

IDK - (A StackOverflow Clone)

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Parashara R
Rahul Mohan
Rahul Pillai

01FB15ECS202
01FB15ECS222
01FB15ECS224

Overview

This project is an attempt to make our own version of a question answering site like “StackOverflow” along with a few intelligent components as well.

Our frontend (written in node) and the backend (written in Django) are two separate servers where the front-end server sends API requests to the backend server.

Technologies Used

Front End

- Angular 7
- Angular Material
- TypeScript

Back End

- Django Framework
- Rest Framework
- Rest Auth
- Postgresql Database

Frontend Specifications

I. Components

The entire web app is divided into a number of Angular components. The root component <app-route> loads different child components according to the URL route.

The component structure is as follows:

```
app/  
  feed/  
    feed-item/  
  nav/  
    drawer/  
    toolbar/  
  login/
```

```
newquestion/  
newanswer/  
search/  
qa/  
  qa-content/  
    qa-content-item/  
  qa-similar/
```

II. Services

Services provide a way to share data between component classes and also allow creation of custom callbacks that can be called when data is changed.

Our app contains the following services:

- AuthService - Handles authentication and stores user login details
- RestService - Contains methods to query the REST API
- FeedService - Fetches and stores feed questions (featured and unanswered)
- QuestionService - Handles adding questions, answers and comments
- SearchService - Handles searching through questions in the database

Backend Specifications

<https://github.com/ParasharaRamesh/IDK/>

III. APIs Exposed

Question APIs

1. AddQuestion: add a question to DB
2. DeleteQuestion: delete a question from DB
3. GetQuestion: get a question and all its related answers and comments from DB
4. GetSimilarQuestions: given a question, it returns all the questions which are most similar to this question

Answer APIs

1. AddAnswer: add an answer to a question in the DB
2. DeleteAnswer: delete an answer from the DB
3. GetAnswer: get an answer and all its related comments from the DB

Comment APIs

1. AddComment: add a comment(with tagging users) to a question /answer in the DB
2. DeleteComment: delete a comment from the DB
3. GetComment: get a comment along with notified user(if any) from the DB
4. GetNotification: get a notification instance from the DB
5. DeleteNotification: delete a notification instance from the DB

User APIs

1. Login/Logout/Register: using django_rest_auth module for easy login/logout/register
2. GetUserDetails: get the user details and his related fields from the DB
3. Follow: follow another registered user
4. Unfollow: unfollow a followed user

Vote API

1. Vote: give an upvote or downvote to an question or answer

Search API

1. Search: given a search query (tags/normal text) search and show the most related questions

Feed API

1. Feed: for a specific user, show the “featured” and “unanswered” questions

* For detailed request, response JSON structure and datatypes structure refer:

<https://github.com/ParasharaRamesh/IDK/blob/master/API-spec.md>

IV. Database Table Initialization

We wrote a script to initialize the tables from a StackOverflow dataset available on kaggle. We added around 200 questions and 100 users in our database to simulate a working application.

V. Intelligence Components

We mainly have three intelligence components namely
(Integration has to be relooked at - there are some bugs)

1. **Automatic Tag Extractor:**

Reference:

https://github.com/E-tanok/NLTK_stackoverflow_tags_recommender

Description:

- This repository uses some advanced NLP techniques and is trained on existing StackOverflow data such that when given an input text it predicts programming tags related to it.
- We use this tool to extract tags for every answer and question in our database which we then associate with a client user.
- These stored tags are then used for implementing our "Search" and "Feed" APIs unique to every user.

2. **Offensive Language Detector:**

Reference:

<https://github.com/adityagaydhani14/Toxic-Language-Detection-in-Online-Content>

Description:

- This repository also uses some advanced NLP techniques and is trained on twitter data such that when given an input text it predicts whether it is "Offensive", "Hate" or a "Clean" text.
- We use this tool for collapsing any piece of text typed by a user in the UI if it happens to be an "Offensive" or "Hate" message.

3. **QuestionSimilarity Checker:**

Reference:

https://github.com/rahul-1996/NLPService/blob/master/app/NLP/word_similarity.py

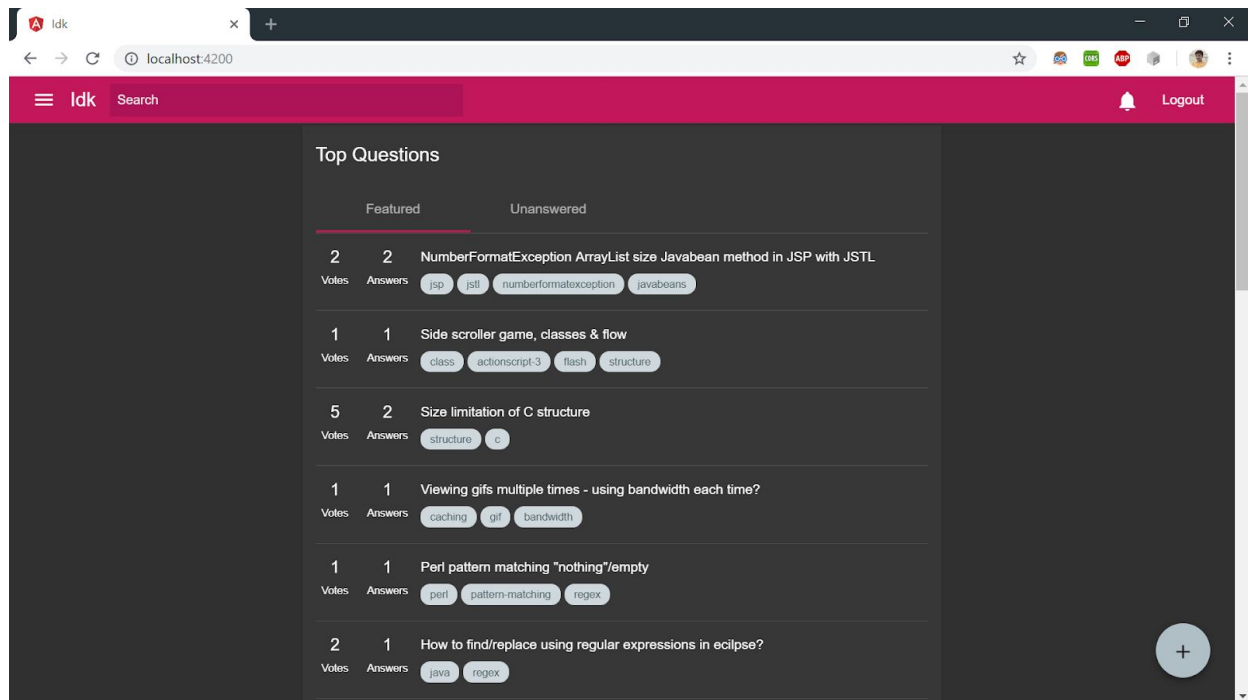
Description:

- We used a "wup_similarity" score to get the similarity between the two questions.

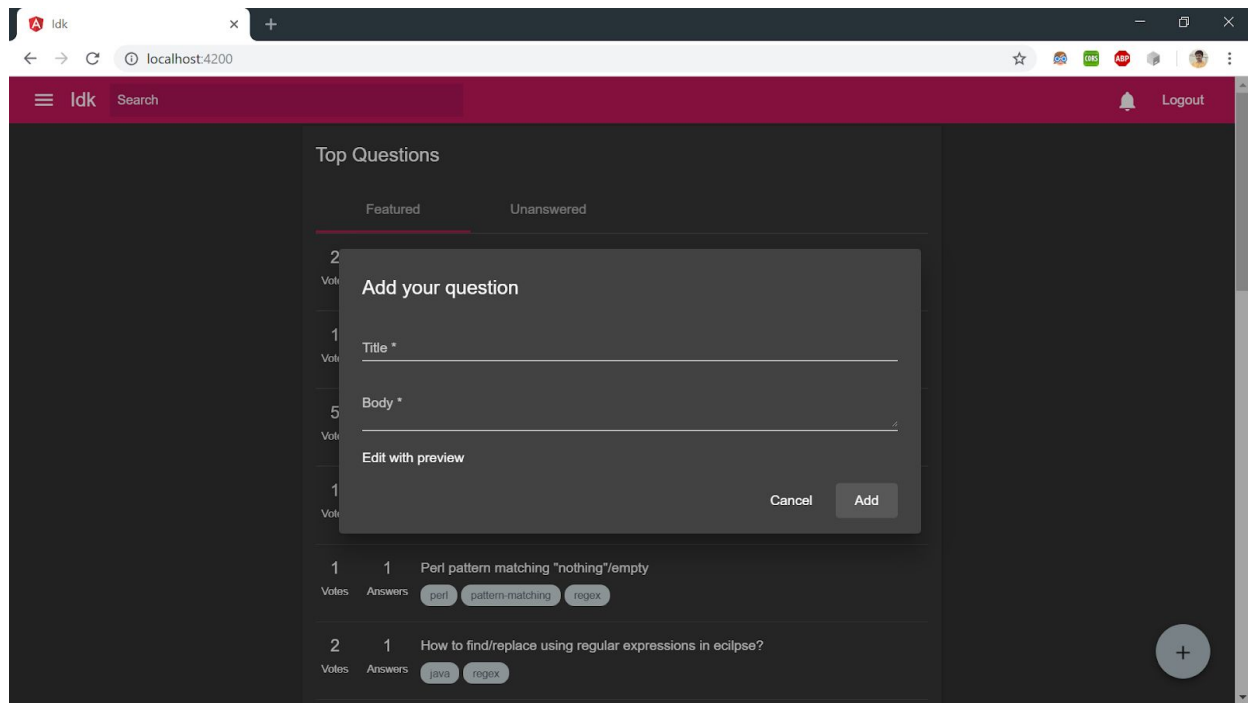
- We used this score to get all the similar questions for a particular question by sorting the top N questions based on the similarity score.
- Initially, we wanted to use a “Siamese LSTM” model but because of the slow predictions due to the large word embedding file, we decided to opt for a much simpler and faster similarity score.

Screenshots of the application

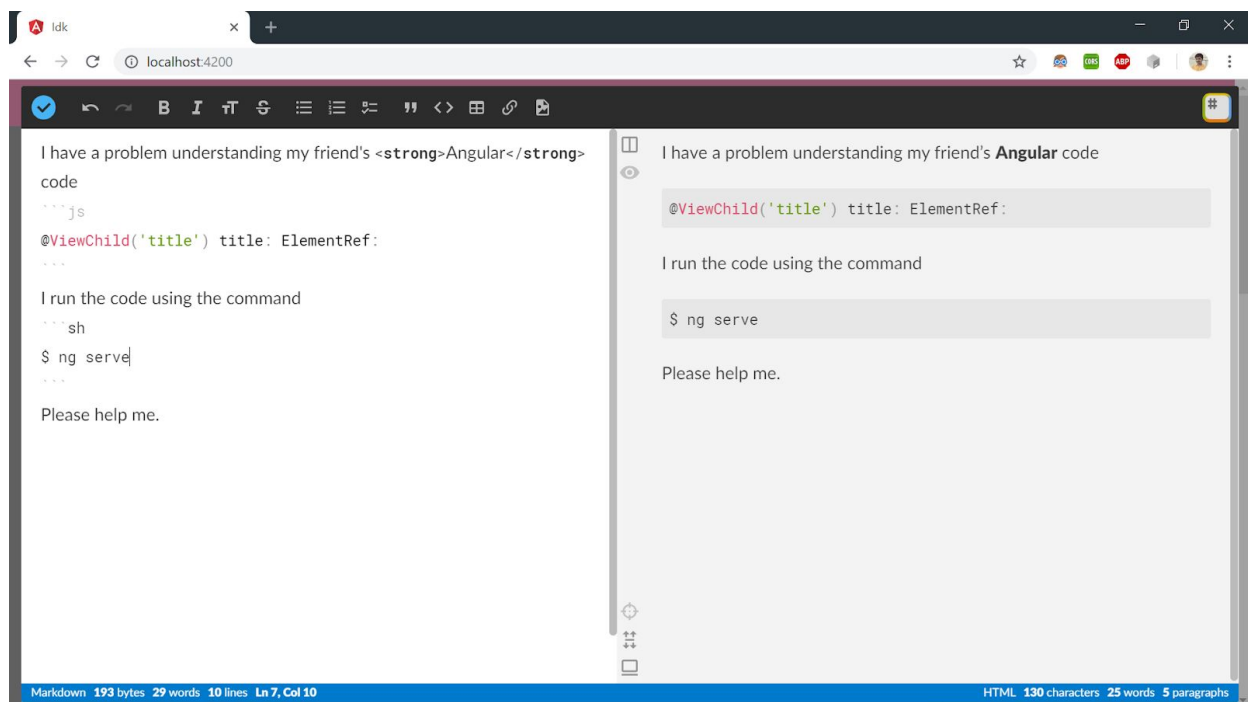
Index page after logging in



'Add Question' dialog



Question markdown editing with live preview



Question details page

The screenshot shows a web application interface for a question details page. The browser address bar indicates the URL is `localhost:4200/question/579310`. The application has a dark theme with a pink header bar. The header contains a menu icon, the text "ldk", a search bar, a notification bell, and a "Logout" link. Below the header, there are three tabs: "mercury", "venus", and "earth". The main content area displays the question title "formatting long numbers as strings in python". The question text asks for an easy way to format integers into strings representing thousands with K, and millions with M, and leaving just couple digits after comma. It includes a user profile picture, a score of 63503, and a reputation of 752. The question was edited 2 hours ago. Below the question, there is a section for "4 Answers". The first answer is a code snippet for a function `human_format(num)` that formats numbers into strings with K or M suffixes. The code is as follows:

```
def human_format(num):
    magnitude = 0
    while abs(num) >= 1000:
        magnitude += 1
        num = num / 1000.0
```