课程报告 (作业 01)

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1 代码原理

代码的核心部分就是如下的一个三重循环:

其中每一级循环都从上一个循环中的指标开始,一直循环到终点,每一级循环都是线性的,因此时间复杂度应该为 $O(n^3)$.

至于空间复杂度,存储结构中利用了一个 vector,每个 vector 都由一个大小为 3 的数组构成,因此空间复杂度应为 O(n*3).

2 统计运行时间

为了统计循环所用时间,分别在每次循环开始前和结束后记录了时间指标 start 和 end. 对时间进行处理后得到如下输出:

```
time
 n
      0.005
100
200
      0.031
300
      0.107
400
      0.241
500
      0.491
      0.866
600
700
      1.361
800
      2.049
900
      2.871
1000 3.893
```

利用 Python 对数据做了一些简单处理,拟合出一条平滑曲线,图像近似为一个三次函数,与前文所述的时间复杂度为 $O(n^3)$ 相符.

```
[1]: import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

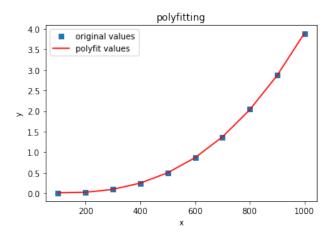
```
[2]: key = [100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800,900,1000]
num = [0.005,0.031,0.107,0.241,0.491,0.866,1.361,2.049,2.871,3.893]
x = np.array(key)
y = np.array(num)
# 用 3 次多项式拟合
f1 = np.polyfit(x, y, 3)
p1 = np.poly1d(f1)
yvals = p1(x)
print("拟合后的方程为:\n",p1)
```

拟合后的方程为:

```
3 2 3.175e-09 x + 1.125e-06 x - 0.0004441 x + 0.042
```

```
[3]: plot1 = plt.plot(x, y, 's',label='original values')
    plot2 = plt.plot(x, yvals, 'r',label='polyfit values')
    plt.xlabel('x')
    plt.ylabel('y')
```

```
plt.legend(loc=2)
plt.title('polyfitting')
plt.show()
```



3 Source Code

```
1
    #include<iostream>
    #include < ctime >
3
    #include<vector>
4
    #include<iomanip>
    using namespace std;
5
6
7
    //test if the three numbers are able to form a right triangle
8
    //assert i < j < k
9
    bool is_right_triangle(int i, int j, int k)
10
11
       if (i * i + j * j == k * k)
12
         return true;
13
       else
14
         return false;
    }
15
16
17
    //store the data
18
    class database
19
```

```
20
      vector < int *> db;
21
     public:
22
       //insert a new triangle into the db
23
       void INSERT(int i, int j, int k)
24
25
        int* temp = new int[3];
26
        temp[0] = i; temp[1] = j; temp[2] = k;
27
        db.push_back(temp);
28
       }
29
       void print()
30
31
        int len = db.size();
32
        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
          cout << db[i][0] << " "</pre>
33
                << db[i][1] << " "
34
                << db[i][2] << " "
35
36
                << endl;
37
         }
38
        cout << "Total counts: " << len << endl;</pre>
39
       }
      int size()
40
41
42
       return db.size();
43
    };
44
45
    void main()
46
47
       for (int n = 100; n \le 1000; n += 100)
48
49
       {
50
         database sql;
51
         clock_t start, end; //set start and end indicator to
52
         start = clock(); //caculate the time consumed
         for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
53
54
           for (int j = i; j < n; j++) {
             for (int k = j; k < n; k++) {
55
               if (is_right_triangle(i, j, k))
56
                 sql.INSERT(i, j, k);
57
58
             }
59
           }
60
         }
```

```
61
       end = clock();
62
       //sql.print();
63
        /*if you want to print all the solutions
        please uncomment the line above*/
64
65
       cout << "n: " << setw(4) << n
66
            << " time: " << setprecision(5)
67
            << (double)(end - start) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC
68
69
            << endl;
70
     }
71
    }
72
    /* Output:
    n: 100 time: 0.005
73
74
    n: 200 time: 0.031
75
        300 time: 0.107
    n:
76
    n: 400 time: 0.241
77
    n : 500 time : 0.491
78
    n: 600 time: 0.866
79
    n: 700 time: 1.361
80
    n: 800 time: 2.049
81
    n: 900 time: 2.871
82
    n: 1000 time: 3.893
83
```