Last Name:	First Name:
Short Python function/n	nethod descriptions:
builtins:	
<pre>int(x: object) -> int</pre>	
Convert x to an intege	r, if possible. A floating point argument will be truncated towards zero
<pre>len(x: object) -> int</pre>	
9	ist, tuple, or string x.
<pre>print(values: object) -></pre>	None
Prints the values.	
_	: int, [step: int]) -> list-like-object of int
_	arting with start and ending with stop - 1 with step
	to increment (or decrement). If start is not specified,
=	0. If step is not specified, the values are incremented by 1.
str(x: object) -> str	
	rted to its string representation, if possible.
str:	
x in s -> bool	lu if atming u is in atming a
	<pre>ly if string x is in string s. : int[, end: int]]) -> int</pre>
	on-overlapping occurrences of substring sub in string S[start:end].
	rt and end are interpreted as in slice notation.
S.find(sub: str[,i: int]	
-	x in S (starting at S[i], if i is given) where the
	-1 if sub does not occur in S.
S.isalpha() -> bool	
-	y if all characters in S are alphabetic
and there is at least	
S.isalnum() -> bool	
Return True if and onl	y if all characters in S are alphanumeric
and there is at least	one character is S.
S.isdigit() -> bool	
Return True if and onl	y if all characters in S are digits
and there is at least	one character in S.
S.islower() -> bool	
Return True if and onl	y if all cased characters in S are lowercase
	one cased character in S.
S.isupper() -> bool	
	y if all cased characters in S are uppercase
	one cased character in S.
S.lower() -> str	
	tring S converted to lowercase.
S.replace(old: str, new:	
- -	g S with all occurrences of the string old replaced with the string new
S.upper() -> str	tring C converted to unpercede
list:	tring S converted to uppercase.
x in L -> bool	
	ly if object x is in list L
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Total Pages = 8 End of Test

Extend list L by appending elements from items. Strings and lists are iterables whose elements are characters and list items respectively.

L.append(item: object) -> None
 Append item to end of list L.
L.extend(items: iterable) -> None