Import necessary Python libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

#### Create the data frame

```
df=pd.read csv("Zomato data.csv")
df.head()
                     name online order book table
                                                     rate
                                                            votes \
                                                    4.1/5
0
                                   Yes
                    Jalsa
                                               Yes
                                                              775
1
          Spice Elephant
                                   Yes
                                                No 4.1/5
                                                              787
2
         San Churro Cafe
                                   Yes
                                                No 3.8/5
                                                              918
3
  Addhuri Udupi Bhojana
                                    No
                                                No 3.7/5
                                                               88
4
           Grand Village
                                                No 3.8/5
                                    No
                                                              166
   approx cost(for two people) listed in(type)
0
                            800
                                          Buffet
1
                            800
                                          Buffet
2
                            800
                                          Buffet
3
                            300
                                          Buffet
4
                            600
                                          Buffet
```

### Let's convert the data type of the "rate" column to float and remove the denominator

```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 148 entries, 0 to 147
Data columns (total 7 columns):
     Column
                                   Non-Null Count
                                                    Dtype
     -----
- - -
 0
                                   148 non-null
     name
                                                    object
 1
     online order
                                   148 non-null
                                                    object
 2
                                   148 non-null
     book table
                                                    object
 3
     rate
                                   148 non-null
                                                    object
 4
                                   148 non-null
     votes
                                                    int64
 5
     approx_cost(for two people)
                                   148 non-null
                                                    int64
     listed in(type)
                                   148 non-null
                                                    object
dtypes: int64(2), object(5)
memory usage: 8.2+ KB
def convert_rate (rate):
    if '/' in rate:
        n,_ = rate.split('/')
```

```
return float(n)
    return float(rate)
df['rate'] = df['rate'].apply(convert rate)
print(df)
                        name online order book table rate
                                                               votes \
0
                                                         4.1
                       Jalsa
                                       Yes
                                                   Yes
                                                                 775
1
             Spice Elephant
                                       Yes
                                                    No
                                                         4.1
                                                                 787
                                                          3.8
2
            San Churro Cafe
                                       Yes
                                                                 918
                                                    No
3
     Addhuri Udupi Bhojana
                                        No
                                                    No
                                                          3.7
                                                                  88
4
              Grand Village
                                                         3.8
                                        No
                                                    No
                                                                 166
                                       . . .
                                                   . . .
143
          Melting Melodies
                                                         3.3
                                        No
                                                    No
                                                                   0
            New Indraprasta
144
                                        No
                                                    No
                                                          3.3
                                                                   0
145
               Anna Kuteera
                                       Yes
                                                    No
                                                         4.0
                                                                 771
                                                         3.0
146
                     Darbar
                                        No
                                                    No
                                                                  98
147
              Vijayalakshmi
                                       Yes
                                                    No
                                                          3.9
                                                                  47
     approx_cost(for two people) listed_in(type)
0
                               800
                                              Buffet
1
                               800
                                              Buffet
2
                               800
                                             Buffet
3
                               300
                                             Buffet
4
                                              Buffet
                               600
143
                                             Dining
                               100
144
                               150
                                             Dining
145
                               450
                                             Dining
146
                               800
                                             Dining
147
                               200
                                             Dining
[148 rows x 7 columns]
```

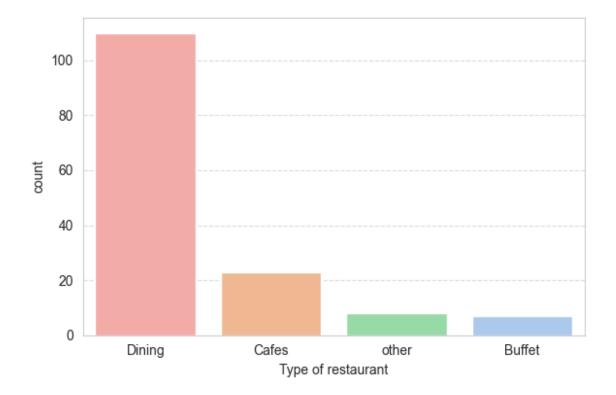
To obtain a summary of the data frame, you can use the following code df.info()

Check if the dataset have any null values.

```
listed_in(type) 0
dtype: int64
```

### Listed\_in column graphical represnetation.

```
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.countplot(x=df['listed_in(type)'], hue="listed_in(type)",data=df,
palette="pastel",order=df['listed_in(type)'].value_counts().index )
plt.xlabel("Type of restaurant")
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



# Conclusion: The majority of the restaurants fall into the dining category

```
grouped_data = df.groupby('listed_in(type)')['votes'].sum()
result = pd.DataFrame({'votes': grouped_data})

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))

plt.plot(result.index, result['votes'], color="green", marker="o",
linewidth=2, markersize=8, label="Votes")
```

```
plt.title("Total Votes by Type of Restaurant", fontsize=18, pad=15,
weight='bold')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=12)
plt.legend(loc="upper right", fontsize=12)

plt.xlabel("Type of restaurant", c="red", size=20)
plt.ylabel("Votes", c="red", size=20)

for x, y in zip(result.index, result['votes']):
    plt.text(x, y + 200, f"{int(y)}", ha='center', fontsize=10,
color="black")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

### **Total Votes by Type of Restaurant**



Conclusion: Dining restaurants are preferred by a larger number of individuals

Determine the restaurant's name that received the maximum votes based on a given dataframe.

```
max_votes = df['votes'].max()
max_votes_restaurant = df.loc[df['votes'] == max_votes,'name']

print("Restaurant(s) with the maximum votes:")
for name in max_votes_restaurant:
    print(f"- {name} (Votes: {max_votes})")

Restaurant(s) with the maximum votes:
- Empire Restaurant (Votes: 4884)
```

Determine the top 3 Restaurants based on no of online booking and also table booking.

```
df.head(3)
              name online order book table
                                           rate
                                                   votes \
0
             Jalsa
                            Yes
                                       Yes 4.1/5
                                                     775
1
    Spice Elephant
                            Yes
                                        No 4.1/5
                                                     787
                                        No 3.8/5
  San Churro Cafe
                            Yes
                                                     918
   approx cost(for two people) listed in(type)
0
                           800
                                        Buffet
1
                           800
                                        Buffet
2
                           800
                                        Buffet
top order online = df.sort values(by='online order',
ascending=False).head(3)
top table book= df.sort values(by='book table',
ascending=False).head(3)
print("Top 3 resturants based on Online booking are:")
for index, row in top order online.iterrows():
    print(f"- {row['name']} (Online Bookings: {row['online order']})")
print("\nTop 3 Restaurants based on Table Bookings:")
for index, row in top table book.iterrows():
    print(f"- {row['name']} (Table Bookings: {row['book table']})")
Top 3 resturants based on Online booking are:
- Jalsa (Online Bookings: Yes)
- Kitchen Garden (Online Bookings: Yes)
- FreshMenu (Online Bookings: Yes)
Top 3 Restaurants based on Table Bookings:
- Jalsa (Table Bookings: Yes)
- Onesta (Table Bookings: Yes)
- Goa 0 Km (Table Bookings: Yes)
online booking count = df[df['online order'] ==
'Yes'].groupby('name').size().reset_index(name='online_booking_count')
table booking count = df[df['book table'] ==
'Yes'].groupby('name').size().reset index(name='table booking count')
top online booking =
online booking count.sort values(by='online booking count',
ascending=False).head(3)
top table booking =
table_booking_count.sort_values(by='table booking count',
ascending=False).head(3)
```

```
# Print the results
print("Top 3 Restaurants based on Online Bookings:")
for _, row in top online booking.iterrows():
    print(f"- {row['name']} (Online Bookings:
{row['online booking count']})")
print("\nTop 3 Restaurants based on Table Bookings:")
for , row in top table booking.iterrows():
    print(f"- {row['name']} (Table Bookings:
{row['table booking count']})")
Top 3 Restaurants based on Online Bookings:
- Onesta (Online Bookings: 2)
- San Churro Cafe (Online Bookings: 2)
- 360 Atoms Restaurant And Cafe (Online Bookings: 1)
Top 3 Restaurants based on Table Bookings:
- Onesta (Table Bookings: 2)
- Goa 0 Km (Table Bookings: 1)
- Cafe Shuffle (Table Bookings: 1)
```

Categorize the Restaurant based on approx-cost of 2 people less than 500 based on listed-in column. and find the top 5 Restaurants.

```
# Filter restaurants with approx cost for two people less than 500
filtered data = df[df['approx cost(for two people)'] < 500]
# Group by 'listed in' column and count the number of restaurants in
each category
category counts =
filtered data.groupby('listed in(type)').size().reset index(name='coun
t')
# Sort categories by count and take the top 5
top categories = category_counts.sort_values(by='count',
ascending=False).head(5)
# Print the results
print("Top 5 Categories based on Approx Cost < 500:")</pre>
for _, row in top_categories.iterrows():
    print(f"- {row['listed in(type)']} (Count: {row['count']})")
# Optionally, find the top restaurants within each of these categories
print("\nTop Restaurants in Each of These Categories:")
for category in top_categories['listed_in(type)']:
    # Filter data for the current category
    category data = filtered data[filtered data['listed in(type)'] ==
category]
    # Sort by rating or votes to find the top 5 restaurants
```

```
top restaurants = category data.sort values(by='rate',
ascending=False).head(5)
    print(f"\nCategory: {category}")
    for , row in top restaurants.iterrows():
        print(f"- {row['name']} (Cost: {row['approx cost(for two
people)']}, Rating: {row['rate']})")
Top 5 Categories based on Approx Cost < 500:
- Dining (Count: 84)
- Cafes (Count: 6)
- Buffet (Count: 1)
Top Restaurants in Each of These Categories:
Category: Dining
- Corner House Ice Cream (Cost: 400, Rating: 4.3/5)
- Frozen Bottle (Cost: 400, Rating: 4.2/5)
- Sri Guru Kottureshwara Davangere Benne Dosa (Cost: 150, Rating:
4.1/5)
- Spicy Tandoor (Cost: 150, Rating: 4.1/5)
- The Biryani Cafe (Cost: 300, Rating: 4.1/5)
Category: Cafes
- Caf-Eleven (Cost: 450, Rating: 4.0/5)
- T3H Cafe (Cost: 300, Rating: 3.9/5)
- Coffee Tindi (Cost: 200, Rating: 3.8/5)
- Hide Out Cafe (Cost: 300, Rating: 3.7/5)
- 360 Atoms Restaurant And Cafe (Cost: 400, Rating: 3.1/5)
Category: Buffet
- Addhuri Udupi Bhojana (Cost: 300, Rating: 3.7/5)
```

### Distribution of rating across restaurants

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

plt.hist(df['rate'],bins=10,color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')

plt.title("Ratings Distribution", fontsize=16, weight='bold', pad=15)

plt.xlabel("Ratings", fontsize=14, labelpad=10)

plt.ylabel("Frequency", fontsize=14, labelpad=10)

plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--')

mean_value = df['rate'].mean()

median_value = df['rate'].median()

plt.axvline(mean_value, color='red', linestyle='--', linewidth=1.5, label=f'Mean: {mean_value:.2f}')

plt.axvline(median_value, color='green', linestyle='--', linewidth=1.5, label=f'Median: {median_value:.2f}')
```

plt.legend(fontsize=10)
plt.tight\_layout()
plt.show()

## **Ratings Distribution**

