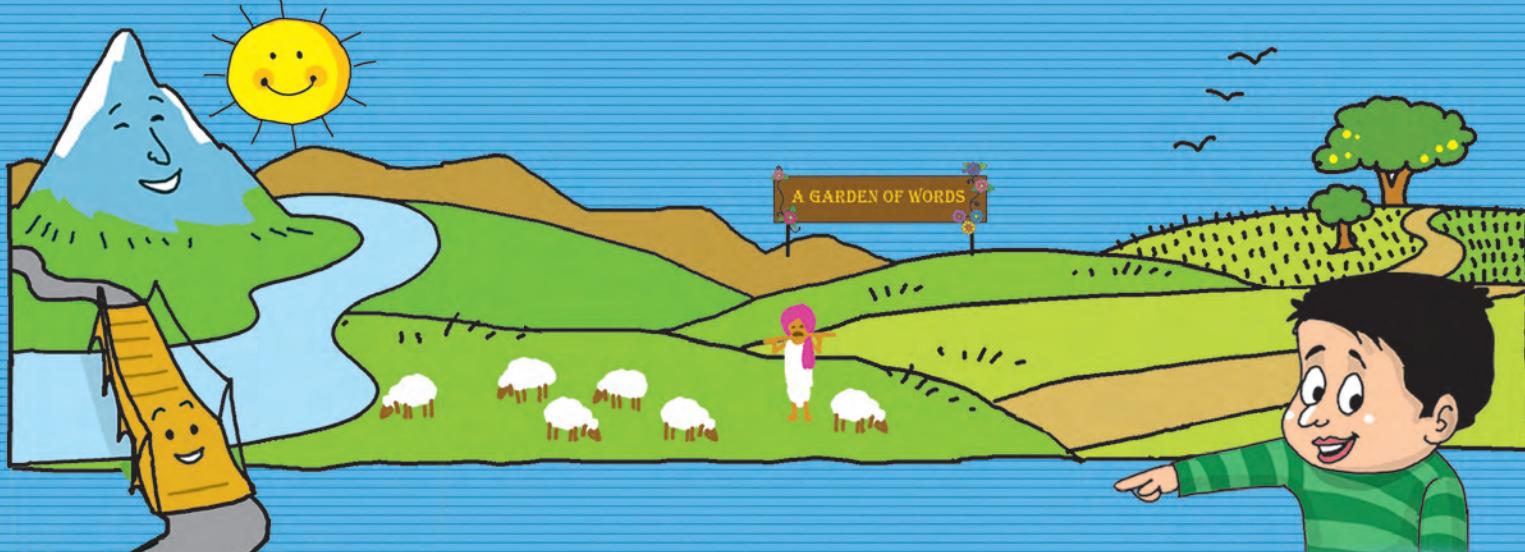


MY ENGLISH BOOK FOUR

STANDARD
FOUR

मराठी माध्यम



The Constitution of India

Chapter IV A

Fundamental Duties

ARTICLE 51A

Fundamental Duties- It shall be the duty of every citizen of India-

- (a) to abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem;
- (b) to cherish and follow the noble ideals which inspired our national struggle for freedom;
- (c) to uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India;
- (d) to defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so;
- (e) to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religious, linguistic and regional or sectional diversities, to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women;
- (f) to value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture;
- (g) to protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers and wild life and to have compassion for living creatures;
- (h) to develop the scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform;
- (i) to safeguard public property and to abjure violence;
- (j) to strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity so that the nation constantly rises to higher levels of endeavour and achievement;
- (k) who is a parent or guardian to provide opportunities for education to his child or, as the case may be, ward between the age of six and fourteen years.

MY ENGLISH BOOK FOUR

STANDARD
FOUR



(मराठी माध्यम)



The digital textbook can be obtained through DIKSHA App on a smartphone by using the Q R. Code given on title page of the textbook and useful audio-visual teaching-learning material of the relevant lesson will be available through the Q R. Code given in each lesson of this textbook.



MAHARASHTRA STATE BUREAU OF TEXTBOOK PRODUCTION
AND CURRICULUM RESEARCH, PUNE.

First Edition : 2014
Seventh Reprint : 2021

© Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research, Pune - 411 004.

The Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research reserves all rights relating to the book. No part of this book should be reproduced without the written permission of the Director, Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook Production and Curriculum Research, 'Balbharati', Senapati Bapat Marg, Pune 411004.

English Language Committee :

Shri. Kumar Ketkar, Chairman
Dr Aniket Jaware, Member
Dr Rohit Kawale, Member
Dr I. P. Nadaf, Member
Smt. Shruti Chaudhary, Member
Shri. Nilesh Kedare, Member
Shri. Ranjit Das, Member
Smt. Dhanavanti Hardikar,
Member-Secretary

Cover and Illustrations :

Reshma Barve

Co-ordination :

Dhanavanti Hardikar
Academic Secretary for Languages
Santosh J. Pawar
Assistant Special Officer, English

Production :

Sachchitanand Aphale
Chief Production Officer
Vinod Gawde
Production Officer
Mitali Shitap
Assistant Production Officer

Paper :

70 GSM Creamwove

English Language Panel :

Dr Lalita Vartak
Dr Prabha Sampath
Smt. Samannaz B. Irani
Smt. Smita Vijay Inamdar
Shri. Shridhar Madhukarrao Nagargoje
Shri. Sultanchaand Hasan Shaikh
Dr Raju Govindrao Munghate
Dr Prashant Kashinath Gawande
Shri. Manohar Hilal Mali
Shri. Ashok Chintaman Raut
Shri. Chandrakant Devrao Mohod
Shri. Nitesh Kondiba Thite
Shri. Pankaj Vasantrao Patil
Shri. Sharad Narayan Vasankar
Shri. Harendra Nagesh Bidkar
Shri. Rajesh Prakashrao Khatavkar
Shri. Gunawant Vitthalrao Barahate

Typesetting :

DTP Section (Languages)
Textbook Bureau, Pune.

Printer :

M/s Printography Systems(India)
Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai

Print Order No. :

N/PB/ 2021-22/45,000

Publisher :

Vivek Uttam Gosavi
Controller
Maharashtra State
Textbook Bureau,
Prabhadevi,
Mumbai - 400 025.



The Constitution of India

Preamble

WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA, having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC and to secure to all its citizens:

JUSTICE, social, economic and political;

LIBERTY of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship;

EQUALITY of status and of opportunity; and to promote among them all

FRATERNITY assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the Nation;

IN OUR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY this twenty-sixth day of November, 1949, do HEREBY ADOPT, ENACT AND GIVE TO OURSELVES THIS CONSTITUTION.

NATIONAL ANTHEM

Jana- gana-mana-adhināyaka jaya hē
Bhārata- bhāgya-vidhātā,

Panjāba-Sindhu-Gujarāta-Marāthā
Drāvida-Utkala-Banga

Vindhya-Himāchala-Yamunā-Gangā^ā
uchchala-jaladhi-tarang

Tava subha nāmē jāgē, tava subha āsisa māgē,
gāhē tava jaya-gāthā,

Jana-gana-mangala-dāyaka jaya hē
Bhārata-bhāgya-vidhātā,

Jaya hē, Jaya hē, Jaya hē,
Jaya jaya jaya, jaya hē.

PLEDGE

India is my country. All Indians
are my brothers and sisters.

I love my country, and I am proud
of its rich and varied heritage. I shall
always strive to be worthy of it.

I shall give my parents, teachers
and all elders respect, and treat
everyone with courtesy.

To my country and my people,
I pledge my devotion. In their
well-being and prosperity alone lies
my happiness.

Preface

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009 and National Curriculum Framework 2005 are two important events that have influenced primary education in our country. In the State of Maharashtra, too, the curriculum was revised to reflect their guidelines and expectations. We are happy to place this 'My English Book Four' based on 'Primary Education Curriculum 2012' in your hands.

The RTE Act emphasizes all round development of the child, as also learning through activities, discovery and exploration in a child-friendly and child-centred manner; making the child free of fear, trauma and anxiety and helping the child to express views freely. We have tried to design our textbooks so that these principles become a part of the teaching-learning process.

My English Book Four is meant for use in non-English medium schools. It is prepared in such a way that any primary teacher will be able to handle English as a subject in the fourth standard. Also, we have taken into account the environment in which the children are placed and which requires a knowledge of English. The textbook aims at helping children learn English joyfully through graded and engaging activities. We have tried to give children a systematic exposure to English so that gradually, they get a grasp of the language. In many places, we have provided specific instructions to the teachers. They will enable the teachers to deal with English in a non-traditional manner and will help reduce the burden on the child. Parents and guardians will also find the instructions useful. The textbook has been prepared in a big size with plenty of colourful illustrations to enhance its visual appeal for children. We hope that children will enjoy handling this textbook throughout the year.

The English Language Committee and the artist Reshma Barve have taken great pains to prepare this textbook. A draft of this textbook was reviewed by the panel of English teachers and experts. Their comments and suggestions were considered carefully while finalising the textbook. The Bureau is grateful to all of them.

We hope that the textbook will receive a warm welcome from students, parents and teachers.



(C. R. Borkar)

Director

Maharashtra State Bureau of Textbook
Production and Curriculum Research, Pune.

Pune

Date : 16 March 2014

25 Phalgun 1935

ध्वनिचिन्हे : स्वर

चिन्ह	उदाहरण	चिन्ह	उदाहरण	चिन्ह	उदाहरण
ई	eat / ēt/	ऑ	box / bɔks/	अ	away / 'a'weɪ/
सी	see / sī/	ऑ॒	ball / bɔ॑l/	अ॒	girl / gɪrl/
इ	sit / sɪt/	उ	wool / wʊl/	ए॒	gate / ɡeɪt/
ए	pen / pēn/	ऊ	moon / mu:n/	ओ॒	boat / bo:t/
अ॑	bat / b̥at/	अ॒	up / ʌp/		
आ	father / 'fāðər/		cup / kɒp/		

ध्वनिचिन्हे : व्यंजने

चिन्ह	उदाहरण	चिन्ह	उदाहरण	चिन्ह	उदाहरण
प्	pen / pēn/	फ्	fan / fæn/	ह्	house / hau:s/
ब्	bat / b̥at/	व्ह	van / v̥æn/	म्	man / mən/
ट्	tea / tī/	थ्	thorn / θɔ:n/	न्	name / ne:m/
ड्	dog / ڈॉग/	द्	this / dis/	ंग्	sing / sɪŋg/
क्	cat / k̥at/	श्	sheep / ſhi:p/	क्	sink / ſɪŋk/
ग्	go / گो: /	ڙ	measure / ڻeɪʃər/	ل्	look / lu:k/
چ्	cheek / چੀک/	س्	seat / si:t/	ર्	red / red/
જ्	June / جو:n/	ڙ্	zip / ڙi:p/	ي्	yes / yes/

- यातील 5 हे चिन्ह स्वर दीर्घ आहे असे दाखवते. ● अ आणि अ मध्ये फरक असा, की अ हा स्वर साधा आहे; तर अ हा जोर देऊन म्हणायचा स्वर आहे. उदा., कप्, बस्, ट्रक्.
- झ् हा 'झेंडा'मधला, तर झ् 'झबल्या'तला. ● (') हे चिन्ह शब्दावरील आघात दाखवते. आवश्यक तेथे शब्दांत व वाक्यांत तो दाखवला आहे.

इंग्रजी उच्चारणाबाबत

या पुस्तकात देवनागरी लिपीच्या मदतीने इंग्रजी उच्चारण दाखवले आहे. ते केवळ ब्रिटिश किंवा अमेरिकन उच्चारणांचा आदर्श ठेवून दिलेले नाही. सुशिक्षित भारतीय माणसांचे उच्चारण ग्राह्य धरून, शक्यतो प्रमाण इंग्रजी भाषेला जवळचे उच्चारण दिले आहे. मात्र, इंग्रजी भाषा समजण्यास अडचण येईल असे बदल स्वीकारलेले नाहीत. याच भूमिकेतून इंग्रजी द्विस्वरांचे उच्चारणही दाखवले आहे. इंग्रजी t, d, th, f, v, w यांचे उच्चार भारतीय भाषांत वेगळे आहेत. ते वेगळे दाखवण्याचा प्रयत्न केलेला नाही. शब्दांचा योग्य उच्चार करता येण्यासाठी इंग्रजीतील आघात (stress) समजणे, शिकणे आवश्यक आहे. या बाबी प्रयत्नपूर्वक शिकल्या, तर इंग्रजी बोलण्यात सफाई येईल. या पुस्तकातील ध्वनिचिन्हे वापरलेली ध्वनिचिन्हे येथील तक्त्यात दाखवली आहेत. त्यांचा संदर्भ घेऊन पुस्तकात दिल्याप्रमाणे शब्दांचे, कवितांचे उच्चारण करावे. ध्वनिलेखन हे उच्चारण शिकण्यासाठी उपयुक्त साधन असले तरी चांगले उच्चारण प्रत्यक्ष प्रयत्नांनीच साध्य होईल हे लक्षात घ्यावे.

शिक्षकांशी हितगुज

- हे पुस्तक शिकवण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी प्रथम ते संपूर्ण नजरेखालून घालावे. बन्याच पानांवर शिक्षकांसाठी चौकटीत काही सूचना दिल्या आहेत, त्यांचा त्या त्या वेळी उपयोग करावा.
- पुस्तकातील खेळ एकदाच न घेता, वर्षभर पुन्हा-पुन्हा घ्यावे.
- वर्गात वापरण्याच्या बन्याच सूचना पाठ्यपुस्तकात इंग्रजी व मराठी अशा दोन्ही भाषांतून दिल्या आहेत. मात्र मुलांना इंग्रजी सूचनांची सवय होईल असे पहावे आणि मराठीचे प्रमाण कमी करत न्यावे.
- कविता चालीवर / ठेक्यात व हावभावांसह म्हणून घ्याव्यात. त्यांतील इंग्रजी शब्दांचे उच्चार स्पष्ट व योग्य होतील हे पहावे. जोड्या / गट करून संवादांचा सराव घ्यावा.
- शब्दांची ओळख करून देण्यासाठी चित्रे, प्रत्यक्ष वस्तू, हावभाव, कृती यांचा वापर करावा. त्याचप्रमाणे संदर्भावरून शब्दाचा अर्थ समजून घेण्यास उत्तेजन द्यावे.
- नेहमीच्या वापरातील इंग्रजी शब्दांकडे मुलांचे लक्ष वेधावे. वर्गात संवादांचा सराव करताना त्यांचा उपयोग करायला प्रोत्साहन द्यावे. परिसरातील इंग्रजी शब्दांकडे मुलांचे लक्ष वेधावे. शालेय परिसरात, वर्गात, मुलांना जाता-येता दिसतील अशा प्रकारे इंग्रजी शब्द, सूचना, नावे लावून ठेवावी.
- मुलांनी सतत पूर्ण वाक्यांत बोलणे अपेक्षित नाही. १ - २ शब्दांत तसेच कृती / हावभावांतून दिलेली उत्तरेही स्वीकारावीत.
- मुलांच्या चुकांवर बोट ठेवू नये किंवा त्यांना बोलण्याचा प्रयत्न करत असताना थांबवू नये. त्यांच्या चुका होऊ नयेत, यासाठी आधुनिक तंत्रज्ञानाचा वापर करून योग्य उच्चार व वाक्प्रयोगांचे नमुने त्यांच्यासमोर ठेवावे.



प्रत्येक पानावरील

मजकुराचा वापर मुख्यतः
कशासाठी करायचा आहे, हे
दाखवण्यासाठी पुढील चित्रे
वापरली आहेत. त्यानुसार
मुलांचा सहभाग घ्यावा.

ऐकणे



बोलणे



वाचणे



लिहिणे



संवाद करणे



- मुलांनी स्वतःच्या मनाने इंग्रजी शब्द, वाक्ये तयार करावी, वापरावी, यासाठी त्यांना प्रोत्साहन द्यावे. मात्र या टप्प्यावर स्वतंत्रपणे व्याकरण शिकवणे अपेक्षित नाही. मुलांना इंग्रजी भाषेचे वक्ण सहजतेने आत्मसात व्हावे याकरिता पुस्तकातील सर्व कृती पुरेसा वेळ देऊन करून घ्याव्यात.
- शब्दांची ओळख पक्की होण्यासाठी 'A Garden of Words' मधील कृतींचा व खेळांचा नियमित व भरपूर उपयोग करावा.
- शिक्षकांनी पुस्तकातील कथा, नाटके, आवाजातील चढउतारांसह वाचून दाखवावी. मुलांनीही तो मजकूर पुस्तकात पाहून शिक्षकांच्या पाठोपाठ म्हणावा म्हणजे, हळूहळू सलग वाचनाची सवय वाढेल.
- प्रत्येक युनिटमध्ये दिलेला 'Project' प्रत्येक मुलाकडून करून घ्यावा. हे Projects शिक्षक व पालकांनी करायचे नसून मुलांनी करायचे आहेत. त्यामुळे प्रत्येकाच्या नोंदीमध्ये वेगळेपण दिसेल. मुलांकडे त्याची स्वतंत्र वही/फाईल ठेवावी. ती वेळोवेळी तपासून प्रोत्साहन/मार्गदर्शन द्यावे.
- प्रत्येक युनिटच्या शेवटी 'हे मला येते' या शीर्षकाखाली काही मुद्दे दिले आहेत. ते ते युनिट शिक्षकून झाल्यावर मुलांना नेमके काय-काय यायला हवे, हे त्यात स्पष्ट केले आहे. त्यामुळे मूल्यापन प्रक्रियेत मुलांचा डोळस सहभाग घेणे आणि आवश्यक त्या बाबींचा अधिक सराव घेणे शिक्षक व पालकांना सोपे जाईल. मात्र मुलांचा आत्मविश्वास वाढेल अशा प्रकारेच या मुद्द्यांचा उपयोग करावा.

शाबासकी ...मुलांचे कौतुकही इंग्रजीतून करा.

- That's a good girl. • That's a good boy.
- Well done! • Right! • Correct!
- Excellent! • Very good! • That's nice!

My English Book Four—Standard Four – Learning Outcomes

Suggested Pedagogical Processes	Learning Outcomes
<p>The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/groups/ individually and encouraged to—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • participate in role play, enactment, dialogue and dramatisation of stories read and heard • listen to simple instructions, announcements in English made in class/school and act accordingly • participate in classroom discussions on questions based on the day-to-day life and texts he/she already read or heard • learn English through posters, charts, etc., in addition to books and children's literature • read independently and silently in English, adventure stories, travelogues, folk/fairy tales etc. • understand different forms of writing (informal letters, lists, stories, diary entry etc.) • learn grammar in a functional, contextual and integrated manner and frame grammatically correct sentences • notice the use of nouns, pronouns, adjectives, prepositions and verbs in speech and writing and in different language activities. • notice categories and word clines • enrich vocabulary in English mainly through telling and re-telling stories/folk tales • start using dictionary to find out spelling, reference and meaning • practise reading aloud with pause and intonation, with an awareness of punctuation (full stop, comma, question mark); also use punctuation appropriately in writing • infer the meaning of unfamiliar words from the context • take dictation of words/phrases/sentences/ short paragraphs from known and unknown texts • be sensitive to social and environmental issues such as gender equality, conservation of natural resources, etc. • look at cartoons/pictures/comic strips with or without words and interpret them. • enrich vocabulary through crossword puzzles, word chain, etc. • appreciates verbally and in writing the variety in food, dresses and festivals as read/heard in his/her day-to-day life and story book, seen in videos, films, etc. 	<p>The learners :</p> <p>04.17.01 Listens attentively to announcement and notes the message.</p> <p>04.17.02 Guesses the meaning of words, phrases and sentences from the context.</p> <p>04.17.03 Enjoys and recites poems, songs and rhymes with proper actions, rhythm and appropriate expressions.</p> <p>04.17.04 Participates and enacts in role play, short skits, playlets with interest.</p> <p>04.17.05 Responds and follows simple instructions / announcements / requests in English and acts accordingly.</p> <p>04.17.06 Listens and responds attentively to stories, narrations, descriptions etc. in English and follows the meaning.</p> <p>04.17.07 Reads English seen in the surroundings with understanding and at reasonable speed.</p> <p>04.17.08 Tells/Shares jokes and riddles in English for entertainment.</p> <p>04.17.09 Guesses the meaning of words, phrases, sentences from the context and solves simple crossword puzzles, builds word chain etc.</p> <p>04.17.10 Reads and finds the meaning of new words from a dictionary for reference. Looks up the spelling of words from a dictionary.</p> <p>04.17.11 Listens to word/sentence and writes them down.</p> <p>04.17.12 Uses punctuation marks appropriately in reading aloud with intonation and pauses such as question marks, comma and full stop.</p> <p>04.17.13 Writes informal letters or messages with a meaningful representation.</p> <p>04.17.14 Reads English seen in the surroundings with understanding and reasonable speed on the classroom walls, notice boards, in posters and in advertisements.</p> <p>04.17.15 Uses noun, verb, adjective and preposition in speech and writing.</p> <p>04.17.16 Understands and use proper greetings and farewells.</p> <p>04.17.17 Participates in a conversation and speaks briefly on a familiar topic.</p> <p>04.17.18 Reads and understands map and graphics.</p> <p>04.17.19 Reads text written by different people.</p> <p>04.17.20 Compares various programmes with some preparation.</p> <p>04.17.21 Writes a continuous and meaningful passage.</p> <p>04.17.22 Writes a description of a given process.</p> <p>04.17.23 Describes things, pictures, events, etc. in English using simple and short sentences.</p>

CONTENTS

Unit One

- An Action Song
- Circles – 1
- Words from Letters
- A Garden of Words
- One at a Time
- Four Things about me
- **Raindrops**
- A Guessing Game
- In the Park
- Action Words and Phrases



Page

1
2-3
4-5
6
7-8
9
10
11
12-13
14



Unit Two

- **Row your boat.**
- A Garden of Words
- The Hare and the Tortoise
- Categories
- To the Market
- Munnu's Maths
- Circles – 2
- A Team of Workers
- **Fresh Food**
- In a Biscuit Factory
- Let's talk.



Page

15
16
17-20
20 P
21
22-23
24
25-28
29
30-31
32 P

Unit Three

- Time Poems
- A Garden of Words
- The sky is falling!
- Responses
- A Recipe
- Something Special
- From the Postbox – 1
- How Birds Fly
- **Little Brown Sparrows**
- Circles – 3
- Namita Didi's Time-table



Page

33
34
35-37
38
39
40
41 P
42-43
44
45
46-47

Unit Four

- Good Habits
- Word Building
- A Garden of Words
- Maya's Dream
- Building Sentences
- Messages
- From the Postbox – 2
- Group Telephone
- **Clouds**
- The Man who Cried Wolf
- Minding the Class



Unit Five

- Change
- Changing Sentences
- A Garden of Words
- The Golden Fish
- Circles – 4
- From the Postbox – 3
- At the Bottom of the Ocean
- A Visit to a Garden
- Riddles



Unit Six

- An Action Rhyme
- The Kingdom of Plants
- I want to tell you...
- A Garden of Words
- A Never-ending Story
- **Five Fluffy Little Robins**
- Good Manners
- Order, order!
- Time to Laugh

Page

77 P
78-79
80
81
82-84
85
86
87
88



P : Project

An
Action
Song



Listen and repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका आणि म्हणा. मोळ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



**Unit
One**



... join hands together



We'll all join in a circle,
We'll all join in a circle,
We'll all join in a circle,
And sing a song or two.

...



... clap hands together

We'll all sit down together,
We'll all sit down together,
We'll all be quiet together,
Now our singing is through.



... dance together

वील् 'अॅडल् 'जॉइन् इन् अ 'सडकल्
अॅन् 'सिंग् अ 'साँग् अॅ 'टू

वील् 'अॅडल् बी 'क्वायट् टु'गेदृ
नाव् आवर् 'सिंगिंग् इझ् 'थ्रू



... turn round together



... sit down together



... be quiet together



मुलांचे गट करून किंवा पूर्ण वर्गाला गोलात उभे करून हे गाणे चालीवर म्हणून घ्यावे. पहिल्या कडव्यातील 'join in a circle' ऐवजी चित्रांत दाखवलेले तसेच इतर पर्याय वापरावे. वेगवेगळ्या 'actions' ची वेगवेगळी कडवी झाल्यावर शेवटचे कडवे घ्यावे.



1. Listen carefully and act.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि त्याप्रमाणे कृती करा.



Teacher :

Form groups of ten.

Each group should stand in a circle.

One child in the circle will say, 'One'.

The second child will say, 'Two'.

The third child will say, 'Three'.

Continue like this up to the tenth child,
who will say, 'Ten'.

Now say the numbers faster and faster.



Now 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 will step inside.

They will form another circle inside.

The two circles will stand facing each other.

Children facing each other will shake hands.

Now the inner/outer circle will turn right
and start moving.

Walk on till you come to the next child
and shake hands with him or her.

Then walk on and shake hands with the next child.

Stop when you come back to your first partner.

Give each other a high-five.



एकदा आतल्या व एकदा बाहेरच्या वर्तुळातील मुलांनी फिरून क्रमाक्रमाने नवीन जोड्या करून परत पहिल्या जोडीदाराकडे यायचे. या सर्व पायऱ्या गडबडगोंधळ न करता सर्व मुलांना सहज करता येईपर्यंत सराव घ्यावा.



2. Listen, learn and speak.

ऐका, शिका आणि बोला.



Teacher : Now we will use these two circles to practise English dialogues, in five different pairs.
Ready?



Dialogue 1

A : Hello.
B : Hello.
A : How are you ?
B : I'm fine. Thank you.
How are you ?
A : Fine. Thanks.

Dialogue 3

A : Where do you live ?
B : I live in Ambajogai .
A : Where in Ambajogai ?
B : Near Yogeshwari temple .
Behind the Tehsil office /
in Guruwar Peth /
on Mandi Bazar Road ...

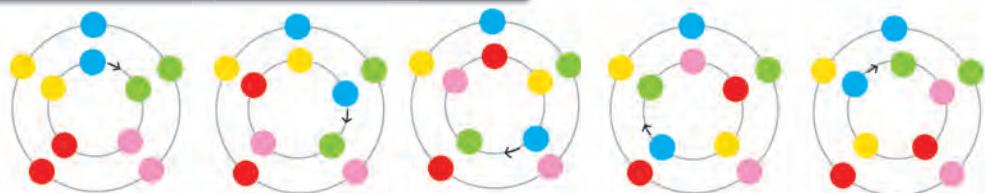
Dialogue 2

A : What's your name ?
B : Ravi . Tell me your name,
please.
A : Chandrashekhar . You can
call me Chandu .

Dialogue 4

A : Bye, bye.
Have a nice day.
B : Bye. See you.
Have a nice day.

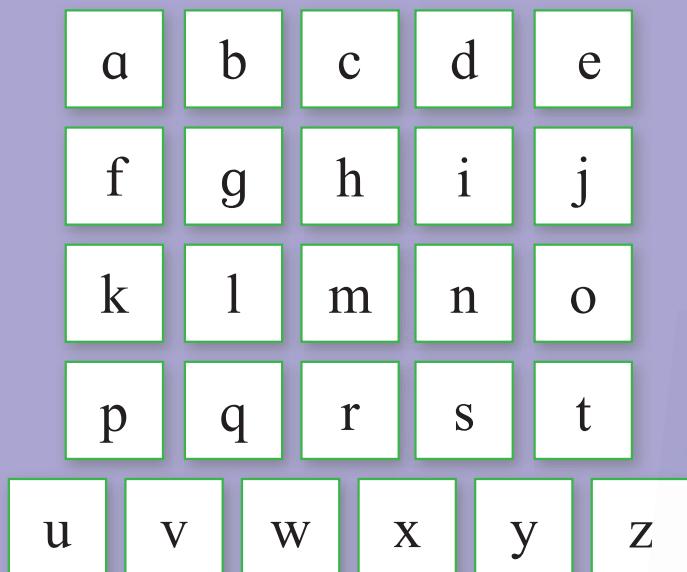
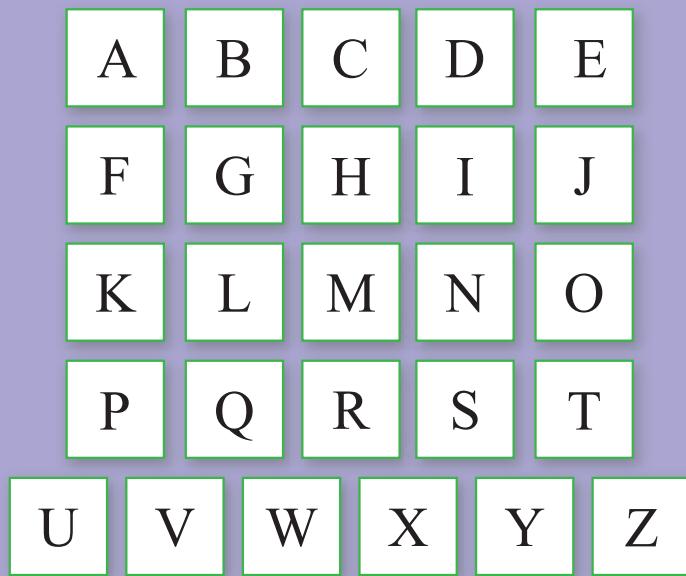
मुलांनी दोन वर्तुळांत समोरासमोर उभे राहून पूर्ण संवाद करावा. नंतर एक वर्तुळातील मुलांनी पुढील जोडीदाराकडे जावे आणि पुन्हा त्याच संवादाचा सराव करावा. पूर्ण वर्तुळ फिरेपर्यंत असे करावे. निळ्या चौकटीतील शब्दांऐवजी मुलांनी स्वतःची माहिती द्यावी.





1. Read aloud the names of the letters on the cards.

कार्डावरील इंग्रजी अक्षरांची नावे मोठ्याने वाचा.



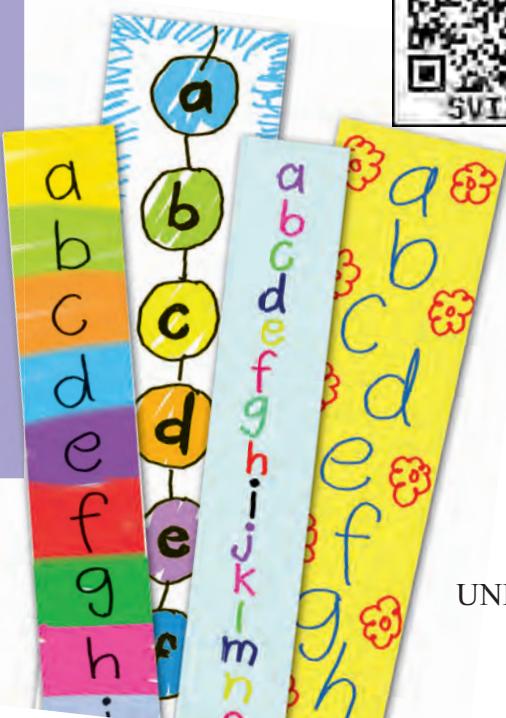
कार्डशीटच्या उभ्या पट्टीवर 'a' ते 'z' अक्षरे क्रमाने लिहून 'बुक-मार्क' तयार करा. असे रंगीत 'बुक-मार्क' तयार करून इतरांना भेट द्या.

2. Say the names of the letters 'a' to 'z' in alphabetical order.



3. Form pairs. Say 'a-z' in pairs, in different ways.

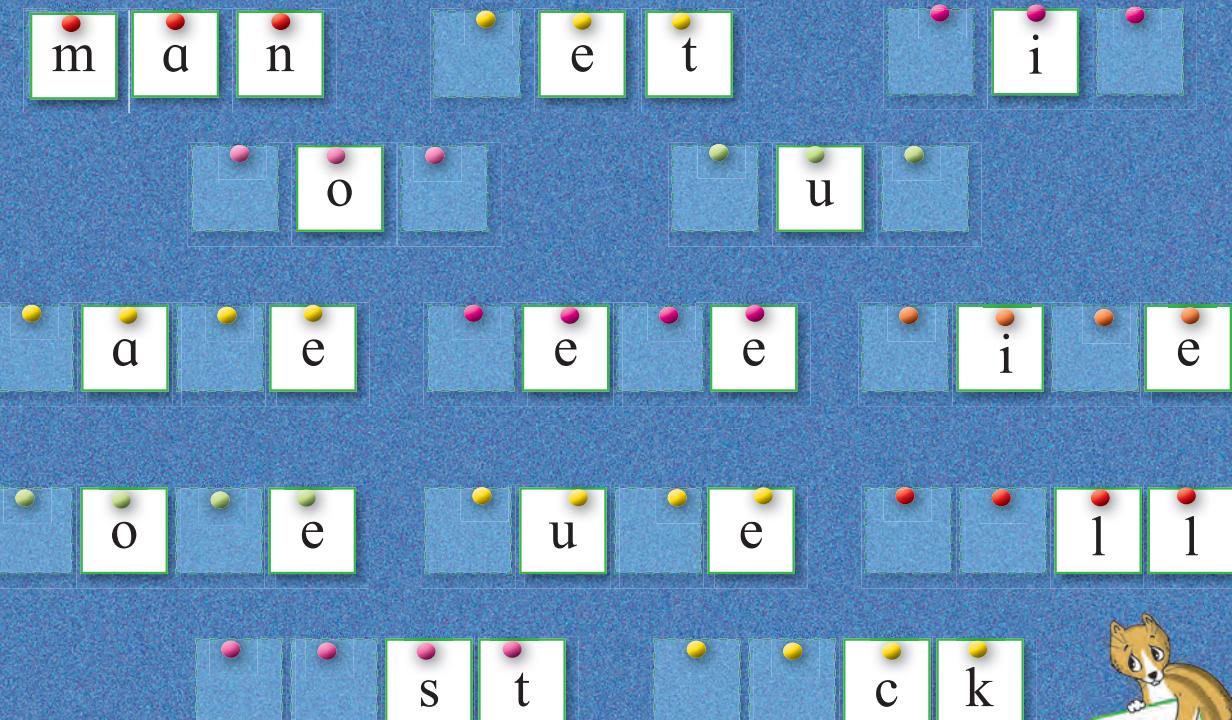
- * a - b, c - d, e - f,
g - h, i - j, k - l,
- * ab - cd, ef - gh, ij - kl,
mn - op,
- * a - 1, b - 2, c - 3,
d - 4, e - 5,
- * a - z, b - y,
c - x, ..., m - n.





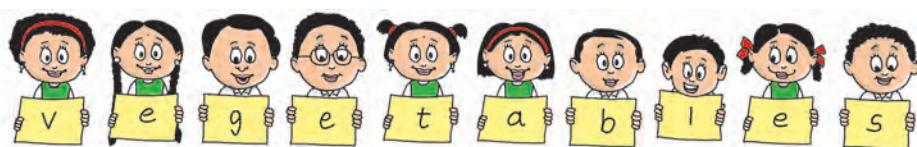
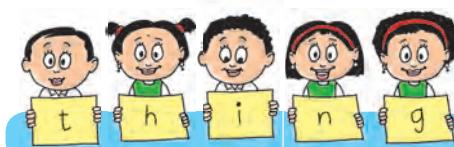
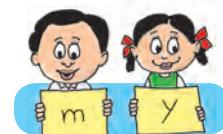
4. Use the letter cards to form words.

अक्षरकार्ड जुळवून शब्द तयार करा.



5. Form groups. Try to make the longest word you can.

Present the word in the classroom, holding the cards in the correct order.



वर्गातील प्रत्येक मुलाला
एक कार्ड द्यावे. मुलांनी
आपसात विचारणा करून
लवकरात लवकर शब्द
तयार करून त्यानुसार गटात
उभे राहण्याचा खेळ घ्यावा.

मुलांचे गट करून¹
त्यांना भरपूर अक्षर-²
कार्ड असणारे संच
द्यावे आणि गटात³
शब्द जुळवण्याचा खेळ
घ्यावा. मोठ्यांत मोठा⁴
शब्द तयार करण्यास
प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.



6. Write down your name. Then write a word beginning with each letter in your name.



A GARDEN OF WORDS



a	easily	many	said	time
and	five	more	shall	to
at	gave	not	she	too
began	hand	now	smile	took
but	her	of	smiled	two
came	I	one	some	wanted
come	in	only	take	was
could	it	out	ten	what
cry	liked	put	the	will
do	looked	quickly	there	would



1. Listen carefully and tick off the words in your chart.

* and * but * one * five * ten * will * liked
 * took * cry * it * do * put * there * now



2. Find all the three-letter words
and copy them in your notebook.



3. Read the word. From any poem, say a line that has the word.

Example : began : And they began to cry.



* and * her * one * some * will



वरील तक्त्यातील प्रत्येक शब्दासाठी 8 x 4 cm किंवा अन्य आकारात जाड कागदाची कार्डे प्रत्येक मुलाकडून करून घ्यावीत. ती मुलांजवळच ठेवावीत. इंग्रजीच्या तासाव्यतिरिक्त एव्हीही गटात किंवा एकट्याने खेळण्याजोगे अनेक सोपे खेळ या कार्डाच्या मदतीने घेता येतील. प्रत्येक मुलाला चांगल्या प्रकारे स्वतः लिहिलेला शब्द वारंवार व वेगवेगळ्या संदर्भात हाताळायला मिळणे महत्त्वाचे आहे. कार्डावरील शब्द चार रेघांत लिहिण्याची आवश्यकता नाही.

- तक्त्यातील व कार्डावरील शब्द मुलांकडून वाचून घ्यावे. 1. शिक्षकांनी पुस्तकात दिलेल्या क्रमापेक्षा वेगळ्या क्रमाने सावकाश एकेक शब्द सांगावा. मुलांनी आपल्या पुस्तकात/कार्डमधून तो शब्द शोधावा. 3. मुले जे शब्द तोंडी शिकली, त्यांची लेखन-वाचनात योग्य त्या संदर्भासह उजळणी व्हावी असा या स्वाध्यायाचा हेतू आहे. शब्द ऐकून किंवा कार्डावरील शब्द पाहून मुलांनी कोणत्याही कवितेतील तो शब्द असणारी ओळ म्हटली तरी चालेल. (त्यासाठी शिक्षकांनी तिसरीपर्यंत झालेल्या सर्व कविता माहीत करून घेणे आवश्यक आहे.) मुलांचे गट/जोड्या करून नंतरही या स्वाध्यायाचा नियमित वापर करावा.

One at a
Time



1. Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



Priya liked sweets.
Her Granny had a jar
full of sweets.
She gave Priya
one sweet at a time.
But Priya wanted more.
Many, many more.



She quickly put her hand in the jar of sweets.
She took one, two, five, ten, many.
But her hand was stuck in the jar.
She could not take it out.
She began to cry.
“Oh, what shall I do ?”
“Let go of the sweets,”
said her Granny.



Priya let go of some sweets.
Still, her hand would not come out.
She let go of some more sweets.
Now there was only one in her hand.
Her hand came out of the jar easily.



She began to smile,
and looked at her Granny.
Granny smiled too. Priya said,
“Now I will take only one at a time !”

•••





2. Listen and read aloud.



- * Oh, what shall I do ?
- * What shall I take ?
- * What shall I say ?

प्रत्येक वाक्य वेगवेगळे हावभाव करून सादर करण्याची संधी मुलांना द्यावी. इतर छोटी, सोपी वाक्ये वापरूनही असा सराव घ्यावा. सादीकरण अर्थपूर्ण वाटेल, अशीच वाक्ये निवडावी.



- Present each sentence to show all these emotions.

happy

angry

sad

afraid

Oh, what shall
I do ?



3. Read aloud and remember. Copy the sentences in your notebook.



- * I will eat all vegetables. * I will not waste water.
- * I will help my friends. * I will take care of my things.



4. Look at the pictures. Read the words and write 'one' or 'many'.

..... cat



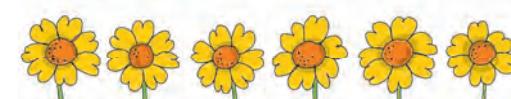
..... cats

..... mouse



..... mice

..... flower



..... flowers

..... leaf



..... leaves

Four Things about me

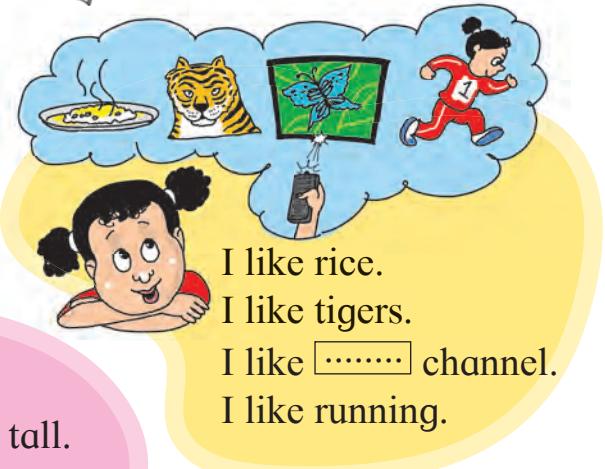


1. Listen and read aloud.

एका आणि मोठ्याने वाचा.



I am Sakshi.
I am nine years old.
I am 130 centimetres tall.
I am in Standard Four.



I have a red pen, two blue pencils, an orange sharpener and a white eraser.



I can draw a hut.
I can read a few English words.
I can sing a song.
I can swim.



Every day, I brush my teeth, take a bath, read for some time and play for some time.



2. Now use the following frames to tell us about yourself.

दिलेले नमुने वापरून आता स्वतःबदूदल बोला.

I am

.....
.....
.....



I like

.....
.....
.....



I have.....

.....
.....
.....



I can.....

.....
.....
.....



Every day,
I

.....
.....
.....



Raindrops



1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



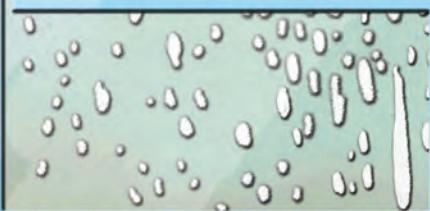
TAPES1

Oh, where do you come from,
You little drops of rain,
Pitter-patter, pitter-patter,
Down the windowpane?

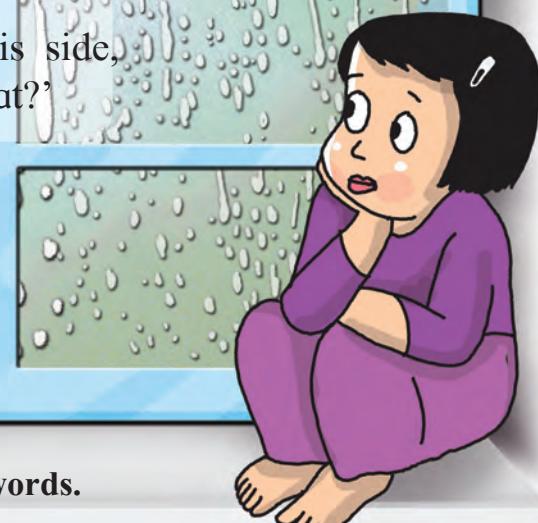
Tell me, little raindrops,
Is that the way you play?
Pitter-patter, pitter-patter,
All the rainy day?

I sit here at the window;
I've nothing else to do;
Oh, I wish that I could play,
This rainy day, with you!

The little raindrops cannot speak,
But 'pitter-patter-pat'
Means 'we can play on this side,
Why can't you play on that?'



ओऽ 'वेअर् डु यु 'कम् फ्रॉम्
यु 'लिटल् 'ड्रॉप्स् अब्ह् रिज्
'पिटर् पॅटर् 'पिटर् पॅटर्
'डाउन् द 'विन्डोउपेझ्
'टेल् मि लिटल् रिझन्ड्रॉप्स्
इझ् 'दॅट द 'वेड यु 'प्लेड
'पिटर् पॅटर् 'पिटर् पॅटर्,
'आँडल् द रिझनि 'डेड
आय् 'सिट् हिअर अट् द 'विन्डोउ
आयब्ह् नविथिंग् 'एल्स् टु 'हू
ओ आय् 'विश् दॅट 'आय् कुड् 'प्लेड
दिस् रिझनि 'डेड विथ् 'यु
द लिटल् रिझन्ड्रॉप्स् कॅनट् 'स्पीक्
बट् 'पिटर् 'पॅटर् 'पॅट
मीन्झ् 'वी कन् 'प्लेड ऑन् दिस् 'साइड्
बाय् कान्ट् 'यु 'प्लेड ऑन् 'दॅट



2. Read aloud the following sound words.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|
| * pitter-patter | * tring-tring | * zoom-zoom | * bow-wow |
| * ding-dong | * beep-beep-beep | * waa-waa-waa | |



- What other words come to your mind on reading each word ?
Write them down.

Example : pitter-patter – rain, raindrops, water, small, fall, cool, etc.

A Guessing Game



Listen carefully. Read the sentences in 'B' with me and play this game.
लक्षपूर्वक ऐका. 'B' मधील वाक्ये
माझ्याबरोबर वाचा आणि हा खेळ खेला.



चित्र ओळखताना मुलांना 'B' मधील वाक्यांवरजी प्रश्नही विचारता येतील.
उदा., Is it white?
Does it quack? etc.

Teacher : Form pairs.

Now, choose any picture from Table A.

Write the English word for it on a small piece of paper and fold it.
Let your friend guess the word with the help of the sentences in B.
When he/she guesses correctly, show the word.

A



B

It is white.
It quacks.

It grows
on a tree.

It shines in
the sky.
It is hot.

She gives
us milk.

It rhymes
with 'pup'.

It is green.
It flies.

They are
small.
They bite.

It has four
legs and a
top.

They fly
in the sky.

It has a
trunk and
two big ears.

We cut
vegetables
with it.

It has three
blades.

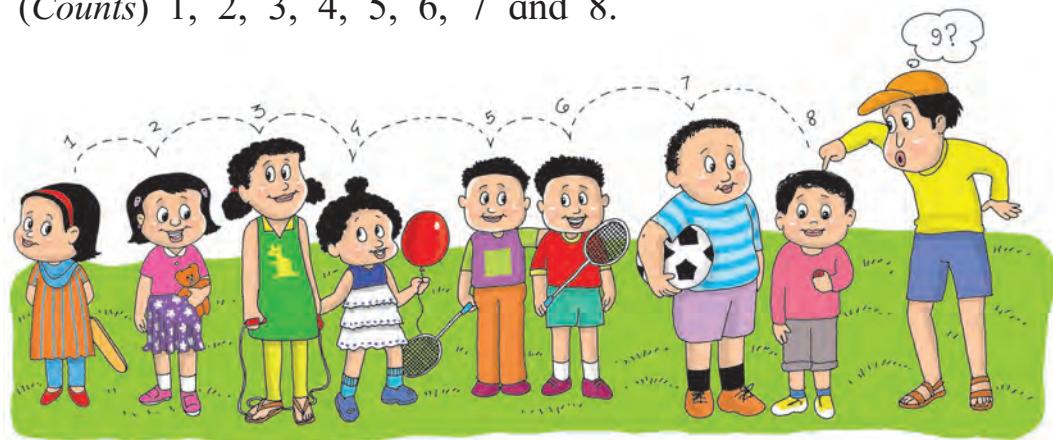


Listen carefully, read with me and enact.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका, माझ्याबोरोबर वाचा आणि हावभावांसह सादर करा.



Ishan : Come on, little friends !
It's time to go back home.
Come here – and let me count.
There should be nine children in all.
(Counts) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.



Where's the ninth child ? Let me see again.
Isha-Nisha, Babali-Papali, Ricky-Vicky, Gotu-Chhotu –
Then who is missing? Oh, I'm so worried!
(A lady passes by.)

Aunty, please help us.
Please count and tell us how many we are.

Aunty : (Counts) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.
Nine. You are nine in all.

Ishan : Oh ! Thank you, thank you so much.
So, the naughty child has come back.
Good. Let me count again.
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8!
What! Eight again!
Someone is missing again.
(The other children start giggling. A man passes by.)

Uncle, please help us.
Please count and tell us how many we are.



Uncle : (Counts) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.
I see nine children in all.

Ishan : (Sighs.) That's all right then.
Come on, Isha-Nisha, Babali-Papali,
Gotu-Chhotu, Ricky-Vicky.
1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8!
What! This is too much!
The ninth child is missing again!
What a naughty child!
(*The other children start giggling.*)

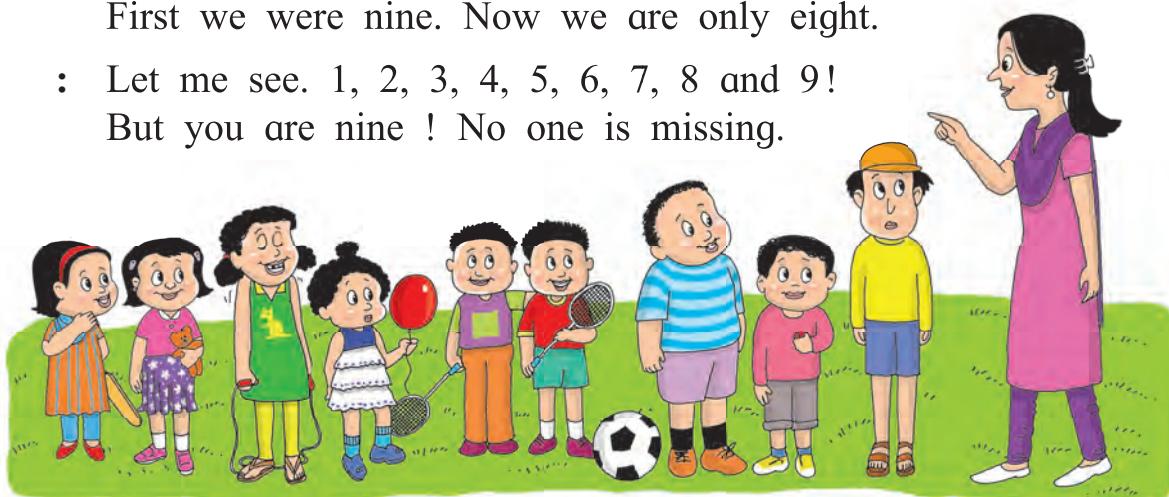


Oh, no! What shall I do ?
I am the oldest. Everyone will scold me.
And I don't even know who is missing.
(*Didi walks in.*)

Didi : Hello, everybody!
Coming back home? Let's go together.

Ishan : Didi, Didi, there's a problem. One of us is missing.
First we were nine. Now we are only eight.

Didi : Let me see. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9!
But you are nine ! No one is missing.



Ishan : So, that naughty child has come back again!
When I count, this naughty child runs away.
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8! See!

Didi : Yes! I see.
And I also see one more child
who forgets to count himself!

Ishan : Oh, no! (Laughs.)
How silly of me! (Everyone laughs.)



Action Words and Phrases



Listen, read and speak.

ऐका, वाचा आणि बोला.



Teacher :

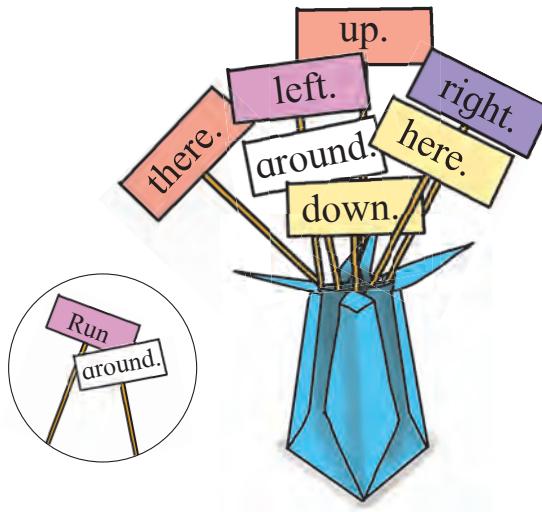
Form pairs.

Select one word

from each basket at a time
and make meaningful
sentences.

Then present at least ten
sentences.

For example, 'Run around.'



मुलांच्या जोड्या करून शब्दकार्डांच्या मदतीने हा खेळ घ्यावा.

Teacher :

Form groups of four.

Choose one word

from each tower
and make meaningful
sentences.

Write the words on
big sheets of paper
and show your sentences
to the class.

I	found	a	pencil.
We	saw	an	pencils.
You	got	some	orange.
He	ate	a few	oranges.
She	took	many	tiger.
It	gave		tigers.
They			

या कृतींचा सराव झाल्यानंतर मुलांना स्वतःच्या मनाचे शब्द घालून वाक्ये तयार करण्यास प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.



हे मला येते.



- इंग्रजीतून तोंडी दिलेल्या सोप्या सूचना समजतात.
- या युनिटमधील कविता हावभावांसह म्हणता येतात.
- इंग्रजीतील काही संवाद सहजतेने करता येतात.
- इंग्रजीतील सर्व कॅपिटल व स्मॉल अक्षरे (a-z) ओळखता, वाचता येतात. लिहिता येतात.
- इंग्रजीतील काही छोटे शब्द पाहून तसेच स्वतःच्या मनाने लिहिता येतात.
- यापूर्वी शिकलेली इंग्रजी वाक्ये, कवितांच्या ओळी आठवून सांगता येतात.
- स्वतःबद्दल इंग्रजीतून ३-४ वाक्ये सांगता येतात.
- इंग्रजीतील छोटी, सोपी वाक्ये वाचता येतात. बोलता येतात. तयार करता येतात.
- थोड्या सरावानंतर इंग्रजी नाटकात भाग येतो.

Row
your
boat.



1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



Unit Two



Row, row, row your boat
Gently down the stream,
Merrily, merrily, merrily.
Life is but a dream.

'रोड 'रोड 'रोड यॉजू 'बोडट्
'जेन्टलि 'डाउन् द 'स्ट्रीम्
'मेरिलि 'मेरिलि 'मेरिलि 'मेरिलि
'लाइफ इझू 'बट् अ 'ड्रीम्



2. Tell other words that rhyme with the following words.

खालील शब्दांशी यमक जुळणारे इतर शब्द सांगा.

* row * boat * down * stream * life * but

हे इंग्रजीतील एक लोकप्रिय गाणे आहे. वर्गाचे चार गट करावे. प्रथम फक्त पहिल्या गटाने कविता म्हणायला सुरुवात करावी. त्यांची पहिली ओळ म्हणून झाली, की दुसऱ्या गटाने कविता सुरू करावी. त्यांची पहिली ओळ म्हणून झाल्यावर चौथ्या गटाने सुरू करावी. पहिल्या गटाची संपूर्ण कविता म्हणून झाल्यानंतर पहिल्या गटापासून कविता म्हणायचे क्रमाने थांबवत जावे.



A GARDEN OF WORDS



am	feeling	long	red	tree
another	fresh	lovely	run	under
are	full	mango	see	us
ate	good	nap	sleepy	vegetable
behind	have	once	slept	very
carrot	he	patch	slow	walked
did	I'll	race	slowly	white
didn't	leafy	radish	so	wins
eat	let	ran	stop	woke
fast	little	reached	then	you



1. Listen carefully and tick off the words.

* ate * did * eat * full * good * let * long
 * nap * run * stop * tree * very * white * wins



2. Find these words and copy them down.



* Words that end with 'y'. * A word that begins with 'y'.
 * Words that have 'double' letters. * Words that have the 'अ' sound.
 * Words that have **g** **an** **le** **ed** **sl**.



3. Select one word at a time. Look at the word carefully. Then close your eyes and think of the word. Write down the word. Look at it again. Is it right? Look it up in the textbook.
 Learn five words at a time in this way.



वरील प्रत्येक शब्दासाठी 8 x 4 cm किंवा अन्य आकारात जाड कागदाची कार्ड प्रत्येक मुलाकळून करून घ्यावीत व ती मुलांजवळच ठेवावीत. त्या शब्दांवर आधारित येथे दिलेले उपक्रम अशा कार्डाच्या साहाय्याने घेणे अधिक चांगले. वर्गातील अध्यापनाशिवाय इतर वेळीही या उपक्रमांचा गटात/एकठ्याने सराव करण्यास मुलांना प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.

The Hare and the Tortoise

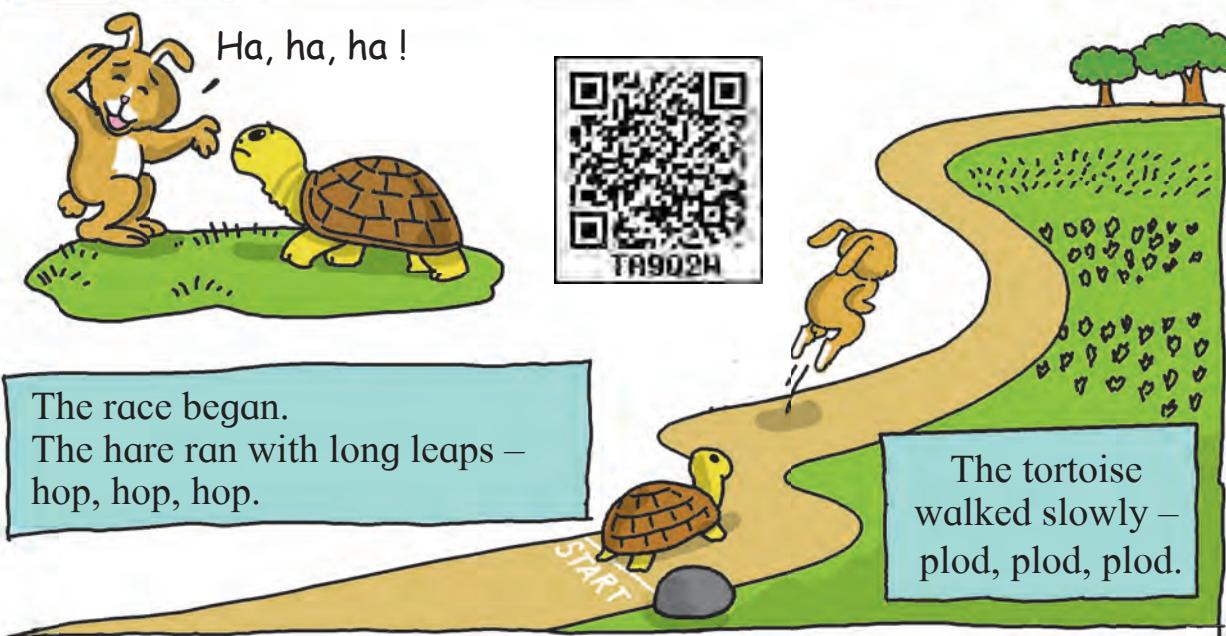
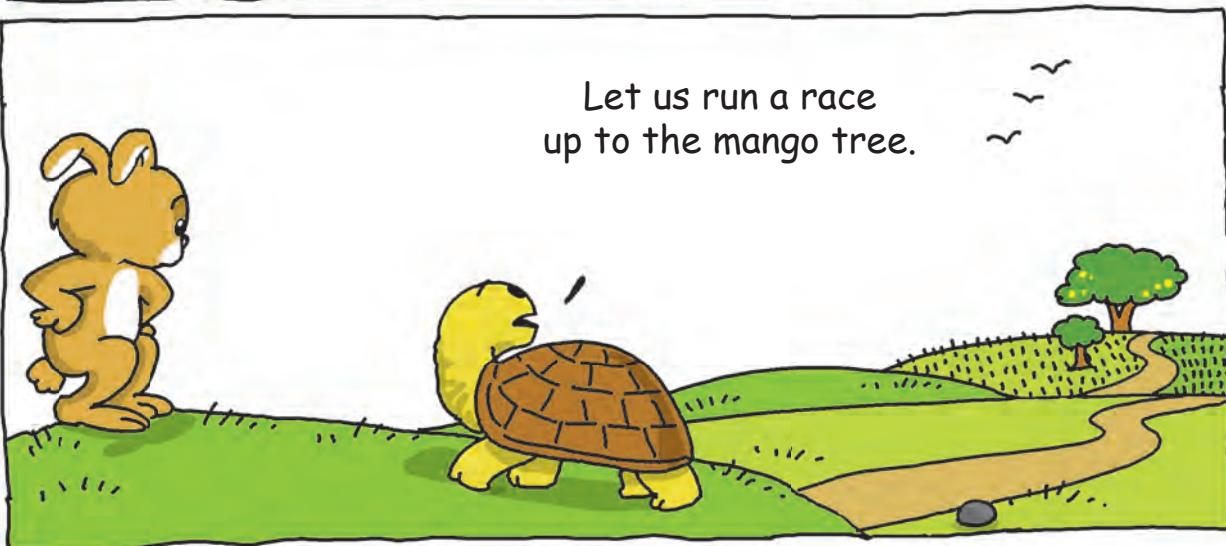
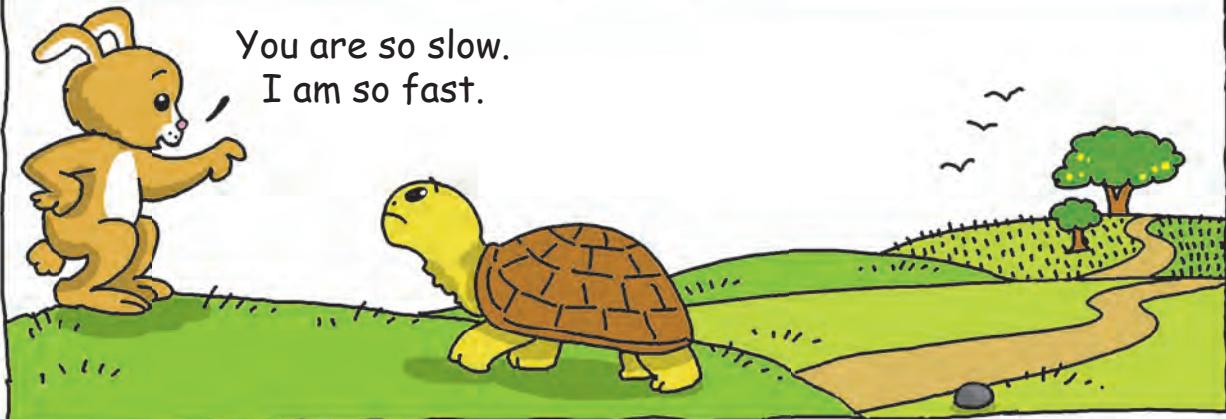


1. Listen and read aloud.

ऐका आणि मोळ्याने वाचा.



Once a hare and a tortoise decided to have a race.



The hare came to a carrot patch.

Yummy ! What lovely red carrots !
The tortoise is far behind.
I'll eat a few carrots.



But he ate a lot
of carrots.

crunch
crunch
crunch



Then the hare came to a radish patch.

Slurp ! What juicy white radishes !
I'll eat only a few.



But he ate up
quite a few.

chomp
chomp
chomp



Then the hare came to another vegetable patch.

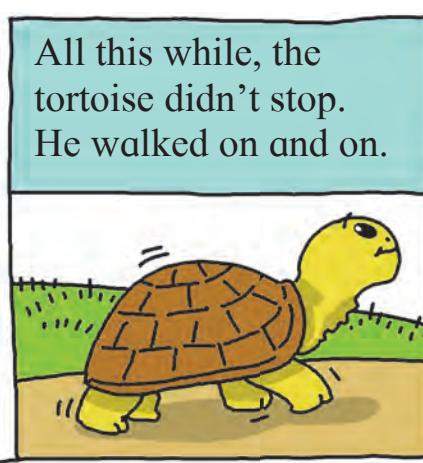
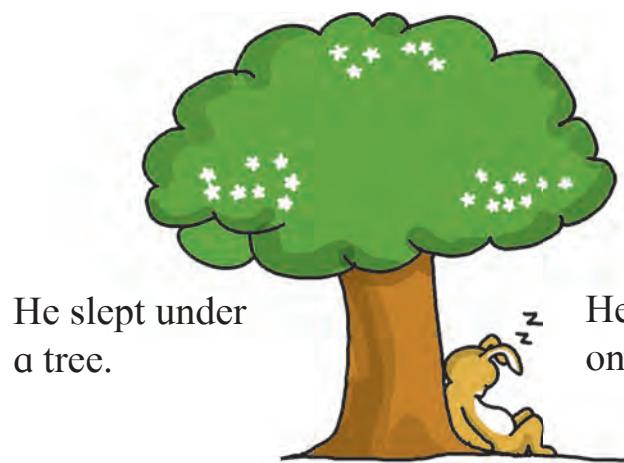
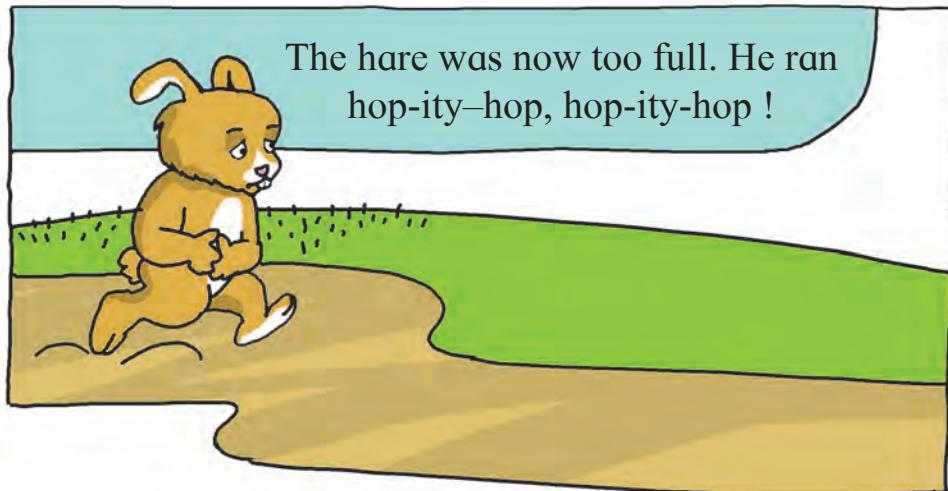
Fresh leafy vegetables !
So good to eat.



So he ate up quite a
few.

munch
munch
munch





या कथेचे नाट्यीकरण करून वर्गात ते सादर करण्याची संधी मुलांना द्यावी.



2. Read the following words aloud and copy them in your notebook.



a	I	he	you	all
this	up	on	of	to



3. Read aloud the following phrases.

- * a few * quite a few * long leaps
- * on and on * all this while * slow but steady
- Find these phrases on pages 17 to 19.

Categories



Find words to complete the following chart and write them in the proper place.

खालील तक्ता पूर्ण करण्यासाठी योग्य शब्द शोधा आणि तक्त्यात लिहा.



Categories First Letter	Something we Eat or Drink	An Animal	A Thing	An Action
a				
b				
c				
p				
t				
m				
w	watermelon	wolf	watch	wipe

Project

Categories

Make a categories chart and try to fill all the columns for all the letters from 'a' to 'z'. List the categories and letters for which you do not find any words. Try to find the words with help of your friends and earlier textbooks.



वरीलप्रमाणे 'categories' तक्ता तयार करून 'a' ते 'z' सर्व अक्षरांसाठी शब्द शोधा.

ज्या 'categories' आणि अक्षरांसाठी शब्द सापडत नाहीत, त्यांची यादी तयार करा.

मित्रमैत्रिंशी बोलून किंवा पहिली ते तिसरीच्या पाठ्यपुस्तकांत ते शब्द मिळतात का पहा.



To the Market



Listen, repeat and read aloud.

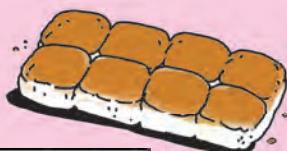
कविता ऐका, म्हणा आणि मोठ्याने वाचा.



Child 1 : I went to the market.
Do you know what I bought ?
Some red shiny apples !
That's what I got.



Child 2 : I went to the market.
Do you know what I bought ?
Some red shiny apples !
A big loaf of bread !
That's what I got.

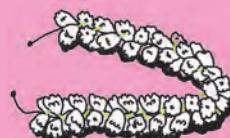


Child 3 : I went to the market.
Do you know what I bought ?
Some red shiny apples !
A big loaf of bread !
A pack of colour pencils !
That's what I got.



Child 4 :

A string of white flowers



A bunch of big bananas



A big jar of honey



A sack of gram flour



A pack of liquid soap



Some juicy ripe mangoes



A pair of blue bangles



- Look at the pictures and words. Use them to add more lines to the poem. You may also make up more lines on your own.



1. Look, listen carefully and act.

पहा. लक्ष्यपूर्वक एका आणि त्यानुसार कृती करा.



Teacher : Now I am going to read aloud a paragraph from your book.
Look at it carefully. It has some pictures and numbers.
I'll read the words and stop at the pictures and numbers.
You have to say the words for them at the right time.
This is how we will read together. Ready ?



A

Munnu's mother told her to go to the market. "I need half a kilo each of and , **3** lemons, a piece of and some . Take this and this **100**-rupee note. Be careful and come back before **5**."

Munnu brought the , the , **4** lemons, and some . "I did not get any " Munnu said. "Never mind !" said her mother.

B

Munnu's Uncle gave her a packet of . Munnu the packet open. There were **12** biscuits in the . Munnu gave **2** of them to her Uncle, **1** to her mother and **1** to her father. She ate herself. Then she gave her and her one biscuit each. Then how many biscuits were left ? Answer : .

Munnu saw some strings of  in the market. She brought **10** strings and counted the  in each. There were **40** flowers in **7** strings, **44** flowers in **2** strings and **36** in the last string. ‘There are **400** flowers in all,’ she said. Is she right ?



C : flowers, ten, flowers, forty, seven, forty-four, two, thirty-six, four hundred.

B : biscuits, cut, twelve, packet, two, one, one, two biscuits, cat, dog, four biscuits.

A : potatoes, tomatoes, three, ginger, chillies, bag, hundred, five, potatoes, tomatoes, four, chillies, ginger.

Answers



2. Make a list of as many things as you can using the table below.

a
two
five

packet
bunch
sacks
kilograms
litres
metres
lump

of

candles	salt
books	flowers
grapes	butter
pencils	flour
oil	cloth
milk	ribbon
sugar	rice



3. Make a shopping list that has 10 things in it.



Listen carefully and practise the dialogues with proper actions.



लक्षपूर्वक ऐका आणि योग्य त्या हावभावांसह संवादांचा सराव करा.

Complaints and Compliments

1.

A : Hello.
Your handwriting is
so neat and tidy.
It really looks nice !

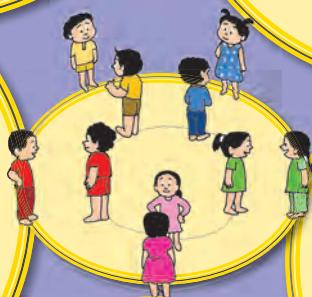
B : Thanks.

2.

A : Did you laugh
at me ?
B : No, I didn't.
A : Yes, you did.
B : Please believe me,
I didn't.

3.

A : Hi ! Would you
like to look at my
picture ?
B : Oh, yes ! I'd love to.
A : Here.
B : Wow !
This is beautiful.



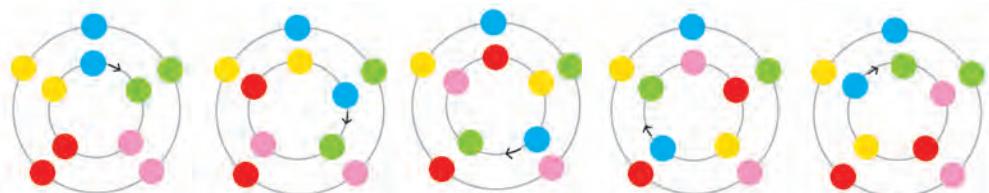
4.

A : You pushed me.
B : So ?
A : Please don't do it.
It hurts.
B : I'm sorry.

5.

A : You sing so well.
Please sing a song.
B : Well, thanks.
But not now.
Some other time.

पान 2 व 3 प्रमाणे सूचना
देऊन दोन वर्तुळांत संवादांचा
सराव घ्यावा.
संवादांतील इंग्रजी वाक्ये
इतर वेळीही योग्य रीतीने
वापरण्यास प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.



A
Team of
Workers



1. Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



All body parts stand together holding hands.

All : Work, work, work!

In the morning,
In the evening,
We are always at work.

During the day,
And even at night,
We are always at work.



Mouth : Hands, come forward
and tell us what you do.

Hands : We lift, we hold, we carry.
We give and we take.
We pull, we push, we put,
A hundred things we make.

We two are a clever pair.
There's nothing that we can't do.



Mouth : Feet, come forward
and tell us what you do.

Feet : We walk, we run, we tap, we dance,
We skip and jump and hop.
We step forward, we turn about,
And just in time, we stop.



Mouth : Eyes, Ears, Nose,
what about you?

Eyes : We open, we close, we read, we blink,
We see things far and near.



Ears : And be it loud, be it soft,
Every sound we hear.

Nose : I breathe day and night.
I can never rest.
I have to smell every smell,
Good or bad or best.
And what about you, Mouth?



Mouth : Oh, you know, I open and shut
and smile.
I speak. I eat. I drink.
I sip. I slurp. I chew and bite.
But do I get any of the food?
No! It all goes to this lazy Belly.
Is it right?
The belly doesn't do any work.

All : That's right.
The belly doesn't do any work.



Belly : That's not right. That's wrong.
I do a lot of work.
But it goes on inside me.
You can't see it. But I do work.



Eyes : Why can't we see it?
It's because you don't do any work.

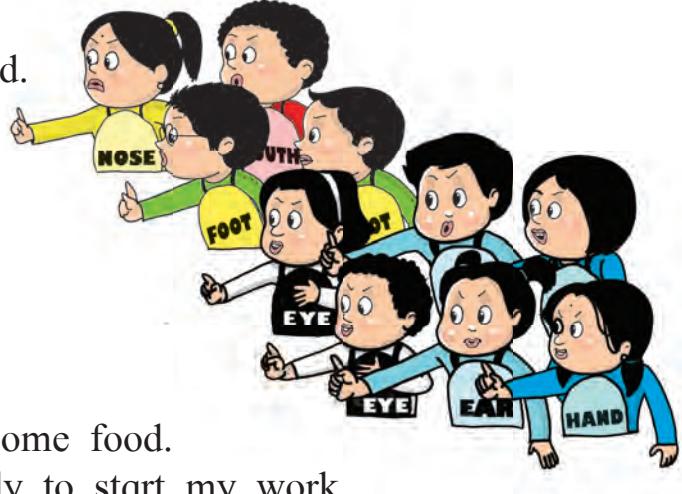
Hands : The only work you do is to grab
all good food.

Feet : You don't move a step.
Why should we work to give you food?

All : We won't work for you.
You won't get any food now.

Belly : Don't do that.
I work for all of us.
We will all suffer
If you don't give me food.

All : Don't try to deceive.
Nothing you will receive.



Three hours later –

Belly : Please get some food.
I'm all ready to start my work.

Others : No means no!
We are all going to relax – just like you!

Belly : Please listen to me.
You must give me food.
I digest it for all of us.

Others : Sorry! Don't try to deceive.
Nothing you will receive.

Two days later –

Belly : How are you, my friends?

Mouth : Oh, I feel so dry.

Hands

and Feet : We feel so weak.

Eyes : We can't see properly.

Ears

and Nose : We feel so tired.

All : What's the matter?
What's wrong with all of us?



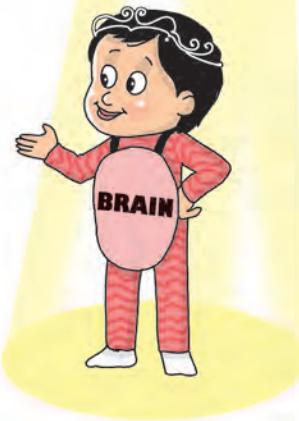
Enter Brain.

Brain : You silly fellows!
Now you have no energy.
What gives you energy?
Food.
Who works on food to give you energy?
Think!

All : Could it be ? Is it the Belly?

Brain : Yes, of course!
Belly digests food and sends energy
to all of you.
Do you understand it now?

All : Yes, yes! Now we know.
This Belly does a lot of work.
Though he does not show it off.
He does important work.



All hold hands and sing together.

Work, work, work!
In the morning,
In the evening,
We are always at work!

• • •

2. Enact the play.



3. Read the following words. From the lesson, find rhyming words for each.



- | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| * take : | * hop : | * you : |
| * near : | * rest : | * bite : |
| * deceive : | | |



4. List the names of all the body parts in this play.

Fresh Food



Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



'रोटी इन् द 'पॅन्
 'रोटी इन् द 'पॅन्
 'पफ 'पफ 'टॉस् 'टॉस्
 'रोटी इन् द 'पॅन्
 'ब्हेजि इन् द 'पॅन्
 'ब्हेजि इन् द 'पॅन्
 'फ्राय् 'ड्राय् 'फ्राय् 'ड्राय्
 'ब्हेजि इन् द 'पॅन्

Roti in the pan,
 Roti in the pan.
 Puff puff, toss toss,
 Roti in the pan.

Veggie in the pan,
 Veggie in the pan.
 Fry dry, fry dry,
 Veggie in the pan.

Salad in the bowl,
 Salad in the bowl.

Crunch, crunch, munch, munch,
 Salad in the bowl.



Milk in the cup,
 Milk in the cup.
 Sip, sip, slurp, slurp,
 Milk in the cup.



'सलड इन् द 'बोळल
 'सलड इन् द 'बोळल
 'क्रन्च 'क्रन्च 'मन्च 'मन्च
 'सलड इन् द 'बोळल
 'मिल्क इन् द 'कप्
 'मिल्क इन् द 'कप्
 'सिप् 'सिप् 'स्लर्प 'स्लर्प
 'मिल्क इन् द 'कप्

या कवितेतील शब्द वापरून
 इतर खाद्यपदार्थाचे एखादे
 कडवे तयार करण्यास मुलांना
 प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.

In a Biscuit Factory



Listen, repeat and read aloud.

एका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा.



A biscuit is so crisp and tasty.
We all love biscuits.
We get different types of biscuits in shops.
They come in colourful packets.
They are made in a factory.
But how are biscuits made in a factory ?
Let's find out.

बिस्किटे तयार करण्याच्या पायऱ्या दाखवणारी वाक्ये फळ्यावर क्रमाने लिहावी. त्यांतील एकेक वाक्य मुलंना पुस्तकात शोधता येते का, ते पहावे.

Get
a recipe.



Get the
ingredients
— things that go
in a biscuit.



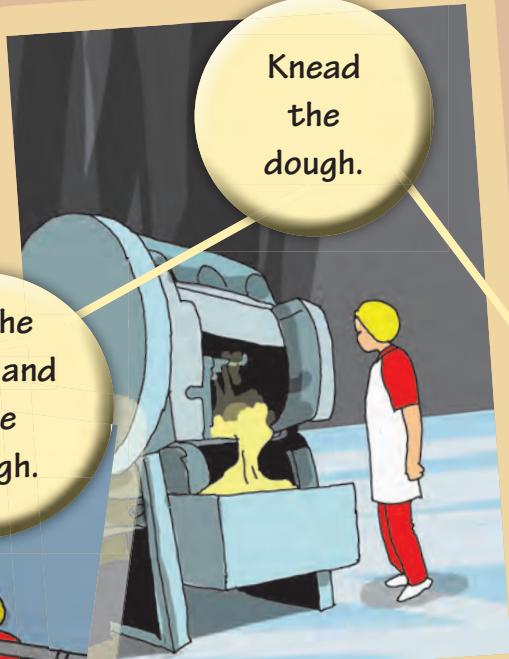
Decide how
much of each
to use —
weigh each
ingredient.



Mix the
things and
make
a dough.



Knead
the
dough.



dough: डोऱ

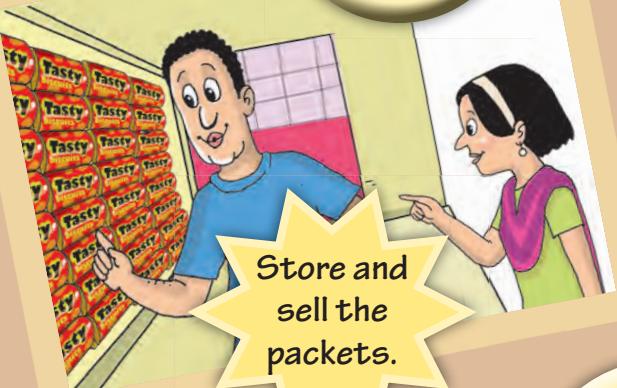


See if the biscuits are done/baked properly.



Cool the ready biscuits.

Pack the biscuits into packets.



Store and sell the packets.



Cut out the dough into biscuit shapes.



Roll out the dough.



Let's talk.

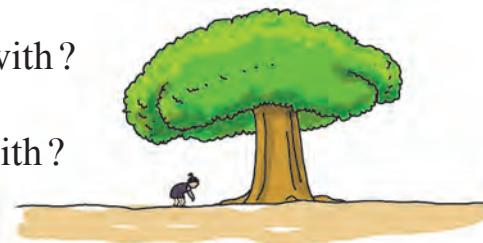


Listen carefully and speak.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि बोला.



- A : Guess what I have in my hand.
- B : A tamarind seed.
- A : How did you guess?
- B : That's a secret!
- Now guess what I found.
- A : Is it something to eat?
- B : No.
- A : Is it something to read?
- B : No.
- A : Is it something to write with?
- B : No.
- A : Is it something to play with?
- B : Not really.
- A : I give up. You tell me.
- B : It's a feather. I found it under the banyan tree.

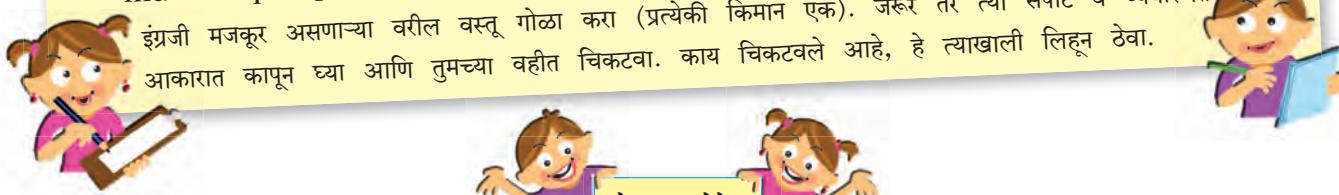


Project

Collecting English Words

Try to get at least one of the following items (with English matter on them). Paste each item in your notebook and below it, write what it is. If necessary, cut out each item in a flat, tidy shape before you paste it.

* match box or biscuit wrappers * boxes and price tags * tickets, passes, etc. * stickers * bank slips * forms, applications * user manuals/pamphlets, advertisements from newspapers, magazines, etc.



हे मला येते.

- कविता वेगवेगळ्या प्रकारे म्हणता येतात.
त्याच ठेक्यात आणखी एखादी ओळ म्हणता येते.
- सोपे इंग्रजी शब्द ओळखता येतात. मोठ्याने व मनात वाचता येतात. पाहून लिहिता येतात.
- काही नवीन शब्दांचे स्पेलिंग पाहून त्यांचा उच्चार करता येतो.
- एका वेळी २-३ शब्द अर्थ समजून वाचता येतात.
- वाचताना संदर्भावरून पुढील शब्द ओळखता येतात.

- सांगितल्यानुसार ओळखीचे इंग्रजी शब्द आठवून लिहिता येतात.
- इंग्रजी शब्दांचे गट (अर्थ असणारे) तयार करता येतात.
- इंग्रजी संवादांत, नाटकात भाग घेता येतो.
त्यातील काही वाक्ये वर्गाबाहेरही योग्य वेळी वापरता येतात.
 तयार करता येतात.
- सलग इंग्रजी ऐकून/वाचून आधी काय व नंतर काय ते सांगता येते.

Time Poems

 Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.
कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोळ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.

Unit Three



The Day

Twelve good hours in every day,
Time for work and time for play,
Twenty-four for day and night,
Some for darkness, some for light.



* * *

The Months

Thirty days has September,
April, June and November;
All the rest have thirty-one
Except February Alone.
That has twenty-eight days clear
And twenty-nine in each leap year.



Old Man Moon

The moon is very very old
The reason why is clear —
He gets a birthday one a month
Instead of once a year.



- Copy any poem of your choice in good handwriting and draw suitable pictures for it.



A GARDEN OF WORDS



about	creatures	goose	piece	them
all	cunning	head	place	they
be	don't	heard	right	told
beware	duck	help	running	went
big	falling	hen	safe	when
called	fell	here	saying	why
caught	fellow	his	shout	with
cave	foolish	inside	sky	without
chicken	fox	met	started	word
cock	friends	my	their	worry



- Find the following words in the table. Think of other words you know that rhyme with the following words. Write down the rhyming words.
 * all * met * cock
- Find and copy the names of birds and animals.
- Complete the following sentences using the words given above. Try to make as many meaningful sentences as you can.
 * They met a * Why are you ?
- Choose any one of the words given in the table. Show its meaning with an action and ask your friend to guess the word.
- Find the words that have : o ck ng d se ea ou
- Select one word at a time. Look at the word carefully. Close your eyes and think of the word. Then write it down. Look at it again. Look it up in the textbook. Learn five words at a time in this way.

वरील प्रत्येक शब्दासाठी 8×4 cm किंवा अन्य आकारात जाड कागदाची कार्ड प्रत्येक मुलाकडून करून घ्यावीत व ती मुलांजवळच ठेवावीत. त्या शब्दांवर आधारित येथे दिलेले उपक्रम अशा कार्डाच्या साहाय्याने घेणे अधिक चांगले. वर्गातील अध्यापनाशिवाय इतर बेळीही या उपक्रमांचा गटात/एकट्याने सराव करण्यास मुलांना प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.

The sky is
falling !



Listen, read aloud after me and enact.

एका. माझ्यापाठोपाठ मोठ्याने वाचा आणि हावभावांसह सादर करा.



Once there was a dear little chicken called Chicken Licken. She was hopping about under a big tree when a leaf fell right on her head !

“Oh, no ! Oh, no ! The sky is falling !”
said Chicken Licken and she started to run.

By and by she met Henny Penny.



“Why are you running, Chicken Licken ?”
“The sky is falling, and a piece of it fell right on
my head !”



“Oooooo !” said Henny Penny and she, too,
began to run with Chicken Licken.

By and by they met Cocky Locky.

“Why are you running,
Chicken Licken and
Henny Penny ?”



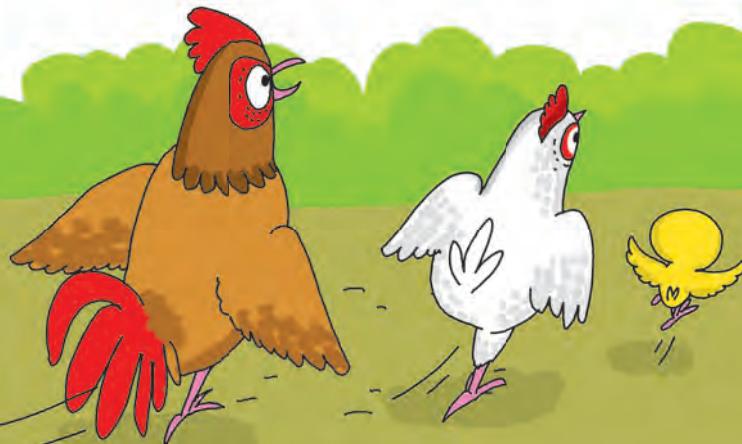
“The sky is falling ! A piece of it fell right
on Chicken Licken’s head !”

“Oh dear, oh dear !” said Cocky Locky
and he, too, began to run with them.

By and by they met Ducky Lucky.



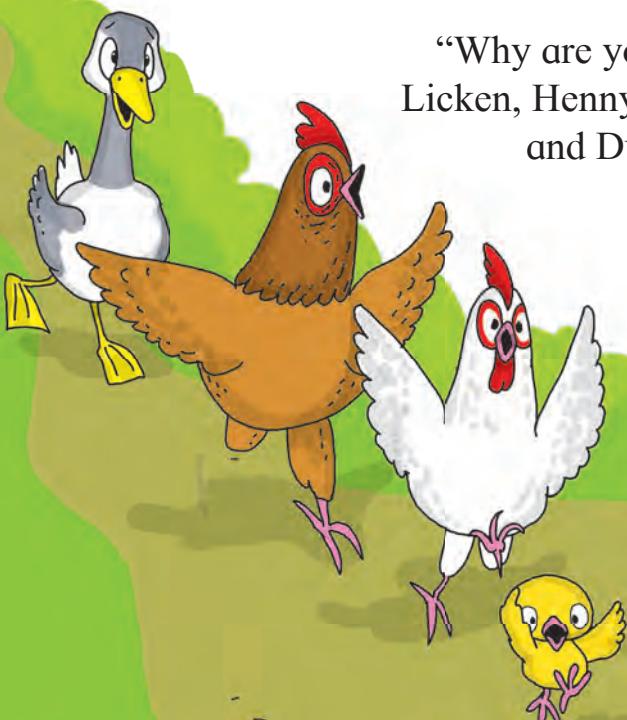
“Why are you running,
Chicken Licken,
Henny Penny and
Cocky Locky ?”



“The sky is falling ! A piece of it fell right
on Chicken Licken’s head !”

“Dear me ! Dear me !” said Ducky Lucky
and she, too, began to run with them.
By and by they met Goosey Poosey.

“Why are you running, Chicken
Licken, Henny Penny, Cocky Locky
and Ducky Lucky ?”



“The sky is falling ! A piece of it fell right on Chicken Licken’s head !”

When Goosey Poosey heard this, she began to run with them without saying a word.

By and by they met Foxy Loxy.

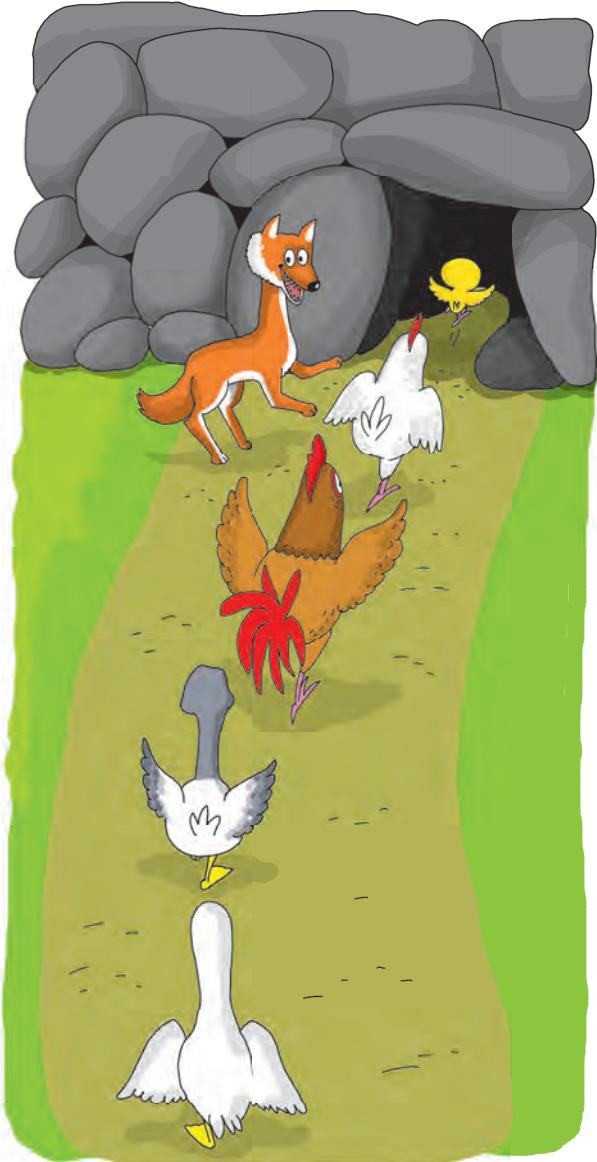
“Why are you running, Chicken Licken, Henny Penny, Cocky Locky, Ducky Lucky and Goosey Poosey ?”

“The sky is falling ! A piece of it fell right on Chicken Licken’s head !”

Now, Foxy Loxy was a cunning fellow.

“Don’t worry,” he said. “I will take you all to a safe place.”

He took them all to his cave. “Go inside my cave and you will all be safe.” He told them. So in went Chicken Licken, Henny Penny, Cocky Locky, Ducky Lucky and Goosey Poosey.



“Ha, ha, ha !” Foxy Loxy said, “You foolish creatures ! I have caught you all.”

“Help ! help !” Chicken Licken and her friends began to shout.

Doggie Dear heard their shouts.

He ran to the cave.

“Beware, Foxy Loxy,” he shouted, “Here I come !”

And then ? Then Foxy Loxy began to run without saying a word.

He ran far away.

* * *

Responses

Listen, repeat, read, enact and use.

ऐका, म्हणा, वाचा, सादर करा आणि वापरा.

1



Oh, no!



TPIP2K

How sweet!

2



We won the match.

Great!

We lost the match.

How sad!

3



Great!

How sad!



What a surprise!



Yes?

Our teacher has called you.

Oh, no!



A Recipe



Look at the pictures, listen carefully and number the sentences properly.

चित्रे पहा, लक्षपूर्वक ऐका आणि वाक्यांना योग्य ते क्रमांक द्या.



Bunty makes 'Pohe' !

Takes a bowl of 'pohe'.

Heats some oil in a pan.

Washes them well.

Covers the pan with a lid.

Sifts them.

Peels an onion.

Puts mustard seeds, 'hing' and turmeric powder in the oil.

Cuts the onion and the chilli into small pieces.

Adds the onion and chilli pieces, a few peanuts and curry leaves to the oil and stirs well.

After 1-2 minutes, takes off the lid.

A tasty bowl of 'Pohe' is ready !
Serves 'Pohe' with a slice of lemon.



After 1-2 minutes, adds the wet 'pohe', a little salt and sugar and stirs well.



Something Special



1. Listen, read and do it yourself.

ऐका, वाचा आणि तुम्हीही करा.



Something Special

What does every classroom have ?

A board, a table, a chair, one or two cupboards, desks and benches or mats, charts, posters, calendars and so on.

We have something special in our classroom.



It is a postbox, just for us.
We write messages,
cards and letters
to our friends in the class.
Then we put them
in the postbox.
Every day, our teacher
opens the postbox.

She looks at the names
on the letters and cards
and hands them out.

We are planning a surprise for our Teacher.
She will get it on the fifth of September,
Teachers' Day !



2. Make a list of things in your classroom.
3. List ten things you see at home.

येथे व पुस्तकात इतर ठिकाणी दिलेली कार्ड/चिठ्ठ्या यांचे नमुने दाखवून त्यांबाबत मुलांशी बोलावे. त्यांच्या आधारे मुलांकडून नियमितपणे अर्थपूर्ण कार्ड, चिठ्ठ्या यांचे लेखन करून घ्यावे. मात्र प्रत्येकाला स्वतःला हवा तो नमुना निवडून, हव्या त्या मित्राला/मैत्रिणीला संदेश लिहिण्याचे स्वातंत्र्य द्यावे. येथे मुलांच्या खरोखरीच्या व स्वतंत्र लेखनावर भर असल्यामुळे या कार्डावर तपासल्याच्या खुणा, गुणदान वौरे करू नये. मुलांना तोंडीच योग्य ते मार्गदर्शन करावे. कागदांवर/कार्डावर शक्यतो रेघा न मारता लिहून घ्यावे. पान 41 वरील हस्ताक्षरांचे नमुने आदर्श म्हणून दिलेले नाहीत, तर या टप्प्याला शिक्षकांनी मुलांचे कोणते अक्षरलेखन स्वीकारण्यास हरकत नाही, ते दाखवण्यासाठी दिले आहेत.

**From the
Postbox**
1



Read the following and write your own messages.

खालील संदेश वाचा आणि तुम्हीही तुमचे संदेश लिहा.



The Surprise

It was 5 September.

Teachers' Day !

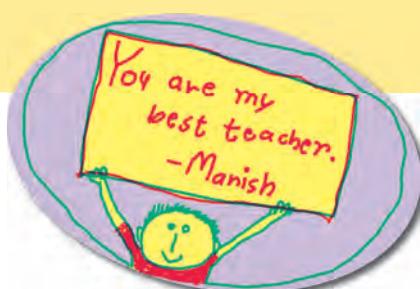
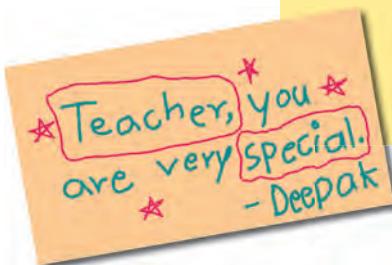
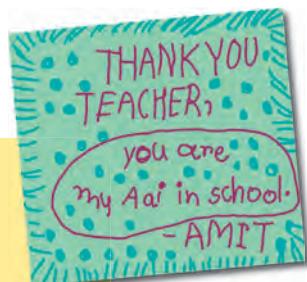
When the Teacher opened the postbox,
there was a surprise for her !

All the letters were for the Teacher.



**Thank you,
Dear Teacher.
Thank you
so much.**

- * All your students of *
- * Standard Four *
- * Division 'B' *



Project

Postbox

**Make a postbox for your classroom and use it to send Birthday
and other messages to your classmates.**



तुमच्या वर्गसाठी पोस्टबॉक्स तयार करा आणि तुमच्या वर्गमित्रांना आणि मैत्रींना वाढदिवसाच्या शुभेच्छा आणि इतर संदेश, निरोप देण्यासाठी तिचा उपयोग करा.



How Birds Fly



Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबोरावा वाचा.



How do birds fly ?

'Simple!' You will say, 'Birds fly using their wings.'

True. But having wings is not enough.

There are many other things

that help birds to fly.

Birds have a very light body.



Their bones are very strong but hollow.



Their feathers have special shapes.
The feathers are arranged in a special way in the wings.



The wings have powerful muscles.



Birds can move their wings
easily in different ways.

They flap, they flutter.

They soar high into the air.



They glide in the sky.
They can turn
this way or that way
as they fly.



They can see things
from far away.



They can land easily and safely.

Birds can ride the wind or air currents
and travel long distances.

Can you think of other things that fly ?
Find out how they fly.



...

Little Brown Sparrows



Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



“Little brown sparrows,
Flying around,
Up in the tree-tops,
Down on the ground.

“Come to my window,
Dear sparrows, come!
See! I will give you
Many a crumb.

“Here is some water,
Sparkling and clear,
Come, little sparrows,
Drink without fear.

“If you are tired,
Here is a nest;
Wouldn’t you like to
Come here to rest?”

'लिट्ल ब्राउन् 'स्पॅरोज़

'फ्लाइंग् अ'राउन्ड

'अप् इन् द 'ट्री-टॉप्स्

'डाउन् आॅन् द 'ग्राउन्ड

'कम् टु माय् 'विन्डो

'हिअर् इझ् सम् 'वॉटर्

'स्पार्कलिंग् अन् 'क्लिअर्

'कम् टु माय् 'विन्डो

'ड्रिंक् विदाउद 'फिअर्

'इफ् यु अॅ 'टायर्ड

'हिअर् इझ् अ 'नेस्ट

'बुडन्ट् यु 'लाइक् टु

'कम् हिअर् टु 'रेस्ट

'हिअर् इझ् सम् 'वॉटर्

'स्पार्कलिंग् अन् 'क्लिअर्

'कम् टु माय् 'विन्डो

'ड्रिंक् विदाउद 'फिअर्

'इफ् यु अॅ 'टायर्ड

'हिअर् इझ् अ 'नेस्ट

'बुडन्ट् यु 'लाइक् टु

'कम् हिअर् टु 'रेस्ट



● Say how you will invite these in 1-2 lines :

* a little pup * a kitten * a squirrel

Circles
3



Listen carefully, enact and use.

लक्ष्यपूर्वक ऐका, सादर करा आणि वापरा.



Teacher :

Form two circles, one inside the other.

Stand facing one another.

Children in the inner circle run a library.

They are standing at the library counter.

Children in the outer circle will visit
each person at the counter.

They will enquire about books in the library.

They may return or borrow books.

Practise the following dialogues in the circles.



At the Counter

1.

C : Hello. Can I borrow
some books, please?

L : Which ones do
you want?

C : Story-books.

L : Look at these books.
You may borrow
two of them.

C : Thank you.

L : Welcome.

2.

C : I want to return
these books and take
new ones.

L : Ok. Which books do
you want ?

C : I can't think of any.
Please suggest a book.

L : Try
I enjoyed it very much.

C : Ok, I'll try. Thanks.

L : You are welcome.

3.

C : Can you lend me the DVD
of (a film) ?

L : Sorry. It's issued out.
Someone else has taken it.

C : Never mind. I'll take it
some other time.

C : Child

L : Librarian

या संवादांतील पुस्तकांची, फिल्मची नावे इत्यादी तपशील मुलांना ठरवू द्यावा. मुलांनी त्यात मराठी, हिंदी पुस्तकांचा
तसेच वेगवेगळ्या सीडी-डीव्हीडींचा उल्लेख केला तरी चालेल. या संवादांतील वाक्ये वर्गाबाहेर वापरण्यासही उत्तेजन द्यावे.

**Namita
Didi's
Time-table**



Read. Listen carefully and enact.

वाचा. लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि सादर करा.



Namita gets up at 7 in the morning,
and brushes her teeth.



Between 7 and 8,
she does household
work and goes through
the newspaper.



Between 8 and 8:30,
she takes a shower.

She eats her breakfast
between 8:30 and 9.



Between 9 and 10,
she attends a driving class.
She is learning to drive a car.



Between 10 and 10:30, she packs
her lunch and gets ready to go.

Between 10:30 and 11,
she travels to her office.



From 11 to 5, she is at work.

She comes home at 5:30
in the evening and takes tea.



Then, she goes jogging in a park from 6 to 7 in the evening.

She watches TV up to 9 o'clock.

Till 9 o'clock, she also does household work, and sometimes listens to music.

She takes dinner at 9.
Then she reads books
and goes to sleep at 11.



• Listen to the time and mime what Namita does at that time.

7:45 am

8:15 am

8:45 am

9:30 am

10:00 pm

3 o'clock

5:30 pm

6:30 pm

8:30 pm

12 o'clock or noon

am : before noon or midday, pm : after noon or midday

हे मला येते.

- आतापर्यंत झालेल्या इंग्रजी कविता तालात म्हणता येतात. त्यांतील ३-४ ओळी पाहून लिहिता येतात.
- वेगवेगळच्या प्रसंगांत, १-२ इंग्रजी शब्द वापरून योग्य त्या प्रतिक्रिया देता येतात.
- थोड्या मोठ्या संवादांत चौकशी करणे, विनंती करणे, उत्तर देणे इत्यादींसाठी योग्य ती इंग्रजी वाक्ये वापरता येतात.
- सोप्या शब्दांतील इंग्रजी कथा, सूचना, माहिती ऐकून त्यांचा अर्थ समजतो.

- शिक्षकांच्या मदतीने व मदतीशिवाय पुस्तकातील गोष्टी वाचून दाखवता येतात.
- सोपी इंग्रजी वाक्ये वाचून त्यांचा क्रम ठरवता येतो.
- सोप्या इंग्रजी शब्दांत लिहिलेली चित्रमय माहिती समजते.
- इंग्रजीतील ठरावीक संदेश पाहून लिहिता येतात. तसेच संदेश स्वतःच्या मनाने लिहिता येतात.



Listen, read aloud, copy and remember.

ऐका, मोठ्याने वाचा, पाहून लिहा आणि लक्षात ठेवा.



Early to bed,
and early to rise,
Is the way to be healthy,
wealthy and wise.

'अर्लि टु 'बेड अन्ड 'अर्लि टु 'राइझ
इझ् द 'वेड टु बि 'हेल्थि 'बेल्थि अन्ड 'बाइझ्

'बन् 'दू वॉट'एल्हर् यु 'इू
'स्टार्ट इट 'बेल् अन्ड 'कॅरि इट 'थ्रू

One thing at a time
And that done well,
Is a very good rule
As many can tell.



'हार्ट्स् लाइक् 'डोऽझ् विल् ओऽपन् विथ 'ईझ्
टु 'ब्हेरि 'ब्हेरि 'स्मॉउल 'कीझ्
अन्ड 'डोऽन्ट फर्'गेट दट 'दू अच्छ 'दीझ्
आर् 'थँक् यु 'सर् अन्ड इफ् यु 'प्लीझ्



One, two,
whatever you do,
Start it well,
and carry it through.

'बन् थिंग् अट् अ 'टाइम्
अन्ड 'दॅट् डन् 'बेल्
इझ् अ ब्हेरि 'युड 'रूल
अझ् 'मेनि कन् 'टेल्

- Hearts, like doors,
- Will open with ease
- To very, very small keys.
- And don't forget that
- Two of these
- Are "Thank you, Sir" and
- "If you please"!

मुलांनी छोट्या इंग्रजी कविता, सुवर्चने सहज पण कायम लक्षात ठेवावी या दृष्टीने त्यांचे वाचन, (पाहून) लेखन व उजलणी करून घ्यावी.

Word Building



Use the letters to make words.

अक्षरे वापरून शब्द बनवा.



s	t	n
c	a	d
p	b	m

g	n	k
s	i	c
b	r	d

f	h	s
l	e	t
b	g	n

b	f	x
g	o	l
h	t	d

n	t	r
s	u	c
p	h	k

Teacher : Look at the tables given above.

Let us use one table at a time.

You have to make words using the letters in each table.

You can begin with any letter and move in any direction.

You cannot jump over a letter or use a letter twice.

Student : Excuse me, Teacher.

Will you please explain it once again ?

Teacher : Yes. Let me give you an example.

- Example :**
- $s \rightarrow t \rightarrow a \rightarrow n \rightarrow d$
stand
 - $c \rightarrow a \rightarrow p$
cap

s	t	n
c	a	d
p	b	m

या तक्त्यांच्या चौकटींतील अक्षरे क्रमाने वापरून शब्द तयार करायचे असा हा खेळ आहे. कोणत्याही अक्षरापासून सुरुवात करून वर, खाली, कडेला, तिरके अशा कोणत्याही दिशेने जाऊन पुढील चौकटींतून एकेक अक्षर घ्यायचे व शब्द तयार करायचे. तयार होणारे शब्द कितीही अक्षरांचे असले, तरी चालतील. सलग चौकटींतीलच अक्षरे घ्यायची. मधलीअधली चौकट गाळून पुढील अक्षर घ्यायचे नाही किंवा एका शब्दात तेच अक्षर दोनदा घ्यायचे नाही. हा खेळ घेताना एका वेळी एक तक्ता देऊन शब्द तयार करण्यासाठी ठरावीक वेळ द्यावा. मुलांनी तयार केलेले शब्द फळ्यावर लिहावे. तसेच या तक्त्यांप्रमाणे आणखी तक्ते तयार करण्यासही प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.



A GARDEN OF WORDS



always	dream	high	nice	soft
before	dreaming	just	past	spilled
better	even	know	people	surprise
bought	ever	lost	pot	tasty
butter	flew	make	price	thick
buy	from	market	rich	toss
carrying	gently	milk	rolled	tossed
churn	get	money	sell	wait
creamy	golden	moved	should	wear
does	held	much	show	your



1. Listen carefully and tick off the words in your table.

* always * churn * dreaming * gently * market
 * nice * price * should * soft * surprise * toss



2. Find words that end with : **ing** **d**



3. You can use some of the words to give an order. Find at least three of them. Example : 'Buy !'



4. Find the smaller words in these words :

* does * creamy * carrying * golden



5. Use the letters in these words to make other words :

* dreaming * market * surprise

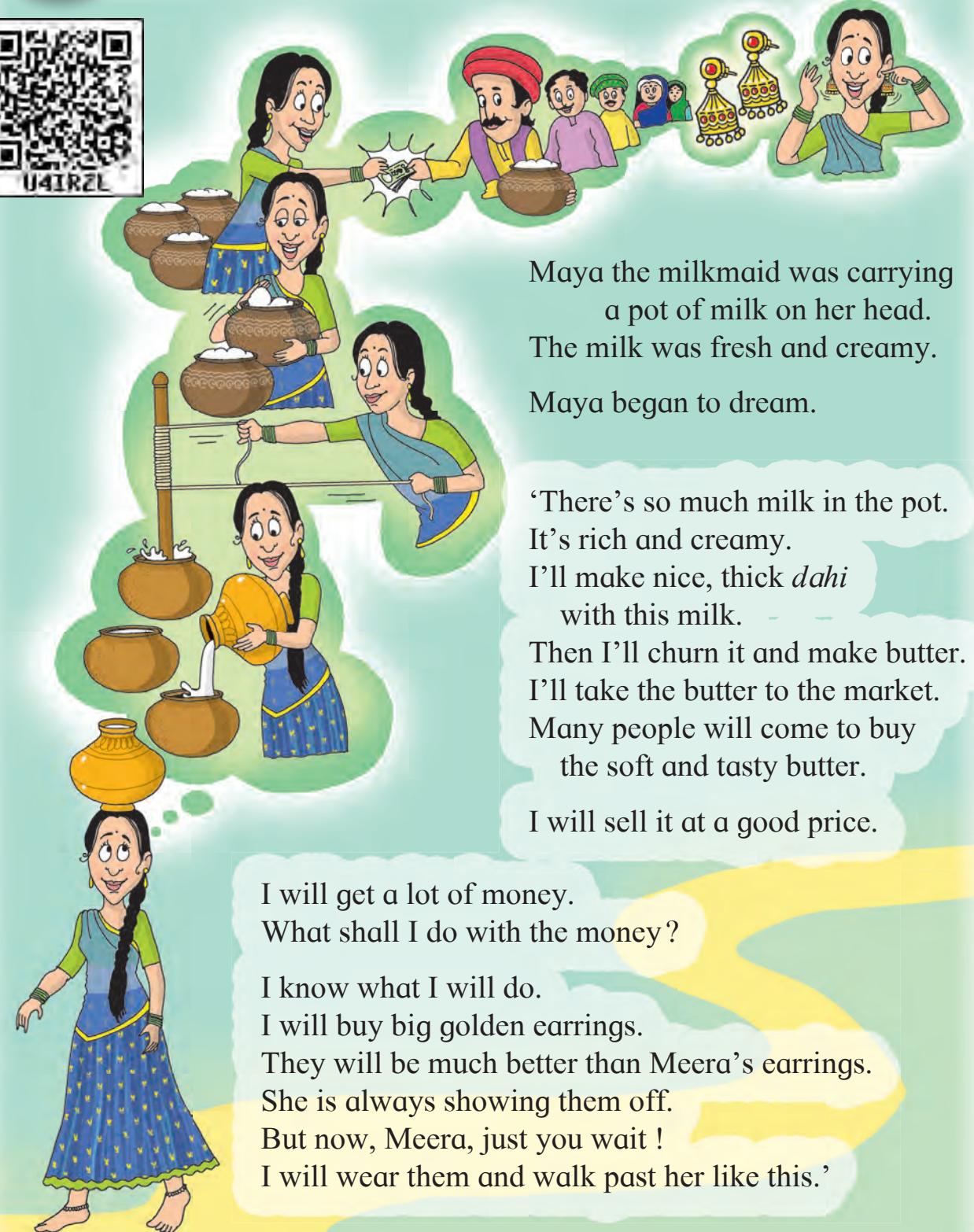
Example : * bought - but, hut, hot, tub, etc.

वरील प्रत्येक शब्दासाठी 8 x 4 cm किंवा अन्य आकारात जाड कागदाची कार्ड प्रत्येक मुलाकूळून करून घ्यावीत व ती मुलांजवळच ठेवावीत. त्या शब्दांवर आधारित येथे दिलेले उपक्रम अशा कार्डाच्या साहाय्याने घेणे अधिक चांगले. वर्गातील अध्यापनाशिवाय इतर वेळीही या उपक्रमांचा गटात/एकठ्याने सराव करण्यास मुलांना प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.



1. Listen and read with me.

ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



Maya the milkmaid was carrying
a pot of milk on her head.
The milk was fresh and creamy.

Maya began to dream.

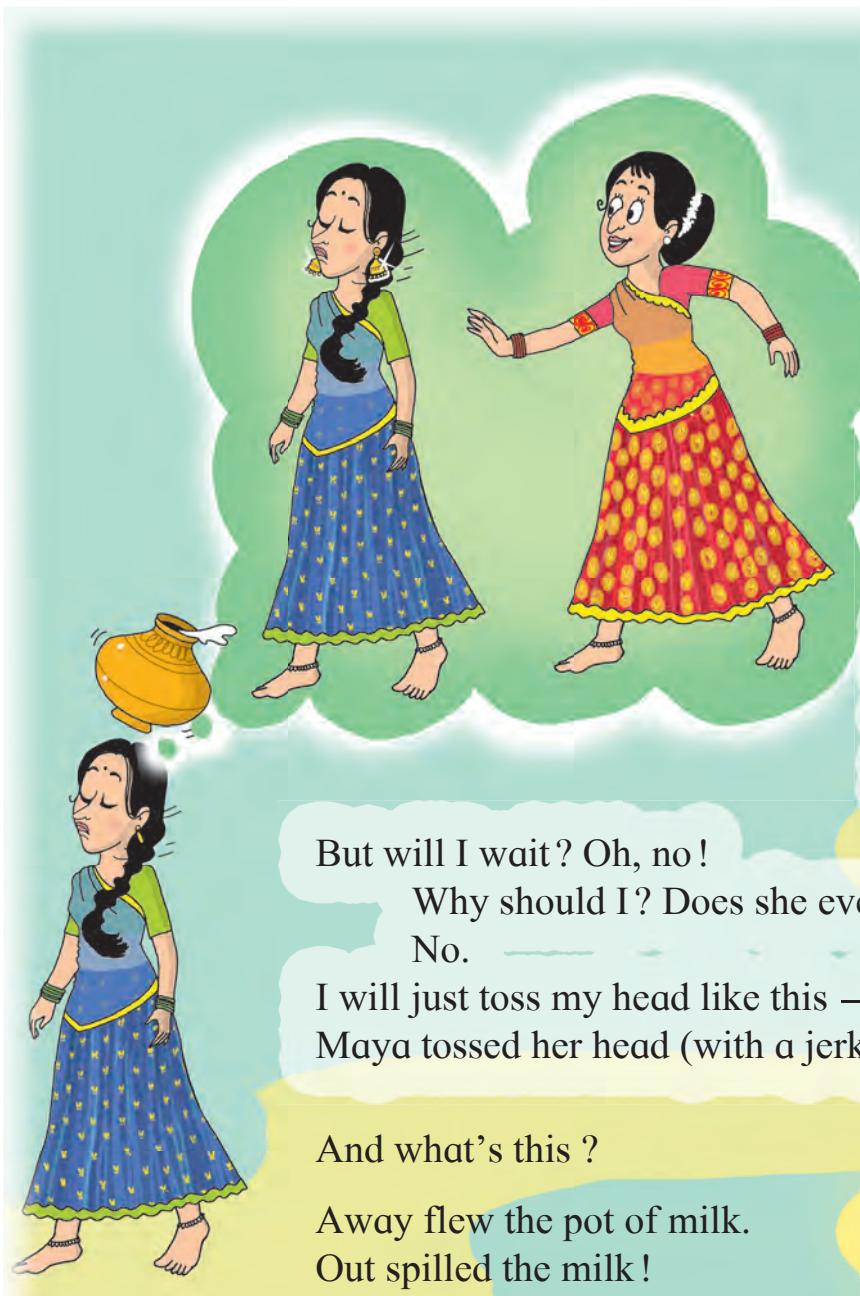
'There's so much milk in the pot.
It's rich and creamy.
I'll make nice, thick *dahi*
with this milk.'

Then I'll churn it and make butter.
I'll take the butter to the market.
Many people will come to buy
the soft and tasty butter.

I will sell it at a good price.

I will get a lot of money.
What shall I do with the money ?

I know what I will do.
I will buy big golden earrings.
They will be much better than Meera's earrings.
She is always showing them off.
But now, Meera, just you wait !
I will wear them and walk past her like this.'



Maya began to walk with
her head held high.
She moved her head slowly
from side to side.
The milk in her pot
rolled gently.
Maya went on dreaming –

‘When Meera sees
my rings,
she will get a surprise.

She will say,
“Oh, what lovely rings !
Wait, Maya, wait !
I want to see your rings !”

But will I wait ? Oh, no !

Why should I ? Does she ever wait for me ?
No.

I will just toss my head like this –’
Maya tossed her head (with a jerk).

And what’s this ?

Away flew the pot of milk.
Out spilled the milk !

No milk - no *dahi* - no butter -
no earrings !

Maya lost her earrings
even before she bought them.



2. Guess the meaning of the following words. या शब्दांचे अर्थ अंदाजाने सांगा.

* milkmaid

* churn

* jerk

* spilled

3. Write the steps in Maya’s dream from ‘milk to earrings’.



4. Choose any 3-4 lines from the story and enact them.

Building Sentences



- 1. Choose one word/phrase from each house and make meaningful sentences.**



प्रत्येक घरातील एक शब्द / शब्दगट निवडा आणि अर्थपूर्ण वाक्ये तयार करा.



The lion
The mouse

A cat
A dog
Amit
Neena
A few men
Some children

slept
ran
jumped
climbed
walked
fell

under the tree.
to the wall.
from the tree.
a wall.
on the wall.
on the mat.

- Try to make bigger sentences by choosing two items from the first two houses. You may add the word ‘and’ where necessary.

- 2. Choose one word/phrase from each house and make meaningful sentences.**

I will
We will
You will
He will
She will
It will
They will

sing
study
leave
play
wash
paint
speak
write
make it

tomorrow.
today.
tonight.
on the day after tomorrow.
two days after tomorrow.
at once.
soon.
later.

- Now try to add the following words to your sentences to make bigger (and meaningful) sentences.

* this place * a game * a few lines * this lesson
* a song * the drum * a picture * my clothes * a story

Messages



Listen and read with me.

एका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



Human beings can speak.
They can talk to one another.
They can pass on messages.
They know how to write.
So, they can write letters.



Long, long ago,
messengers walked or ran
all the way to take a message.
Sometimes, they rode horses.



Sometimes, they used trained pigeons
to carry messages.



Some people used drums
to send messages to far-away places.



Some people used smoke signals.



Later, people began to send letters through the 'Post Office'. They used postcards or inland letters, envelopes, etc.



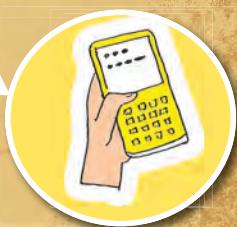
They had to put postal 'stamps' on the envelopes or parcels before sending them off.



Later on, people started using electrical signals. Telegraph machines were used to send or receive these messages. These messages were called telegrams.



Then came the telephone. People made telephone calls from one place to another.



And now ? Now we also have mobile or cellular or cellphones. We can speak on the cellphone or we can send an SMS – a written message.



We can send e-mails using the internet. On the computer, we can use many sites to talk to friends and other people. It is now so easy to send a message !





Read the following and write your own messages.

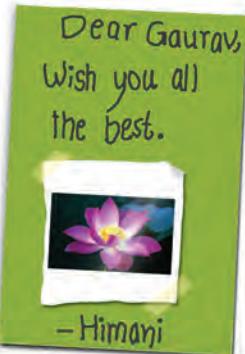
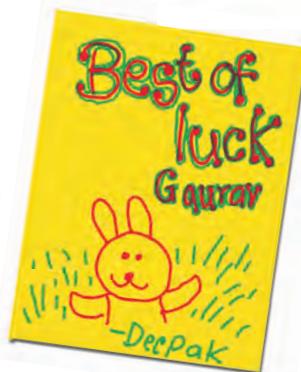
खालील संदेश वाचा आणि तुम्ही तुमचे संदेश लिहा.



There was a match between 'A' and 'B' divisions of the fourth standard.

Gaurav was the captain of 'A' division's team.

On the day of the match, this is what he got from the postbox :



Gaurav and his team won the match. Their friends were very happy.

They made a big card for Gaurav and his team. It was too big for the postbox.

They could not put it in the postbox. So, their teacher pasted it on the wall of the classroom.

Congratulations!
You won the match.
We are proud
of you!

या पानावरील चित्रात मुलांनी तयार केलेल्या अभिनंदनाच्या भल्यामोठ्या कार्डवरील मजकूर दाखवलेला आहे. इतर कार्डवरील मजकुराप्रमाणे याही कार्डवरील मजकुराचा आधी वाचनासाठी व नंतर लेखनासाठी उपयोग करावा. येथे दिलेल्या नमुन्यांच्या आधारे 'पोस्टबॉक्स' उपक्रमासाठी कार्ड/चिठ्ठ्या लिहून घ्याव्या. शक्य झाल्यास प्रत्यक्षात घडणाऱ्या स्पर्धा, सामने इत्यादी प्रसंगांशी या स्वाध्यायाची सांगड घालावी.

हस्ताक्षराबाबत पान 41 वरील सूचना पहावी.

Group Telephone



Read, practise and speak.

वाचा, सराव करा आणि बोला.



Tring. Tring.

B : Hello. speaking.

Group A



A : Hello. This is .

Will you come with me to see a play ?

B : Which one ?

A :

B : Could you repeat that, please ?

A :

B : Sorry. I can't hear you properly.
Please tell again.

A : Shall I send you an SMS ?

B : Please speak a little louder.

A : Wait. I'll text the name to you.

B : But this is a landline number.

A : All right. I'll send you a mail.

What's your e-mail address ?

B :

A : Ok. Please check your mail after some time.

B : Ok. Thanks.

Group B



वर्गाचे दोन भाग करून या संवादाचा सराव घ्यावा. त्यातील नावे, फोन नंबर इत्यादी तपशील मुलांशी चर्चा करून आधी ठरवावा.
हा बदलणारा तपशील येथे रिकाम्या चौकटींनी दाखवला आहे.

Project

English words we use.

Make a list of English words you use in Marathi when you talk about the following :

- * a computer * a telephone * a mobile phone or cellphone
- * a video game * cinema * the post office * TV

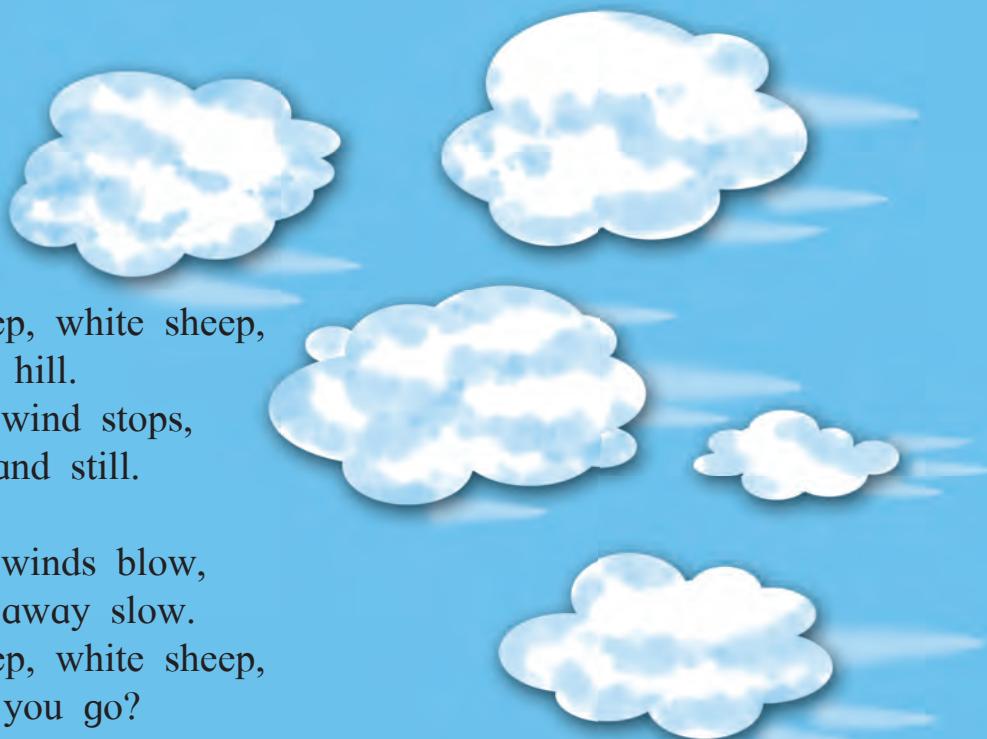


Clouds



Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



White sheep, white sheep,
On a blue hill.
When the wind stops,
You all stand still.

When the winds blow,
You walk away slow.
White sheep, white sheep,
Where do you go?

'वाईट्' 'शीप्' 'वाईट्' 'शीप्'
'ऑन् अ' 'ब्लू' 'हिल्'
'वेन् द' 'विन्ड्' 'स्टॉप्स्'
यु 'ऑउल् स्टॅन्ड्' 'स्टिल्'

'वेन् द' 'विन्डझू' 'ब्लोड
यु 'वॉउक् अवेड' 'स्लोड
'वाईट्' 'शीप्' 'वाईट्' 'शीप्
'वेअर्' 'इू यु' 'गोड'



कवितेत ढगांना (आकाशाच्या) निळ्या टेकडीवरील मेंद्या म्हटले आहे. ढगांचे एरवी दिसणारे वेगवेगळे आकार व रंग पाहून मुले ढगांसाठी इतरही काही नावे सुचवू शकतील. त्यासाठी मराठीतून चर्चा करून मुलांना प्रोत्साहन द्यावे. नावे इंग्रजी असावी. उदा., white elephants. मुलांनी सुचवलेली नावे फळ्यावर लिहावी. एखाद्या कल्पनेसाठी इंग्रजी शब्द मुलांना न आठवल्यास शिक्षकांनी मदत करावी.

The Man
who Cried
Wolf



1. Listen and read aloud with me.

ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



Chorus : Oh, what a beautiful day!
The sun is shining.
A breeze is blowing.
Birds are chirping.
Flowers are blooming.
Oh, what a happy day!

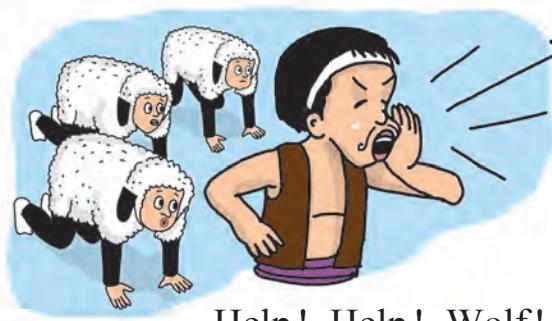
Sheru enters with his sheep.



Chorus 1 : Who's that?
It's Sheru with his sheep.
Sheru doesn't look happy.
What's wrong, Sheru?

Sheru : I don't like my job.
Every day, it's the same.
Take the sheep, go to the hill,
and sit there all day.
I get so bored.

Chorus 2 : Why don't you sing songs?
Sheru : I don't like songs.
Chorus 3 : Why don't you play the flute?
Sheru : I don't like music.
Chorus 4 : Why don't you read a book?
Sheru : I don't like to read.
I want to have fun.
Today, I'm going to have fun.
Just see what I do.



Starts shouting.

Help! Help! Wolf! Wolf!
The wolf is taking my sheep away.
Please help! Please help!

Men rush in with sticks.

First Man : Don't worry, Sheru.
Second Man : We'll drive the wolf away.
Third Man : Where's the wolf ?
Sheru : Ha! Ha! Ha! There's no wolf.
I was shouting just for fun.



Men : You silly boy! This is no fun.
Don't do it again.
Go away.
Chorus : Sheru, Sheru, don't be silly.
Don't cry 'Wolf!' for fun.
Sheru : How I tricked the men!
Ha! Ha! Ha!

How I fooled them!
 Ha! Ha! Ha!
 I want to do it again.
 Oh! Aah! Wolf! Wolf! Help! Help!
 The wolf is taking my sheep away.
 Please come! Please help! Wolf! Wolf!

Men rush in with sticks.

- Men** : What happened? Where's the wolf?
Sheru : Ha! Ha! Fooled you again.
 There's no wolf.
 But it's so much fun! Ha! Ha!
Men : You stupid boy!
 We won't listen to you again.
 We won't come again, even if you cry.



Go away.

- Chorus** : The men are angry.
 They won't listen to Sheru again.
 Even if Sheru cries,
 They won't come again.

Chorus 1 : But what's this?

Chorus 2 : It's a wolf.

Chorus 3 : A real wolf.

Chorus 4 : A real big bad wolf.
 Now what will Sheru do?

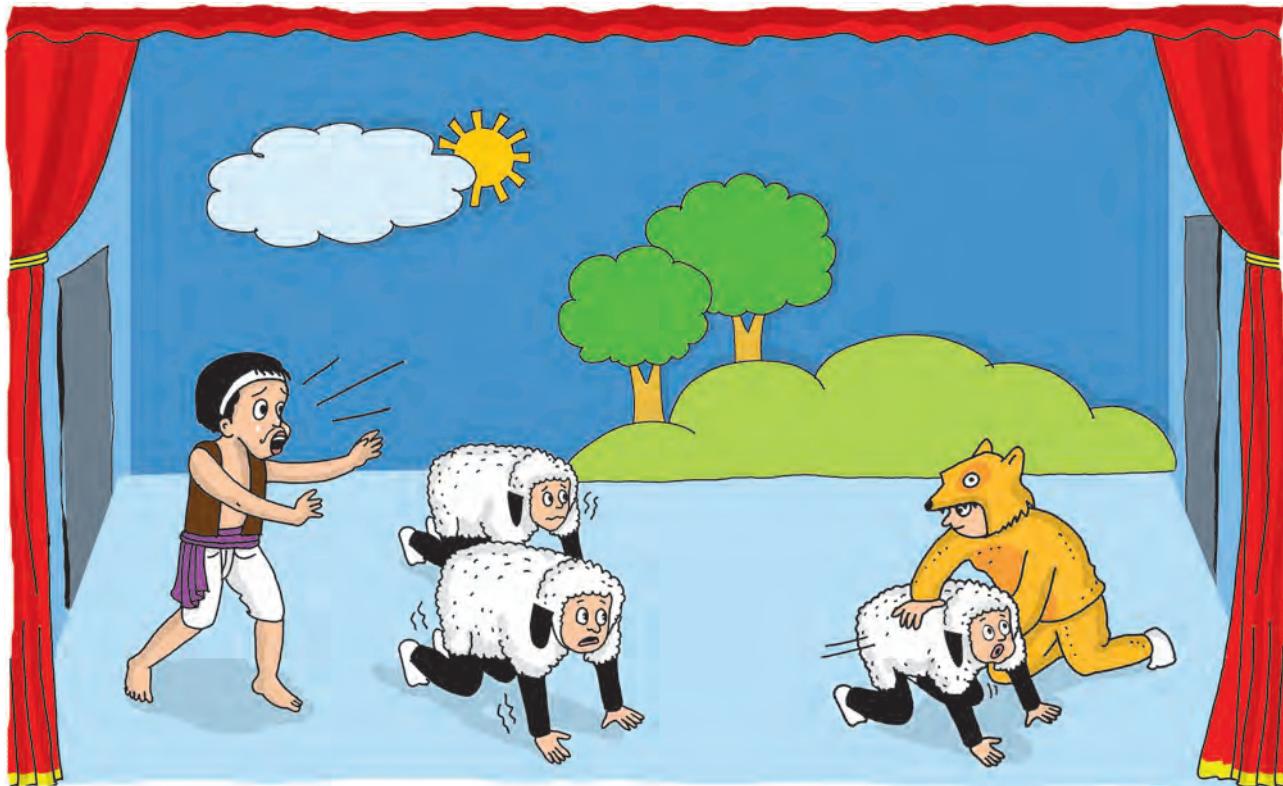
- Sheru** : Oh, no! Wolf! Go away, Wolf!
 Don't come near! Don't touch my sheep!
 Help! Help! Wolf! Wolf!
 The wolf is taking my sheep away.
 Help! Help! Help!



- Chorus** : No one listens to Sheru now.
 No one comes to help.

Wolf takes a sheep away.





Sheru : My sheep! My sheep!
Oh, no! I'm sorry!
I'm so very sorry!
I'll never cry 'Wolf!' for fun again!

Chorus : Sheru has learnt his lesson.
He'll never cry 'Wolf!' for fun again.

* * *



2. Guess the meaning of the following words.

खालील शब्दांचे अर्थ अंदाजाने सांगा.

* blooming * tricked * fooled * learnt his lesson



3. Answer the following questions orally.

- * What does Sheru do every day? (Take the sheep,)
- * Why does Sheru not sing songs? (Because he doesn't like)
- * Why does Sheru not play the flute?
- * Why does Sheru not read a book?
- * What did Sheru want?
- * What did Sheru say at the end?



4. Enact the play.

Minding the Class



Listen, learn and enact.

ऐका, शिका आणि सादर करा.



बर्गात शांत बसायला
सांगण्यासाठी नेहमी
लागणाऱ्या काही सूचना
येथे दिल्या आहेत. त्यांचा
पुरेसा सराव झाल्यानंतर या
संपूर्ण भागाचा एखाद्या
नाट्यछटेसरखाही वापर
करता येईल.

Please keep quiet. Listen to me.

Silence, silence, please. No talking. Sssh!

Listen! No noise, please. Keep quiet, everyone.

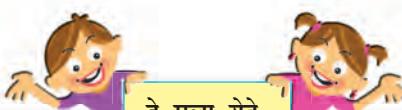
And I mean everyone. Silence in the classroom.

Vineeta! Stop talking. Stop talking at once.

Who's that talking in the corner? Who's talking at the back?

Pay attention, everybody. Look here. Be quiet. Good.

Now look at me and listen very very carefully.



हे मला येते.

- छोट्या इंग्रजी कविता व सुवचने सहज लक्षात ठेवता येतात व सादर करता येतात.
- सोपे स्पेलिंग असणारे, अर्थपूर्ण असे खूप इंग्रजी शब्द स्वतःच्या मनाने सांगता येतात, लिहिता येतात.
- दिलेले शब्द वापरून अर्थपूर्ण इंग्रजी वाक्ये तयार करता येतात. लिहिता येतात.
- स्वतःचे विचार/भावना सांगण्यासाठी १-२ इंग्रजी वाक्यांचा उपयोग करता येतो.
- परिचित विषयाबाबत सोप्या इंग्रजीतून दिलेली माहिती समजते.
- इंग्रजी संवादांत, नाट्यछटेत भाग घेता येतो.
- फोनवरील संवादांत इंग्रजी शब्दांचा/वाक्यांचा योग्य वापर करता येतो.
- नेहमीच्या वापरात येणारे इंग्रजी शब्द नोंदवून लक्षात ठेवता येतात.
- नाटक, कथा, माहिती यांतील काही इंग्रजी शब्दांचे अर्थ लावण्याचा प्रयत्न करता येतो.



1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.

Unit
Five

Fuzzy wuzzy caterpillar
 in the garden creeps,
 Makes himself a chrysalis
 and soon falls fast asleep.



Fuzzy wuzzy caterpillar
 wakes up by and by
 To find he has wings of beauty
 changed to a butterfly.

chrysalis : 'क्रिसलिस्
 (फुलपाखराचा कोश)



'फळी वडी 'केटप्पिलर्
 इन् द 'गार्डन् 'क्रीप्स्
 मेडक्स् हिमसेल्फ् अ 'क्रिसलिस्
 अन्ड 'सूत 'फॉडलझ् 'फास्ट अ'स्लीप्

'फळी वडी 'केटप्पिलर्
 'वेडक्स् अप् 'बाय् अन्ड 'बाय्
 दु 'फाइन्ड हि हड्डी 'विंग्ज् अव्ह 'ब्यूटी
 चेझन्ज्ड दु अ 'बटरफ्लाय्

2. Change the letters in the following words and make a new word.

Examples : by → my, in → it, is.

* up * to * he * of * the * has * find

3. Find the smaller words in these bigger words.

* caterpillar * spins * himself * asleep * butterfly

Changing Sentences



1. Read and change the sentences.

वाक्ये वाचा आणि बदला.

Teacher : Change one word at a time and make a different but meaningful sentence.

Maya sells butter.



Maya sells milk.



Maya buys milk.

Meera buys milk.



I saw two birds.

I saw two bags.

I saw my bags.

I saw my bag.

I found my bag.

She found my bag.

एकेक शब्द बदलला, तरी प्रत्येक टप्प्यावरील वाक्य अर्थपूर्ण असायला हवे.

शब्दांची कार्ड घेतलेली मुळे वर्गासमोर उभी करून वाक्य-बदलांच्या कृती करून घेतल्यास त्या अधिक प्रभावी ठरतील.

2. Find other short sentences in the book and try to change them.



पुस्तकातील इतर छोटी वाक्ये शोधा आणि त्यात किती बदल करता येतो, ते पहा.



* Priya liked sweets.

* The sky is falling.

* He reached the mango tree.

* Don't touch my sheep.

* We have a postbox in our classroom.



A GARDEN OF WORDS



again	cross	him	please	throne
angry	crown	home	popped	thunder
around	diamonds	house	queen	towers
back	down	its	saw	voice
beautiful	enough	kind	sea	water
became	every	magic	speak	waves
blue	fisherman	must	storm	were
buildings	garden	near	strange	wife
castle	happened	ordered	surprised	wish
catch	happy	passed	thing	wore



1. Listen carefully to each word and tick the words that you know.
2. Find the words that show * things * actions.
3. Read the following sentences. Add a suitable word from the table to the sentence and say it again. Write down the sentence.

For Example : It's a house.

It's a **beautiful** house.

- * I caught a fish.
- * I saw an man.
- * Once there was a woman.



4. Read the pairs of words given below. Make up a sentence using both the words.

- * fish, beautiful * animals, water * like, diamonds
- * queen, happy * fish, net



वरील शब्दांसाठी नेहमीच्या पद्धतीने कार्डे तयार करून घ्यावीत व येथील उपक्रमांत (1 ते 3) त्यांचा उपयोग करावा.

1. वरील तक्त्याच्या आडव्या ओळींतील ५-५ शब्द शिक्षकांनी एका वेळी वाचावे. मुलांनी ते ऐकून ओळखीच्या वाटणाऱ्या शब्दांवर खूण करावी. याप्रमाणे दहाही ओळींतील शब्द घ्यावे. मुलांना अपरिचित वाटणाऱ्या शब्दांचा अधिक सराव द्यावा.
4. दिलेल्या प्रत्येक गटातील शब्द वापरून अनेक वाक्ये तयार करता येतील. उदाहरणार्थ, The fish was beautiful. I saw a beautiful fish. I caught a beautiful fish. अधिकाधिक वाक्ये तयार करण्यास मुलांना प्रोत्साहन द्यावे.

The Golden Fish



1. Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



Malhar was a fisherman. He lived with his wife in a little hut near the sea. He went down to the sea every day to catch fish.

One day, a strange thing happened. He caught a big golden fish in his net. When Malhar took the fish out of water, the fish began to speak.



“O fisherman, please let me go.”

Malhar was very surprised. He was a kind man. He let the fish go.



Malhar went home empty-handed. He told his wife about the fish. His wife was not very kind.



“Foolish man ! Why did you let the fish go ? Go back to the sea and call the fish. It must be a magic fish. Ask the fish to grant you a wish.”



So Malhar went back to the sea and called the fish.

“O fish, please grant me a wish.”

The fish popped up its head out of the blue sea and said,

“What is your wish ?”



“I want a big house with a garden for my wife.”

“Go back home. Your wish is granted.”

Malhar went back home. In place of his little hut, he saw a big house with a garden. “What a beautiful house !” he said.



There were big waves in the sea. The fish came and asked,

“What is your wish ?”

“My wife wants to be a queen.”

“Go back home. Your wish is granted.”

Malhar went back home. In place of the big house, he saw a castle. The castle had many buildings and towers. There were many gardens around the castle.

“What a beautiful castle !” said Malhar.



In the castle, his wife sat on a throne of gold and diamonds. She wore a crown.

“Are you happy, now ? ” asked Malhar.

“We shall see,” said his wife.

Some days passed. Malhar’s wife called him, “This is not enough for me. Now I want to be a goddess.”

“What are you asking for, wife ? It is not right.” said Malhar. But his wife became angry.

“Go to the fish at once !” she ordered.



Malhar went back to the sea and called the fish, “O fish, please grant me one more wish.”

When the fish came, there was a storm in the sea. The fish looked very very cross.

“What is it, now ? ”

“My wife wants to be a goddess,” said Malhar in a small voice.

“Go back home !” the fish said. His voice was like thunder,
“And don’t come again.”

Malhar went back home. In place of the big castle, he saw his little hut. His wife had to live in the little hut once again.

•••





2. Read the following words and write at least one sentence about each.



For example : Hut : The hut was near the sea.

- * Malhar * Malhar's wife * The golden fish
- * house * castle

3. Discuss the following in Marathi.

- * Why was there a storm in the sea when the fish came for the last time ?
- * Suppose you met the fish.
What will you ask for ?

कथा इंग्रजीतून सांगितली, तरीही ती ऐकून किंवा वाचून मुलांच्या विचारला चालना मिळावी, या हेतूने हे स्वाध्याय दिले आहेत. येथे मुलांचे आकलन व स्वतःचे विचार यांना महत्त्व असल्यामुळे चर्चेसाठी मुलांच्या मातृभाषेचा वापर करणे अधिक योग्य ठेवेल.

Circles 4



Listen, speak and use.

ऐका, बोला आणि वापरा.



Teacher : Let us use the circles to practise some questions and answers.

Chit-chat



- * What's your favourite dish ?
.....
- * Who is your favourite player ?
.....
- * Which song do you like to sing ?
.....
- * How do you come to school ?
.....
- * When do you reach home after school ?
.....
- * Where do you play ?
.....
- * What are you good at ?
.....

- Take down the answers to any one question and present them in the classroom.

येथे दिलेल्या प्रश्नांना वेगवेगळी उत्तरे येतील. फिरणाऱ्या वरुळात एका वेळी २-३ प्रश्नोत्तरांचा सराव घ्यावा. कोणत्याही एका प्रश्नाला पाचही मुलांनी दिलेली उत्तरे एकेका मुलाने लिहून घ्यावी व ती वर्गात सादर करावी.

From the
Postbox
3



Read the following and write your own messages.

खालील संदेश वाचा आणि तुम्ही तुमचे संदेश लिहा.



Sonali, Neeta, Himani and Manish are all friends.

Sometimes they have fights and quarrels.

But they get over their quarrels.

That is because they know a magic word.

You can read it in Sonali's letter to Neeta.

Can you find it ?

Dear Himani,
Please come over ~~to me~~ to my house on Sunday.
We will play and have a fun. -Sonali

Dear Manish,
Please come to my house on Sunday. We will play and have a lot of fun. -Sonali

Sonali, I am angry with you.
I will not talk to you. -Neeta

Dear Neeta,
~~Why~~ Why are you angry with me? Please write and tell me. -Sona

Sonali, you talk and play with Himani all the time, you don't play with me now. -Neeta

Dear Neeta,
I am very sorry. ☹ I like Himani and I like you too. Please talk to me. I am your friend. -Sonali

Friends again !

Did you find the magic word ?



येथे दिलेल्या चिठ्ठ्यांमधून एक कथा तयार होते. त्यामुळे येथील नमुने क्रमाने वाचून घ्यावे. या पत्रांतून काय घडलेले दिसते याबाबत मुलांशी चर्चा करावी. नंतर त्यांच्या आवडीनुसार त्यांच्याकडून रुसल्याचे व रुसवा काढण्याचे काल्पनिक संदेश लिहून घेण्यासही हरकत नाही.

At the Bottom of the Ocean



Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



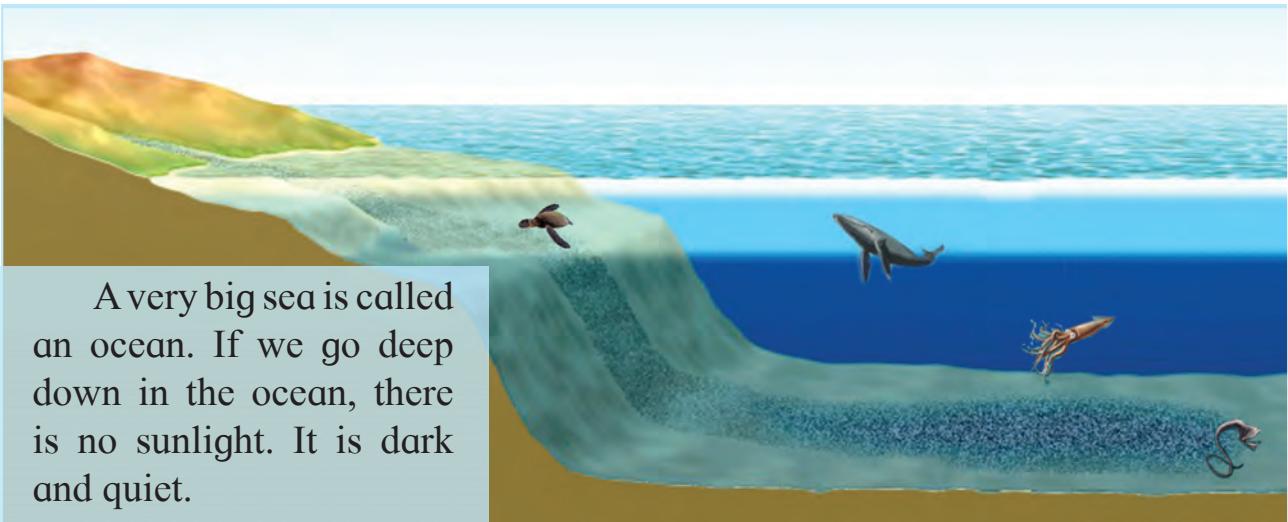
What is there under the sea ?

The sea is very deep. There are many plants and animals in the sea. Some of them are very small. We cannot see them with our eyes.

There are fishes, turtles and many strange and beautiful animals in the sea. The largest of all animals is the blue whale. It lives in the sea.

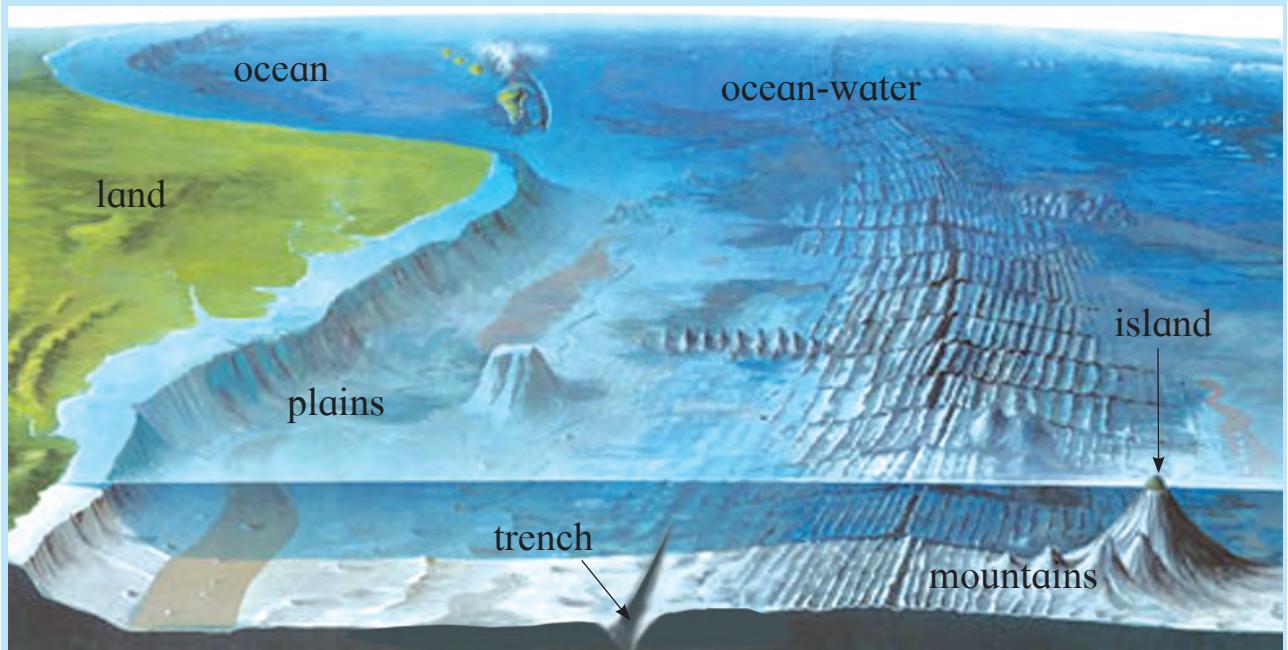


There are many different types of plants in the sea. In some places, there are so many that it is like an under-water forest.



The bottom of the ocean is known as ‘ocean floor’. The ocean floor is not flat. Just as we see mountains and valleys and plains on land, there are mountains and plains and also deep trenches in the ocean floor.

When the top of such a mountain rises out of ocean water, it forms an island. You can see these things in the picture below.



- Draw a picture of the sky and write the names of the things you show in the picture.

या पानावर महासागराचा तळ दाखवणारी काल्पनिक आकृती दिलेली आहे. आकृतीतील नावांच्या आधारे ती मुलांना समजावून संगावी.

A Visit to a Garden



1. Listen carefully, read with me and learn.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका, माझ्याबोरोबर वाचा आणि शिका.



Children of class IV B went to a big garden for a picnic. At the gate, they saw a big board. The names of the different parts of the garden were written on the board, one below the other. “What a long list !” the children said.

“Where shall we go first ?” someone asked.

“To the lake! Boating!” many children said.



“But how do we go there ?”

“See, there’s a **map** of the garden here, we will see the map and find our way to the lake.”

The teachers took the children to the lake for boat rides. Then they sat under a tree to eat some snacks.

There was another big board near the tree. There was a chart on the board with pictures of trees in it.

“What does it mean, Teacher ?” the children asked.

Tree	Number
Mango	
Neem	
Jamun	
Banyan	
Peepal	
Gulmohar	
Bakul	
Jarul	
Rain tree	

One Picture = Three Trees

“It’s a **pictogram** or **pictograph**,” said the Teacher. “It gives you information with the help of pictures. This chart tells us how many trees of each type there are in this garden. Now look at the chart carefully and tell me what trees there are in this garden.”

“Mango, neem, jamun, banyan, peepal, gulmohar, bakul, jarul (tamhan) and rain trees.”

“Very good. Now tell me how many trees of each type there are.”

The children answered this question correctly. Can you answer the question with the help of this pictogram ?”



• • •



2. Now, as a class activity, prepare the following to give some information related to your school.

- * Any list. (Put your list in alphabetical order.)
- * Any map.
- * Any pictogram.



- You may discuss the topics for the pictogram in Marathi. But the title and the labels in the pictogram must be in English. (Furniture, rooms, trees, people, etc.)

Riddles



Listen carefully, read and sing with me.

लक्षपूर्वक ऐका, वाचा आणि माझ्याबरोबर चालीवर म्हणा.



Never darkness do I see,
Not even a shadowy place.
But you can see me all day,
Though I might burn your face.

(The Sun)



To cross the water, I'm the way,
For water I'm above;
I touch it not, and truth to say,
I neither swim nor move.

(A bridge)

My feet stay warm,
But my head is cold.
No one can move me,
I'm just too old.

(A Mountain)

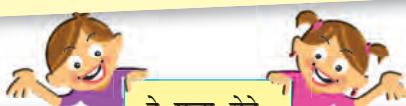
Prepare at least 3 riddles that end with 'Who am I?'
and three more that end with 'What is it?'

Project

Examples :

My name begins with 'c',
ends with 'r'.

Many times there is a mouse
with me. Who am I ?



It has four legs.
We see it in the classroom.
We put things on it.
What is it ?



हे मला येते.

- इंग्रजी कविता तालात म्हणता येतात. सोप्या कवितांचा अर्थ समजतो.
- मित्रमैत्रिणीशी बोलताना इंग्रजीतून काही प्रश्नोत्तरे करता येतात.
- सोप्या इंग्रजीतील कथा, निवेदने ऐकून/वाचून त्यांचा अर्थ समजतो.
- चित्रे, नकाशे यांना इंग्रजीतून शीर्षके देता येतात.

- इंग्रजीतून यादी करता येते.
- इंग्रजीतील यादी a – z क्रमाने लावता येते.
- दिलेल्या नमुन्याप्रमाणे स्वतःच्या मनाने अनेक इंग्रजी वाक्ये तयार करता येतात.
- आतापर्यंत ऐकलेल्या/वाचलेल्या वाक्यांचा उपयोग करून इंग्रजीत सलग २-३ वाक्ये लिहिता येतात.

An Action Rhyme



Listen, sing and enact.

कविता ऐका, चालीवर म्हणा आणि सादर करा.



Unit Six



Like a leaf or a feather
In the windy, windy weather,
We will all twirl around
And all sink down – together.



Like a bud or a flower
Getting soaked in a shower,
We will all sway about
And all dance together.

लाइक् अ 'लीफ् आॅ॒ अ 'फेड॑
इन् द 'विन्डि 'विन्डि 'वेद॑
बील् आॉ॑ल् 'ट्रॅवल् अ'राउन्ड॑
अन्ड् 'आॉ॑ल् 'सिंक् डाउन् टु'गेद॑

लाइक् अ 'बड॑ आॅ॒ अ 'फ्लावर॑
गेटिंग् 'सोडक्ट इन् अ 'शावर॑
बील् आॉ॑ल् 'स्वें अ'बाउट॑
अन्ड् 'आॉ॑ल् 'डान्स् टु'गेद॑

- Find other things you might like to imitate.
Then present the actions and the related English words in the class.
Example : Swim around like a fish.

Project

Mark what you write !

- Note the following marks. From this book, find at least 5 examples of each of the following :

- * Sentences that end with ? * Sentences that end with !
- * Sentences that end with . * Words that have , .

- Find at least one example of each of these marks from some other book, magazine, etc.
- Can you think of one more example of each on your own ?
Add it to your list.

- खालील चिन्हे पहा. या पुस्तकातून पुढीलप्रमाणे प्रत्येकी ५ उदाहरणे शोधा.
 - * शेवटी ? येणारी वाक्ये
 - * शेवटी ! येणारी वाक्ये
 - * शेवटी . येणारी वाक्ये
 - * , चिन्ह असणारे शब्द
- प्रत्येक चिन्हासाठी, पाठ्यपुस्तक सोडून इतर पुस्तके, मासिके यांतून किमान एक उदाहरण शोधा.
- तुमच्या स्वतःच्या मनाने तुम्हांला एखादे उदाहरण देता येईल का ? ते तुमच्या यादीत घाला.





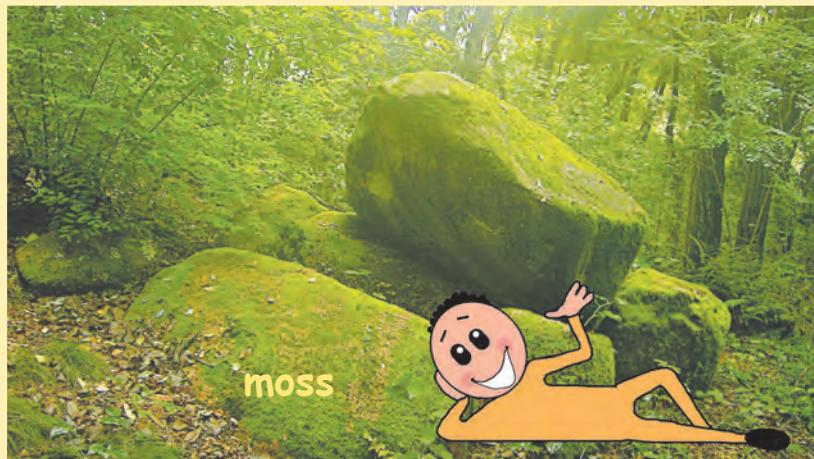
1. Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबोरावर वाचा.



Let us take a trip to the kingdom of plants.
What a great variety!

There are thousands and thousands
of different types of plants here.



This is moss. It is soft.
It looks like a bright
green carpet.

Look at the grass.

This too, is soft, green and short.

But do you know, rice, wheat and jowar
are also types of grass. They give us grain.



This plant has
a thin stem and
so many leaves.
It is a herb.





bush

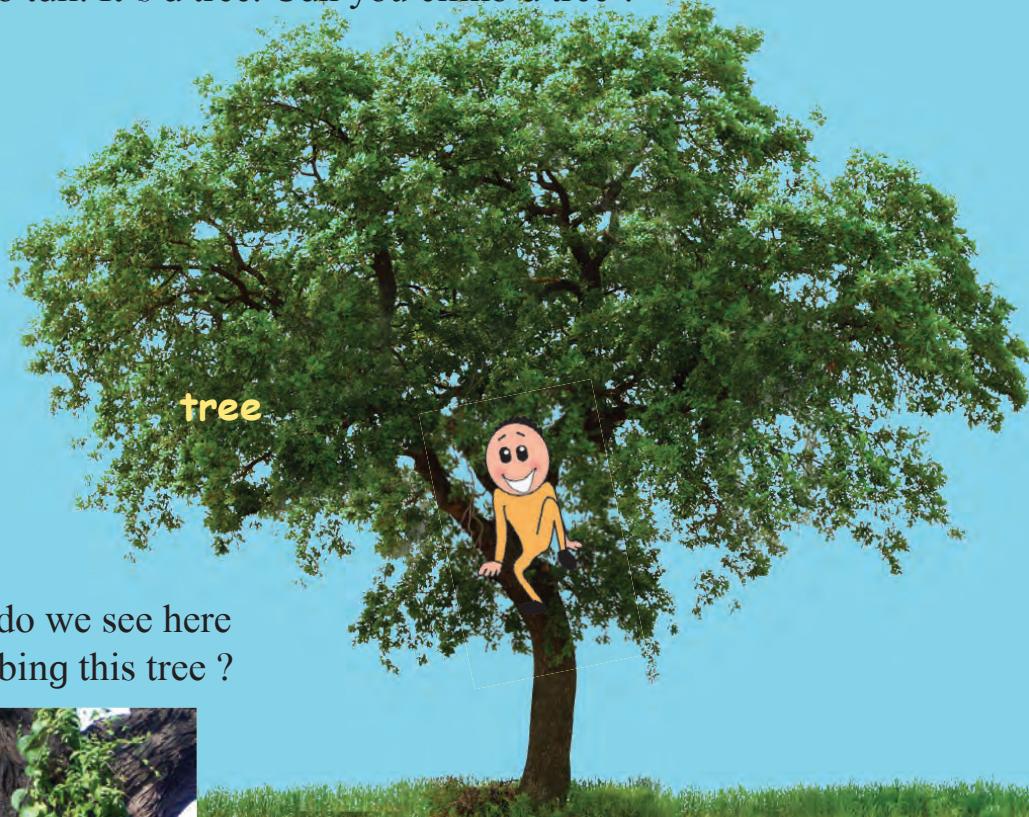
This plant has a tough stem
and so many branches.



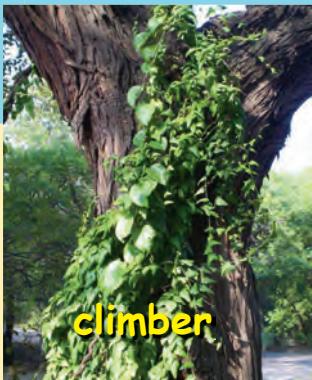
It has many leaves, too.
It is a bush or shrub.



And look at this! What a thick trunk!
It is so tall. It's a tree. Can you climb a tree?

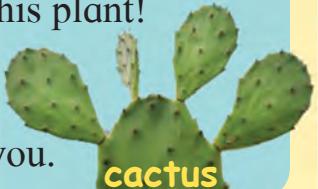


What do we see here
climbing this tree?



It's a climber
or a vine.
These plants
grow very fast.

Be very careful with this plant!
It's a cactus. It has
many thorns.
The thorns can prick you.



The plant kingdom is a beautiful kingdom. Would you like to grow a plant?

2. List the names of different types of plants.

3. Draw pictures to show the following :

* stem * branch * trunk * bush * leaf * thorn



I want to
tell you...



Listen and read aloud.

ऐका आणि मोठ्याने वाचा.



Good morning.

I'm Ria.

I want to tell you about my dog.

His name is Spotty.

He has black spots on his body.

He wants to play with me all the time.

I love my dog.



Hello.

I am Sarthak.

I would like to tell

you about my brother.

He is in the eighth standard.

He goes to a music class.

He is a very good singer.

Hello, everybody!

I'm Shraddha.

I want to show to you

my collection of seeds.

I put the seeds in small packets.

Sometimes, I take them out and
arrange them in different ways.

I am going to prepare
labels for my packets.



शिक्षकांनी वर्गातील प्रत्येक मुलाला त्याच्या आवडीचा स्वतंत्र विषय निवडू द्यावा आणि त्या विषयावर ३-४ सलग वाक्ये तयार करून घ्यावी. प्रत्येकाला त्याची वाक्ये वर्गात सादर करण्याची संधी द्यावी.



A GARDEN OF WORDS



after	fourth	minutes	rose	story-teller
as	grain	never	second	tell
believe	grains	new	shore	telling
bright	heaps	next	sixth	tenth
broke	hole	night	sparrow	third
bucket	idea	ninth	sparrows	thought
eighth	if	nothing	station	tomorrow
end	king	palace	storehouse	usual
fifth	kitchen	picked	stories	wall
first	loved	river	story	yourself



1. Listen carefully and tick off the words you know.



2. Find and write the words that contain the following words:
 * right * rain * hen * nut * not * lace * arrow.

3. Find the words that tell us about numbers.

For Example : First.



4. Complete the following sentences using different words from the table above.

* Who will do it ? * She picked up the
 * Please me. * The king was in the



वरील शब्दांसाठी नेहमीच्या पदधतीने कार्ड तयार करून घ्यावीत व येथील उपक्रमांत (1 ते 4) त्यांचा वापर करावा.

1. शिक्षकांनी वर दिलेले शब्द क्रमाने सांगावे. नंतर मुलांना अपरिचित वाटणारे शब्द कोणते, ते फळचावर लिहून त्यांचे प्रकट वाचन घ्यावे.
4. येथे दिलेली वाक्ये अर्थपूर्ण वाटतील अशा तज्ज्ञे पूर्ण करायची आहेत. एकेक वाक्य अनेक पर्याय वापरून पूर्ण करता येईल. मुलांना अधिकाधिक वाक्ये तयार करण्यास उत्तेजन द्यावे. तसेच वर दिलेल्या शब्दांखेरीज इतर कोणतेही शब्द योग्य प्रकारे वापरून मुले वाक्य पूर्ण करू शकतात का, हे पहावे.



1. Listen carefully and read with me.

लक्ष देऊन ऐका आणि माझ्याबरोबर वाचा.



Once there was a king.
He loved stories.

“Tell me a story!” he said all the time.

At the end of the story, he said,
“And then? What happened next?”

“Nothing. This is the end,”
said the story-teller.

“Tell me a story that has no end.
I want a never-ending story.”

The story-teller thought and thought.
All his stories had an end.



He could not think of a never-ending story.

Then he had a bright idea.
He began to tell a new story.

“Once there was a king.
He lived in a big palace.
The palace had a big kitchen and a big storehouse.
There were big heaps of grain in the storehouse.
There was a hole in the wall of the storehouse.

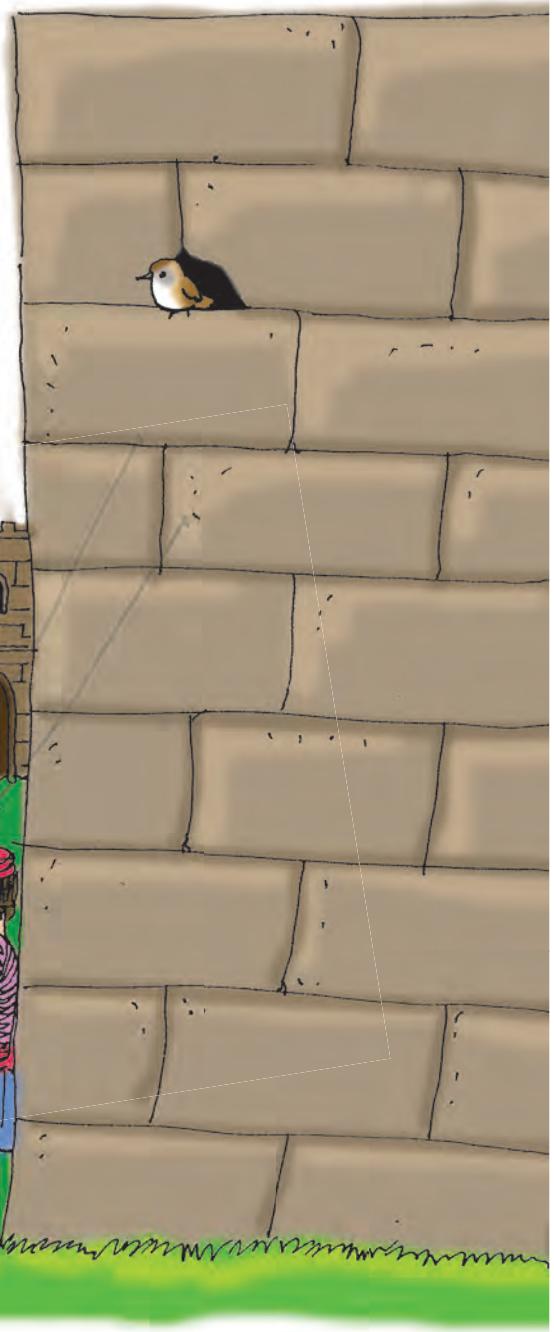


A little sparrow saw the hole,
and swiftly flew inside the storehouse.
Then she picked a grain and flew away.”

“What happened next?” said the king.

“Then another sparrow saw the hole,
flew in, picked a grain and flew away.”

“Oh, and then?
What happened next ?”



“Then a third sparrow saw the hole,
flew in, picked a grain and flew away.”

“And then ?”

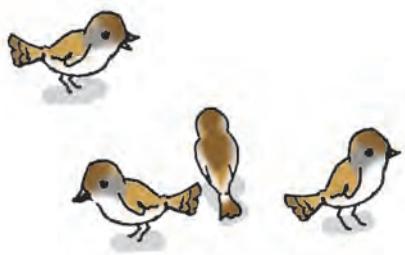
“Then a fourth sparrow saw the hole....”

The story went on and on like this.

Even now, the story-teller is telling the king
this story about the grains and the sparrows.

If you don't believe me, you can go there and
see for yourself.

• • •





2. Read and learn.

first	second	third	fourth	fifth
sixth	seventh	eighth	ninth	tenth



3. Write the two words that make up these big words.

* story-teller * never-ending * storehouse



4. Discuss, in Marathi, how you can end the story-teller's 'Never-ending story'.

5. Now try to find other never-ending stories. Present your ideas in English. Examples :



1. One bus came to the bus-stand and went away after five minutes.
Then another



2. One man came, filled his bucket at the river and went away.
Then another



3. One wave rose, came to the shore and broke at the shore.
Then another



4. It was day and then it was night and then the next day and the next night, and then, the next...



5. Munnu said, "I will do my homework tomorrow".
The next day, he said, "I will do my homework tomorrow". The day after, he said, Then the next day,

Five
Fluffy
Little
Robins



1. Listen, repeat. Read aloud and sing.

कविता ऐका, म्हणा. मोठ्याने वाचा आणि चालीवर म्हणा.



'फाइब्ह 'फ्लफि लिट्ल 'रॉबिन्झ्
'लुक्ट अप् अट द 'स्काय्
इट वझ् 'टाइम् टु 'लीन्ह द 'नेस्ट
अन्ड 'फाइन्ड आउट हाउ टु 'फ्लाय्

'फोडर 'फ्लिटर-फ्लटर्ड 'ऑफ
बट 'बन् वझ् 'फुल् अब्ह 'फिअर्
ही 'सेड इट्स 'फार् टू 'हाय्
आय् 'थिंक आइल् 'स्टेड राइट्
'हिअर्

'कम् आॅन् 'सेड दि 'अदझ्
'फ्लाइंग् 'फ्रिलि इन् द 'सन्
'सोड देअर् लिट्ल 'ब्रदर् 'ट्राइड इट
अन्ड 'फाउन्ड देट इट वझ् 'फन्

Five Fluffy Little Robins,
Looked up at the sky.
It was time to leave the nest,
And find out how to fly.

Four flutter-fluttered off,
But one was full of fear.
He said, "It's far too high,
I think I'll stay right here!"

"Come on!", said the others,
Flying freely in the sun.
So their little brother tried it
And found that it was fun.



2. Complete the following in as many different ways as possible.

* It was time to

* It's far too

Learn, practise and use.

शिका, सराव करा आणि वापरा.



1. Make as many meaningful sentences from the table as you can.

Thank you

for spilling water on your book.

for giving me your book.

for telling me his address.

I forgot your birthday.

I'm sorry

for a lovely treat.

for this beautiful gift.

for being late / I'm late.

for saving my kitten.

I broke this cup.



2. Read aloud the sentences you make. Form pairs.

Then imagine the remaining conversation and present it.



तुम्ही तयार केलेली वाक्ये मोठ्याने वाचा. जोड्या करून उरलेला संवाद काय असेल,
ते कल्पनेने ठरवा आणि सादर करा.

Example :

Manda : Please pass me that water bottle.

Nanda : Here ! Catch !

Manda : Wait ! Oh no !

Nanda : I'm sorry for spilling water on your book.

Order, order !



Listen, read and do.
ऐका, वाचा आणि करा.



- Make the following lists putting 5-8 items in each list.

- * Fruits * Vegetables * Things in your school bag
- * Birds * Animals * Colours

(You may find some examples even in this book !)

- Now, re-arrange your list in alphabetical order.

Example : List of some subjects you have to study in high school.

First List	List in Alphabetical Order
5. Marathi 1. English 3. Hindi 6. Mathematics 4. History 2. Geography 7. Science	1. English Top of the list 2. Geography 3. Hindi 4. History Middle of the list 5. Marathi 6. Mathematics 7. Science Bottom of the list



- Re-arrange your list in the order of your preferences, putting what you like most at the top.



- Use the lists to put questions to your partner in pairs.

- Example :**
- * What comes before ?
 - * What comes after ?
 - * Which subject do you like best ?
 - * Which subject do you like the least ?
 - * Do you like better than ?
 - * What do you like better — or ?

Time to
Laugh



Read and enjoy.

मजेने वाचा.



Daddy : Sachin, why are you wearing an odd pair of shoes ?

Sachin : The other pair is just as odd as this one.



Mummy : What's going on ?

Bunty : The teacher has asked us to write ten lines on a pet dog.



Sona : What are you doing, Mona ?

Mona : I am writing a letter to my younger brother.

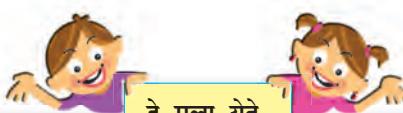
Sona : Why are you writing it so slowly ?

Mona : Because my brother is small. He cannot read fast.



- Collect jokes from newspapers, magazines or books and learn to tell a few jokes well.

वर्गातील प्रत्येक मुलाला किमान एक वेगळा विनोद सांगता येईल इतके विनोद जमा करून इंग्रजीतून विनोद सांगण्याची तयारी मुलांकडून करून घ्यावी.



हे मला येते.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • या वर्षात शिकलेल्या बच्याच कविता तालात/चालीवर म्हणता येतात. <input type="checkbox"/> • इंग्रजीतून सोपी प्रश्नोत्तरे करता येतात. <input type="checkbox"/> • इंग्रजी संवादात भाग घेता येतो. <input type="checkbox"/> • इंग्रजीतून काही विनोद सांगता येतात. <input type="checkbox"/> • सोप्या इंग्रजीतील कथा, माहिती, सूचना ऐकून/वाचून समजतात. <input type="checkbox"/> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • स्वतःच्या मनाने स्वतःसंबंधी, इतर माहितीच्या गोष्टीसंबंधी २-३ वाक्ये सांगता येतात. <input type="checkbox"/> • स्वतःच्या कल्पना इंग्रजीतून सांगण्याचा प्रयत्न करता येतो. <input type="checkbox"/> • पाहून, तसेच स्वतःच्या मनाने सोपे इंग्रजी शब्द, वाक्ये लिहिता येतात. <input type="checkbox"/> • इंग्रजी लिहिताना विरामचिन्हांचा योग्य वापर करता येतो. <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|--|

E-learning material for the Standards I to XII

Available in Marathi and English medium



ebalbharati

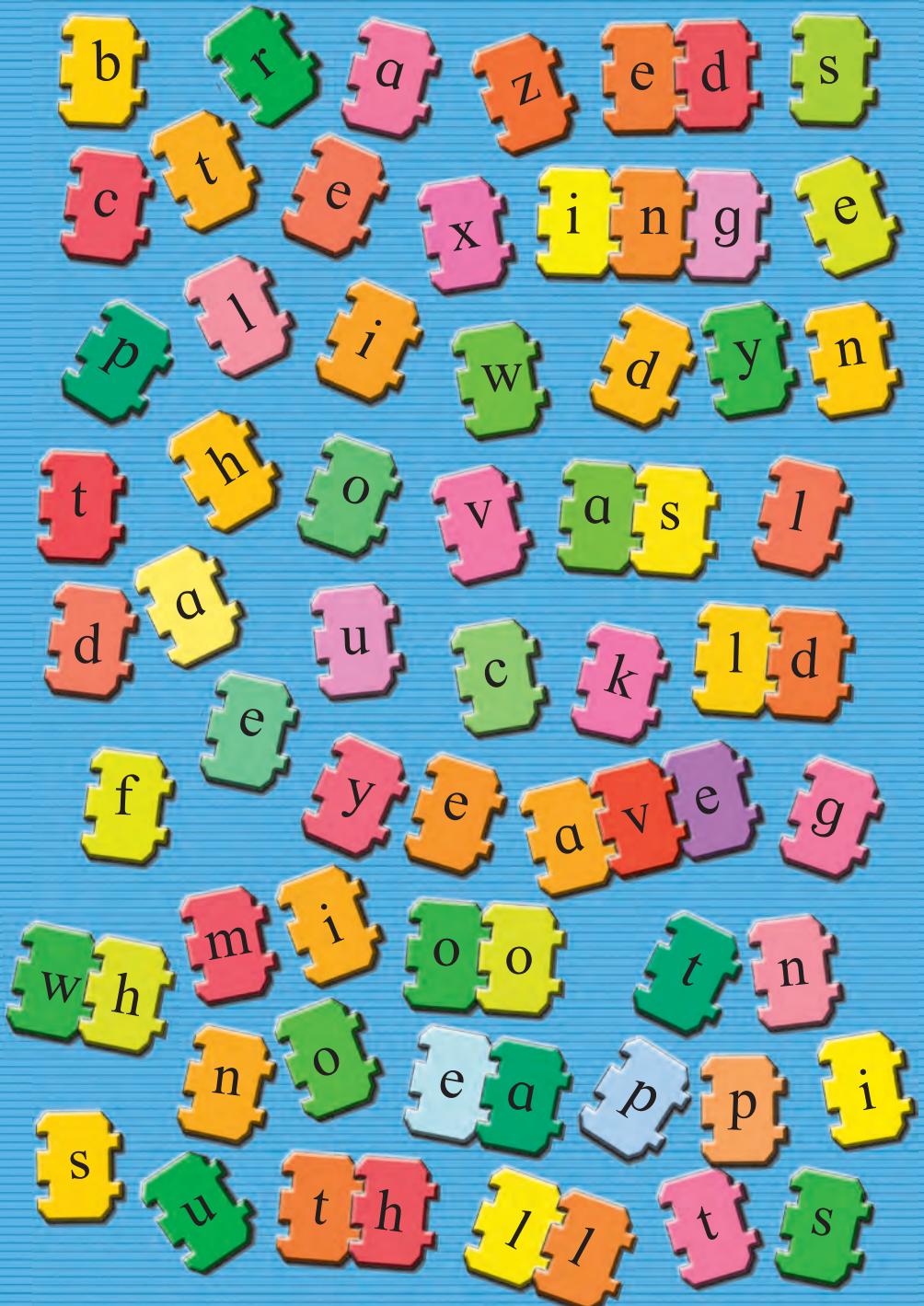
Features

- Inclusion of prescribed subjects as per subject scheme.
- Complete E- learning material based on textbook
- In the form of audio-visual
- Presentation of chapterwise content and inclusion of questions as per necessity
- Inclusion of various activities, pictures, figures/diagrams, etc.
- Use of animation for easy and simple learning
- Inclusion of exercises.

E-learning material (Audio-Visual) for the Standards One to Twelve is available through Textbook Bureau, Balbharati for the students of Marathi and English medium.

For purchasing E-learning material...

- Register your demand by scanning the Q.R. Code given above.
- Register your demand for E-learning material by using Google play store and downloading ebalbharati app.
- Visit the following websites of the Textbook Bureau.
www.ebalbharati.in
www.balbharati.in



इंग्रजी अक्षरांचा खेळ

इंग्रजी अक्षरे जोडून शब्द आणि वाक्येही बनवा! डोळे मिटून, वर दिलेल्या अक्षरांवर/अक्षरांच्या जोडणीवर गोल-गोल बोट फिरवून एका जाणी ठेवा. कोणते अक्षर/अक्षरांची जोडणी मिळाली? आता त्याच्या पुढे, मागे किंवा पुढे आणि मागे तुम्हांला हवे ते तुकडे जोडा आणि शब्द बनवा. असे ५-६ शब्द झाल्यावर त्यांतून वाक्य तयार होते का पहा. हा खेळ जोड्या किंवा गट करूनही खेळता येईल.



**MAHARASHTRA STATE BUREAU OF TEXTBOOK
PRODUCTION AND CURRICULUM RESEARCH, PUNE.**

माय इंग्लिश बुक फोर (मराठी)

₹ 39.00