# Domaći zadatak iz predmeta Neuralne Mreže

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```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import torch
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sb
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, precision_recall_curve

torch.manual_seed(420)
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

# Postavka problema: Opstanak novih igrača u NBA ligi

Jedan od čestih problema menadžera timova u NBA ligi je procena da li je igrač koji je upravo došao u ligu ima potencijala da u njoj igra na duže staze. Menadžeri se pored mišljenja trenera i ostalih igrača vrlo često oslanjaju na analizu statistike igrača. U ovom radu predlažemo model koji će na osnovu statistike prve sezone igrača u NBA generisati predlog da li je vredno zadržati igrača u timu.

Treniranje i evaluacija vršena je na datasetu 5 Year Survival of NBA Rookies from 1980-2015 u kojem je računata isplativost zadržavanja igrača u timu ako on i dalje ima ugovor nakon 5 godina po dolasku u ligu. Dataset sadrži sve draftovane igrače u periodu od 1980. do 2015, njihovu statistiku u prvoj sezoni, kao i to da li su ostali u ligi nakon 5 godina.

# Istraživanje podataka i predprocesiranje

U nastavku su podaci učitani u *dataframe* i urađeno je osnovno predprocesiranje kako bi se smanjila dimenzionalnost problema. Svaka od odluka pri filtriranju baze biće objašnjena neposredno pre ili posle odgovarajućeg bloka koda.

```
In []: # Load .csv file into pandas dataframe
    df = pd.read_csv("data/rookie_df.csv", low_memory=False)
    df
```

Out[ ]:		Unnamed: 0	Year Drafted	GP	MIN	PTS	FGM	FGA	FG%	3P Made	3РА	 FT%	OREB	DREB	REB	AST
	0	0	2013	70	34.5	16.7	6.1	15.1	40.5	8.0	3.0	 70.3	1.4	4.8	6.2	6.3
	1	1	2013	70	32.3	12.8	4.9	12.8	38.0	1.6	4.8	 90.3	0.5	2.4	3.0	5.7
	2	2	2013	80	31.1	13.8	4.9	11.7	41.9	0.9	2.8	 78.0	0.5	3.6	4.1	4.1
	3	3	2013	82	26.7	8.8	3.1	8.3	37.6	1.2	3.6	 80.4	0.6	2.2	2.9	1.0
	4	4	2013	77	24.6	6.8	2.2	5.4	41.4	0.5	1.5	 68.3	1.0	3.4	4.4	1.9
	1419	1419	1980	59	10.1	3.2	1.4	3.1	45.4	0.0	0.1	 56.4	0.5	0.6	1.0	1.2
	1420	1420	1980	47	9.6	2.0	0.7	2.0	35.8	0.0	0.1	 78.1	0.2	0.7	0.9	1.5

		Unnamed: 0	Year Drafted	GP	MIN	PTS	FGM	FGA	FG%	3P Made	3PA	 FT%	OREB	DREB	REB	AST
1	L <b>421</b>	1421	1980	60	8.9	2.8	1.0	3.0	33.0	0.0	0.1	 73.9	0.5	0.7	1.2	1.3
1	L <b>422</b>	1422	1980	55	8.4	2.7	1.0	2.5	41.2	0.0	0.1	 43.5	0.5	1.2	1.7	0.3
1	L <b>423</b>	1423	1980	44	5.3	2.6	1.1	3.1	34.8	0.0	0.1	 45.9	0.6	0.7	1.3	0.3

1424 rows × 23 columns

#### Odabir relevantnih atributa

U datasetu postoji 22 atributa za svakiog igraca, medju kojima postoje neki koji su očigledno korelisani. Uzmimo za primer slobodna bacanja: za svakog igrača je vođena statistika koliko bacanja je igrač šutira ( FGA ), koliko ih je pogodio ( FGM ), kao i procenat uspešnih bacanja ( FG% ). Očigledno je da je procenat moguće nedvosmisleno iračunati iz prva dva podatka, tako da je on otklonjen. Odluka da se zadže dva broja umesto procenta doneta je kako bi model mogao da uračuna situacije u kojima je igrač imao mali broj pokušaja i samim time procenat ne prenosi adekvatno njegovu stvarnu efikasnost.

U nastavku je zadržano 16 atributa i otklonjeni su svi igrači sa nedefinisanim poljima.

Atribut	Opis							
GP	Broj odigranih utakmica							
MIN	Prosečan broj minuta u igri							
PTS	Prosečan broj postignutih poena							
FGM	Prosečan broj postignutih šuteva iz igre							
FGA	Prosečan broj pokušanih šuteva iz igre							
3P Made	Prosečan broj postignutih šuteva za 3 poena							
3PA	Prosečan broj pokušanih šuteva za 3 poena							
FTM	Prosečan broj pogođenih slobodnih bacanja							
FTA	Prosečan broj pokušanih slobodnih bacanja							
OREB	Prosečan broj skokova u napadu							
DREB	Prosečan broj skokova u odbrani							
AST	Prosečan broj asistencija							
STL	Prosečan broj ukradenih lopti							
BLK	Prosečan broj blokiranih šuteva							
TOV	Prosečan broj izgubljenih lopti							
EFF	Prosečan skor efikasnosti igrača							

```
In [ ]:
           # Describe features
           clean df.describe()
                         GP
                                                  PTS
                                                              FGM
                                                                           FGA
                                                                                    3P Made
                                                                                                     3PA
                                     MIN
Out[]:
          count 1424.000000
                             1424.000000 1424.000000 1424.000000
                                                                    1424.000000
                                                                                1424.000000 1424.000000 1424.0000
          mean
                   61.131320
                                17.483216
                                             6.735323
                                                          2.602247
                                                                       5.799930
                                                                                    0.238062
                                                                                                 0.740520
                                                                                                             1.2950
                   16.828774
            std
                                 8.265126
                                              4.324453
                                                          1.666493
                                                                       3.545943
                                                                                    0.385139
                                                                                                 1.057448
                                                                                                             0.9819
            min
                   11.000000
                                 3.100000
                                             0.700000
                                                          0.300000
                                                                       0.800000
                                                                                    0.000000
                                                                                                 0.000000
                                                                                                             0.0000
                   48.000000
                                10.900000
                                             3.600000
                                                          1.400000
                                                                       3.200000
                                                                                    0.000000
                                                                                                 0.000000
           25%
                                                                                                             0.6000
           50%
                   64.000000
                                15.950000
                                             5.500000
                                                          2.100000
                                                                       4.800000
                                                                                    0.000000
                                                                                                 0.200000
                                                                                                             1.0000
           75%
                   77.000000
                                23.000000
                                             8.800000
                                                          3.400000
                                                                       7.500000
                                                                                    0.300000
                                                                                                 1.100000
                                                                                                             1.7000
           max
                   82.000000
                                40.900000
                                             28.200000
                                                         10.200000
                                                                      19.800000
                                                                                    2.300000
                                                                                                 6.500000
                                                                                                             7.7000
In [ ]:
           # Calculate percentage of True datapoints
           value cnts = clean df["target"].value counts()
           print(f"Dataset sadrži {len(clean df)} igrača od kojih je {value cnts[1] / len(clean df)}
```

Dataset sadrži 1424 igrača od kojih je 60.11% ostalo u ligi nakon 5 godina.

### Podela na trening i test

Dataset je podeljen na trening i test skup, od čega trening set sadrži 70% podataka. Korištena je fukncija train\_test\_split koja nasumično promeni mesta podataka u tabeli pre nego što uradi podelu na dva seta.

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

# Do train/test split
train_df, valid_df = train_test_split(clean_df, train_size=.7, random_state=420)
```

# Normalizacija dataseta

Pošto se svi atributi u datasetu ne nalaze u istim opsezima, izvršena je normalizacija podataka. Za ovu svrhu upotrebljena je StandardScaler klasa, ima mogućnost fitovanja parametara normalizacije na jednom skupu, i odvojenu primenu iste. Parametri normalizacije su fitovani na trening setu, a onda primenjeni i na treningu i na testu. Na ovaj način nije došlo do curenja informacija iz testa u trening.

```
In []:
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    input_columns = clean_df.columns[:-1]

# Fit scaler
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    scaler.fit(train_df[input_columns].values)

# Normalize train data
    norm_train_np = scaler.transform(train_df[input_columns].values)
    norm_train_df = pd.DataFrame(norm_train_np, columns=input_columns)
    norm_train_df["target"] = train_df["target"].values

# Normalize validation data
    norm_valid_np = scaler.transform(valid_df[input_columns])
    norm_valid_df = pd.DataFrame(norm_valid_np, columns=input_columns)
    norm_valid_df["target"] = valid_df["target"].values
```

Ovime je završeno predprocesiranje podataka, i oni su spremni za treniranje modela.

# Definisanje modela

Radi predikcije dugovečnosti igrača na osnovu statistike u prvoj godini implementirana je poptpuno povezana neuronska mreža. Mrežu je moguće inicilaizovati sa proizvoljnim brojem skrivenih slojeva, a postoji tačno jedan izlazni neuron. Izlaz modela predstavlja njegovo poverenje da će igrač opstati u ligi, u rasponu [0, 1].

Svi delovi generisanja modela, treninga i evaluacije dekomponovani su u odgovarajuće funkcije i klase radi jednostavnijeg eksperimentisanja kasnije.

### Klasa za učitavanje podataka

Tokom treninga je poželjno da pri tokom svake epohe treninga, podaci budu prosleđeni modelu u različitim redosledima. pytorch obezbeđuje ovu funkcionalnost, kao i jednostavno čitanje podataka po *batch*-evima iteracijom kroz klasu <code>Dataloader</code> . Ova klasa pri svojoj inicijalizaciji zahteva objekat koji nasleđuje klasu <code>Dataset</code> .

Dataset je klasa koja sadrži sve podatke treninga/testa i potrebno je u njoj implementirati metod \_\_getitem\_\_ koji vraća ulazne podatke kao i očekivanu vrednost za model, na osnovu indeksa u bazi. U nastavku je implementirana klasa NBA\_Dataset, koja obezbeđuje ovu funkcionalnost za odgovarajući dataset.

```
In [ ]:
         from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
         class NBA Dataset(Dataset):
             """Class for holding data NBA rookie statistics, and if they remained in the league
                 Dataset (Dataset): Pytorch base dataset class.
                   _init__(self, df: pd.DataFrame) -> None:
                 """Initialize torch Dataset based on pandas Dataframe.
                     df (pd.DataFrame): Pandas dataframe with player first year statistics.
                 super(NBA_Dataset, self).__init__()
                 # Take all except the last column as inputs
                 self.inputs = df.values[:, :-1].astype(float)
                 # Cast Targets column to numpy
                 self.targets = df["target"].values.astype(int)
                 # Save dataframe as part of the class
                 self.df = df
                 # Define dataset length
                 self.len = len(df)
                  getitem (self, index) -> dict:
                 """Return dict with information of data point at `index`
                     index (int): Index of specific data point in dataset.
                 Returns:
```

Nakon inicijalizacije Dataset klase, ona je *wrap*-ovana u Dataloader klasu. U okviru ove klase su definisane veličina *batch*-a, broj radnih jedinica, kao i opcija da li redosled podataka treba randomizovati pred svaku epohu.

```
In [ ]:
         train_dataset = NBA_Dataset(norm_train_df)
         train parameters = {
             "batch_size": 64,
             "shuffle": True,
             "num workers": 1,
         }
         training_loader = DataLoader(train_dataset, **train_parameters)
         # Validation dataset
         valid dataset = NBA Dataset(norm valid df)
         valid parameters = {
             "batch_size": 64,
             "shuffle": False,
             "num workers": 1,
         }
         validation_loader = DataLoader(valid_dataset, **valid_parameters)
```

#### Arhitektura modela

Model je implementiran u klasi NBA\_Survival\_Predictor . Mrežu je moguće inicijalizovati sa proizvoljnim brojem skrivenih slojeva, čije se veličine prosleđuju konstruktoru u vidu liste. Model je takođe moguće inicijalizovati sa proizvoljnom aktivacionom funkciojom, a ako ona nije prosleđena, aktivaciona fukcija će biti hiperbolički tangens.

U okviru forward funkcije implementiran je prolazak kroz model. Podaci se provlače kroz sve inicijalizovane objekte u listi slojeva. Objekti su naizmenično potpuno povezani slojevi i aktivacione funkcije, a umesto poslednje aktivacione funkcije primenjen sigmoid. Sigmoidna funkcija je upotrebljena kao standardna aktivaciona funkcija izlaznog sloja, prilikom klasifikacionih problema.

```
import torch.nn as nn

class NBA_Survival_Predictor(nn.Module):
    """Class for estimating chance of NBA rookie surviving in the league."""

def __init__(self, layer_sizes: list, activation_function: nn.Module = None) -> None
```

```
"""Initialize fully-connected model based on input parameters.
    super(NBA Survival Predictor, self). init ()
    # Check if input and output layers are passed
    assert len(layer sizes) >= 2
    # Check if activation function is not passed
    if activation function is None:
        activation function = nn.ReLU()
    # Define activation function
    self.activation = activation function
    # Initialize list of layers
    layer list = []
    # Initialize each layer and activation function
    for in_size, out_size in zip(layer_sizes[:-1], layer_sizes[1:]):
        layer list.append(nn.Linear(in size, out size))
        layer list.append(nn.Tanh())
    # Cast layer list to nn.Module
    self.fc layers = nn.ModuleList(layer list)
def forward(self, X) -> torch.Tensor:
    """Define network behavior when called on data."""
    # Pass data trough fully-connected layers
    # Skip last activation function
    for layer in self.fc layers[:-1]:
       X = layer(X)
    # Calculate output probability as sigmoid of output
    output probability = torch.sigmoid(X)
    return output_probability
```

# Definisanje treninga i evaluacije

U nastavku se nalazi implementacija funkcije za treniranje i evaluaciju modela. Funkciji od ulaznih parametara očekuje model, optimizator i rečnik trenaznih objekata. Rečnik u sebi sadrži 4 polja, *loss* funkciju, *dataloader* za trening i validaciju, kao i broj epoha za trening.

U okviru funkcije, model je treniran po *batch*-evima, a zatim evaluiran. Na kraju svake epohe, sačuvani su vrednost *loss*-a i tačnost modela. Tačnost je odabrana kao glavna metrika performanse modela zato što je *dataset* balansiran.

```
training loader = training objects["Train Dataloader"]
validation loader = training objects["Valid Dataloader"]
num of epochs = training objects["Epochs"]
# Initialize lists for logging training and validation metrics
training loss = []
training acc = []
validation_loss = []
validation acc = []
# Train model for set number of epochs
for in range(num of epochs):
    # Reset training metrics
    train epoch loss = 0.0
    train_epoch_acc = 0.0
    # Set model in train mode
    model.train()
    # Loop over training set in batches
    for batch in training_loader:
        # Unpack batch
        X = batch["Inputs"]
        Y = batch["Targets"]
        # Reset optimizer gradients
        optimizer.zero grad()
        # Run a forward pass
        probabilities = model(X)
        # Calculate loss
        loss = loss_function(probabilities, Y)
        train_epoch_loss += loss.item()
        # Update model
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        # Calculate predictions
        predictions = probabilities >= CLASS_THR
        # Log true predictions
        train_epoch_acc += sum(predictions == Y)
    # Calculate epoch metrics
    train_epoch_loss /= len(training_loader)
    train_epoch_acc /= len(training_loader.dataset)
    # Log epoch metrics
    training_loss.append(train_epoch_loss)
    training_acc.append(train_epoch_acc)
    # Reset validation metrics
    valid_epoch_loss = 0.0
    valid epoch acc = 0.0
    # Set model in evaluation mode
    model.eval()
    # Loop over validation set in batches
    for batch in validation loader:
        # Unpack batch
        X = batch["Inputs"]
        Y = batch["Targets"]
```

```
# Run forward pass
        probabilities = model(X)
        # Calculate loss
        loss = loss function(probabilities, Y)
        valid epoch loss += loss.item()
        # Calculate predictions
        predictions = probabilities >= CLASS THR
        # Log true predictions
        valid epoch acc += sum(predictions == Y)
    # Calculate validation metrics
    valid epoch loss /= len(validation loader)
    valid_epoch_acc /= len(validation_loader.dataset)
    # Log validation metrics
    validation loss.append(valid epoch loss)
    validation acc.append(valid epoch acc)
# Get metrics and prediction probabilities of final model
probabilities = []
predictions = []
targets = []
# Evaluate final model
for batch in validation loader:
    # Load batch
    X = batch["Inputs"]
    Y = batch["Targets"]
    # Run forward pass
    batch probabilities = model(X)
    batch predictions = batch probabilities >= CLASS THR
    # Log probabilities, predictions and targets
    probabilities.extend(batch_probabilities.detach().numpy().flatten().tolist())
    predictions.extend(batch_predictions.detach().numpy().flatten().tolist())
    targets.extend(Y.detach().numpy().flatten().tolist())
# Cast to numpy array
probabilities = np.array(probabilities)
predictions = np.array(predictions)
targets = np.array(targets)
# Pack all results in a dictionary
training_parameters = {
    "train loss": training_loss,
    "train acc": training_acc,
    "validation loss": validation_loss,
    "validation acc": validation_acc,
    "Prediction probabilities": probabilities,
    "Predictions": predictions,
    "Targets": targets,
}
return model, training_parameters
```

# Treniranje različitih modela

U ovom odeljku je definisano tri modela iste arhitekture, ali sa drugačijim hiperparametrima. Za *loss* funkciju izabrana je **binarna krosentropija**, pošto rezultati predstavljaju klasifikaciju igrača u dve klase (opstaće/neće opstati u ligi).

Od optimizacionih funkcija, eksperimentisano je sa **stohastičkim gradijentalnim spustom** i **Adamovim optimizatorem**. Adam je pokazao konstantno bolje rezultate, pa je on korišten za sve primere.

Svi modeli su trenirani na istom datasetu, istim redosledom batcheva i na 400 epoha.

U nastavku su definisane tri arhitekture: jedna koja je nedovoljno obučena, jedna koja je preobučena, i jedna koja je adekvatna. Slede definicije modela, njihovi treninzi i performanse.

```
In [ ]:
         from torch.nn import BCELoss
         from torch.optim import Adam, SGD
         # Initialize loss function as Binary Cross Entropy
         loss function = BCELoss()
         # Define learning rate
         lr = 3e-4
         # Define number of epochs
         num_of_epochs = 400
         # Wrap training loaders into dictionary
         training_objects = {
             "Loss Function": loss_function,
             "Train Dataloader": training_loader,
             "Valid Dataloader": validation_loader,
             "Epochs": num_of_epochs,
         }
```

### Definicija, trening i evaluacija

Treniranje modela sa premalom arhitekturom

```
In []: # Define model with no hidden layers
    underfit_model = NBA_Survival_Predictor([train_dataset.inputs.shape[1], 1])

# Define optimizer for model with 5 times smaller learning rate
    underfit_optimizer = Adam(params=underfit_model.parameters(), lr=lr/5)

# Train and evaluate model
    underfit_model, underfit_results = train_network(underfit_model, underfit_optimizer, t
```

#### Treniranje modela sa prevelikom arhitekturom

```
In []: # Define model with 2 hidden layers
    overfit_model = NBA_Survival_Predictor([train_dataset.inputs.shape[1], 20, 4, 1])

# Define optimizer for model with 3 times bigger learning rate
    overfit_optimizer = Adam(params=overfit_model.parameters(), lr=lr*3)

# Train and evaluate model
    overfit_model, overfit_results = train_network(overfit_model, overfit_optimizer, train:
```

#### Treniranje modela sa adekvatnom arhitekturom

```
In []:  # Define model with 1 hidden layer
    overfit_model = NBA_Survival_Predictor([train_dataset.inputs.shape[1], 15, 1])

# Define optimizer for model with original learning rate
    overfit_optimizer = Adam(params=overfit_model.parameters(), lr=lr)

# Train and evaluate model
    final_model, final_results = train_network(overfit_model, overfit_optimizer, training_optimizer)
```

# Prikaz rezultata treninga i validacije

Prikazani su rezultati za sva tri modela. U prvom redu su prikazane vrednosti *loss* funkcije po epohama, za validaciju i trening. U drugom redu su prikazane tačnosti modela na treningu i validaciji po epohama. U trećem redu grafika su postavljene konfuzione matrice na validacionom setu na kraju treninga.

```
In [ ]:
                             # Initialize 3x3 subplots
                             fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=3, ncols=3, figsize=(20, 15))
                             # Initialize graph column names
                            title labels = ["Underfit", "Overfit", "Good fit"]
                             # Loop over each column and generate graphs
                            for idx, results in enumerate([underfit results, overfit results, final results]):
                                         # Plot loss
                                         ax[0, idx].plot(results["train loss"], label="Train")
                                         ax[0, idx].plot(results["validation loss"], label="Validation")
                                         ax[0, idx].legend()
                                         ax[0, idx].set_title(f"{title_labels[idx]} loss")
                                         # Plot accuracy
                                         ax[1, idx].plot(results["train acc"], label="Train")
                                         ax[1, idx].plot(results["validation acc"], label="Validation")
                                         ax[1, idx].legend()
                                         ax[1, idx].set title(f"{title labels[idx]} accuracy")
                                         # Plot confusion matrix
                                         sb.heatmap(confusion_matrix(results["Targets"], results["Predictions"]), vmin=0, vm
                                         ax[2, idx].set_title(f"{title_labels[idx]} confusion matrix")
                                                               Underfit loss
                                                                                                                                                             Overfit loss
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Good fit loss
                                                                                                                      0.675
                         0.85
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.68
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Validation
                                                                                                                      0.650
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.66
                                                                                                                      0.625
                          0.75
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.62
                                                                                                                      0.575
                          0.70
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.60
                                                                                                                      0.550
                          0.65
                                                                                                                      0.525
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.58
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         walness of the second s
                          0.60
                                                                                                                      0.500
                                                    100
                                                                     200
                                                                              250
                                                                                       300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        150
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         250
                                                             150
                                                                                                                                                          150
                                                                                                                                                                   200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           350
                                                           Underfit accuracy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Good fit accuracy
                                                                                                                                                          Overfit accuracy
                          0.70
                                                                                                                      0.750
                                                                                                                      0.725
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.68
                          0.60
                                                                                                                      0.700
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.66
                          0.55
                                                                                                                      0.675
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.64
                                                                                                                      0.650
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.62
                                                                                                                      0.625
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.60
                          0.45
                                                                                                                      0.600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.58
                          0.40
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Validation
                                                                                                                      0.575
                                                   100
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                                                                     200
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                                             Underfit confusion matrix
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```

i

Model bez skrivenih slojeva nije dovoljno kompleksan da bi efikasno vršio predviđanja. Ovo se oslikava u bajesu modela, koji se primećuje u konstantnoj razlici između tačnosti na treningu i validaciji.

Model sa 2 skrivena sloja preobučava. Očigledan simptom preobučavanja su funkcije *loss-*a i tačnosti na validaciji i treningu, koje posle 100. epohe počinju sve više da se udaljavaju jedna od druge.

Model sa 1 skrivenim slojem pokazuje najbolje performanse. Funkcije treninga i validacije imaju isti oblik i polako rastu kroz epohe. *Loss* funkcije imaju željenu eksponencijalnu raspodelu.

Zbog male veličine modela, trening za sva tri traje slično vreme, oko minut.

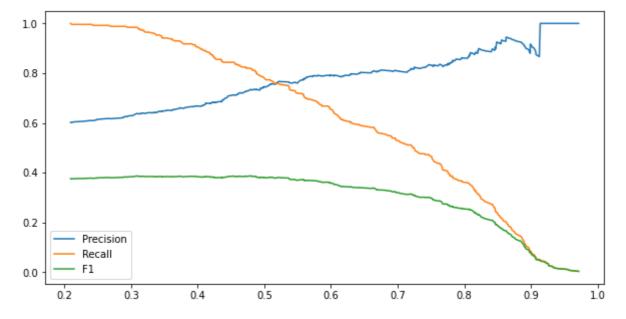
## Preciznost/Odziv krive najboljeg modela

Nakon odabira najboljeg modela, menjan je prag odsecanja i analizirani su preciznost i odziv modela.

```
In []: # Generate precision and recall curve points
    prec, recall, thrs = precision_recall_curve(final_results["Targets"], final_results["P

# Calculate f1-score
    f1 = prec * recall / (prec + recall)

# Plot precision/recall/f1 curves
    _, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.plot(thrs, prec[:-1], label="Precision")
    plt.plot(thrs, recall[:-1], label="Recall")
    plt.plot(thrs, f1[:-1], label="F1")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```



Funkcija preciznosti u rasponu od 0 do 0.5 raste sporije nego što funkcija odziva pada u istom segmentu. Kako je cilj modela da predvidi koje igrače treba zadržati u klubu, poželjan je visok odziv. Visok odziv odgovora pošto su igrači u prvim godinama karijere relativno jeftini za zadržavanje, a uvek ih je moguće menjati kasnije.

Sa druge strane, preciznost ne sme pasti značajno, kako klub ne bi plaćao igrače koji neće igrati na duže staze.

Kompromis između ova dva cilja možemo naći na pragu odsecanja od 0.45. Ovim smanjenjem praga će tačnost pasti, ali če odziv skočiti. Ova promena obezbeđuje da model zadržava više igrača koji će igrati u NBA.

```
final threshold = 0.45
# Get index of threshold with value of final threshold
thr idx = sum(thrs <= final threshold)
# Get best model precision and recall
final precision = prec[thr idx]
final_recall = recall[thr_idx]
final f1 = f1[thr idx]
# Calculate accuracy with final threshold
final_accuracy = sum(final_results["Targets"] == (final results["Prediction probabilit
final accuracy /= len(final results["Targets"])
# Print final results
print("Statistika finalnog modela:")
print("-----")
print(f"\tTačnost: {final accuracy * 100:.1f}%")
print(f"\tPreciznost: {final_precision * 100:.1f}%")
print(f"\t0dziv: {final_recall * 100:.1f}%")
print(f"\tF1 skor: {final_accuracy * 100:.1f}%")
```

#### Statistika finalnog modela:

Tačnost: 70.1% Preciznost: 71.1% Odziv: 84.4% F1 skor: 70.1%

# Automatsko traženje hyperparametara

Nakon ručnog odabira hiperparametara, implementirana je automatska pretraga. U ovu svrhu upotrebljena je biblioteka optuna, koju je koristiti sa već implementiranim modelom bez izmena.

Biblioteka radi generisanjem *study* sesije, kojoj treba zadati fukciju koju treba optimizovati. Ova funkcija se definiše odvojeno, i u njoj je moguće generisati hiperparametre iz proizvoljne raspodele i nakon toga trenirati tako definisan model.

*Study* sesiji se takođe prosleđuje i sampler. Cilj samplera je blago menjanje funkcija raspodela za odabir hiperparametara u zavisnosti od njihove performanse tokom sesije.

```
In [ ]: import optuna
```

# Funkcija cilja

U funkciji cilja su birani *learning rate*, broj skrivenih slojeva, kao i veličina svakog od skrivenih slojeva. *Learning rate* je biran iz raspodele koja je uniformna na logaritamskoj skali u rasponu od  $10^{-6}$  do  $10^{-4}$ . Broj skrivenih slojeva je biran nasumično između 1, 2 i 3, a svaki layer ima između 3 i 20 neurona.

Svaki model je treniran na 500 epoha.

Rezultat funkcije cilja je maksimalna tačnost na validaciji modela.

```
def objective_function(trial: optuna.trial.Trial) -> float:
    """Objective function for NBA_Survival_Predictor training.

Args:
    trial (optuna.trial.Trial): Optuna trial object.

Returns:
```

```
float: Maximal validation accuracy of the model.
# Pick learning rate from loguniform distribution
lr = trial.suggest loguniform("learning rate", 1e-6, 1e-4)
# Pick number of layers
num of layers = trial.suggest int("num of layers", 1, 3)
# Initialize layer size list with input layer size
layer sizes = [train dataset.inputs.shape[1]]
# For each layer pick its size
for idx in range(num of layers):
    layer sizes.append(trial.suggest int(f"layer {idx}", 3, 20))
# Add output layer size to layer sizes list
layer sizes.append(1)
# Init model
model = NBA Survival Predictor(layer sizes)
# Init optimizer
optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
# Set number of epochs
training_objects["Epochs"] = 500
# Train and evaluate model
_, results = train_network(model, optimizer, training objects)
# Return best performance
return max(results["validation acc"])
```

### Traženje najboljih hiperparametara

U nastavku je kreiran *study* koji pokušava da maksimizuje prethodnu funkciju cilja. Definisan je maksimum od 100 pokušaja za maksimizaciju funkcije.

```
In [ ]:
         study = optuna.create study(direction="maximize", sampler=optuna.samplers.TPESampler()
         study.optimize(objective function, n trials=100)
        [I 2022-07-06 00:12:31,926] A new study created in memory with name: no-name-c5f80ee2-1
        d9f-4444-84e3-000b4c586470
        [I 2022-07-06 00:14:04,394] Trial 0 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and paramet
        ers: {'learning_rate': 6.468967350044574e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 16, 'layer
         1': 19, 'layer 2': 5}. Best is trial 0 with value: 0.6985981464385986.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:15:34,023] Trial 1 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and paramet
        ers: {'learning_rate': 3.499413153616609e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 14, 'layer
        _1': 19}. Best is trial 0 with value: 0.6985981464385986.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:17:06,486] Trial 2 finished with value: 0.6705607771873474 and paramet
        ers: {'learning_rate': 4.7587877185593126e-06, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 7, 'layer
         1': 18, 'layer 2': 5}. Best is trial 0 with value: 0.6985981464385986.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:18:36,423] Trial 3 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and paramet
        ers: {'learning_rate': 4.605078537254889e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 11}. Best
         is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:20:05,719] Trial 4 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and paramet
        ers: {'learning_rate': 3.9606825123728064e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 20}. Best
        is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:21:39,912] Trial 5 finished with value: 0.6098130941390991 and paramet
        ers: {'learning rate': 1.2322812027068285e-06, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 11, 'laye
        r 1': 7, 'layer 2': 18}. Best is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:23:10,660] Trial 6 finished with value: 0.6331775784492493 and paramet
        ers: {'learning_rate': 4.8811481726526215e-06, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 15}. Best
        is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
        [I 2022-07-06 00:24:43,879] Trial 7 finished with value: 0.6495327353477478 and paramet
```

ers: {'learning\_rate': 1.2644896787873848e-06, 'num\_of\_layers': 3, 'layer\_0': 10, 'laye

```
r 1': 4, 'layer 2': 19}. Best is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
[I 2022-07-06 00:26:18,658] Trial 8 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and paramet
ers: {'learning rate': 8.811547834319217e-06, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 16, 'layer
1': 20, 'layer 2': 18}. Best is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
[I 2022-07-06 00:27:51,988] Trial 9 finished with value: 0.5093457698822021 and paramet
ers: {'learning_rate': 1.7824036953453114e-06, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 7, 'layer
_1': 14, 'layer_2': 15}. Best is trial 3 with value: 0.7009345889091492.
[I 2022-07-06 00:29:22,813] Trial 10 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.285117203192138e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 3, 'layer
1': 11}. Best is trial 10 with value: 0.7032710313796997.
[I 2022-07-06 00:30:53,868] Trial 11 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 9.838635402938902e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 3, 'layer
1': 11}. Best is trial 10 with value: 0.7032710313796997.
[I 2022-07-06 00:32:24,892] Trial 12 finished with value: 0.672897219657898 and paramet
ers: {'learning rate': 2.346067614061726e-05, 'num of layers': 1, 'layer 0': 3}. Best i
s trial 10 with value: 0.7032710313796997.
[I 2022-07-06 00:33:56,365] Trial 13 finished with value: 0.6869158744812012 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 1.8046205277191878e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 7, 'laye
r 1': 11}. Best is trial 10 with value: 0.7032710313796997.
[I 2022-07-06 00:35:27,224] Trial 14 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.659552536508647e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 20}. Best
is trial 10 with value: 0.7032710313796997.
[I 2022-07-06 00:37:00,862] Trial 15 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.612759048403655e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r_1': 14}. Best is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:38:32,685] Trial 16 finished with value: 0.6939252614974976 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 1.5771555136671863e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 13, 'lay
er 1': 14}. Best is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:40:02,909] Trial 17 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.041060595468762e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 20}. Best
is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:41:33,207] Trial 18 finished with value: 0.6939252614974976 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 2.8158795583986037e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 18}. Bes
t is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:43:03,839] Trial 19 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 1.0030006334419872e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 18, 'lay
er 1': 15}. Best is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:44:34,299] Trial 20 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.0796888606515985e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 18}. Bes
t is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:46:07,437] Trial 21 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.059008514301399e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r_1': 9}. Best is trial 15 with value: 0.7056074738502502.
[I 2022-07-06 00:47:40,391] Trial 22 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.873069491899199e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 8}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:49:11,963] Trial 23 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.018831291258775e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r_1': 8}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:50:42,941] Trial 24 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.3949712408850073e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 17, 'lay
er_1': 8}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:52:16,245] Trial 25 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.214175171762754e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 5}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:53:47,045] Trial 26 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 3.4149423198570034e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 18, 'lay
er 1': 5}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:55:18,291] Trial 27 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 2.0726328539215352e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 19, 'lay
er 1': 6}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:56:48,016] Trial 28 finished with value: 0.6799065470695496 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 1.3673489855368553e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 16, 'lay
er 1': 3}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:58:16,946] Trial 29 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 6.714960617689544e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 16, 'laye
r 1': 9}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 00:59:47,094] Trial 30 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.994366477575615e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 13, 'laye
```

```
r 1': 6}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 01:01:17,207] Trial 31 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 7.02901000839898e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 14, 'layer
1': 6}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 01:02:47,276] Trial 32 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 4.406246387619611e-05, 'num_of_layers': 2, 'layer_0': 9, 'layer
1': 3}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 01:04:16,651] Trial 33 finished with value: 0.6939252614974976 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 3.217934389370293e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 14, 'laye
r 1': 8}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 01:05:46,592] Trial 34 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 4.82436248394173e-05, 'num of layers': 2, 'layer 0': 13, 'layer
1': 5}. Best is trial 22 with value: 0.7102803587913513.
[I 2022-07-06 01:07:19,825] Trial 35 finished with value: 0.7172897458076477 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.85262285387782e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'layer
1': 9, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:08:52,966] Trial 36 finished with value: 0.7149532437324524 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.488076550466133e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r 1': 10, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:10:25,678] Trial 37 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 3.8408546113071054e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'lay
er_1': 10, 'layer_2': 10}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:11:59,856] Trial 38 finished with value: 0.7149532437324524 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.671936899903998e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 12, 'layer_2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:13:32,765] Trial 39 finished with value: 0.6845794320106506 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 4.947749513087852e-06, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 17, 'laye
r 1': 12, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:15:06,264] Trial 40 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 2.6430241534331292e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'lay
er_1': 12, 'layer_2': 9}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:16:39,887] Trial 41 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.701909781668044e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 10, 'layer_2': 14}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:18:12,805] Trial 42 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 4.195675514514907e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 9, 'layer_2': 8}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:19:45,574] Trial 43 finished with value: 0.7149532437324524 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.830302640660733e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r_1': 13, 'layer_2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:21:18,786] Trial 44 finished with value: 0.7126168012619019 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.152010949995345e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r_1': 13, 'layer_2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:22:52,564] Trial 45 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.300767558641352e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 15, 'laye
r_1': 16, 'layer_2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:24:25,380] Trial 46 finished with value: 0.6822429895401001 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 3.329554972054063e-06, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 16, 'laye
r_1': 13, 'layer_2': 12}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:25:59,551] Trial 47 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.0815682573477e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'layer_
1': 16, 'layer_2': 15}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:27:33,410] Trial 48 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 4.814063311938351e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r 1': 13, 'layer 2': 12}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:29:06,107] Trial 49 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.552790890700518e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 15, 'laye
r 1': 13, 'layer 2': 10}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:30:38,570] Trial 50 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 3.391739629170609e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r 1': 10, 'layer 2': 8}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:32:37,451] Trial 51 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 7.960329181660973e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'laye
r 1': 12, 'layer 2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:34:36,241] Trial 52 finished with value: 0.7056074738502502 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.629443079343391e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 11, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:36:08,600] Trial 53 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.800448687255559e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 5, 'layer
```

```
1': 15, 'layer 2': 15}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:37:41,400] Trial 54 finished with value: 0.7126168012619019 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 9.874026638368493e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 18, 'laye
r 1': 13, 'layer 2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:39:14,527] Trial 55 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.736327683620283e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r_1': 14, 'layer_2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:40:48,061] Trial 56 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 5.9796604884738856e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 15, 'lay
er 1': 18, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:42:21,701] Trial 57 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 4.585811037530448e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r_1': 13, 'layer_2': 14}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[\bar{1}\ 2022-07-06\ 01:43:55,103] Trial 58 finished with value: 0.7126168012619019 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 9.950576414202657e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 17, 'laye
r 1': 12, 'layer 2': 12}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:45:29,305] Trial 59 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.71593690603782e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 9, 'layer_
1': 11, 'layer 2': 10}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:47:01,700] Trial 60 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 3.9180690761784063e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 16, 'lay
er_1': 10, 'layer_2': 12}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:48:35,570] Trial 61 finished with value: 0.7126168012619019 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.978273952723216e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r_1': 12, 'layer_2': 13}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:50:09,941] Trial 62 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 8.544263824903213e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'laye
r 1': 12, 'layer 2': 12}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:51:43,852] Trial 63 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.46446228839007e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'layer
1': 15, 'layer_2': 14}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:53:17,851] Trial 64 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.228508348221863e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r_1': 14, 'layer_2': 9}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:54:53,111] Trial 65 finished with value: 0.7126168012619019 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.971520657685922e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 11, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:56:27,909] Trial 66 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.368602792493309e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r_1': 11, 'layer_2': 10}. Best is trial 35 with value: 0.7172897458076477.
[I 2022-07-06 01:58:02,526] Trial 67 finished with value: 0.7219626307487488 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.390269280733925e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 9, 'layer_2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 01:59:36,316] Trial 68 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.055615016452681e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r_1': 9, 'layer_2': 16}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:01:09,375] Trial 69 finished with value: 0.6939252614974976 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.973495973538472e-06, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 12, 'laye
r_1': 7, 'layer_2': 9}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:02:43,957] Trial 70 finished with value: 0.6869158744812012 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 1.5182694326702532e-06, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'lay
er_1': 9, 'layer_2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:04:19,351] Trial 71 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.243999174738512e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 11, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:05:54,208] Trial 72 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.498168116233708e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 10, 'layer 2': 13}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:07:27,728] Trial 73 finished with value: 0.7172897458076477 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 9.898858337670088e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 16, 'laye
r 1': 12, 'layer 2': 12}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:09:00,777] Trial 74 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 6.924262839658117e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 16, 'laye
r_1': 12, 'layer_2': 3}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:10:33,355] Trial 75 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.567674418793626e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r 1': 13, 'layer 2': 14}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:12:11,389] Trial 76 finished with value: 0.7196261882781982 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.480322860925859e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
```

```
r 1': 7, 'layer 2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:13:45,552] Trial 77 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 7.949095038619258e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'laye
r 1': 7, 'layer 2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:15:19,394] Trial 78 finished with value: 0.6214953064918518 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 2.4220389841204254e-06, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'lay
er_1': 8, 'layer_2': 8}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:16:53,907] Trial 79 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 6.510288031715113e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 8, 'layer 2': 9}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:18:27,296] Trial 80 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 8.694397877988036e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 16, 'laye
r_1': 10, 'layer_2': 12}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:20:00,938] Trial 81 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 7.345633747262437e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 18, 'laye
r 1': 14, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:21:34,015] Trial 82 finished with value: 0.7172897458076477 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.575459202420966e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r 1': 7, 'layer 2': 13}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:23:07,196] Trial 83 finished with value: 0.7196261882781982 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 8.235524781108236e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 7, 'layer_2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:24:41,714] Trial 84 finished with value: 0.7149532437324524 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.41942197255428e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'layer
_1': 7, 'layer_2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:26:15,301] Trial 85 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 5.7299222871211945e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 19, 'lay
er 1': 6, 'layer 2': 9}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:27:48,848] Trial 86 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.536952856540916e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 7, 'layer_2': 7}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:29:21,572] Trial 87 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.656665011876009e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r_1': 5, 'layer_2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:30:54,688] Trial 88 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.272696631385818e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r 1': 7, 'layer 2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:32:28,680] Trial 89 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 2.9720711811580642e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'lay
er_1': 4, 'layer_2': 12}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:34:03,273] Trial 90 finished with value: 0.6915887594223022 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 1.3680766755499226e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'lay
er_1': 8, 'layer_2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:35:36,432] Trial 91 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.970700848090427e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'laye
r_1': 9, 'layer_2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:37:09,010] Trial 92 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 8.840617357275013e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 17, 'laye
r_1': 6, 'layer_2': 12}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:38:43,284] Trial 93 finished with value: 0.7149532437324524 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.53057663322123e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'layer
_1': 7, 'layer_2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:40:16,781] Trial 94 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 6.706009862349111e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 18, 'laye
r 1': 8, 'layer 2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:41:50,751] Trial 95 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 5.659081596761616e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 6, 'layer 2': 12}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:43:25,244] Trial 96 finished with value: 0.7032710313796997 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 4.23858511477563e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'layer
1': 7, 'layer 2': 10}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:44:59,446] Trial 97 finished with value: 0.7009345889091492 and parame
ters: {'learning rate': 8.902201793599691e-05, 'num of layers': 3, 'layer 0': 20, 'laye
r 1': 9, 'layer 2': 7}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:46:28,407] Trial 98 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
ters: {'learning_rate': 7.562630314452567e-05, 'num_of_layers': 1, 'layer_0': 18}. Best
is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
[I 2022-07-06 02:48:08,110] Trial 99 finished with value: 0.7102803587913513 and parame
```

```
ters: {'learning_rate': 4.7954610959166656e-05, 'num_of_layers': 3, 'layer_0': 19, 'lay er_1': 7, 'layer_2': 11}. Best is trial 67 with value: 0.7219626307487488.
```

Promenom hiperparametara dobijen je model koji postiže tačnost na validacionom setu od 72.5%.

# Redukcija dimenzionalnosti

Kao poslednji pokušaj za unapređenje modela, implementirana je redukcija dimenzionalnosti *dataset*-a. Implementirana je **LDA** redukcija i set atributa je redukovan na 4. Redukcija je implementirana na normalizovanim podacima.

Nad ovakvim podacima treniran je perceptron, zbog malog broja atributa. *Learning rate* je menjan u Optuna *study-*u.

## LDA redukcija

Kod ispod generiše kovariacionu matricu atributa i računa njihove sopstvene vektore. Od 4 vektora, koji odgovaraju atributima sa najvećim sopstvenim vrednostim, se formira matrica kojom ce biti transformisan dataset.

```
In []: # Calculate covariance matrix of attributes, without targets
    cov_mat = norm_train_df.corr().to_numpy()[:-1, :-1]

# Calculate eigenvalues
    eigen_values, eigen_vectors = np.linalg.eigh(cov_mat)

# Take vector subset
    num_of_components = 4
    eigv_subset = eigen_vectors[:, -num_of_components:]
```

Transformišemo trening i test podatke dobijenom matricom.

```
In []:
# Extract numpy matrix of training attributes
X = norm_train_df.to_numpy()[:, :-1]

# Calculate reduced set of attributes
X_reduced = np.dot(eigv_subset.T, X.T).T

# Initialize datafreme with reduced attributes
reduced_train_df = pd.DataFrame(X_reduced, columns=[f"feature {idx}" for idx in range()

# Add target values to the dataframe
reduced_train_df["target"] = norm_train_df["target"]

# Print results
print("Redukovani trening dataframe:")
reduced_train_df
```

Redukovani trening dataframe:

```
        Out [ ]:
        feature 0
        feature 1
        feature 2
        feature 3
        target

        0
        -0.075304
        -1.715120
        1.484751
        -4.481953
        1

        1
        1.448046
        -1.503470
        0.761977
        -0.046641
        0

        2
        -0.588629
        -1.104397
        0.809860
        2.415575
        0

        3
        -0.184169
        1.746011
        3.458867
        -1.794428
        0

        4
        -0.684922
        -0.405477
        -0.795244
        1.132226
        1

        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...
        ...

        991
        0.647024
        -0.295353
        -0.883091
        1.752937
        0
```

```
        feature 0
        feature 1
        feature 2
        feature 3
        target

        992
        -0.415180
        -0.542635
        1.334532
        0.409983
        1

        993
        -0.473289
        -0.036981
        -0.757612
        3.428555
        1

        994
        1.342950
        -0.138566
        -1.769756
        -5.330138
        1

        995
        0.799782
        -0.948564
        -1.884324
        -8.928293
        1
```

996 rows × 5 columns

```
In []: # Extract numpy matrix of validation attributes
   X = norm_valid_df.to_numpy()[:, :-1]

# Calculate reduced set of attributes
   X_reduced = np.dot(eigv_subset.T, X.T).T

# Initialize datafreme with reduced attributes
   reduced_valid_df = pd.DataFrame(X_reduced, columns=[f"feature {idx}" for idx in range()

# Add target values to the dataframe
   reduced_valid_df["target"] = norm_valid_df["target"]

# Print results
   print("Redukovani validacioni dataframe:")
   reduced_valid_df
```

Redukovani validacioni dataframe:

	ricat	INOVAILE V	vaciaacioni aatarrame.						
Out[ ]:	feature 0		feature 1	feature 2	feature 3	target			
	0	0.842048	-0.399118	0.513916	2.476210	0			
	1	-0.231093	0.047274	0.691117	-2.771577	1			
	2	1.533942	-0.479238	-1.632356	-6.701583	1			
	3	-0.207686	-2.813286	0.733615	-1.535932	0			
	4	0.530262	-1.971947	0.371842	-0.031465	0			
	423	-0.805139	-1.261224	0.959032	1.406696	1			
	424	-1.046820	-0.841364	1.052354	0.191309	0			
	425	-0.802015	-0.683596	0.214574	0.864434	1			
	426	-0.786885	-1.461726	0.373974	1.454171	0			
	427	1.644015	-1.795306	0.729423	-6.792128	1			

428 rows × 5 columns

# Generisanje dataloader-a

```
valid_parameters = {
    "batch_size": 64,
    "shuffle": False,
    "num_workers": 1,
}
reduced_validation_loader = DataLoader(reduced_valid_dataset, **valid_parameters)
```

Definisanje trening objekata

```
In []: # Initialize training objects dictionary
    training_objects = {
        "Loss Function": loss_function,
        "Train Dataloader": reduced_training_loader,
        "Valid Dataloader": reduced_validation_loader,
        "Epochs": num_of_epochs,
}
```

### Treniranje modela

Pošto je trenirani model perceptron, jedini hiperparametar koji poseduje je *learning rate*. Implementirana je nova funkcija cilja koja pretražuje optimalan *learning rate*.

```
In [ ]:
         def objective function reduced(trial: optuna.trial.Trial) -> float:
             """Objective function for NBA_Survival_Predictor training, with reduced feature sp
             Args:
                 trial (optuna.trial.Trial): Optuna trial object.
             Returns:
                 float: Maximal validation accuracy of the model.
             # Pick learning rate from loguniform distribution
             lr = trial.suggest_loguniform("learning_rate", 1e-6, 1e-4)
             layer sizes = [4, 1]
             # Init model
             model = NBA_Survival_Predictor(layer_sizes)
             # Init optimizer
             optimizer = Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
             # Set number of epochs
             training objects["Epochs"] = 300
             # Train and evaluate model
             _, results = train_network(model, optimizer, training_objects)
             # Return best performance
             return max(results["validation acc"])
```

```
study = optuna.create_study(direction="maximize", sampler=optuna.samplers.TPESampler()
study.optimize(objective_function_reduced, n_trials=50)
```

```
[I 2022-07-06 02:48:09,019] A new study created in memory with name: no-name-41af2480-0 20e-4a32-9090-f85b0711f57f
[I 2022-07-06 02:49:04,755] Trial 0 finished with value: 0.42990654706954956 and parame ters: {'learning_rate': 1.0501426442028149e-06}. Best is trial 0 with value: 0.42990654 706954956.
[I 2022-07-06 02:50:00,218] Trial 1 finished with value: 0.427570104598999 and paramete rs: {'learning_rate': 1.4775694277719364e-05}. Best is trial 0 with value: 0.4299065470 6954956.
```

```
[I 2022-07-06 02:50:55,289] Trial 2 finished with value: 0.44392523169517517 and parame ters: {'learning_rate': 2.6564041192290442e-05}. Best is trial 2 with value: 0.44392523 169517517.
```

- [I 2022-07-06 02:51:50,663] Trial 3 finished with value: 0.6962617039680481 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 9.043484575955489e-05}. Best is trial 3 with value: 0.6962617039
- [I 2022-07-06 02:52:45,394] Trial 4 finished with value: 0.7079439163208008 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 7.825281655541806e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:53:40,382] Trial 5 finished with value: 0.6074766516685486 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 7.151069144919491e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:54:35,379] Trial 6 finished with value: 0.6985981464385986 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 1.288431232668097e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:55:30,147] Trial 7 finished with value: 0.6915887594223022 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 4.907745640208589e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:56:24,566] Trial 8 finished with value: 0.3995327055454254 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 1.4104269743487667e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:57:19,736] Trial 9 finished with value: 0.5981308221817017 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 8.601903100702332e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:58:14,922] Trial 10 finished with value: 0.43457943201065063 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 3.691734105588846e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 02:59:10,372] Trial 11 finished with value: 0.672897219657898 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 3.9092200204959064e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:00:05,570] Trial 12 finished with value: 0.44392523169517517 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 5.759203697441083e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:01:00,484] Trial 13 finished with value: 0.6378504633903503 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 3.103596248734542e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:01:54,864] Trial 14 finished with value: 0.3528037369251251 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 1.256232419756842e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:02:49,638] Trial 15 finished with value: 0.42990654706954956 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 8.531804664458122e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:03:44,374] Trial 16 finished with value: 0.48364487290382385 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 2.9774509902169868e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439 163208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:04:39,440] Trial 17 finished with value: 0.5257009267807007 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 2.150473069654634e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:05:34,530] Trial 18 finished with value: 0.5210280418395996 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 1.689537045797026e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:06:29,587] Trial 19 finished with value: 0.6191588640213013 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 4.687075999975836e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:07:24,781] Trial 20 finished with value: 0.45560747385025024 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 8.010714477134092e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:08:19,746] Trial 21 finished with value: 0.6074766516685486 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 5.5224483130581425e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:09:14,783] Trial 22 finished with value: 0.6612149477005005 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 8.99016476038012e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:10:09,559] Trial 23 finished with value: 0.6495327353477478 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 9.784592593973336e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:11:04,372] Trial 24 finished with value: 0.5677570104598999 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 3.7551084752911415e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.

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[I 2022-07-06 03:11:58,914] Trial 25 finished with value: 0.4719626307487488 and parame ters: {'learning_rate': 2.467338768641234e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
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- [I 2022-07-06 03:12:52,871] Trial 26 finished with value: 0.6238317489624023 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 6.145283057825092e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:13:47,602] Trial 27 finished with value: 0.41588786244392395 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 1.8396248205990962e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439 163208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:14:42,766] Trial 28 finished with value: 0.6822429895401001 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 4.009380143112731e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:15:38,103] Trial 29 finished with value: 0.663551390171051 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 6.561915007200109e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:16:33,095] Trial 30 finished with value: 0.3995327055454254 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 1.151730012827766e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:17:28,308] Trial 31 finished with value: 0.44392523169517517 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 4.591331821087599e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:18:23,368] Trial 32 finished with value: 0.59112149477005 and paramete rs: {'learning\_rate': 6.892217193633754e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391632 08008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:19:18,582] Trial 33 finished with value: 0.5700934529304504 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 2.1499686312356527e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:20:13,824] Trial 34 finished with value: 0.586448609828949 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 5.491075540177172e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:21:08,882] Trial 35 finished with value: 0.6939252614974976 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 8.001572156508536e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:22:03,734] Trial 36 finished with value: 0.6752336621284485 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 9.93601952195214e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:22:58,733] Trial 37 finished with value: 0.6869158744812012 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 7.513765412557156e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:23:53,806] Trial 38 finished with value: 0.6144859790802002 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 3.497635263696448e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:24:48,911] Trial 39 finished with value: 0.5397196412086487 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 1.013127084990666e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:25:43,894] Trial 40 finished with value: 0.5443925261497498 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 6.175930626044594e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:26:38,627] Trial 41 finished with value: 0.6612149477005005 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 7.79778350370845e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:27:33,477] Trial 42 finished with value: 0.6799065470695496 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 5.250688263133246e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:28:28,517] Trial 43 finished with value: 0.44392523169517517 and param eters: {'learning\_rate': 7.860286535230739e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:29:23,583] Trial 44 finished with value: 0.3247663676738739 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 1.2054050791388836e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:30:18,586] Trial 45 finished with value: 0.605140209197998 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 3.175784623948555e-06}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:31:13,695] Trial 46 finished with value: 0.6471962332725525 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 4.6221000575465514e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.
- [I 2022-07-06 03:32:08,837] Trial 47 finished with value: 0.6144859790802002 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 2.5793796131872997e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.70794391 63208008.

[I 2022-07-06 03:33:03,908] Trial 48 finished with value: 0.672897219657898 and paramet ers: {'learning\_rate': 6.449513276972577e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.7079439163 208008.

[I 2022-07-06 03:33:58,946] Trial 49 finished with value: 0.5887850522994995 and parame ters: {'learning\_rate': 3.283644427994873e-05}. Best is trial 4 with value: 0.707943916 3208008.

Model nakon redukcije dimenzionalnosti ima lošije performanse od početnog. Verovatan razlog ovoga je premali broj atributa, pa klase nisu dovoljno separabilne.