

# AB Test Vanguard:

Tania Zakowski Paola Garay Investing or not..
in the new features







### Introduction

- Vanguard's main goal is to ensure investors understand their savings objectives.
- Website access provides crucial information for this.
- The new design continuously helps investors manage portfolios and achieve financial security.
- Today, we focus on a POC, allowing customers to process operations.
- Efficiency is assessed through an AB test, comparing it with the current version.





### Data Overview

Demographics of our customers

**Client Profiles** 

MERGE FOR EDA

list of clients belonging to groups Test and Control

**Experiment Roster** 

Logs of customers activity

**Digital Footprints** 

MERGE FOR AB TEST ANALYSIS





# Cleaning and Merging



#### **EDA**

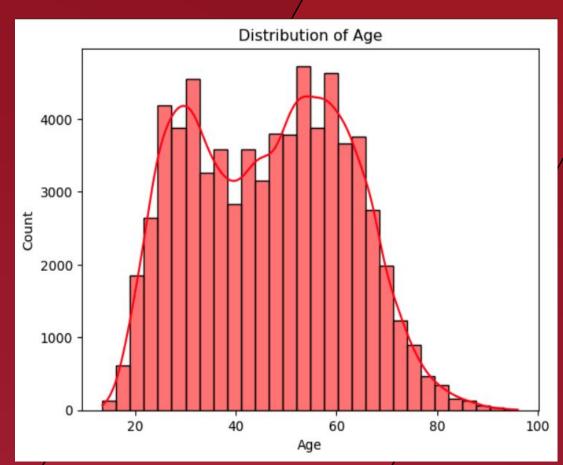
- Transformation of numerical demographic variables for datatypes
- Creation of new columns as categories ( customer's age, tenure and balance)

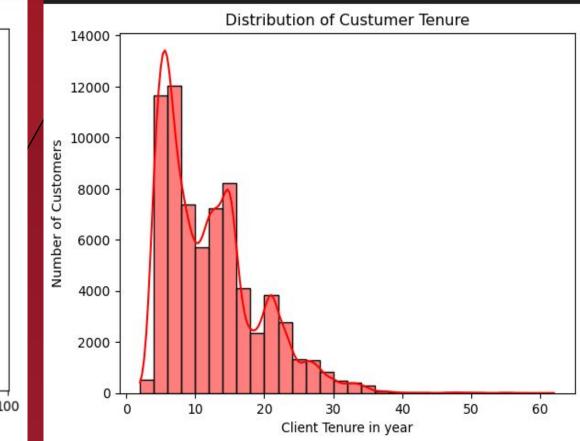
#### **AB - Test analysis**

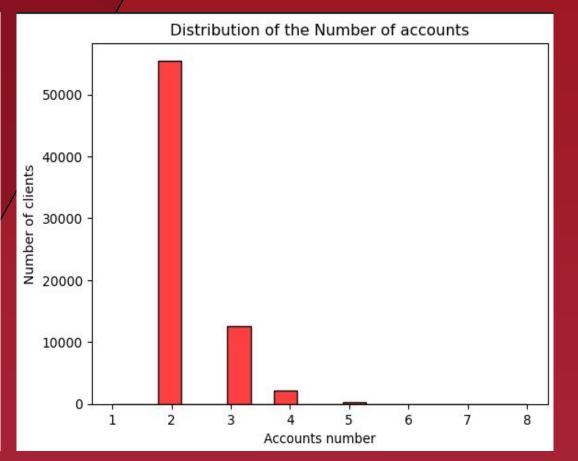
- Records occuring after the user reaches the 'confirm' step were discarded
- Reorganization into two datasets: Completers (Conversions) and Abandonments (Non-conversions)

# EDA









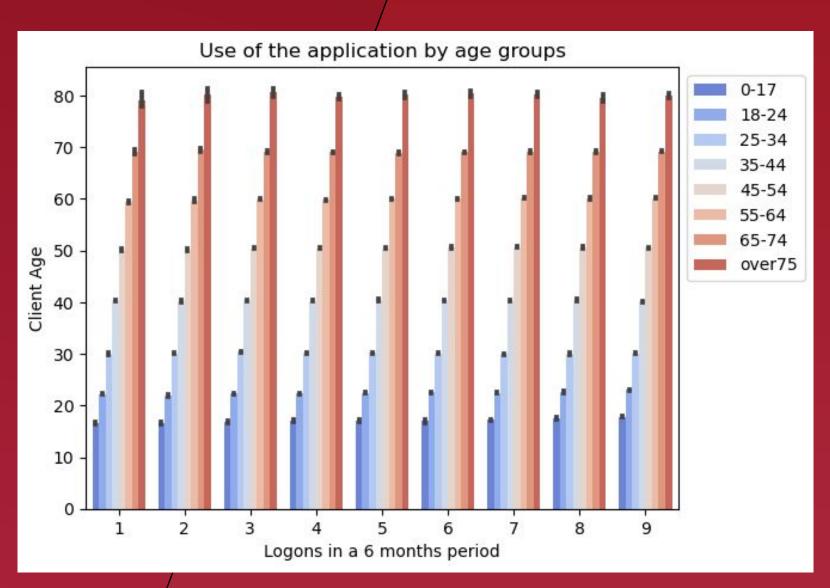
Variable	Mean	Median	Mode	Range
Tenure in years	12.053007	11.00	6.00	60.00
Age	46.442240	47.00	58.50	82.50
Number of accounts	2.255532	2.00	2.00	7.00
Total Balance	147446.73	63334.59	31188.62	16306250.73

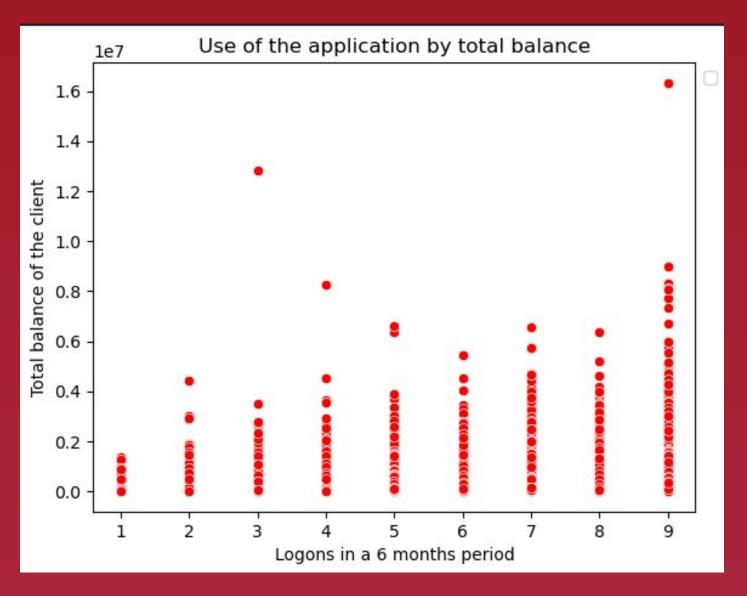






# Behaviour of the customers





Variable	Mean	Median	Mode	Range
Calls within 6 months	3.382469	3.00	6.00	7.00
Logons within 6 months	5.566720	5.00	9.00	8.00







Control

Test

### Performance Metrics

**Completion Rate / Abandonment Rate** 

A/B Test Funnel Comparison with Drop-off Percentages







# Hypothesis Testing

#### **Completion Rate**

• **H0**: The completion rate in the control group is at least 5 % lower than the completion rate in the test group.

$$H0: p2 - p1 >= 0.05$$

• H1: The completion rate is significantly higher for the Test Group compared to the Control Group.

H1: p2 - p1 < 0,05

p-value	(one-tailed): 0.0
t-statistic	20.2192
Critical value	0.05

Reject the null hypothesis: The completion rate in the Test group is significantly higher from the Control group.



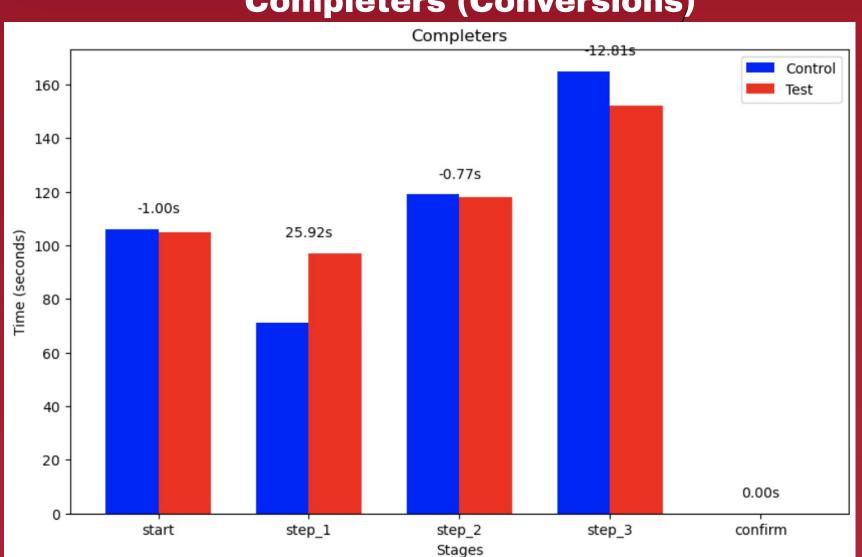




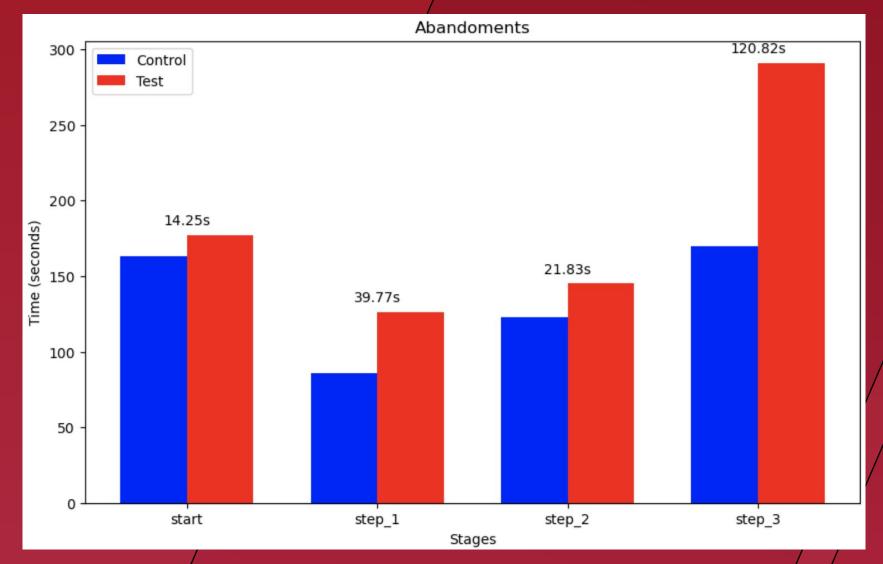
### Performance Metrics

#### Time Spent on Each Step

#### **Completers (Conversions)**



#### **Abandonments(Non-Conversions)**



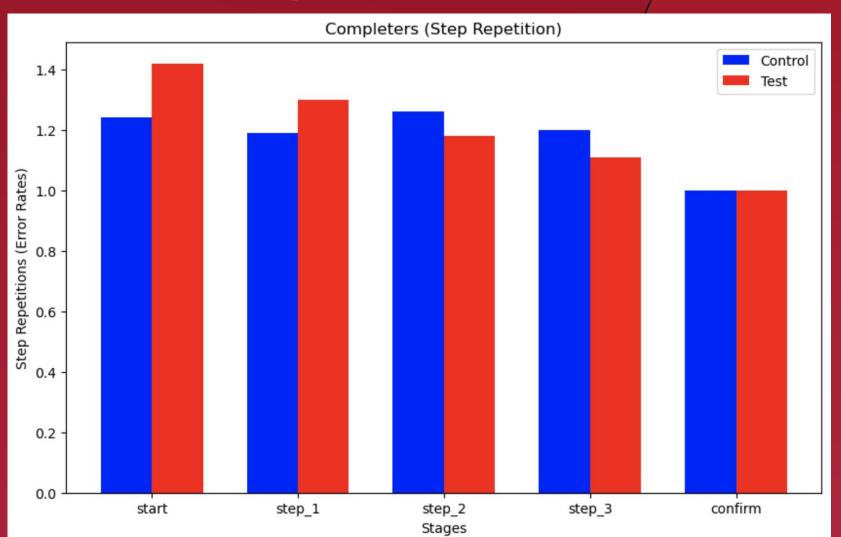




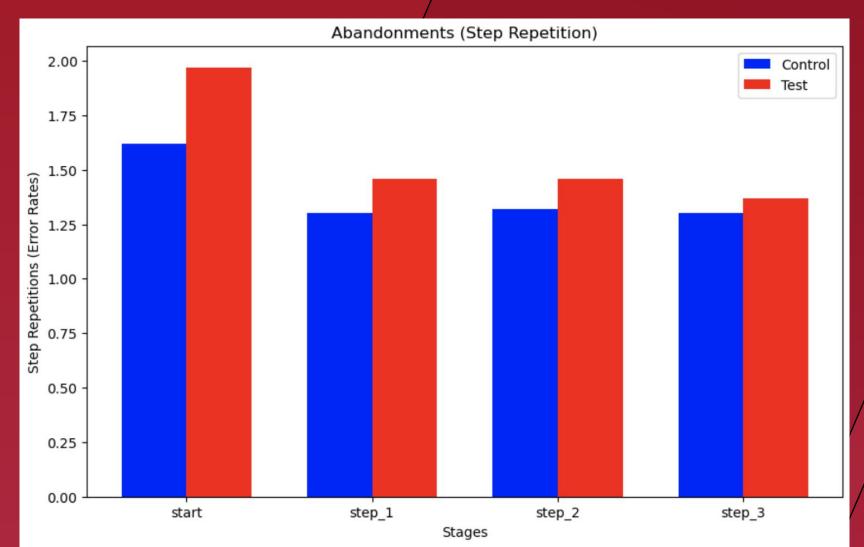
### Performance Metrics

**Error Rates (step repetition)** 

**Completers (Conversions)** 



#### **Abandonments(Non-Conversions)**

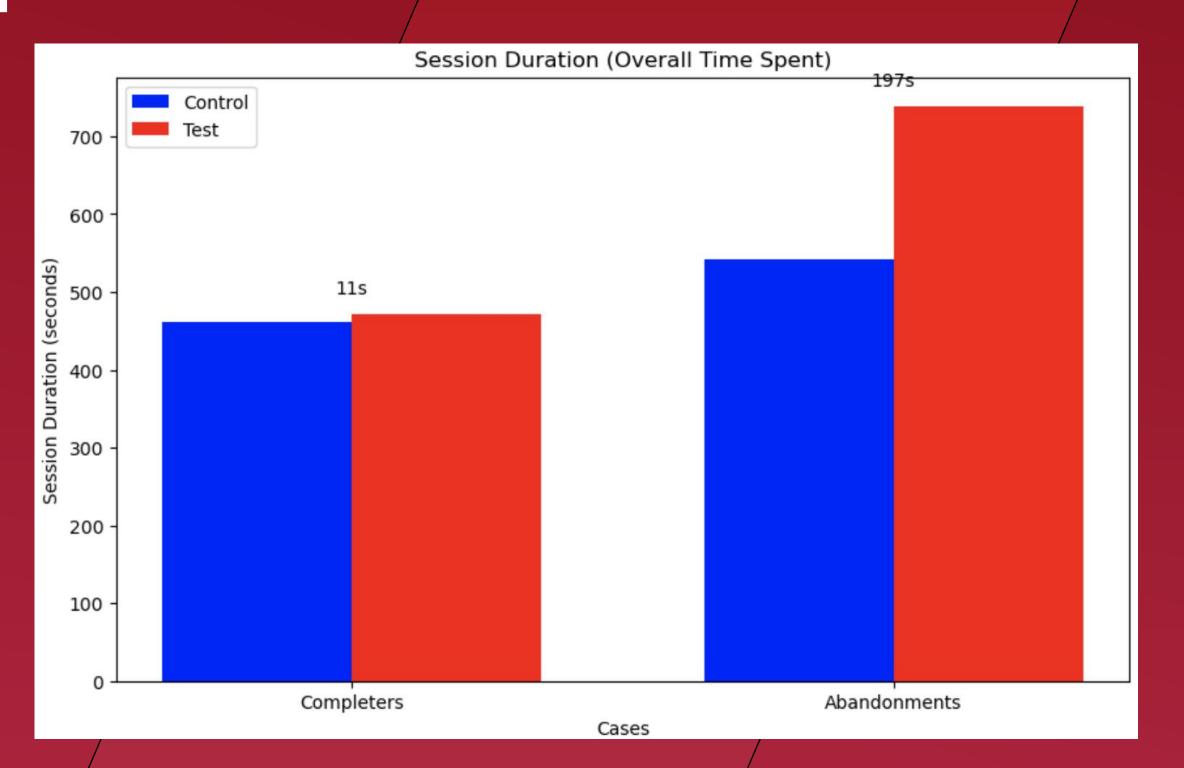






## Performance Metrics

**Session Duration** 

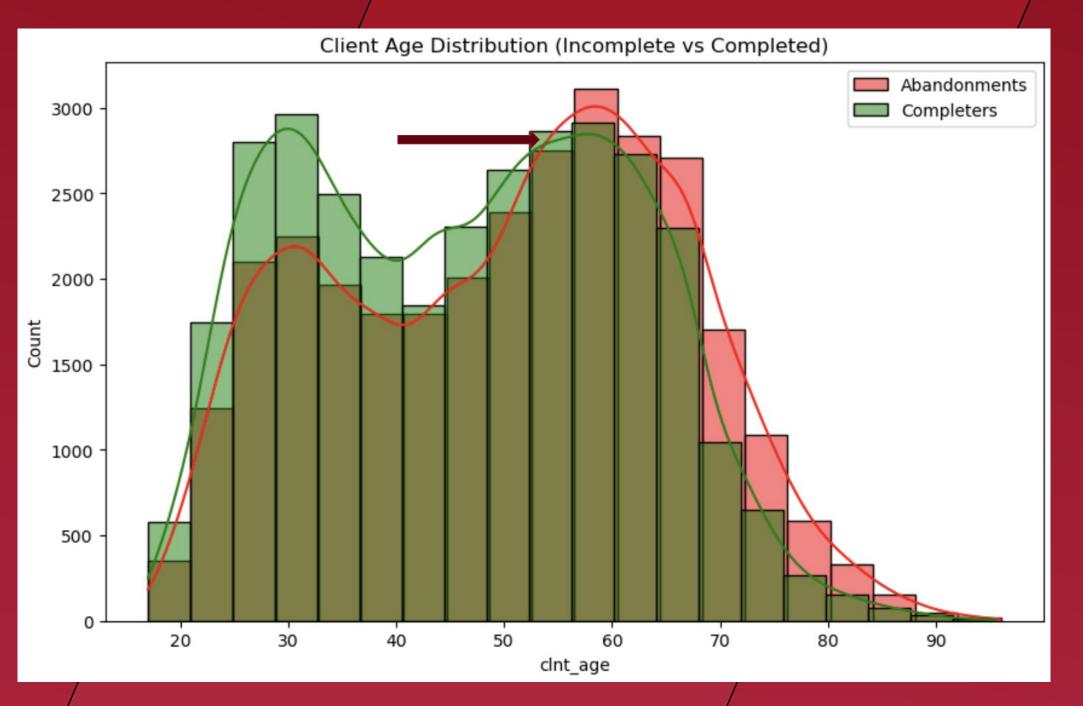








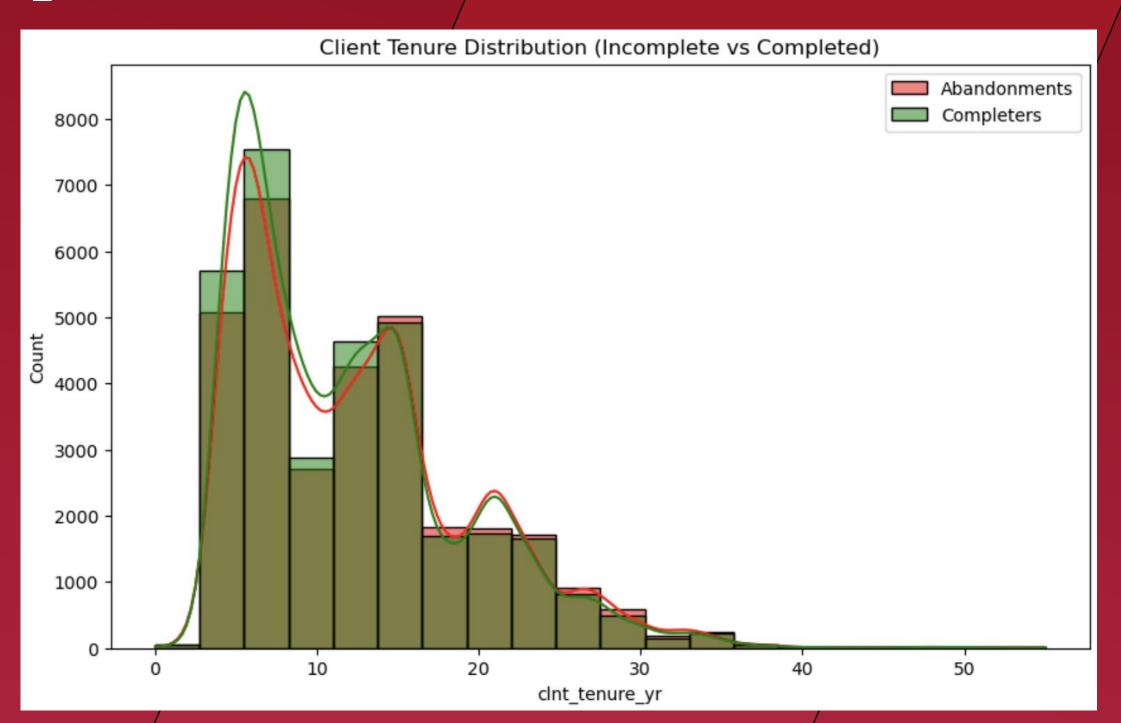
# Completers vs Abandonments







# Completers vs Abandonments

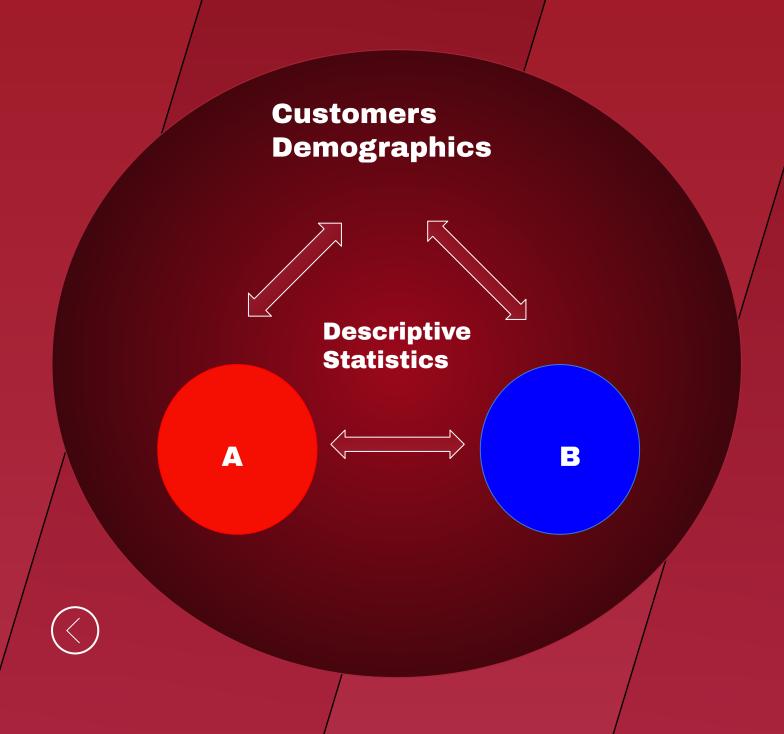








# Experiment Evaluation

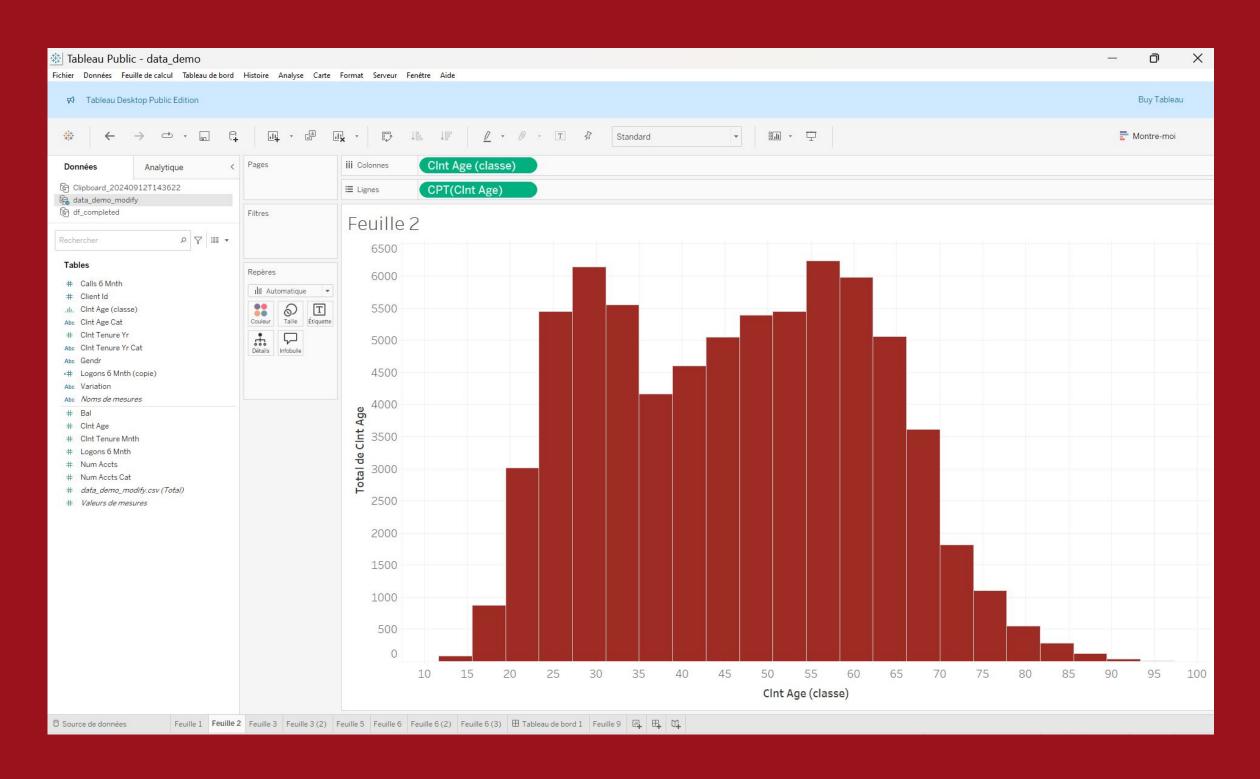


- Sampling: accuracy of the descriptive statistics between samples, and both representative of the population.
- Sampling time sufficient to gather enough data for statistical tests.
- Sampling period very inferior to the logon rate per client => importance of choosing the period.
- Interesting additional data would be an evaluation of the experience by the customers in both groups through a short survey
- Reproducing the experiment in the same conditions 3 weeks later.



### Tableau Visualizations

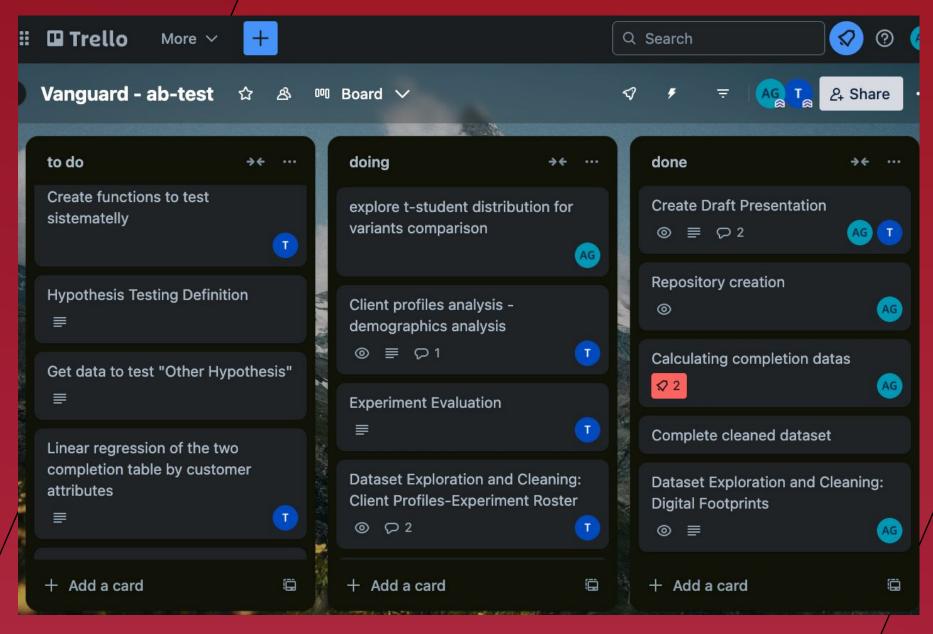




**Tableau dashboard** 



# Teamwork & Project Management



- -Adaptation of the agile ceremonies (sprint planning meeting, daily stand-up meeting, sprint review meeting, and sprint retrospective meeting)
- -Use of online collaborative tools for full access to all team members
- -Use of atlassian product (Follow up of project advancement through trello)







# Challenges & Learnings

- Considering more data transformations in the EDA to facilitate the comprehension of data and facilitating the correlation testing.
- Keeping the final hypothesis test as a goal while coding to ensure easy access to the appropriate data.
- Making sure everyone understand the methodology of others rather than only the results.
- Discussion and team spirit increases both your work and your well-being.
- Git will always be gitting.



### Conclusions



- **UI Effectiveness**: The new UI improves completion rates for those who complete the process, but users who abandon struggle significantly more.
- **User Friction**: Abandoning users in the test group spend much more time (+197 seconds) before giving up, indicating confusion or frustration.

#### **Demographic Behavior:**

- Older (over 60) users are more likely to abandon the process.
- Newer clients (0-5 years) are more engaged
- Long-tenured clients (10+ years) are more likely to abandon, possibly due to discomfort with digital processes.

### Recomendations





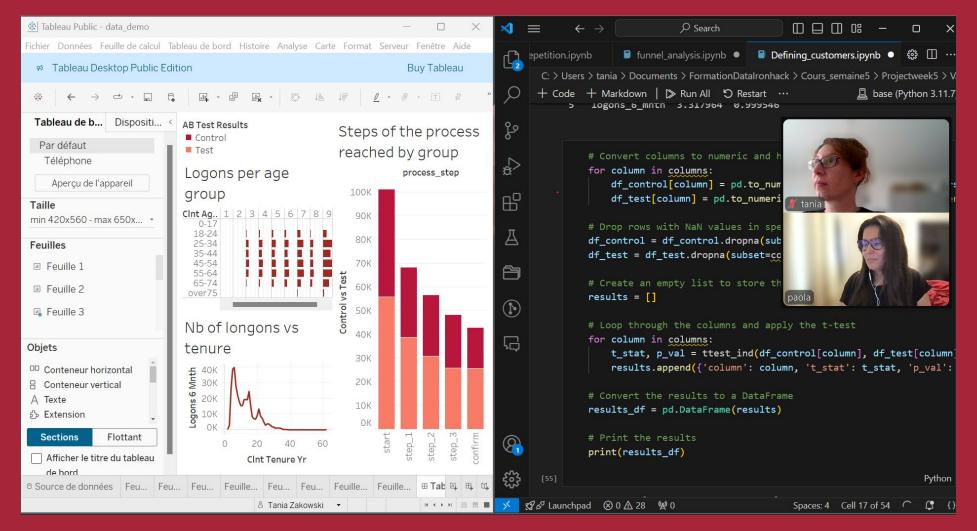
# Implement the new features in production.

- **Simplify the UI for Long-Term Clients**: Provide a simplified interface or personalized assistance (live chat, phone support) to help users with 10+ years of tenure.
- Tailor UI for Different Age Groups:
  - o Younger users: Make the UI faster and more engaging (gamification, mobile optimization).
  - Older users: Focus on usability improvements (larger fonts, clear navigation).
- Address Drop-Offs at Critical Steps: Analyze key steps to reduce friction and confusion.
- Provide Real-Time Support for At-Risk Users: Use real-time help (chat, guidance) to assist users struggling with certain steps.
- Monitor Performance by Tenure: Target re-engagement campaigns and offer incentives to long-tenured clients to reduce abandonment.



### Thank Your For Your

### Attention



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