OL/2022(2023)/33/E-I සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇව්රිණි / (மුගුට பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved) ශී ලංකා විහාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විහාග දෙපාර්ත**ල**න්තුව **නි**ල පුළුවුලක මුදුවේ පුළුවුලක විහාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව මුහත්කෙස பරියකණු නිකානස්සහාග මුහත්කෙස පරියකණු පිතාකස්සහාග මුදුවේ පරියකණ සිතුන්ක මුත්කන්නෙහා මුහත්කෙස පරියකණු නි Department of Examinations, Ari Lanka Department of **මුහාත්ණාස** වි**ගී දින්ව විහාග මැත්තාක්තියි නැගු**ණ්ණාන Sri Lanka Departm ශී ලංකා විහාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විහාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විහාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශී ලංකා විහා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඉහතික සැලියක් සිතුන් මුහත්කය පරියකම්න්තුව ඉහතිකය සැලියකණු විහාත්තය සැලියකණු නි අධායයන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2022(2023) கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2022(2023) General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2022(2023) ඉතිහාසය ஒரு மணித்தியாலம் I வரலாறு One hour History Ι **Instructions:** * Answer all questions. * In each of the questions from 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) which is correct or most appropriate. * Mark a cross (\times) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided. * Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully. What is the text which has recorded the unbroken history of Sri Lanka? (4) Rajavaliya (1) Dipavamsa (2) Mahayamsa (3) Pujavaliya 2. From among the following, who, although an invader, is considered to have led a just and law-abiding rule according to Mahavamsa? (1) Elara (2) Rajaraja (4) Rajendra Chola (3) Sri Mara Sri Vallabha 3. What is the term used for deserted tank villages? (3) Niyam gam (4) Olagam (2) Aparikkitta gam (1) Parikitta gam From among the following, what was considered as the most important qualification to be a village chieftain? (2) Wealth (1) Political experience (4) Being a descendant from a high caste (3) Popularity among villagers The first ruler who is considered to have divided the country into provinces and appointed ministers for each of them was (2) Dutugemunu. (4) Vijayabahu I. (3) Vasabha. (1) Pandukabhaya. 6. From among the following, one important step taken by Vijayabahu I to strengthen the economy of the country was (1) selection of Polonnaruwa as his seat of administration. (2) liberation of the country from the Cholas. (3) establishment of friendly relations with neighbouring countries. (4) commencement of the construction of large scale tanks and anicuts. 7. A king who was raised to divinity because of his great contribution to economy was (4) Parakramabahu the Great. (3) Dhatusena. (2) Mahasen. (1) Vasabha. 8. The names of several kings are given in Column I and some points which are related to those kings are given in Column II. When Column II is matched according to the order of Column I, what is the correct answer? Column II Column I A - Unification of the island 1. King Pandukabhaya B - Demarcation of borders of villages for the first time. 2. King Bhatikabhaya C - Construction of Kala Wewa 3. King Dutugemunu

D - Dispatching ambassadors to Rome

(3) B, A and C

(2) A, C and D

(1) A, B and C

(4) B, D and A

- 9. The reason to become Sri Lanka important in international commercial activities from ancient times is
 - (1) being a small island.
 - (2) being separately located from India.
 - (3) being located at a central place in the Indian Ocean.
 - (4) the natural location of Trincomalee harbour.
- 10. From the following, what was the measure that had been adopted to prevent the tank bund from sinking?
 - (1) Construction of the tank bund on a naturally located rock
 - (2) Construction of the bund with stones
 - (3) Disposal of rain water through Pitavana
 - (4) Construction of Ralapanawa strongly
- Read carefully the statements from A to E and answer the questions 11 and 12.
 - A Demonstration of an excellent knowledge in designing parks
 - B Use of moats and brick walls for protection
 - C Construction of the foundation similar to the methods used in modern concrete technology
 - D Demonstration of a sound knowledge of hygiene and health
 - E Discovery of evidence on the use of instruments of surgery
- 11. What is the answer which includes information on Sigiriya?
 - (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) D and E
- 12. What is the answer which includes information related to Alahana Pirivena?
 - (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) D and E
- 13. What was the construction used in the past to keep the standard and the coolness of drinking water?
 - (1) Pokunu
- (2) Andiya wells
- (3) Uraketa Lin(wells) (4) Anicuts
- 14. What is the inscription in which the rules for the protection of the environment were included?
 - (1) Galpotha inscription

- (2) Anuradhapura slab inscription
- (3) Panakaduwa copper plate
- (4) Thonigala inscription
- 15. What is the main reason behind the inclusion of gruels (kenda) into their food by the Sri Lankans from early times?
 - (1) It is easy to prepare
 - (2) It is easy to digest
 - (3) The ingredients used for gruels (kenda) were abundantly available
 - (4) It improves physical strength
- 16. The ruler who liberated the country from the invaders, Kalinga Magha and Chandrabanu was
 - (1) Vijayabahu I.
- (2) Parakramabahu I. (3) Parakramabahu II. (4) Vijayabahu III.
- 17. Several kingdoms in Sri Lanka are given in Column I and several ancient administrative divisions are given in Column II. When Column II is matched according to the order of Column I what is the correct answer?

| Column I | Column II |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. Anuradhapura | A – Mayarata |
| 2. Kandy | B – Rajarata |
| 3. Kotte | C - Ruhunurata |
| | D – Malayarata |

- (1) A, B and C
- (2) A, B and D
- (3) B, A and C
- (4) B, D and A
- 18. The king who built Kandy as an independent kingdom for the first time was
 - (1) Rajasinghe I.

(2) Sena Sammatha Wickramabahu.

(3) Jayaweera Bandara.

(4) Wimaladharmasuriya I.

- Answer the question no. 19 with reference to statements, A and B.
 - A Emergence of nation states
 - B Development of trade
- 19. Regarding the Renaissance in Europe
 - (1) A and B are correct.

- (2) A and B are incorrect.
- (3) A is correct while B is incorrect.
- (4) A is incorrect while B is correct.
- 20. Who invented the telescope?
 - (1) Nicholas Copernicus

(2) Johannes Keplar

(3) Johannes Gutenburg

- (4) Galileo Galilie
- 21. What is the industry which developed as a result of its by-products such as paints, drugs, oil and fertilizer during the Industrial Revolution?
 - (1) Textile industry

(2) Iron and steel industry

(3) Coal industry

- (4) Agriculture
- 22. From among the following, what was a benefit gained by the introduction of the change of crops for cultivation during the Industrial Revolution?
 - (1) Reduction of the spread of diseases in plants
 - (2) Reduction of seeds for sowing
 - (3) Ability to cultivate under the minimum supply of water
 - (4) Sustainability of the crop for any weather condition
- 23. From among the places given from A to D, what is the answer which includes the trading centres established by the British in India?

A – Madras

B - Bombay

C - Pondichery

D - Chandranagar

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and D
- (3) B and C
- (4) C and D
- 24. The Kandyan Kingdom was officially ceded to the British
 - (1) after the capture of King Sri Vikrama Rajasinghe.
 - (2) after the signing of the Kandyan convention in 1815.
 - (3) after the Proclamation of 1818.
 - (4) after the implementation of Colebrooke-Cameron reforms in 1833.
- 25. The main reason for the English to pay their attention to the Trincomalee harbour in Sri Lanka was
 - (1) the need to protect their naval power in the eastern coast of India.
 - (2) the availability of valuable trading commodities in and around Trincomalee harbour.
 - (3) that the harbour was suitable for foreign trade.
 - (4) that it was a harbour where large ships can be anchored.
- 26. The most important factor which facilitated the British conquest of the Kandyan Kingdom was
 - (1) the joining of the masses with the British.
 - (2) the military strength of the British.
 - (3) the distancing of the relationship between the king and his subjects.
 - (4) the support rendered by the people of the maritime provinces to the British.
- 27. Who established the Zahira College in Colombo?
 - (1) Henry Steel Olcott (2) Orabi Pasha
- (3) M.C. Siddhi Lebbe (4) T.B. Jayah
- 28. From among the following, what is the publication published by the Church Missionary Organisation? (4) Sarasavi Sandaresa (3) Lanka Lokaya (1) Lakmini Pahana (2) Masika Thegga

- 29. From among the following, what was the main objective of the agitation launched by the European entrepreneurs?
 - (1) to limit the powers of the Governor
 - (2) to abolish communal representation to the Legislative Council
 - (3) to increase the number of ex-officio members in the Executive Council
 - (4) to develop the infrastructure facilities for plantations

| 3 | Under the Donoughmore reforms, voting right was given, only to educated Sri Lankans. only to males above the age of 18 years. to all above the age of 21 years. |
|-----|--|
| 3 | 31. Who was the first president of the Ceylon National Congress? (1) D.B. Jayatilaka (2) F.R. Senanayaka (3) Ponnambalam Arunachalam (4) James Pieris |
| 3 | 32. A field of subject which was not assigned to the Sri Lankan ministers in the State Council was (1) education. (2) financial matters. (3) local government. (4) health. |
| 3 | 3. From among the following, what is the area in Sri Lanka which was not suitable for tea cultivation? (1) Low country wet zone (2) Dry zone (3) Upcountry wet zone (4) Wet high mountainous area |
| 34 | What is the main reason which led to the failure of cinchona cultivation in this country? Planters were not adequately knowledgeable about the cinchona cultivation There was not an adequate number of entrepreneurs who were prepared to invest money in cinchona cultivation There was a limited demand for cinchona in the world market because it was a medicinal plant An additional expenditure had to be incurred for providing shelter for cinchona plantations |
| | Answer the questions 35 and 36 with reference to the information given from A to D. A - Appointment of the Judicial Service Commission for the protection of the independence of the judiciary B - Power of appointing the cabinet of ministers was vested with the President C - Termination of constitutional links with the British empire D - Prime Minister was the head of the cabinet of ministers. |
| 35 | What is the answer which includes information related to the Constitution of 1972? (1) A and B (2) A and D (3) B and D (4) C and D |
| 36. | What is the answer which includes information related to the Constitution of 1978? (1) A and B (2) A and D (3) B and D (4) C and D |
| • | Answer the question 37 with reference to the statements in A and B. A Boston Tea Party B Attack on the Bastille |
| 37. | Regarding the French Revolution (1) A and B are correct. (2) A and B are incorrect. (3) A is correct while B is incorrect. (4) A is incorrect while B is correct. |
| • | Couples of statements are given under A, B, C and D. Examine the relationship between the statements given as 1 and 2 and answer the questions from 38 to 40. |
| | A - 1. World War I 2. Sarajevo incident B - 1. Germany 2. Central powers |
| | C - 1. Security Council D - 1. World War II 2. League of Nations 2. United Nations Organization |
| 38. | What is the couple which does not indicate a relationship between the first and the second? (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D |
| 39. | What is the couple which indicates that the 1 st was caused by the 2 nd ? (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D |
| 40. | What is the couple which indicates that the 2 nd emerged as a result of the 1 st ? (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D |

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / (மුழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved)

ඉතිහාසය II வரலாழு History II சැය තුනයි மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours

අමතර කියවී<mark>ම් ක</mark>ාලය மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம்

Additional Reading Time

මනිත්තු 10 යි10 நிமிடங்கள்

- 10 நிமிடங்கள் - **10 minutes** Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

Instructions:

- * Question No. 1 in Part I is compulsory.
- * Answer four questions from Part II and one question from Part III.
- * The total number of questions to be answered is six.

Part I

1. (a) (i) Mark and name all the historical places given below on the map of Sri Lanka provided.

Dambakola Patuna, Iranamadu, Magama, Anuradhapura, Gampola, Negombo, Galle Port, Kala Wewa, Yan Oya, Gal Oya, Batticaloa, Yoda Wewa

Galle Port, Kala Wewa, Yan Oya, Gal Oya, Batticaloa, Yoda Wewa

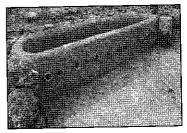
(12 marks)

(ii) Mark and name all the historical places given below on the segment of the map of world provided.

Constantinople, Suez Canal, Bombay, France, Arabian Sea, Japanese Islands

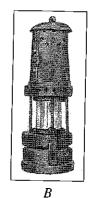
(06 marks)

- (b) (i) Write in sequential order in your answer script, the answers relevant to the questions indicated under A, B, C and D.
 - A In what name is the earliest man who made settlements in Sri Lanka called?
 - B "Not a single drop of water that falls from the sky should be sent to the sea without properly using it." Who made this statement?
 - C Name the artist who painted Monalisa.
 - D Who invented the method of sending messages through radio signals? (04 marks)
 - ullet Study the pictures given under A and B and write the answers to the questions in sequential order in your answer script.
 - (ii) 1. What is depicted in picture A?
 - 2. For what purpose was it used?
 - 3. What is the area where the ruins related to this work were found?
 - 4. What was the natural power of energy that was used to operate it? (04 marks)



- (iii) 1. What is depicted in picture B?
 - 2. Who invented it?
 - 3. For which industry was it used?
 - 4. For what purpose was it used?

(04 marks)



Part II

(i) Name three outdoor habitations where pre-historic man lived.

(03 marks)

- (ii) Write two factors which led the pre-historic man to choose places for his habitations. (04 marks)
- (iii) Describe with two points the technology used by man during the proto-historic period. (05 marks)
- (iv) Explain three factors which led to the expansion of settlements during the early historic era.

(06 marks)

3. (i) Name the three Kannas (harvests/seasons) in which paddy was cultivated in ancient society.

(03 marks)

(ii) Name four crops cultivated in chenas in the past.

(04 marks)

(iii) Describe with two points the existence of various industries in ancient times.

(05 marks)

(iv) Explain with three points the manner in which a systematic internal trade existed in the past.

(06 marks)

(i) Name the three divisions into which the Kotte Kingdom was divided after the Vijayaba Kollaya.

(03 marks)

- (ii) Write the answers suitable for the statements given below.
 - A The person who built a fortress at Pelenda and began a struggle against the Portuguese
 - B The king who ceded his right to kingship to the Portuguese by a deed of
 - C The trading company through which the Dutch conducted their activities in
 - D The Dutch governor who led the invasion of Kandy in 1764

(04 marks)

- (iii) Describe two attempts made by the Portuguese to capture the Kandyan Kingdom. (05 marks)
- (iv) Describe three policies adopted by the Dutch in maintaining relations with the
- Kandyan Kingdom.

(06 marks)

5. (i) Name three badde organisations functioned in the Kandyan Kingdom.

(03 marks)

- (ii) Name four punishments inflicted on convicts in the Kandyan Kingdom.
- (04 marks)
- (iii) Describe two features of the economic system in the Kandyan Kingdom.
- (05 marks)
- (iv) Explain three features of the social organization of the Kandyan Kingdom.
- (06 marks)

- (03 marks) 6. (i) Name three areas where coffee cultivation spread under the British. (04 marks) (ii) Write two reasons for the decline of the coffee plantation. (iii) Describe two factors which led to the development of the tea plantation. (05 marks) (iv) Explain with reference to three points the fact that the introduction of plantation brought about both advantages and disadvantages in the local economy. (06 marks) 7. (i) Name three groups which belonged to the Pancha Maha Balavegaya which was (03 marks) active during the General Election of 1956. (ii) Write two fundamental human rights included in the constitution of 1978. (04 marks) (iii) Describe two steps taken by governments which came to power in three decades (05 marks) after independence to develop education. (iv) Explain three measures taken by governments after independence to develop the (06 marks) cultivation of paddy. Part III (03 marks) 8. (i) Name three colonies established by the British in North America. (ii) Write two reasons which led the Europeans to establish colonies in America. (04 marks) (iii) Describe two reasons which led to the outbreak of the French Revolution. (05 marks) (06 marks) (iv) Explain three results of the Russian Revolution.
- 9. (i) Name three countries which belonged to the Central Powers during World War I. (03 marks)
 - (ii) Select answers from the brackets suitable for the following statements from A to D.
 - A The leader who pioneered to create a united Germany
 - B Prime Minister of England during World War I
 - C The Fascist leader in Italy
 - D A country which enjoys veto power in the United Nations Organisation

(Lloyd George, Winston Churchill, Benito Mussolini, Adolf Hitler, China, India, Otto von Bismarck, Kaiser William)

(iii) Describe two results of World War I.

(04 marks) (05 marks)

(iv) Describe three factors which led to the outbreak of World War II.

(06 marks)

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ថិយុទ្ធ ២ សិថិត្តាថិ ឌុស៊ីប័ឌា / ហ្វ្រហ្គប់ ឬគ្នាប់ប្រព្រាលបណ្តាយរដ្ឋា /All Rights Reserved]

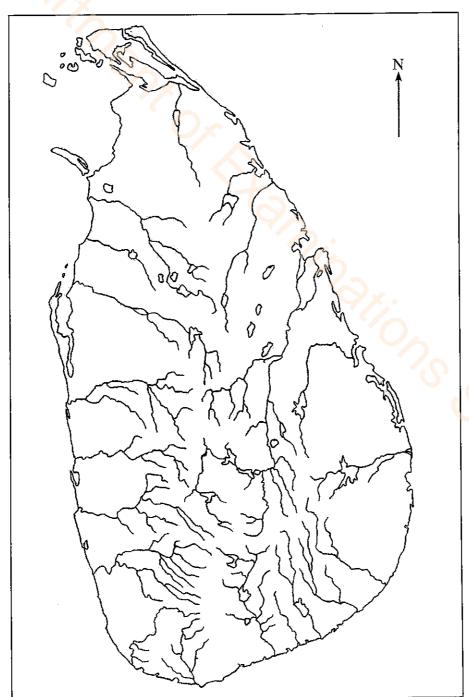
இ குடை சிலம දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව இ கூடை சிலம දෙපාර්තම්න්තුව කිරී සහ අදහර්තම්න්තුව කිරී සහ අදහර්තමේන්තුව இ கூடை சிலம දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව இ கூடை சிலம் අදහර්තම්න්තුව இ கூடை சிலம் අදහර්තම්න්තුව இ கூடை சிலம் அடிக்கின்ற இலங்கை பரிட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை பரிட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை பரிட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை பரிட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை மறியாக දෙපාර්තම්න්තුව இ கூடை சிலம் செலக்களம் இலங்கை பரிட்சுத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை பரிட்சுத் தினைக்களம் இலங்கை செலக்களம் இலங்கைக்கள் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்கைக்கள் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்களைக்களம் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்கள் இலங்களைக்களம் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்களைக்களம் இலங்கைக்களம் இலங்களைக்களம் இலங்கைக்கள் இலங்களைக்கின் இலங்கைக்கள் இலங்கள் இலங்களைக்கி

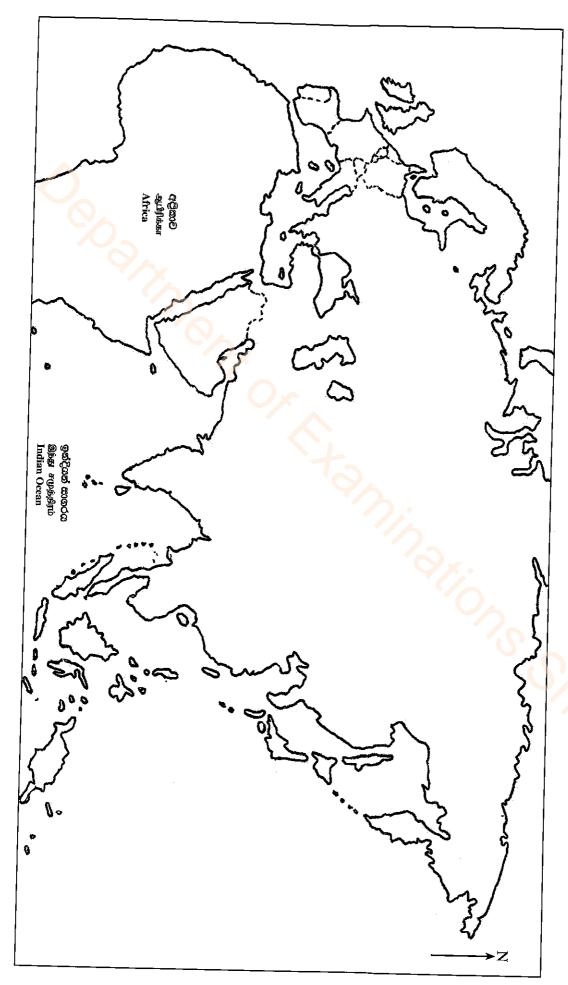
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