

Theory of Computation

Paolo Bettelini

Contents

1	Alphabet	2
2	Turing Machines	2

1 Alphabet

An alphabet is a set of values which represents the solutions to a certain problem.

The set $\{0, 1\}$ is the binary set. The set $\{0, 1\}^*$ is the set of all binary strings (union of all n -permutations of $\{0, 1\}$ and an empty string). In general, if Σ is an alphabet Σ^* is the set of all strings over Σ

$$\Sigma^* = \lambda \cup \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \Sigma^n$$

where λ is the empty string. Note that $\lambda \neq \emptyset \neq \{\lambda\}$.

2 Turing Machines