

Glossary

5G network [N-COUNT-U7] **5G network** is the fifth-generation mobile network that delivers high capacity, speed (of up to 10 Gbps) and low latency by combining frequencies from multiple bands. **telefonia komórkowa piątej generacji**

AAC [ABBREV-U6] **AAC** is a music file format that is of higher quality than MP3. **format plików muzycznych oferujących lepszą jakość niż MP3**

account activity [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Account activity** is a withdrawal, deposit or transfer in a bank account. **operacje na koncie bankowym**

account alert [N-COUNT-U11] An **account alert** is a service that notifies bank customers of suspicious activity. **wiadomość SMS o stanie rachunku bankowego**

active matrix display [N-COUNT-U14] An **active matrix display** is a type of screen that produces high quality, clear images. **wyświetlacz z aktywną matrycą**

actuator [N-COUNT-U13] An **actuator** is a piece of equipment that uses energy to make a robot move. **urządzenie uruchamiające**

agent [N-COUNT-U15] An **agent** is a computer that observes and reacts to the conditions in a certain environment. **agent (program komputerowy pracujący w tle); komputer pośredniczący**

algorithm [N-COUNT-U15] An **algorithm** is a rule or set of rules that provides steps to take or questions to ask in order to solve a problem. **algorytm**

antivirus software [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Antivirus software** is a program that locates and eliminates computer viruses. **program antywirusowy**

app [N-COUNT-U7] An **app** (short for “application”) is a type of software with a specific function that users can download, install and run on electronic devices, mainly smartphones and tablets. **aplikacja, program użytkowy**

array [N-COUNT-U4] An **array** is a data storage system which uses multiple disk drives that are connected and used as a single unit. **tablica, matryca**

artificial intelligence [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Artificial intelligence** is the branch of science that seeks to create computers and robots that can reason, learn and solve problems independently. **sztuczna inteligencja**

automatic document feeder [N-COUNT-U5] An **automatic document feeder** (ADF) is a device that feeds multiple pages into a scanner. **automatyczny podajnik dokumentów**

autonomous [ADJ-U13] A robot that is **autonomous** can operate on its own without help from humans. **autonomiczny**

avatar [N-COUNT-U9] An **avatar** is an image in a computer game that represents a person. **avatar**

bank fraud [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Bank fraud** is a crime in which someone uses bank funds without permission. **oszustwo, defraudacja pieniężny banku**

barcode [N-COUNT-U8] A **barcode** is a machine-readable representation of the UPC 12 digit number printed onto a product and which is electronically scanned providing information about the product. **kod kreskowy**

bill pay [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Bill pay** is a service provided by banks that allows customers to automatically pay bills online in one place instead of on different sites. **polecenie przelewu**

bit [N-COUNT-U1] A **bit** is the smallest unit of computer data. **bit**

bit size [N-COUNT-U1] A computer's **bit size** measures the number of bits that the CPU can access at once. **liczba bitów dostępnych jednorazowo**

bitmapped graphic [N-COUNT-U14] A **bitmapped graphic** is an image whose pixels are made up of a set number of bits. **grafika punktowa**

bitrate [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Bitrate** is a measurement of the amount of data that is processed (bit per unit of time). **szkość transmisji bitów, przepływność**

black and white [ADJ-U14] An image or picture that appears only in black, white, and varying shades of gray is **black and white**. **czarno-biały**

blog [N-COUNT-U9] A **blog** is a website where a person writes posts about his or her feelings, thoughts, activities, etc. about a subject. **blog**

Bluetooth® [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Bluetooth®** is a wireless network based on radio waves that connects Bluetooth-compatible devices (smartphones, scanners, digital cameras, printers, etc.) within a limited range (30 feet). **technologia bluetooth**

Boolean operator [N-COUNT-U12] A **Boolean operator** is a word such as “and”, “not”, “or” that is used when combining keywords in a database search so as to narrow down or broaden the results. **operator logiczny**

broadband [N-UNCOUNT-U3] **Broadband** is a high-bandwidth data transmission method that permits various upload and download speeds via fiber optics, DSL, satellite, cable and other technologies. **szerokie pasmo połączenia z internetem**

bus speed [N-UNCOUNT-U1] A computer's **bus speed** measures how many data move across a circuit (bus) at a time. It is measured in MHz. The faster the bus, the more data it can handle. *szyność bazowej częstotliwości*

C [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **C** is a programming language that is used to program operating systems. *język programowania C*

C# [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **C#** is a programming language that was invented as an alternative to Java. *język programowania C#*

C++ [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **C++** is a programming language that adds object-oriented programming capabilities to C. *język programowania C++*

calibration [N-UNCOUNT-U5] **Calibration** is the act of adjusting printers and scanners to display colors correctly. *kalibracja*

call waiting [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Call waiting** is a feature of some cell phones. It alerts you that someone is calling while you are on the line with someone else. *połączenie oczekujące (usługa polegająca na informowaniu o oczekującym połączeniu w trakcie trwającej rozmowy telefonicznej)*

caller ID [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Caller ID** is a feature of some cell phones that tells you the name and number of the person calling you. *identyfikacja numeru osoby dzwoniącej*

capacity [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Capacity** is the amount of space an MP3 player has to store files. *pojemność*

cartographic [ADJ-U10] If data are **cartographic**, they are captured and manipulated for the purpose of map making. *kartograficzny*

case-based reasoning [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Case-based reasoning** is the process of using information from previous experiences to solve new problems. *proces rozwiązywania nowych problemów oparty na rozwiązaniach podobnych problemów z przeszłości*

catalog [N-COUNT-U12] A **catalog** is an inventory of books in a library. *katalog*

CCD [ABBREV-U5] A **CCD** (Charged-Coupled Device) is a light-sensitive chip or sensor that converts light (photons) into electrons to capture digital photos. It is used in light-sensing devices such as digital cameras, optical scanners, video cameras, etc. *element światłoczuły*

cell phone [N-COUNT-U7] A **cell phone** is a wireless phone that sends and receives data at a certain frequency of energy. *telefon komórkowy*

cloud computing [N-UNCOUNT-U4] **Cloud computing** is the use of various services, such as software development platforms, servers, storage and software, over the Internet, and is often referred to as the 'cloud.' *chmura obliczeniowa, przetwarzanie w chmurze*

cognitive scientist [N-COUNT-U15] A **cognitive scientist** is a person who studies the mind and thought processes. *specjalista w zakresie nauk o poznaniu*

compiler [N-COUNT-U2] A **compiler** is a program that changes human-readable source code into machine code that a CPU can understand. *kompilator*

computer language [N-COUNT-U2] A **computer language** (also known as a programming language) is a code that is used by computer programmers to create instructions that a computer can understand. *język komputerowy*

computer vision [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Computer vision** is the field and technology of making computers that have the ability to see. *widzenie komputerowe (środki wprowadzania i rozpoznawania obrazów)*

consciousness [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Consciousness** is the state of being aware of oneself and one's actions. *świadomość*

CPU [ABBREV-U2] A **CPU** (Central Processing Unit) is the part of a computer that handles most of the processing of instructions and controls the computer's functions. *procesor, jednostka centralna (komputera)*

correlated [ADJ-U10] If two things are **correlated**, there is a kind of connection between them and they somehow relate. *współzależny*

data capture [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Data capture** is the act of acquiring and digitizing information from different sources on a GIS in layers. *zbieranie danych*

data plan [N-COUNT-U8] A **data plan** is a contract from a cell phone service provider that states how many data a user can access or use. *plan taryfowy dotyczący dostępu do internetu*

decode [V-T-U6] To **decode** a file is to return it to its original format. *dekodować, odczytać*

digital camera [N-COUNT-U5] A **digital camera** is a device that records images that can be stored, displayed, edited and printed. *aparat cyfrowy*

digital zoom [N-UNCOUNT-U5] The **digital zoom** is how a digital camera increases the display size of an image subject, once it has been captured by the sensor, reducing image quality. *zoom cyfrowy*

DIMM [ABBREV-U1] A **DIMM** (Dual Inline Memory Module) is a newer type of memory module. It sends 64 bits of data to the CPU. *dwurzędowy moduł pamięci*

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dock [N-COUNT-U6] A **dock** is a device that connects an MP3 player to a computer. *stacja dokująca, replikator portów*

download [V-T-U14] To **download** data or content is to transfer a file or program from the Internet to a personal computer or device. *pobierać (np. pliki)*

DPI [ABBREV-U5] **DPI** (Dots Per Inch) is the number of dots used per inch and measures the resolution of an image. *punkty na cal (miara używana w drukowaniu)*

drive power [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Drive power** is the energy that makes a robot move. *moc napędu*

driver [N-COUNT-U6] A **driver** is software that tells a device how it should communicate with a computer's operating system. *sterownik*

DSL [ABBREV-U3] **DSL** (Digital Subscriber Line) is a high-bandwidth connection using normal telephone lines. *cyfrowe łącze abonenckie*

dynamic model [N-COUNT-U13] A **dynamic model** is a mathematical model of the forces that allow a robot to move. *model dynamiczny*

ebook [N-COUNT-U12] An **ebook** is a book that is available online. *książka elektroniczna, e-książka*

ejournal [N-COUNT-U12] An **ejournal** is a scholarly publication that is published online. *elektroniczne czasopismo naukowe*

electronic funds transfer [N-COUNT-U11] An **electronic funds transfer** is the act of moving money from one account to another by using a computer. *elektroniczny transfer środków pieniężnych*

electronic statement [N-COUNT-U11] An **electronic statement** is a summary of account activity that is viewable on a computer, but not on paper. *elektroniczny wyciąg z konta bankowego*

email [N-COUNT-U8] An **email** is an electronic message sent from one user to another. *mail*

enabling device [N-COUNT-U13] An **enabling device** is a device that a person activates to allow a robot to move. *urządzenie sterownicze*

end-effector [N-COUNT-U13] An **end-effector** is the hand or tool at the end of a robot's manipulator. It is the part of the robot that moves or picks up objects. *efektor końcowy (chwytak)*

EPC [ABBREV-U8] An **EPC** (Electronic Product Code) is a unique numerical code used to identify any individual item. *elektroniczny kod produktu*

equality constraint [N-COUNT-U13] An **equality constraint** is a value that specifies the end-effector's position and movements. *współrzędne określające pozycję i ruchy efektora*

ergonomic [ADJ-U14] Something that is **ergonomic** is easy to use and has been designed to prevent injury from using it repeatedly. *ergonomiczny*

EZproxy [N-UNCOUNT-U12] **EZproxy** is a library server program that allows remote users to access the library's electronic materials. *serwer pośredniczący umożliwiający dostęp do bibliotecznych materiałów elektronicznych*

failure [N-COUNT-U4] A **failure** occurs when a disk drive malfunctions and the data stored on it cannot be accessed. *awaria, usterka*

flash memory [N-UNCOUNT-U5] **Flash memory** is a medium that is used to store and transfer data from a device (e.g. digital camera) to a computer. *pamięć błyskowa, pamięć fleszowa*

forum [N-COUNT-U9] A **forum** is a website where people can discuss a certain topic. *forum*

freeze [V-I-U6] To **freeze** is to become unresponsive and stop functioning. *zawiesić działanie*

gaming [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Gaming** is the activity of playing games online on a computer. *granie w internetowe gry komputerowe*

GB [ABBREV-U6] A **GB** (gigabyte) is a unit of measurement of hard drive capacity equal to 1 billion bytes. *gigabajt*

GIS [ABBREV-U10] **GIS** (Geographic Information System) is a system that integrates all types of location data as a foundation of mapping and analysis in order to monitor change, improve various processes, provide solutions, predict trends, etc. *System Informacji Geograficznej*

handle [N-COUNT-U9] A **handle** is a name that a person creates to access an account on a computer or website. *nick*

HDD [ABBREV-U4] An **HDD** (Hard Disk Drive) is a data storage device that works alongside a system's memory. It stores data on magnetic platters. *dysk twardy*

heuristics [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Heuristics** is a type of algorithm designed to find a suitable solution to a problem when no perfect solution or answer is known. *algorytm heurystyczny*

hotspot [N-COUNT-U3] A **hotspot** is a location (like an airport or a café) that provides wireless Internet access to users via a WLAN. *hot spot*

hybrid array [N-COUNT-U4] A **hybrid array** is a type of storage management incorporating HDD, SSD and flash memory. *macierz hybrydowa*

identity theft [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Identity theft** is the crime of using other people's personal information to take their money or buy items in their name. *kradzież tożsamości*

index [N-COUNT-U12] An **index** is an alphabetical list of books in a library. *indeks*

inkjet printer [N-COUNT-U5] An **inkjet printer** is a device that uses ink to produce documents and images on paper. *drukarka atramentowa*

instant message [N-COUNT-U8] An **instant message** (or IM) is a written message that occurs online in a chat session between users who are using the same services (software platform). *rozmowa przez komunikator internetowy*

ISP [ABBREV-U3] An **ISP** (Internet Service Provider) is a company that provides Internet access. *dostawca internetu*

Java [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Java** is an object-oriented programming language that is typically used for client-server web applications. *język programowania Java*

JavaScript [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **JavaScript** (JS) is a scripting language, mainly used on the Web. It is used to enhance HTML pages and is commonly found embedded in HTML code. *JavaScript (skryptowy język programowanie)*

joint [N-COUNT-U13] **Joints** are the places where the parts of a robot connect. They allow the robot's parts to rotate. *złącze*

laser printer [N-COUNT-U5] A **laser printer** is a device that produces documents and images on paper with a laser beam. *drukarka laserowa*

latitude [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Latitude** is an object's location north or south of the equator. *szerokość geograficzna*

layer [N-COUNT-U10] A data **layer** is a level of data above or below another level of data. *warstwa (danych)*

license restriction [N-COUNT-U12] A **license restriction** is a limitation of access to a library's electronic resources. *ograniczenie licencji*

link [N-COUNT-U9] A **link** is a word or set of words on a website or document. When you click on it, it takes you to a different website. *link, łącze, odnośnik*

linker [N-COUNT-U2] A **linker** is a program that takes the machine code created by a compiler and makes it into an executable file. *program łączący*

lithium-ion battery [N-COUNT-U7] A **lithium-ion battery** is a battery in cell phones that is small, light, and lasts a long time. *akumulator litowo-jonowy, bateria litowo-jonowa*

location [N-COUNT-U10] A **location** is a place where something is situated. *lokalizacja, położenie*

lockout [N-COUNT-U11] A **lockout** prevents people from accessing a bank account when the password is entered incorrectly too many times. *blokada konta*

longitude [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Longitude** is an object's location east or west of the Prime Meridian. *długość geograficzna*

machine code [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **Machine code** is a computer language that is made up of the instructions that a CPU can process. *kod maszynowy*

machine learning [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Machine learning** is a field of study concerned with creating algorithms that computers can use to learn from their experiences. *uczenie maszynowe, systemy uczące się*

manipulator [N-COUNT-U13] The **manipulator** is the arm of a robot. The end-effector sits at the end of it. *manipulator*

MB [ABBREV-U1] A **MB** (megabyte) is a unit of measurement that measures how much information a computer stores. *megabajt*

media [N-PLURAL-U12] **Media** are the forms of mass communication available at a library, including images, films and periodicals. *nośniki*

megapixel [N-COUNT-U5] A **megapixel** is a unit of graphic resolution of a digital image and is equal to roughly one million pixels. *megapiksel*

metadata [N-PLURAL-U10] **Metadata** is information that describes the content of stored data. *metadane*

MHz [ABBREV-U1] A **MHz** (megahertz) is a unit of measurement that measures the speed of a CPU. *megahertz*

MMORPG [ABBREV-U9] A **MMORPG** (Massively Multiplayer Online Role-Playing Game) is a type of online computer game in which many people interact with each other in a virtual world. *rodzaj gry komputerowej RPG dla dużej liczby graczy*

model-based reasoning [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Model-based reasoning** is the process of making conclusions by examining cause and effect relationships. *proces wyciągania wniosków na podstawie badania związków przyczynowo-skutkowych*

MP3 [ABBREV-U6] **MP3** is the standard format for digital audio files. *format MP3*

multi-thread [V-I-U2] To **multi-thread** is to manage multiple execution threads (instruction streams) independently and at one time. *używać komputera do pracy wielowątkowej*

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news feed [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **News feed** is a webpage of a website or a feature in a networking site that constantly shows new content or updates. aktualności, najnowsze wiadomości

offline [ADV-U14] If something is available **offline**, it can be used when an electronic device is not connected to the Internet. niepołączony z internetem

online banking [N-UNCOUNT-U11] **Online banking** is a service that allows people to manage their finances on the Internet. bankowość internetowa

optical zoom [N-UNCOUNT-U5] **Optical zoom** is a lens adjustment to make an image appear larger, retaining image quality zoom optyczny.

paging file [N-COUNT-U1] A **paging file** is the area on the hard drive where the computer stores data that don't fit in the RAM. plik stronicowania

pattern recognition [N-UNCOUNT-U15] **Pattern recognition** is the process of classifying objects by examining their visual appearance. rozpoznawanie wzorca

PDF reader [N-COUNT-U14] A **PDF reader** is a program that can open and display text or images regardless of the software or operating system of the user. czytnik plików PDF

pendant [N-COUNT-U13] A **pendant** is a device that a person uses to control and guide a robot's movements. pilot, panel sterowniczy

PIN [ABBREV-U11] A **PIN** (Personal Identification Number) is a number assigned to bank account holders that helps banks identify the holder and maintain security. numer PIN

playlist [N-COUNT-U6] A **playlist** is a list of songs created by an MP3 player user. playlista

post [N-COUNT-U9] A **post** is a message or news item on a website. post, wypowiedź na stronie internetowej

profile [N-COUNT-U9] A **profile** is a webpage on a social networking site with personal or identifying information. profil

publication [N-COUNT-U14] A **publication** is a book or magazine that a publishing company releases to the public. publikacja

Python [N-UNCOUNT-U2] **Python** is a multiparadigm, general-purpose, interpreted, high-level programming language. Python (język programowania)

RAID [ABBREV-U4] **RAID** is data storage technology that combines multiple disk drives into a single storage and can therefore increase computer performance dramatically. tablica niezależnych twardych dysków, system RAID

RAM [ABBREV-U1] **RAM** (Random Access Memory) is a form of computer data storage. It is a physical device that holds data temporarily. pamięć RAM, pamięć o dostępie bezpośrednim

raster [N-COUNT-U10] A **raster** is a dataset of rows and columns with pixels or cells, where each pixel or cell represents a value. raster (w grafice komputerowej)

reflow [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Reflow** is a process that allows images or text to fit screens that are different sizes. proces pozwalający na dostosowywanie obrazów lub tekstu do ekranów różnych rozmiarów

remote access [N-UNCOUNT-U12] **Remote access** is the ability to use online library resources from outside the library. dostęp zdalny

remote sensing [N-UNCOUNT-U10] **Remote sensing** is the process of gaining information about the physical characteristics of a region from a great distance. Examples include photos or images from satellite cameras, the tracking of forest fires, etc. teledetekcja

ringtone [N-COUNT-U7] A **ringtone** is a sound or song that a cell phone plays when someone calls it. dzwonek telefonu

robot [N-COUNT-U15] A **robot** is a moving machine that can complete tasks automatically. robot

robotics [N-UNCOUNT-U13] **Robotics** is the scientific study of robots and their structure and movement. robotyka

SATA [ABBREV-U4] **SATA** is an interface for connecting storage devices to the motherboard so as to transfer data. szeregową magistralą komputerową

scan [V-T-U8] To **scan** a product is to use a laser to read bar codes and convert them to electronic signals. skanować

serial robot [N-COUNT-U13] A **serial robot** is a robot that consists of a single series of joints linked together. robot rotacyjny

SIMM [ABBREV-U1] A **SIMM** (Single Inline Memory Module) is an older type of memory module. It sends up to 32 bits of data to a CPU. moduł pamięci jednorzędowej

site key [N-COUNT-U11] A **site key** is an Internet security tool that confirms the validity of a website. bankowy system bezpieczeństwa oparty na obustronnym uwierzytelnieniu

site license [N-COUNT-U12] A **site license** allows users to access software regardless of their location. licencja indywidualna

social networking [N-UNCOUNT-U9] **Social networking** is the activity of socializing online with other people. This takes place on social networking sites, forums, blogs, etc. **działalność/udzielanie się na portalach społecznościowych**

spam [N-UNCOUNT-U8] **Spam** is unwanted email, like advertisements, sent to large groups of people. Some email providers direct spam to special folders so that users do not have to see or open it. **spam (niechciane wiadomości mailowe)**

spatial pattern [N-COUNT-U10] A **spatial pattern** in data is the occurrence of individual entities in a location and the relationships that are formed among them. **wzór przestrzenny**

SSD [ABBREV-U4] An **SSD** (Solid State Drive) is a data storage device that typically uses flash memory. SSDs access data faster than HDDs. **dysk SSD**

SSL connection [N-COUNT-U11] An **SSL** (Secure Sockets Layer) **connection** is a secure connection between two servers. **bezpieczne połączenie**

sub-pixel rendering [N-UNCOUNT-U14] **Sub-pixel rendering** is a process that increases the clarity of text on certain displays. **proces zwiększający rozdzielcość niektórych ekranów**

subscription [N-COUNT-U12] A **subscription** is an agreement to use something, often requiring a fee. **subskrypcja**

Swift [N-UNCOUNT-U2] The **Swift** programming language is a language that Apple® developed for various operating systems, including some of its smartphone operating systems, as well as desktop platforms. **Swift (język programowania)**

system requirements [N-PLURAL-U14] **System requirements** are the hardware or software needed to run a program. **wymagania systemowe**

T-1 [ABBREV-U3] **T-1** is a type of line used by businesses that connects many users at one time to the Internet. **podstawowy system zwielokrotnienia kanałów cyfrowych**

T-3 [ABBREV-U3] **T-3** is a powerful line made of 28 T-1 lines. **zaawansowany system zwielokrotnienia kanałów cyfrowych**

text [V-T-U8] To **text** someone is to send them a text message. **wysyłać SMS**

text message [N-COUNT-U7] A **text message** (via SMS) is a short, written message that a person sends to and from a cell phone. **SMS, wiadomość tekstowa**

touchscreen [N-COUNT-U7] A **touchscreen** is a display on some cell phones that you tap to access its features and applications. **ekran dotykowy**

transparency adapter [N-COUNT-U5] A **transparency adapter** is a device that is used with a scanner to capture see-through documents like slides. **skaner slajdów**

UPC [ABBREV-U8] A **UPC** (Universal Product Code) is a 12-digit number used to identify consumer items. **uniwersalny kod wyrobu**

upgrade [V-T-U3] To **upgrade** a computer program or a type of service is to improve it. **zaktualizować**

upload [V-T-U6] To **upload** a file is to transfer it from a computer or device to the Internet or to another device, such as an MP3 player. **wysyłać, załadować (pliki)**

USB flash drive [N-COUNT-U4] A **USB flash drive** is a portable flash memory system that uses a USB interface to connect to a computer and transfer information. **pamięć USB**

vector [N-COUNT-U10] A **vector** is a dataset of points, lines and polygons, or vertices that are used to represent something. **wektor**

virtual memory [N-UNCOUNT-U1] **Virtual memory** is a method of computer data storage. The computer stores data temporarily on its hard drive instead of in the RAM. **pamięć wirtualna**

virtual world [N-COUNT-U9] A **virtual world** is an online world where you can meet and interact with other people or computer players. **świat wirtualny**

voice activation [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Voice activation** is a feature of some cell phones that lets you dial a number by voice instead of by hand. **aktywacja głosowa**

voicemail [N-UNCOUNT-U7] **Voicemail** is a feature that lets you listen to or leave an electronic spoken message on a cell phone. **poczta głosowa**

VPN [ABBREV-U12] A **VPN** (Virtual Private Network) is a way to encrypt a connection when you use remote access. **wirtualna sieć prywatna**

Wi-Fi® [ABBREV-U3] **Wi-Fi®** (Wireless Fidelity) is a wireless networking protocol and technology that allows devices within a limited area to connect to a wireless router that in turn connects them to the Internet, creating a network. **standard sieci bezprzewodowych**

WPS [ABBREV-U3] **WPS** (Wi-Fi® Protected Setup), sometimes also described as “push n’ connect”, PBC, QSS, etc. is a built-in feature in wireless routers that makes it easier and quicker for devices to connect to a router without entering passwords.

WPS (funkcja wielu ruterów, ułatwiająca szybkie połączenie urządzenia do sieci bezprzewodowej)