more detail in following courses

L01 Introduction (18) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## Yoda says...

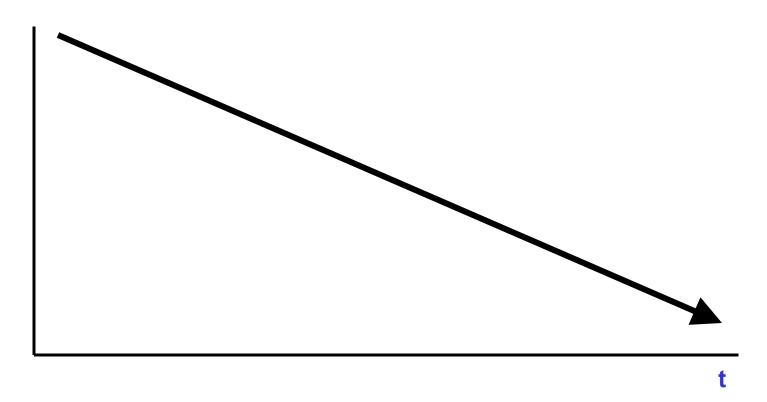
"Always in motion is the future..."



Our schedule may change slightly depending on some factors.
This includes lectures, assignments & labs...

L01 Introduction (19) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

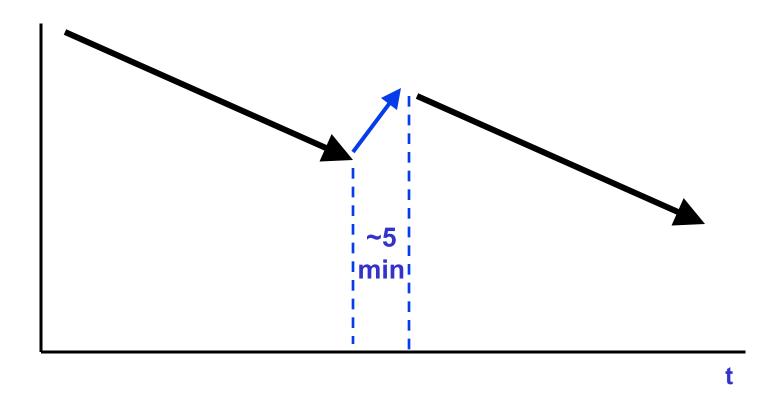
#### What is this?



**Attention over time!** 

L01 Introduction (20) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### What is this?!

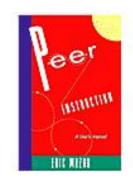


#### **Attention over time!**

L01 Introduction (21) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Tried-and-True Technique: Peer Instruction**

- Increase real-time learning in lecture, test understanding of concepts vs. details
- As complete a "segment" ask multiple choice question
  - 1-2 minutes to decide yourself
  - 3 minutes in pairs/triples to reach consensus. Teach others!
  - 5-7 minute discussion of answers, questions, clarifications





L01 Introduction (22) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Extra Credit: EPA!**

#### Effort

 Attending my or my TA's office hours, completing all assignments, turning in HW, doing reading quizzes

#### Participation

- Attending lecture and voting in Peer Instruction
- Asking great questions in discussion and lecture and making it more interactive
- Altruism
  - Helping others in lab or wechat
- EPA! extra credit points have the potential to bump students up to the next grade level!

L01 Introduction (23) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Course Problems...Cheating**

- What is cheating?
  - Studying together in groups is encouraged.
  - Turned-in work must be <u>completely</u> your own.
  - Common examples of cheating: running out of time on a assignment and then pick up output, take homework from box and copy, person asks to borrow solution "just to take a look", copying an exam question, ...
  - You're not allowed to work on homework/projects/exams with <u>anyone</u> (other than ask Qs walking out of lecture)
  - Both "giver" and "receiver" are equally culpable
- Cheating points: 0 EPA, negative points for that assignment / project / exam (e.g., if it's worth 10 pts, you get -10) In most cases, F in the course.

L01 Introduction (24) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## My goal as an instructor

- To make your experience in this course as enjoyable & informative as possible
  - Enthusiasm, graphics & technology-inthe-news in lecture
  - Fun, challenging projects & HW
  - Pro-student policies
- To be a good-teaching man
  - Please give me feedback so I improve!
     Why am I not excellent teacher for you? I will listen!!



L01 Introduction (25) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Teaching Assistants**

## Jiacheng Ni



L01 Introduction (26) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Summary**

- Continued rapid improvement in computing
  - 2X every 2.0 years in memory size; every 1.5 years in processor speed; every 1.0 year in disk capacity;
  - Moore's Law enables processor (2X transistors/chip ~1.5-2 yrs)
- 5 classic components of all computers Control Datapath Memory Input Output



L01 Introduction (27) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

# Reference slides

You ARE responsible for the material on these slides (they're just taken from the reading anyway); we've moved them to the end and off-stage to give more breathing room to lecture!

L01 Introduction (28) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Course Lecture Outline**

- Machine Representations
  - Numbers (integers, reals)
  - Assembly Programming
  - Compilation, Assembly
- Processors & Hardware
  - Logic Circuit Design
  - CPU organization
  - Pipelining

- Memory Organization
  - Caches
  - Virtual Memory
- I / O
  - Interrupts
  - Disks, Networks
- Advanced Topics
  - Performance
  - Virtualization
  - Parallel Programming

L01 Introduction (29) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

## **Homeworks and Projects**

- Homework exercises
- Projects
- All exercises, reading, homeworks, projects on course web page www.cadetlab.cn/courses
- We will DROP your lowest HW, Lab!
- Only one final exam

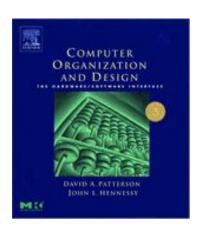
L01 Introduction (30) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### Your final grade

- Grading (max: 100 pts)
  - 20pts = 20% Homework
  - 20pts = 20% Projects
  - 50pts = 50% Final exam
  - 10pts = 10% Attendance
  - Extra EPA points (5pts)

L01 Introduction (31) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### **Texts**



- Required: Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface, <u>Third Edition</u>, Patterson and Hennessy (COD).
- Reading assignments on web page

L01 Introduction (32) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA

#### Peer Instruction and Just-in-time-learning

- Read textbook
  - Reduces examples have to do in class
  - Get more from lecture (also good advice)
- Fill out 3-question on web
  - Graded for effort, not correctness...
  - This counts toward EPA score

L01 Introduction (33) Cheng, Fall 2020 © BUAA