# histogramPsum

March 21, 2016

# 1 Thread based parallelism comparison using the "PSUM" example.

#### 1.0.1 Abstract

The GraviT team has created a kernel called <u>PSUM</u> to explore thread based parallel strategies. We present a comparison of suggested parallel methods. The conclusions are derived from performance experiements with a single executable per implementation. This is to removed the possibility of cache reuse from a previous implementation run. Secondly, we ran the implementation executable 100 times under a python script (<u>subprocess</u>) to alleviate any memory reuse from the previous interation with the intent of independent trials. The results suggest more attention to **OpenMp** implementations should be explored for the GraviT framework with regards to array manipulation.

Load in modules for data post processing.

```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
    import sys,os,getopt,argparse,math
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import mpld3
    mpld3.enable_notebook()
```

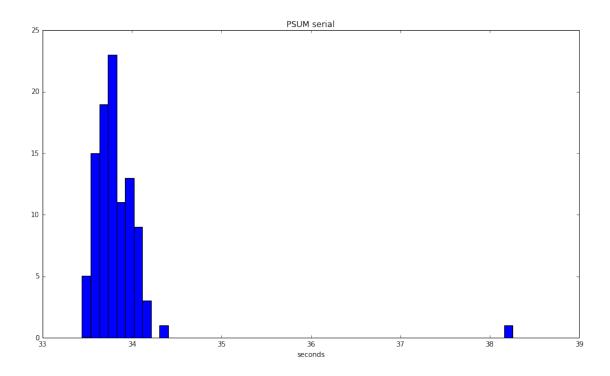
## 1.1 Serial executable.

```
In [2]: mavSerialList=[]
    with open('maverick_serial') as f:
        for line in f:
            mavSerialList.append(float(line.split()[1]))
    mavSerialArray=np.asarray(mavSerialList)

In [3]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
    ax.hist(mavSerialArray,50)
    plt.xlabel('seconds')
    plt.title('PSUM serial')
    plt.show()
    print 'PSUM serial average is' ,np.average(mavSerialArray)
    print 'PSUM serial standard deviation is',np.std(mavSerialArray)
```

/usr/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py:92: DeprecationWarning: DisplayFormat def \_ipython\_display\_formatter\_default(self):

/usr/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py:669: DeprecationWarning: PlainTextFormatters.py:669: Depreca



PSUM serial average is 33.84031 PSUM serial standard deviation is 0.481275507688

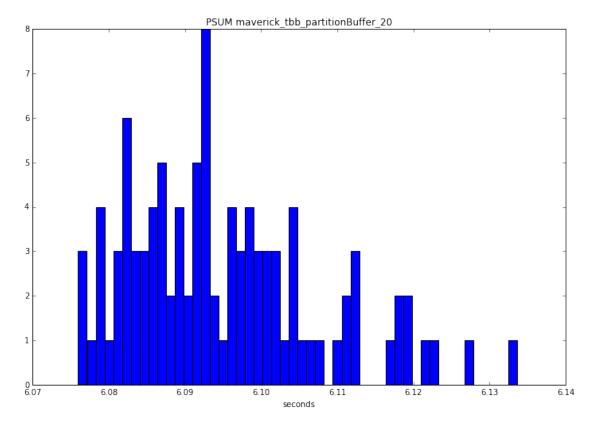
The above distribution for the serial implementation shows a noticable variance.

```
In [4]: \#fastOpenMP1\_data=np.array(filter(lambda\ x:\ x \le 42.,\ dataArray))
```

## 1.1.1 Distriubtion plots generation

```
In [5]: testList=['serial','stdVec','openmp','openmp-2','tbb_rankBuffer','tbb_singleBuffer','tbb_partit
        threadCount=[1,2,4,8,10,12,14,16,18,19,20,25,30,35,40]
        dataListDict={}
        dataArrayDict={}
        for test in testList[1:]:
            for thread in threadCount:
                listPre='maverick_' + test + '_' + str(thread)
                dataFileName=listPre + '.txt'
                listName=listPre
                dataListDict[listName] = []
                with open(dataFileName) as f:
                  for line in f:
                    #print line
                    if "tbb" in test:
                      dataListDict[listName].append(float(line.split()[4]))
                      dataListDict[listName].append(float(line.split()[2]))
        for key in dataListDict:
            dataArrayDict[key] = np.asanyarray(dataListDict[key])
```

```
In [16]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
    dk='maverick_tbb_partitionBuffer_20'
    ax.hist(dataArrayDict[dk],50)
    plt.xlabel('seconds')
    plt.title('PSUM '+ dk)
    plt.show()
```



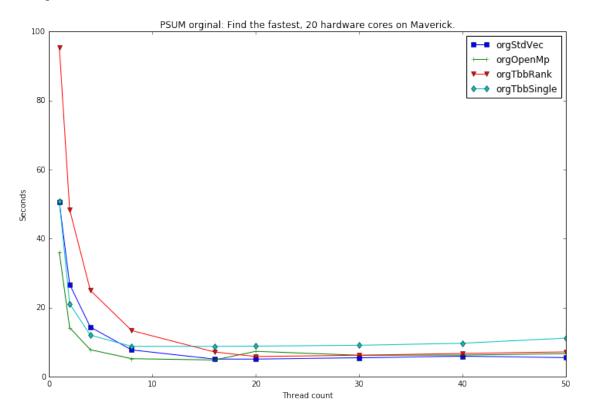
Users can change the above  $\underline{dk}$  value to other distributions. Try ' $\underline{OpenMp\_1}$ ' and see an experiment that demonstrates NUMA effects.

## 1.2 Compare Implemenations.

We will create data structures for both the many single executable experiments and the single file <u>PSUM.cpp</u> and plot their respective comparisons.

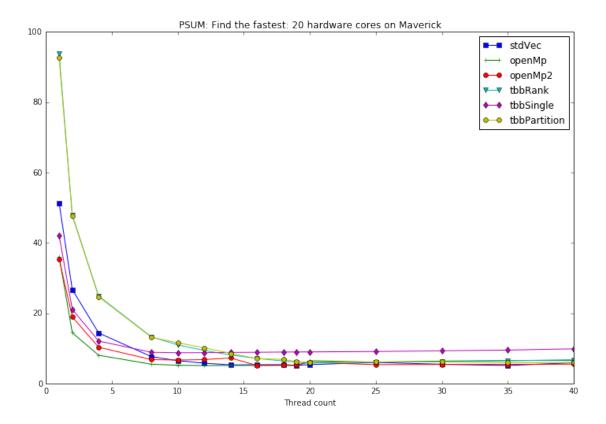
```
orgListDict['tbb_singleBuffer_' + line.split()[3].strip(':')]=float(line.split()[4]
                 if 'tbb rank' in line:
                     orgListDict['tbb_rankBuffer_' + line.split()[3].strip(':')]=float(line.split()[4])
         for key in orgListDict:
             orgArrayDict[key] = np.asanyarray(orgListDict[key])
  Let's create data lists for the original and distribution results
In [20]: orgStdVec=[]
         orgOpenMp=[]
         orgTbbRank=[]
         orgTbbSingle=[]
         for key in orgArrayDict:
             if 'stdVec' in key:
                 orgStdVec.append((np.average(orgArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 orgStdVec.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if 'openMp' in key:
                 orgOpenMp.append((np.average(orgArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 orgOpenMp.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if 'tbb_rankBuffer' in key:
                 orgTbbRank.append((np.average(orgArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 orgTbbRank.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if 'tbb_singleBuffer' in key:
                 orgTbbSingle.append((np.average(orgArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 orgTbbSingle.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
In [22]: stdVec=[]
         openMp=[]
         openMp2=[]
         tbbRank=[]
         tbbSingle=[]
         tbbPartition=[]
         for key in dataArrayDict:
             if 'stdVec' in key:
                 stdVec.append((np.average(dataArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 stdVec.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if key.split("_")[1]=='openmp':
                 openMp.append((np.average(dataArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 openMp.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if key.split("_")[1] == 'openmp-2':
                 openMp2.append((np.average(dataArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 openMp2.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if 'tbb_rankBuffer' in key:
                 tbbRank.append((np.average(dataArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 tbbRank.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if 'tbb_singleBuffer' in key:
                 tbbSingle.append((np.average(dataArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 tbbSingle.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
             if 'tbb_partitionBuffer' in key:
                 tbbPartition.append((np.average(dataArrayDict[key]),key.split("_")[-1]))
                 tbbPartition.sort(key=lambda tup: int(tup[1]))
  Plot the original single run timings.
In [10]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
         ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
```

```
dk='Find the fastest'
ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgStdVec],[x[0] for x in orgStdVec],'s-',label='orgStdVec')
ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgOpenMp],[x[0] for x in orgOpenMp],'+-',label='orgOpenMp')
ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgTbbRank],[x[0] for x in orgTbbRank],'v-',label='orgTbbRank')
ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgTbbSingle],[x[0] for x in orgTbbSingle],'d-',label='orgTbbSingle')
plt.xlabel('Thread count')
plt.ylabel('Seconds')
plt.title('PSUM orginal: '+ dk + ', 20 hardware cores on Maverick.')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Plot the distribution average results.

```
In [23]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
    dk='Find the fastest'
    ax.plot([x[1] for x in stdVec],[x[0] for x in stdVec],'s-',label='stdVec')
    ax.plot([x[1] for x in openMp],[x[0] for x in openMp],'+-',label='openMp')
    ax.plot([x[1] for x in openMp2],[x[0] for x in openMp2],'o-',label='openMp2')
    ax.plot([x[1] for x in tbbRank],[x[0] for x in tbbRank],'v-',label='tbbRank')
    ax.plot([x[1] for x in tbbSingle],[x[0] for x in tbbSingle],'d-',label='tbbSingle')
    ax.plot([x[1] for x in tbbPartition],[x[0] for x in tbbPartition],'8-',label='tbbPartition')
    plt.xlabel('Thread count')
    plt.title('PSUM: '+ dk + ': 20 hardware cores on Maverick')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```



We can see that OpenMP starting with [12:19] threads is the fastest in general. We see "TBB" seems to do better at over subscription but not vs. a lower thread count.

Lets compare the distribution values to the single run.

```
In [12]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
         ax = fig.add_subplot(221)
         dk='Org vs. Distribution'
         ax.plot([x[1] for x in stdVec],[x[0] for x in stdVec],'s-',label='stdVec')
         ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgStdVec],[x[0] for x in orgStdVec],'s-',label='orgStdVec')
         plt.xlabel('Thread count')
         plt.ylabel ('Seconds')
         plt.title('PSUM : '+ dk)
         plt.legend()
         ax = fig.add_subplot(222)
         ax.plot([x[1] for x in openMp],[x[0] for x in openMp],'s-',label='openMp')
         ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgOpenMp],[x[0] for x in orgOpenMp],'s-',label='orgOpenMp')
         plt.xlabel('Thread count')
         plt.ylabel ('Seconds')
         plt.title('PSUM : '+ dk)
         plt.legend()
         ax = fig.add_subplot(223)
         ax.plot([x[1] for x in tbbSingle],[x[0] for x in tbbSingle],'s-',label='tbbSingle')
         ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgTbbSingle],[x[0] for x in orgTbbSingle],'s-',label='orgTbbSingle')
         plt.xlabel('Thread count')
         plt.ylabel ('Seconds')
         plt.title('PSUM : '+ dk)
         plt.legend()
```

```
ax.plot([x[1] for x in orgTbbRank],[x[0] for x in orgTbbRank],'s-',label='orgTbbRank')
          plt.xlabel('Thread count')
          plt.ylabel ('Seconds')
          plt.title('PSUM : '+ dk)
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
                   PSUM: Org vs. Distribution
                                                                 PSUM: Org vs. Distribution
                                   stdVec
                                                                                 openMp
                                                      35
        50

    orgStdVec

    orgOpenMp

                                                      30
        40
                                                      25
                                                    Seconds
                                                      20
        30
                                                      15
        20
                                                      10
       10
        ٥L
                        20
                                30
                                                                               30
                   PSUM : Org vs. Distribution
                                                                 PSUM : Org vs. Distribution
        60
                                                     100
                                 tbbSingle
                                                                                ■ tbbRank
        50

    orgTbbSingle

                                                                                  orgTbbRank
                                                      80
        40
                                                      60
        30
                                                      40
        20
                                                      20
        10
        0
                                                      0 L
                 10
                        20
                                30
                                        40
                                                               10
                                                                               30
                                                                                       40
                                                                        Thread count
                         Thread count
In [13]: def twoSampZ(X1, X2, mudiff, sd1, sd2, n1, n2):
              from numpy import sqrt, abs, round
              from scipy.stats import norm
              pooledSE = sqrt(sd1**2/n1 + sd2**2/n2)
              z = ((X1 - X2) - mudiff)/pooledSE
              pval = 2*(1 - norm.cdf(abs(z)))
              return round(z, 3), round(pval, 4)
In [14]: print "Distribution average of OpenMP 20 threads is ", np.average(dataArrayDict['maverick_open
          print "Distribution standard deviation of OPenMP 20 threads is ", np.std(dataArrayDict['maveri
```

ax.plot([x[1] for x in tbbRank],[x[0] for x in tbbRank],'s-',label='tbbRank')

ax = fig.add\_subplot(224)

print "Single run OpenMP 20 timing is ", orgArrayDict['openMp\_20']

Distribution standard deviation of OPenMP 20 threads is 1.43573378065

Distribution average of OpenMP 20 threads is 6.48086

Single run OpenMP 20 timing is 7.30815

```
tbbRankAvg=np.average(dataArrayDict['maverick_tbb_rankBuffer_16'])
tbbRankStd=np.std(dataArrayDict['maverick_tbb_rankBuffer_16'])
ompSize=len(dataArrayDict['maverick_openmp_16'])
tbbRankSize=len(dataArrayDict['maverick_tbb_rankBuffer_16'])
z,p=twoSampZ(ompAvg,tbbRankAvg,0,ompStd,tbbRankStd,ompSize,tbbRankSize)
print "Omp w/ 16 threads minus tbb rank w/ 16 threads is ", ompAvg-tbbRankAvg
print "Z score with hypothesis that tbb and omp have the same mean is ", z
```

Omp w/ 16 threads minus tbb rank w/ 16 threads is -2.0017638 Z score with hypothesis that tbb and omp have the same mean is -79.312

## 2 Conclusion

The distribution plot shows that the OpenMp imlemenation is faster in most thread counts than all the other implementations. The suggestion of using OpenMp for this "psum" operation should be amplified by the ease of OpenMp coding. Implementing OpenMp tasks to handle the MPI computation/communication overlap should be explored. ## ToDO It is important to understand why OpenMp is better than Tbb in certain cases. This will be the next section.

#### In []: