$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ F(s) \right\}$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\left\{f(t)\right\}$	Notes
1. 1	$\frac{1}{s}$, $s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Ex. 4
2. <i>e</i> ^{at}	$\frac{1}{s-a}$, $s>a$	Sec. 6.1; Ex. 5
3. t^n , n a positive integer	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}, s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 24
4. t^p , $p > -1$	$\frac{\Gamma(p+1)}{s^{p+1}}, s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 24
5. sin(<i>at</i>)	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}, s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Ex. 7
6. cos(<i>at</i>)	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}, s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 5
7. sinh(<i>at</i>)	$\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}, s > a $	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 7
8. cosh(<i>at</i>)	$\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}, s > a $	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 6
9. $e^{at}\sin(bt)$	$\frac{b}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}, s > a$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 10
10. $e^{at}\cos(bt)$	$\frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2+b^2}, s>a$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 11
11. $t^n e^{at}$, n a positive integer	$\frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}, s > a$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 14
12. $u_c(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < c \\ 1 & t \ge c \end{cases}$	$\frac{e^{-cs}}{s}, s > 0$	Sec. 6.3
13. $u_c(t) f(t-c)$	$e^{-cs}F(s)$	Sec. 6.3
14. $e^{ct} f(t)$	F(s-c)	Sec. 6.3
15. f(ct)	$\frac{1}{c}F\left(\frac{s}{c}\right), c > 0$	Sec. 6.3; Prob. 17
16. $(f * g)(t) = \int_0^t f(t - \tau)g(\tau) d\tau$	F(s)G(s)	Sec. 6.6
17. $\delta(t-c)$	e^{-cs}	Sec. 6.5
18. $f^{(n)}(t)$	$s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$	Sec. 6.2; Cor. 6.2.
$19. \ (-t)^n f(t)$	$F^{(n)}(s)$	Sec. 6.2; Prob. 21