# Limits

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#### 1 Definition

A limit is usually used to describe the behavior of a function as its argument approaches a given value.

The limit towards a certain value c within a function can be be approached both from the right and from the left.

The limit in a general sense exists if the value approached from both sides is the same and well-defined.

We define the limit of x approaching c from the left within the function f(x) as

$$\lim_{x\to c^-} f(x)$$

We define the limit of x approaching c from the right within function f(x) as

$$\lim_{x \to c^+} f(x)$$

We define the limit of x approaching c within function f(x) as

$$\lim_{x \to c} f(x)$$

Formally, given a function  $f: D \to \mathbb{R}$  the limit  $L = \lim_{x \to c} f(x)$  exists if given an arbitrary small  $\epsilon > 0$  there is another number  $\delta > 0$  such that

$$|f(x) - L| < \epsilon$$
,  $\forall x \in D$  where  $0 < |x - c| < \delta$ 

#### 2 Properties

If the limit exists

$$\lim_{x\to c} f(g(x)) = f(\lim_{x\to c} g(x))$$