

Computer Programming

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Session: Directly Accessing and Updating Records in a File

Quick Recap



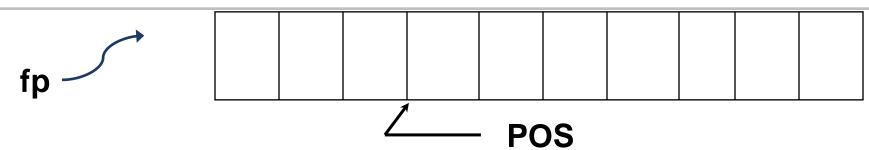
- We wrote a program to create a binary file
 - Containing fixed length records
- Each record had values of four filed for one student
 - sroll, sname, sbatch, smarks

Overview



 In this session, We will use C++ functions to directly access and update records for students

Accessing records in a binary file on disk



- A 'position indicator' is maintained by C++ for each file
 - Reading/writing will occur at this byte position
 - Indicator is automatically advanced by number of bytes read/written
- Current position can be found using a function ftell()
 long POS; POS = ftell(fp);
- One can set the indicator to any desired position, say P bytes fseek (fp, P, SEEK_SET); //Count from starting point

Some relevant C++ functions



- For reading a record in struct variable S
 fread(&s, rec_size, 1, fp); // Note use of pointer to struct
- For writing one record from a struct variable fwrite(&s, rec_size, 1, fp);
- To reset internal pointer to beginning of file Rewind(fp);

Program to process studentdb



```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
using namespace std;
struct studentinfo{
  int roll;
  char name[30];
  int batch;
  float marks;
```



```
int main() {
  struct studentinfo s;
  int r, recnum, rec_size, found =0; long POS;
  rec_size = sizeof(struct studentinfo);
  cout << "Size of each record is: " << rec_size << endl;</pre>
```



```
FILE *fp;
fp = fopen("studentdb", "rb+" );
if (fp == NULL){
 cout << "Could not open database file" << endl;
 return -1;
int count=0; found=0;
```



```
rewind(fp);
 cout << " -----"<<endl;
 cout << "searching sequentially for marks of roll 10105";
 cout << endl;
 r = 10105; found =0;
 POS = ftell(fp);
// find marks for roll number 10105
```



```
do {
 fread(&s,rec_size,1, fp);
 if (s.roll ==r){
   // found student, print record
   cout << endl << "Found roll "<< r;</pre>
   found = POS/rec size +1;
   cout << " at record no. " << found <<"\nThe name and marks are: ";
   printf("%s %5.2f \n", s.name,s.marks);
   break;
```



```
else{
     POS= ftell(fp);
     fread(&s,rec size, 1, fp);
} while (!feof (fp));
if (found == 0)
 cout << "\nroll number not found in database\n";</pre>
cout << " -----"<<endl;
```



```
cout << "demonstrating direct access to records" << endl;
cout << "read and display 6th record" << endl << endl;
// find and print 6th record in database file
recnum = 6;
POS = (recnum-1) * rec_size;</pre>
```





```
// update Nilamani's marks to 93.5
// His roll number is 10108.
// We access 8th record starting at 7 * rec_size)
cout << " -----"<<endl:
cout << "read and update Nilamani Raut's marks" << endl;</pre>
cout << "Nilamani's roll number is 10108"<< endl;
r = 10108;
```



```
recnum = r-10100;
POS = (recnum-1)*rec size;
fseek (fp, POS, SEEK SET);
fread(&s,rec size, 1,fp);
cout << "Record for Nilamani is\n";</pre>
printf("%5d %30s %3d %5.2f \n", s.roll, s.name, s.batch,
       s.marks);
```



```
s.marks = 93.5;
// previous read has advanced the internal position indicator
fseek (fp, POS, SEEK SET);
fwrite(&s, rec size, 1, fp);
// verify correct data is written
fseek (fp, POS, SEEK SET);
fread(&s, rec size, 1,fp);
cout << "-----Updated record in database file is\n";
printf("%5d %30s %3d %5.2f \n", s.roll, s.name, s.batch, s.marks);
```



```
fclose(fp);
return 0;
}
```

Z:\CS101X\cppfiles\process_student_db.exe

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```
Size of each record is: 44
```

searching sequentially for marks of roll 10105

Found roll 10105 at record no. 4 The name and marks are: Nandan 67.00

demonstrating direct access to records read and display 6th record

Record starting at byte position 220 is 10106 Avinash 112 65.00

Record Number is: 6

read and update Nilamani Raut's marks Nilamani's roll number is 10108 Record for Nilamani is

10108 Nilmani 111 91.50 ----Updated record in database file is 10108 Nilmani 111 93.50

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.180 s Press any key to continue.

Summary



- Records in binary files can be directly accessed and processed
 - We typically search on a key attribute, such as roll_number
- Need to know the record number of the desired record
 - We need a mapping from roll_number to record position
- Refer to C++ tutorials and reference section on the web at: http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/cstdio
- Handouts posted this week will provide a summary of file processing, along with the program listings