



WHAT I LEARNED FROM ALL  
THOSE HOURS OF HISTORY!

# COLONIZATION (1607-1750)

## WHAT'S THE STORY?

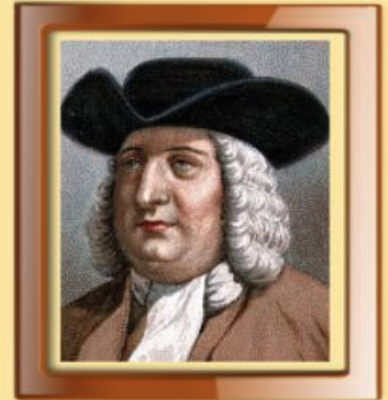
The Colonization Unit was about European countries setting up colonies in the "New World" and how they coexisted with natives already here. There was competition between countries as well. Our focus was really on England's colonies and how each region (New England, Middle and Southern) developed their own identity. New England was basically a place for trade, while the others were more agricultural with some trade.



## MOST IMPORTANT EVENT

There were lots of events to choose from here, like the founding of Jamestown, since it was the first permanent English settlement. But, the Pilgrims landing at Plymouth and settling there is maybe more important. With the Pilgrims, you have families coming to America rather than people men looking for gold, giving England more permanent settlements. It also sets the tone of coming here to be able to practice your religious beliefs, which will eventually be found in the First Amendment of the Constitution. They were not the most religiously tolerant people, but the Pilgrims paved the way for other religious groups to come over the Atlantic. In addition, they give us the Mayflower Compact, which set a framework for governing in the Americas. In essence, the Pilgrims' experience at Plymouth paved the way for the Great Migration that would follow.

## MOST INFLUENTIAL PERSON



**William Penn**

William Penn is the most influential person we learned about from the Colonial Period. Penn was the founder of Pennsylvania. He was a wealthy part of the upper class in England, but he was a Quaker. They were persecuted for their beliefs in England because of its emphasis on the Church of England. The King gave Penn land in the America to set up a colony. Penn set up a colony that emphasized peacefully coexisting with others. Quakers were the most tolerant of all the religious communities that were set up in the Americas, which may have helped explain why it was one of the most successful colonies. And it all started with William Penn.

## A LESSON LEARNED



If we are supposed to learn anything from our past with regard to this era, it would be that we need to be tolerant of others in order to be successful. The most successful colonies were the ones that blended a lot of cultures like Pennsylvania and New York. The others definitely set up more of a "haves" and "have nots" in their colonies and were successful for some of the people, but not many.

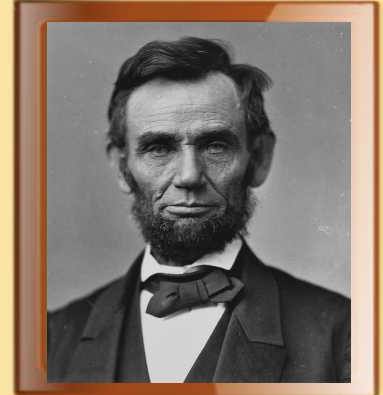


# UNIT 8 THE CIVIL WAR

## WHAT'S THE STORY?

The unit abraham lincoln is most mentioned in is the civil war unit. The most important event in this unit is the civil war. I learned many things especially about the battles and the generals who led them. I also learned about things like the anaconda plan and why the confederacy broke off from the Union.

## MOST INFLUENTIAL PERSON



**Abraham Lincoln**



## MOST IMPORTANT EVENT

The most important event in this unit was the civil war. The Civil War started when Abraham Lincoln was elected president. The southern states did not like this and broke off from the Union. They called themselves the confederacy, the state that was first to leave was south carolina. The rest of the southern states broke off with time. The states started to fight and had many memorable battles like the battle at bull run or the battle of gettysburg. This is so important because it was a civil war between a country that had just become free and it was the most deadly battle to american people in any war.

Abraham Lincoln was the president at the time during the civil war. He ran in the election of 1860. He realized that the war would be long when they lost the first battle at bull run. When he gave orders for his troops to fight and they won boosted the confidence of the Union and him getting his second term as president. He got the second term but was then assassinated in a theatre



## A LESSON LEARNED

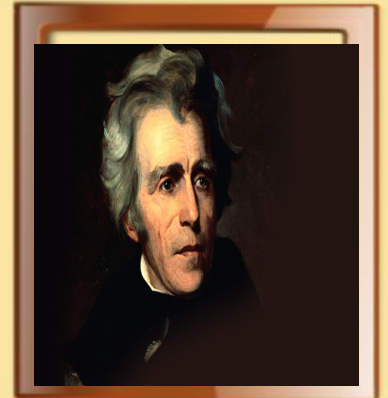
I have learned many things about this war but I think that America has learned the most. The US learned that we shouldn't go into another civil war because it can cause lots of bloodshed across america.

# THE JACKSONIAN ERA

## WHAT'S THE STORY?

This unit was about Andrew Jackson and what happened to the country during his time. Many things like kicking out the Natives and suing banks happened in this era.

## MOST INFLUENTIAL PERSON



**Andrew Jackson**



## MOST IMPORTANT EVENT

The most important event was the trail of tears. Andrew Jackson was elected president and had started to do some bad things. Many southerners were angry they didn't have more land and more slaves so they wanted the land they promised the Cherokees could keep. Andrew Jackson said light a fire under them they'll move. So the southerners kicked them out of their homes and they were sent to live in Oklahoma. The trail was so long nearly  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the Cherokees died along the way.

Andrew Jackson was the president at the time when the Cherokees were kicked out of their land. He was not a very good president and was the man who told the southerners to kick the Cherokees out of their land. Many things happened in his presidency that made him look bad like the bank being taxed.



## A LESSON LEARNED

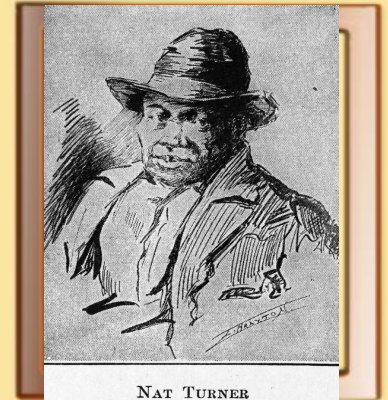
I have learned that many other things happened like the trail of tears to other people. I learned that this is a very bad thing to do and it could be very bad if you did it again.

# SECTIONALISM

## WHAT'S THE STORY?

In this unit many things were going on in the south with slavery. Many slaves were rising up against their owners and were taking a stand. The two most famous of these were Nat Turner and Harriet Tubman. Nat Turner started a revolt and killed all of the white people there including babies. Harriet Tubman Helped other slaves escape on the underground railroads.

## MOST INFLUENTIAL PERSON



**Nat Turner**



## MOST IMPORTANT EVENT

The most important event in this unit was Nat Turner's revolt. In this event Nat Turner and all of the other slaves with him ran into white people's homes and killed all of them including the babies. The reason they did this was because they were tired of being treated like garbage and wanted to have their own lives. The reason he killed little babies was to keep them from growing up and becoming slave owners

Nat turner was a slave who started a huge revolt ending up killing many people. He was taking a stand against white slave owners by killing their entire family.



## A LESSON LEARNED

I learned that some heroes don't do the right thing and can sometimes even become criminals in trying to do the right thing.



# COLINIZATION

## WHAT'S THE STORY?

In this unit John Smith and many other European men sailed across the ocean to find a new land which they did. They didn't have a good start and ended up killing some of the natives with new diseases brought over. They didn't have much money but found out about tobacco.

## MOST INFLUENTIAL PERSON



**John Smith**



## MOST IMPORTANT EVENT

The most important event was when the people started to plant tobacco and it became the most selling item in the land. The reason it helped so much was because not many people had money so they were starving and couldn't afford those things. Natives in the land were attacking the newcomers at first then realized they needed help. Tobacco is the reason that this nation is still here today.

John Smith was the man who led the ships over to the new land. He was trying his best to sustain the life in the new places but it was troublesome. They found out about tobacco and everyone started to plant it and it saved the entire colony of Jamestown.



## A LESSON LEARNED

I learned that if John Smith and tobacco weren't around the entire nation of the USA wouldn't be here. I know that things like tobacco are bad for you but in some cases they can help start getting money.