Complete RAG System Architecture for Wasserstoff Internship

Project Structure

```
chatbot theme identifier/
 — backend/
     — app/
        - api/
              __init__.py
              endpoints/
               ___init__.py
               — documents.py
                                # Document upload/management
               — chat.py
                                # Query processing
              — themes.py
                                # Theme analysis
           dependencies.py
                                 # Database connections
          core/
           _____init___.py
            — config.py
                                 # Environment variables
            — database.py
                                # ChromaDB singleton
           exceptions.py # Custom exceptions
          models/
            ___init__.py
            — document.py
                                 # Document schemas
                                 # Query/response schemas
            — query.py
           — theme.py
                                # Theme schemas
          services/
           ____init__.py
           — document_processor.py # PDF/OCR processing
            — embedding_service.py # Embeddings management
           retrieval_service.py # Search & retrieval
           — citation_manager.py # Citation tracking
           theme_analyzer.py # Theme identification
           llm_service.py # LLM interactions
          utils/
            ___init__.py
            — text_processing.py # Text cleaning utilities
```

```
# Document chunking
        — chunking.py
       └─ validation.py
                             # Data validation
    — main.py
                              # FastAPI app
   data/
    - uploads/
                              # Document storage
                              # Processed documents
    - processed/
    - embeddings/
                              # ChromaDB storage
   tests/
    test_api.py
    — test_services.py
    test_utils.py
  - requirements.txt
  - Dockerfile
 docker-compose.yml
frontend/
 - static/
    — css/
    — js/
    uploads/
   templates/
    base.html
    - upload.html
    — chat.html
    results.html
                              # Streamlit frontend
 app.py
docs/
 - README.md
 - ARCHITECTURE.md
 - API_DOCS.md
 L— DEPLOYMENT.md
scripts/
 - setup_env.sh
```

Technology Stack (All Free)

Core Technologies

• **Backend**: FastAPI (Python)

• **Frontend**: Streamlit

• **Database**: ChromaDB (vector database)

• LLM: Groq (free Llama models) + Ollama (local fallback)

• **Embeddings**: sentence-transformers (free)

• **OCR**: Tesseract + PaddleOCR

• **Clustering**: scikit-learn

• **Deployment**: Render (free tier)

Detailed Implementation

1. Document Processing Pipeline (services/document_processor.py)

```
# Libraries needed:
# - PyMuPDF (fitz): PDF text extraction
# - Tesseract: OCR for scanned documents
# - PaddLeOCR: Backup OCR
# - python-magic: File type detection
# - Pillow: Image processing
class DocumentProcessor:
    def init (self):
        self.ocr engine = PaddleOCR(use angle cls=True, lang='en')
        self.tesseract config = '--oem 3 --psm 6'
    def process document(self, file path: str, doc id: str):
        Step 1: File type detection
        Step 2: Text extraction (PDF/Text/Image)
        Step 3: OCR fallback for scanned content
        Step 4: Metadata extraction
        Step 5: Quality validation
    def extract_pdf_text(self, pdf_path: str):
        """Use PyMuPDF for text extraction with fallback to OCR"""
    def extract_with_ocr(self, image_path: str):
        """PaddleOCR primary, Tesseract fallback"""
    def extract_metadata(self, file_path: str):
        """Extract title, author, creation date, page count"""
```

2. Text Chunking Strategy (utils/chunking.py)

```
python
# Libraries:
# - spaCy: NLP processing
# - nltk: Sentence tokenization
# - tiktoken: Token counting
class SmartChunker:
    def init (self):
        self.nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
       self.max_chunk_size = 512 # tokens
       self.overlap size = 50
    def chunk_document(self, text: str, doc_metadata: dict):
       Step 1: Section detection (headings, paragraphs)
       Step 2: Semantic boundary detection
       Step 3: Overlapping window creation
        Step 4: Chunk metadata assignment
    def detect_sections(self, text: str):
        """Rule-based + NLP heading detection"""
    def create_semantic_chunks(self, sections: List[str]):
        """Respect paragraph boundaries, maintain context"""
```

3. Embedding Service (services/embedding_service.py)

```
python
# Libraries:
# - sentence-transformers: Free embeddings
# - chromadb: Vector storage
class EmbeddingService:
    def __init__(self):
        self.model = SentenceTransformer('all-MiniLM-L6-v2') # Free, fast
        self.db = ChromaDBSingleton.get_instance()
    def embed_document(self, doc_id: str, chunks: List[dict]):
        0.00
        Step 1: Generate embeddings for all chunks
        Step 2: Store in ChromaDB with metadata
        Step 3: Create document-level index
        Step 4: Validate storage
        0.00
    def embed_query(self, query: str):
        """Generate query embedding for retrieval"""
```

4. Retrieval Service (services/retrieval_service.py)

```
python
# Libraries:
# - chromadb: Vector search
# - rank-bm25: Sparse retrieval
# - sentence-transformers: Cross-encoder reranking
class RetrievalService:
    def init (self):
        self.vector_db = ChromaDBSingleton.get_instance()
        self.reranker = CrossEncoder('cross-encoder/ms-marco-MinilM-L-6-v2')
    def hybrid_search(self, query: str, k: int = 20):
        Step 1: Vector similarity search (ChromaDB)
        Step 2: Keyword search (BM25)
        Step 3: Result fusion
        Step 4: Cross-encoder reranking
        Step 5: Relevance filtering
    def get_diverse_results(self, results: List[dict]):
```

5. Theme Analysis (services/theme_analyzer.py)

"""Ensure results from multiple documents"""

```
python
# Libraries:
# - scikit-learn: Clustering algorithms
# - umap-learn: Dimensionality reduction
# - hdbscan: Density-based clustering
class ThemeAnalyzer:
    def init (self):
        self.reducer = umap.UMAP(n_components=10, random_state=42)
        self.clusterer = hdbscan.HDBSCAN(min_cluster_size=3)
        self.llm service = LLMService()
    def identify_themes(self, retrieved_chunks: List[dict]):
        Step 1: Extract embeddings from chunks
        Step 2: Dimensionality reduction (UMAP)
        Step 3: Density-based clustering (HDBSCAN)
        Step 4: LLM theme naming for each cluster
        Step 5: Theme confidence scoring
        Step 6: Synthesized summary generation
    def cluster_embeddings(self, embeddings: np.ndarray):
        """ML-based clustering, not LLM-dependent"""
    def name_themes_with_llm(self, clusters: dict):
        """Use LLM only for naming, not discovery"""
```

6. Citation Manager ((services/citation_manager.py))

```
python
# Libraries:
# - fuzzywuzzy: String matching
# - re: Regex for citation validation
class CitationManager:
    def __init__(self):
        self.document store = {} # Cache original documents
    def generate_citations(self, chunks: List[dict]):
        0.00
       Step 1: Extract source information from chunks
       Step 2: Verify text exists in original document
       Step 3: Calculate precise locations (page, paragraph)
       Step 4: Deduplicate same-source citations
        Step 5: Format citations consistently
        0.00
    def verify_citation_exists(self, chunk: dict):
        """Cross-reference with original document"""
    def deduplicate citations(self, citations: List[dict]):
        """Merge citations from same document/page"""
```

7. LLM Service (services/llm_service.py)

```
python
# Libraries:
# - grog: Free Llama API
# - ollama: Local LLM fallback
# - openai: API client format
class LLMService:
    def init (self):
        self.groq_client = Groq(api_key=os.getenv("GROQ_API_KEY"))
       self.local_model = "llama3.1:8b" # Ollama fallback
    def answer query(self, query: str, context chunks: List[dict]):
       Step 1: Format context with citations
       Step 2: Create structured prompt
       Step 3: Primary: Groq API call
       Step 4: Fallback: Local Ollama
       Step 5: Parse and validate response
    def synthesize_themes(self, themes: dict, query: str):
        """Generate consolidated answer from themes"""
    def with_retry_and_fallback(self, prompt: str):
        """Robust API calls with fallback"""
```

8. API Endpoints ((api/endpoints/))

Document Management ((documents.py))

```
python
# Libraries:
# - fastapi: Web framework
# - aiofiles: Async file handling
# - python-multipart: File uploads
@router.post("/upload")
async def upload_documents(files: List[UploadFile]):
    0.00
    Step 1: Validate file types and sizes
    Step 2: Save files to storage
    Step 3: Queue for processing
    Step 4: Return upload status
@router.get("/documents")
async def list_documents():
    """Return all uploaded documents with metadata"""
@router.delete("/documents/{doc_id}")
async def delete_document(doc_id: str):
    """Remove document and embeddings"""
```

Chat Interface (chat.py)

python

```
@router.post("/query")
async def process_query(query: QueryRequest):
    """
    Step 1: Validate query
    Step 2: Hybrid retrieval
    Step 3: Generate individual answers
    Step 4: Theme identification
    Step 5: Synthesized response
    Step 6: Return structured results
    """
@router.get("/query/{query_id}/results")
async def get_query_results(query_id: str):
    """Return formatted results for UI"""
```

9. Frontend (frontend/app.py)

```
python
# Libraries:
# - streamLit: Web UI framework
# - requests: API calls
# - pandas: Data display
def main():
    st.title("Document Research & Theme Identification Chatbot")
    # Sidebar: Document management
    with st.sidebar:
        upload documents()
        show_document_list()
    # Main area: Chat interface
    query = st.text_input("Ask a question about your documents:")
    if query:
        results = process_query_with_loading(query)
        display_results(results)
def display_results(results: dict):
    0.00
    Step 1: Individual document answers (table)
    Step 2: Theme-based synthesis (chat format)
    Step 3: Citation links and verification
    0.00
```

10. Configuration (core/config.py)

```
python
# Libraries:
# - pydantic: Settings management
# - python-dotenv: Environment variables
class Settings(BaseSettings):
   # API Keys (free tiers)
    GROO API KEY: str = ""
    # Database
   CHROMADB_PATH: str = "./data/embeddings"
   UPLOAD PATH: str = "./data/uploads"
    # Processing
   MAX_FILE_SIZE: int = 50 * 1024 * 1024 # 50MB
    SUPPORTED_FORMATS: List[str] = [".pdf", ".txt", ".docx", ".png", ".jpg"]
    # Retrieval
   DEFAULT_K: int = 20
    RELEVANCE_THRESHOLD: float = 0.7
    class Config:
        env_file = ".env"
```

Deployment Strategy

Docker Setup (Dockerfile)

```
FROM python:3.11-slim
# Install system dependencies
RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y \
    tesseract-ocr \
   libtesseract-dev \
    libmagic1 \
   poppler-utils \
    && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
WORKDIR /app
COPY requirements.txt .
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
COPY . .
EXPOSE 8000
CMD ["uvicorn", "backend.app.main:app", "--host", "0.0.0.0", "--port", "8000"]
```

Free Deployment Options

- 1. **Render** (Recommended)
 - Free 750 hours/month
 - Automatic deployments from GitHub
 - Supports Docker
 - Built-in SSL

2. Railway

• \$5 free credit monthly

- Easy database integration
- GitHub integration

3. **Hugging Face Spaces**

- Free for public projects
- Great for Streamlit apps
- GPU access available

Error Handling Strategy

Comprehensive Error Management

```
# Custom exceptions for different failure modes
class DocumentProcessingError(Exception): pass
class EmbeddingError(Exception): pass
class RetrievalError(Exception): pass
class LLMError(Exception): pass

# Graceful degradation
def with_fallback(primary_func, fallback_func, error_types):
    """Generic fallback decorator"""

# Retry mechanisms for API calls
@retry(stop=stop_after_attempt(3), wait=wait_exponential(multiplier=1, min=4, max=10))
def call_groq_api(prompt: str): pass
```

Testing Strategy

Unit Tests ((tests/)

python

```
# Test each service independently
def test_document_processing():
    """Test PDF extraction, OCR, metadata"""

def test_chunking_strategy():
    """Test chunk quality and overlaps"""

def test_embedding_consistency():
    """Test embedding generation and storage"""

def test_citation_verification():
    """Test citation accuracy"""
```

Performance Optimizations

- 1. **Async Processing**: Use asyncio for I/O operations
- 2. **Caching**: Redis for frequent queries
- 3. **Batch Processing**: Process multiple documents together
- 4. **Connection Pooling**: Reuse database connections
- 5. Lazy Loading: Load embeddings on demand

Key Success Factors

- 1. **Reliability**: Every component has error handling and fallbacks
- 2. Validation: All citations verified against source documents
- 3. **Documentation**: Comprehensive setup and usage guides
- 4. **Testing**: Automated tests for all critical components

- 5. **Monitoring**: Logging and health checks throughout
- 6. **Scalability**: Designed to handle 75+ documents efficiently

This architecture addresses all the issues mentioned in your rejection feedback while staying within free-tier constraints.