# Ocean Optics USB4000 with usb4java

Bernard Panneton December 2019

### Introduction

The usb4java library<sup>1</sup> is used to communicate with a USB peripheral. It used to interact with an Ocean Optics Inc. USB4000 spectrometer.

This library was used to build a collection of R functions stored in *playWith\_usbjava.R* file. The commands required to communicate with the spectrometer via the USB port are detailed in the device technical manual<sup>2</sup>.

# Functions in playWith\_usb4java.R

# init usb()

Initialize usb device:

- 1. load required library
- 2. init JVM
- 3. Set Java class paths
- 4. Define some objects
- 5. Define a C helper function for converting littleEndian byte vector to integer

### RETURN: a list of 4 components:

- 1. context: a Java object of class org.usb4java.Context
- 2. dlist: a Java object of class org.usb4java.DeviceList
- 3. libusb: a Java object of class org.usb4java.LibUsb
- 4. bufutils: a Java object of class org.usb4java.BufferUtils

## find\_usb <- function(product,vendor,usbObjects, silent=TRUE)

Given a vendor and a product ID number, find the corresponding USB device.

#### INPUTS:

- product: product ID number
- vendor: vendor ID number
- usbObjects: list returned by init\_usb
- silent: when TRUE, no output at console.

#### **OUTPUTS:**

- a list with 2 components
  - 1. usbDevice: the device as obtained with dlist\$get(as.integer(dev\_no)) where dlist was defined in init\_usb
  - 2. usbDescription: obtained by libusb\$DeviceDescriptor(usbDevice, usbDescription)

# get\_OO\_name\_n\_serial(usbObjects, usbDevice)

Function to get device name and version, device serial number and company names.

### INPUTS:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>http://usb4java.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>USB4000-OEM-Data-Sheet.pdf stored in the **Doc** of the RSTudio project **OceanOptics\_with\_usb4java\_in\_R**.

- usbObjects: the list returned by init\_usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find\_usb()

#### **OUTPUTS:**

- list with 3 components:
  - 1. name: name of the USB device
  - 2. version: name of device with version number
  - 3. serialno: serial number

# getWavelengths(usbObjects, usbDevice)

To get the wavelength vector by reading the wavelength calibration coefficients

#### INPUTS:

- usbObjects: the list returned by init\_usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find\_usb()

#### **OUTPUTS:**

• a vector of wavelengths

# getMaxSatLevel(usbObjects, usbDevice){

Read the maximum saturation level from register

#### INPUTS:

- usbObjects: the list returned by init\_usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find\_usb()

#### **OUTPUTS:**

• an integer giving the maximum saturation level.

### $jbyte_2uint(x)$

Takes a vector of Java bytes and interprets and 0:255. Required as Java bytes are signed.

#### INPUTS:

• x: vector of Java bytes as seen in R

### **OUTPUTS:**

• a vector of value in the range 0:255, same length as input.

# queryStatus <- function(usbObjects, usbDevice)</pre>

Query the USB device status.

#### INPUTS:

- usbObjects: the list returned by init usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find usb()

### OUTPUTS:

- a list of 5 elements:
  - 1. nb\_pix: number of pixels in spectrum
  - 2. int time: current integration time
  - 3. pack in spectra: number of data packets per spectrum

- 4. pack count:
- 5. usb\_speed: speed of USB transfer ("full" or "high")

### setIntegrationTime(temps,usbObjects, usbDevice)

Function to set spectrometer integration time.

### INPUTS:

- temps: integration time in msec.
- usbObjects: the list returned by init usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find\_usb()

### **OUTPUTS**:

• none

### boxcar(x, n = 5)

#### INPUTS:

- x: vector to smooth
- n: half width of averaging window. n elements on each side of middle value.

#### **OUTPUTS:**

• a smoothed vector.

### getSpectrum(pack\_in\_spectra=15, usbObjects, usbDevice)

Function to retrieve a spectrum.

### INPUTS:

- pack in spectra: number of data packets per spectrum
- usbObjects: the list returned by init\_usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find\_usb()

#### **OUTPUTS:**

• a spectrum as a numeric vector.

### get\_N\_Spectrum(pack\_in\_spectra=15, nspectra=2, usbObjects, usbDevice)

Function to retrieve a spectrum made as an average over a number of spectra.

### INPUTS:

- pack\_in\_spectra: number of data packets per spectrum
- nspectra: number of spectrum to average over.
- usbObjects: the list returned by init\_usb()
- usbDevice: the list returned by find usb()

#### **OUTPUTS:**

• a spectrum as a numeric vector.

### free\_Device(usbObjects)

Function to free device. Required to cleanly end.

### INPUTS:

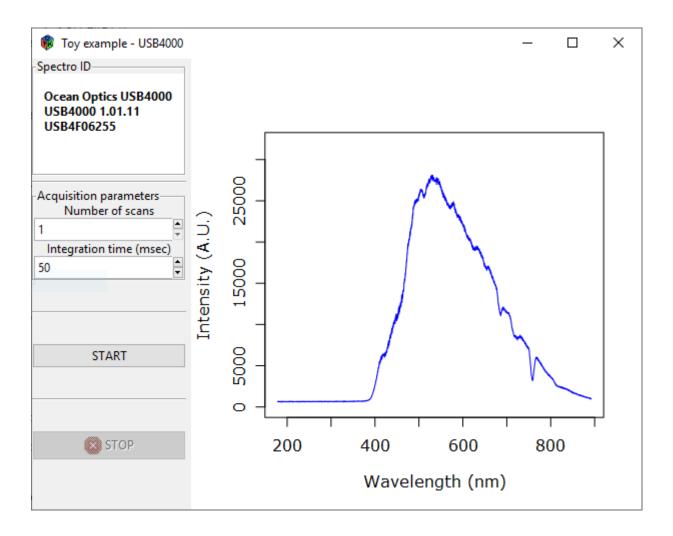
• - usbObjects: the list returned by init\_usb()

# Example

```
Connect a USB4000 to a USB port and copy the following lines to the R console.
source("R/playWith_usb4java.R")
usbObjects <- init_usb()
product=0x1022
vendor=0x2457
usbDevice <- find_usb(product,vendor,usbObjects,TRUE)
name_serial <- get_OO_name_n_serial(usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice)
lapply(name_serial, print)
wv <- getWavelengths(usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice)
statut <- queryStatus(usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice)
setIntegrationTime(70,usbObjects,usbDevice$usbDevice)
(statut <- queryStatus(usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice))
dum <- getSpectrum(pack in spectra=15, usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice)
dum <- getSpectrum(pack in spectra=15, usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice)
plot(wv, dum[22:3669],type="1",col="red",lwd=2, ylim=c(0,7000))
smoothed sp <- boxcar(dum[22:3669])
plot(wv, smoothed_sp,type="l",col="red",lwd=2, ylim=c(0,7000))
sp <- get_N_Spectrum(pack_in_spectra=15, nspectra=20, usbObjects, usbDevice$usbDevice$
plot(wv,sp[22:3669],type="l",col="red",lwd=2, ylim=c(0,40000), main = paste0(name serial name,"-
Serialnumber: ", name_serialserialno), xlab = "Wavelength [nm]", ylab = "Intensity [A.U.]")
free Device(usbObjects)
```

# Toy GUI

A little toy GUI implementing some of the functions is available in the file toGUI.R. Just source the file and run toyGUI with a USB4000 spectrometer plugged into a USB port.



# Final words

The code in the R project works with a USB4000. Adaptation to other spectrometer should be fairly straigthforward. One needs to check the product ID and the exact syntax of device specific commands and parameters (the number of pixels in a spectrum, the number of packets transmitted over the USB...).