"I HAVE A DREAM THAT ONE DAY THIS NATION WILL RISE UP AND LIVE OUT THE TRUE MEANING OF IT'S CREED -WE HOLD THESE TRUTHS TO BE SELF-EVIDENT: THAT ALL MEN ARE CREATED EQUAL."









11. I HAVE A DREAM

- MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

SUMMARY AND CENTRAL IDEA:

I Have a Dream' is a speech delivered by Martin Luther King, Jr. in Washington D. C. on August 28, 1963 on the auspicious occasion of the 100 years anniversary of Lincoln's emancipation proclamation. In front of two lakh people, King says about the racial discrimination of America and suggests them to speak against it. His speech is remarkable for freedom, justice, equality and fraternity. King argues that when America became independent in 1776, it was promised to grant life, liberty and pursuit of happiness to all. It was clearly stated in the constitution that all men are created equal. When Abraham Lincoln signed the emancipation proclamation, all blacks had hope of equality, freedom and justice. But, even after 100 years, the condition of blacks is the same. They are still in the chain of discrimination. They are living on a lonely island of poverty, whereas whites are living prosperous lives. Blacks are exiled in their own nation. M. L. King Jr. says that they were given a blank cheque. Blacks are even deprived of basic human rights. So, they want to change cheque into cash. King argues that it is not the time to wait and see; rather it is the time of action. It is the time to rise from the dark and desolate (lonely) valley of segregation for racial justice. It is also the time to open the doors of opportunities to all for national progress. King forcefully says that there will not be rest and peace until blacks are granted citizenship rights. But, the movement should be completely nonviolent. King says that their struggle will be of high dignity and discipline. They won't take rest until they won't take rest until they will be treated well by the police, get permission to hotel and large cities and voting right. King suggests all people to their own village, city and every corner to speak for justice. National prosperity and equality is also the matter of American dream, so, he request white people to join tin this peaceful movement. M.L. King, Jr, is hopeful that they will get victory over injustice, discrimination and oppression. So, he says that one day the sons of former slaves and the son of former slave's owner will sit together at the table of brother. King has dram that the social injustice and oppression will be transformed into the garden of freedom and justice. He says that one-day black will not be judged by the color of skin but by the content of their character. King also has dream that the little black girls and boys will hands with little white boys and girls. He is hopeful for the end of all sorts if inequality and domination. Finally, there will be beautiful symphony of brotherhood. Freedom will ring from watch corner and mountain peaks. King says that one day all God's children; black and white, Jews and Gentiles, Protestants and Catholics will join hand and sings old Negro spiritual song "free at last! Free at last! Free at last! Thank God Almighty, we are free at last!".

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS:

- 1. What is the main purpose of the king's speech?
- 2. What is the analogy of bad check?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

1, 2076 PARTIAL E Q, NO. 2D

Discuss the dream of Martin Luther King in brief. [3]

The real dream of Martin Luther King Jr. is to make America a great nation, a nation of new democracy, fraternity, justice, freedom and equality. This dream is deeply rooted in American dream. He dreams America being a great nation where the truth will prevail that all men are created equal, where people will treat each other not as enemies but as brothers and sisters; be where the people will be judged not by color but the content of their character. This is King's real dream which, of course, is connected with the liberation of blacks from white's discrimination. King is clear of the opinion that the great prosperous, free democratic America, America without racial discrimination and injustice, is possible not through segregation but with liberation. Thus, King's principal dream is to see his country great, prosperous and happy where people would realize the truth that all men are created equal.

2. 2075 SET B Q. NO. 2E

What does the term 'dream' refer to in Martin Luther King's speech? [3]

The word 'dream' in the speech, "I Have a Dream " delivered by Martin Luther King Jr., a pioneer of the Civil Right Movement refers to his hope. He wants to achieve something very difficult. The word 'dream', therefore, doesn't indicate the image or fantasy that we have in our sleep. To put it more straightforwardly, 'dream' refers to King's hope of liberating American Negros from domination, segregation, and discrimination. He sees a dream of a free American State in which every person would get the right to life, liberty, and pursuit of happiness. Both blacks and whites would get equality and justice. They would not be judged on the basis of their skin but on the basis of the content of their characters. They would sit at the table of brotherhood. In every settlement, every valley, every mountain, hill, molehill and in every village and hamlet people would be free and feel that they are equal. This is the King's dream. It is his hope. He has faith that his dream will come true with action.

3. 2075 PARTIAL E Q. NO. 12B

What is the dream of Martin Luther King? [3]

In his historic speech, Martin Luther, the campaigner of Civil Right, dreams about the end of racial description existing in America for ages. He dreams of the prosperous a democratic Americas where every God's child gets the unalienable rights of life, liberty and pursuit of happiness. He drams of a land of justice, quality, brotherhood and freedom. In his speech, he hopes with a faith and determination that every sort of segregation, color discrimination and domination would end son. In his speech king dreams that one-day in Georgia, the sons of former shaves and the sons of former slave owners will be able to sit down together at the table of brotherhood. Similarly, ha has a dram of seeing freedom and justice even in the state of Mississippi a state sweltering with the heat of injustice and oppression. The dram is also that all American children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character. King's dream is to see little black boys and black girls joining hands with little white boys and white girls as sisters and brothers in Alabama. He also has a vision that one day every valley shall be exalted and every hill and mountain shall be made low, the rough places will be made plain, and crooked places will be made straight; and the glory of the Lord shall be revealed and all flesh shall see it together.

4. 2074 SUPP Q. NO. 2D

What is the apparent purpose of Martin Luther King's speech? Does his action contradict his nonviolent philosophy? [3]

Martin Luther King Jr., a leader of the Civil Rights Movement, has delivered his speech "I Have a Dream" with an apparent purpose. King's dream of making America a prosperous nation with the end of color discrimination is his apparent purpose. King's speech is to provide the black citizens their rights of freedom, equality and justice. The Constitution of America promises life, liberty and pursuit of happiness to every American, either black or white. His purpose is to make this possible. Black people (Negroes) have been deprived of getting opportunities only because of their skin. They have become the victim of social segregation and discrimination. King gives this speech to change this appalling condition prevailing in America. He preaches to his people to be strong and determined. He encourages them to march ahead with faith and hope that the situation can be changed. He asks them to continue until their citizenry rights are guaranteed. At the same time, he advises them to follow the path of non-violence. He asks them to walk in the high plane of discipline and dignity. They should beat the physical force with their soul force. They should never quench their thirst drinking from the cup of bitterness and hatred. Thus, his action doesn't contradict his philosophy of non-violence.

5. 2074 SET & O. NO. 2D

What dream does Martin Luther King have? How does he want to fulfil it? [3]

> I Have a Dream " is an unforgettable speech delivered by civil right campaigner, Martin Luther Jr. in 1963. He delivered the speech on August 28 Lincoln Memorial on the occasion of the centennial (100th anniversary) of Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation. In this speech, by presenting the grim situation of discrimination and injustice, he reveals his dream of equality and justice addressing the mass of 200 thousands blacks and whites. Believing this situation can and will be changed, King expresses his hope and dream. Though he is convinced with the fact that blacks face are difficulties of today and tomorrow, he has a dream which is a dream deeply rooted in the American dream. He dreams that one day America will rise up and live out the true meaning of her creed—that all men are created equal. King's dream is that one day in Georgia, the sons of former slaves and the sons of former slave owners will be able to sit down together at the table of brotherhood. Similarly, he has a dream of seeing freedom and justice even in the state of Mississippi-a state sweltering with the heat of injustice and oppression. The dream is also that all American children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character. King's dream is to see little black boys and black girls joining hands with little white boys and white girls as sisters and brothers in Alabama. He also has a vision that one day every valley shall be exalted, and every hill and mountain shall be made low, the rough places will be plain, and the crooked places will be made straight and the glory of the Lord shall be revealed and all flesh shall see it together. King and his people are sure to achieve it with the struggle. Their struggle will not follow the path of violence. Instead, they will conduct it within the higher plane of discipline and dignity. Passively resisting the discriminations, King thinks of achieving his dream. Disciplined protest and strong determination can indeed help them to realize their dream. King's dream is not a nightmare but his hope. With faith, they will be able to hew out the mountain of despair, a stone of hope and transform the jangling discords of the nation into a beautiful symphony of brotherhood. With this faith, they will be able to work together, to pray together, to struggle together, to go to jail together, to stand up for freedom together, knowing that they will be free one day. And this will be the day when all of God's children will be able to sing their song with new meaning together. To sum up, with hope and faith the blacks are achieving their dream of liberty, justice and freedom.

6. 2074 SET B Q. NO. 2D

How does Martin Luther King want to fulfil his dream? Does he ask his activists be very calm and civilize in the process of their protest? Explain. [3]

> I Have a Dream " is an unforgettable speech delivered by civil right campaigner, Martin Luther Jr. in 1963. He delivered the speech on August 28 Lincoln Memorial on the occasion of the centennial (100th anniversary) of Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation. In this speech, by presenting the grim situation of discrimination and injustice, he reveals his dream of equality and justice addressing the mass of 200 thousands blacks and whites. Believing this situation can and will be changed, King expresses his hope and dream. Though he is convinced with the fact that blacks face are difficulties of today and tomorrow, he has a dream which is a dream deeply rooted in the American dream. He dreams that one day America will rise up and live out the true meaning of her creed—that all men are created equal. King's dream is that one day in Georgia, the sons of former slaves and the sons of former slave owners will be able to sit down together at the table of brotherhood. Similarly, he has a dream of seeing freedom and justice even in the state of Mississippi-a state sweltering with the heat of injustice and oppression. The dream is also that all American children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character. King's dream is to see little black boys and black girls joining hands with little white boys and white girls as sisters and brothers in Alabama. He also has a vision that one day every valley shall be exalted, and every hill and mountain shall be made low, the rough places will be plain, and the crooked places will be made straight and the glory of the Lord shall be revealed and all flesh shall see it together. According to the campaigner of Civil Right Movement, Martin Luther King Jr., the colored people will not be satisfied unless and until their citizenry rights are guaranteed. They will not be satisfied unless they get lodging in the motels of the highway and the hotels of the city. They will not be satisfied unless their settlement is transferred from the ghettos to the larger one and they will not be satisfied unless their right to vote is guaranteed. They will fight for gaining their rightful path with the high plane of dignity and discipline. But, the movement should be completely non-violent. King says that their struggle will be of high dignity and discipline. They will never degenerate their Creative protest into violence rather meet their physical force with their soul force.

7. 2074 PARTIAL E Q. NO. 2A

Explain the purpose of Martin Luther King's speech. [3]

➤ Widely known as a masterpiece of rhetoric, King's speech invokes the Declaration of Independence, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the United States Constitution with a purpose of materializing the promises made to Americans by them. By discussing the gap between the American dream and reality and saying that white supremacists have violated the dream, King aims at breaking this gap for the prosperity and freedom of America. In other words, the apparent purpose of making this speech is to liberate all the blacks from the chains of white domination by sensitizing them to the urgency of the movement to the Americans. He wants to make America a great nation which he thinks is not possible unless equality, justice and freedom are established. Thus, the purpose of the speech is also to unite

both blacks and whites for justice, and equality. To put it differently, "I Have a Dream" is a public speech delivered by American civil rights activist Martin Luther King, Jr. on August 28, 1963, in which he called for an end to racism in the United States. Delivered to over 250,000 civil rights supporters from the steps of the Lincoln Memorial during the march on Washington, the speech was a defining moment of the American Civil Rights Movement. In a sense, the speech has the purpose of mainstreaming American blacks. The speech draws upon appeals of Negroes made for freedom and justice. In short, he makes this speech to argue that racial justice is also in accord with God's will and to provide redemption to America for its racial sins.

8. 2073 SET C Q. NO. 2D

When will the coloured people be satisfied, according to King? Does he encourage them to start violence? [3]

According to the campaigner of the Civil Right Movement, Martin Luther King Jr., the colored people will not be satisfied unless and until their citizenry rights are guaranteed. They will not be satisfied unless they get lodging in the motels of the highway and the hotels of the city. They will not be satisfied unless their settlement is transferred from the ghettos to the larger one and they will not be satisfied unless their right to vote is guaranteed. They will fight for gaining their rightful path with the high plane of dignity and discipline. But, the movement should be completely non-violent. King says that their struggle will be of high dignity and discipline. They will never degenerate their creative protest into violence rather meet their physical force with their soul force.

9. 2073 PARTIAL Q. NO. 21

What does Martin Luther King dream about? [3]

> Please refer to 2075 PARTIAL E Q. NO. 12B

10. 2072 SET E Q. NO. 2C

What does the sad picture of the society as exposed by Martin Luther King refer to? [3]

Martin Luther King Jr. exposes a sad picture of the colored people in America. Though guaranteed freedom in 1863, the colored people are seen discriminated against, segregated and isolated in the corner of American society. He also displays that at restaurants, public houses, and at schools, they are discriminated against because of their skin. They have to live in the ghettos and be deprived of any citizenry rights, like the right to vote, go to school and dine with whites in the hotel. This sad picture shows that America has not come from the quicksand of racial injustice. But the fact is that, according to King, America can never recognize itself as a great nation unless there is a breakthrough of this sad picture. King wants to overcome this sad picture by means of non-violence. He encourages his people both white and black to be involved in the campaign of liberating blacks from white domination. With people's support and struggle, the king wants to overcome this problem. He works with his dream. His dreams and hope accompanied with faith can hue out this sad picture. By creating a sense of brotherhood, feeling of freedom and democracy, the king wants to overcome this sad picture, which, he thinks, can be possible by means of continuous struggle. The struggle he encourages his people should not, he directs, degenerate into physical violence. The faith, hope, dream and maximum participation of the people King thinks, can really avert this sad picture by making America a great nation.

11. 2071 SET C Q. NO. 2 E

What does Martin Luther King dream about? [3]

Please refer to 2075 PARTIAL E Q. NO. 12B

12. 2071 SET D Q. NO. 12

Why was Martin Luther King's speech so popular? Explain. [3]

Martin Luther King Jr.'s speech "I Have a Dream" is so popular. It was ranked among the top 20 speeches delivered so far in America in 1999. The speech is popular for its rhetoric that truly persuades the listeners to its objectives. It is also popular because the speech is delivered by an influential personality who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize. Another reason is that the speech is addressed both to the whites and blacks. The speaker urges them for nonviolence. It brought Martin Luther and his message of nonviolence nationwide and worldwide audiences The mystery behind its popularity is also the fact that King is seen as worried about making America a great nation. He is not heard to be biased. Again, the speech is delivered by the leader of the Civil Right Movement, a movement that brought about changes of every sort in the world. It brought great attention to the Civil Rights Movement which had been going for many years. The speech is given on the special day at a special place and thus made the public feel the need to revive the Lincoln thought on them. Thus, this historic speech was and is popular for ideas of brotherhood, freedom and justice on the one hand and its situation and rhetoric on the other.

13. 2071 PARTIAL SET A Q. NO. 12 B

What seems to be the King's purpose in making the speech? [3]

Please refer to 2074 PARTIAL E Q. NO. 2A

14. 2070 SET C Q. NO. 2B

Martin Luther King exposes a sad picture of the coloured people in America. What does this sad picture refer to and how does he want to overcome this sad picture?

Please refer to 2072 SET E Q. NO. 2C

15. 2066 Q. NO. 12 C

To what extent does King's personal authority lend power to his words? [3]

Martin Luther King Jr.'s personal authority lends power to his words. Born in U.S., King is a campaigner of Civil Right Movement. So determined to guarantee democracy in the country, King Jr. is best known for his skills of speech. Moreover, he is Gandhian in terms of the method of revolution and has earned a special place in political history, not only in America but the world as a whole. Nobel Peace Prize winner King has a distinct personality. This towering personality of the speaker gives his words a power. The speech turns to be historical, rhetorically rich, and influencing. May be because it is delivered by the words he spoke, world's influencing orator, it has got wise popularity. His personality was persuasive and words he spoke were powerful. He Had the same thing been deliberated by a common leader, the speech would not be the world's most quoted speech. Thus, this personal authority of the King lends power to the words he has spoken, the speech he has delivered.

16. 2065 Q. NO. 12B

What is the real dream of Martin Luther King about the future of America? [3]

Please refer to 2076 PARTIAL E Q. NO. 2D

17. 2063 Q. NO. 120

What is Martin Luther King complaining about? [3]

Martin Luther King Jr., a leader of the Civil Right Movement, complains against the treachery whites have done against the black. By signing the Emancipation Proclamation they promised Negroes freedom and justice in 1863. But even after a hundred year, the situation remained the same. They were again segregated and discriminated against. Similarly, the Constitution and Declaration of Independence promised that all men are created equal and would be given unalienable rights of life, liberty and pursuit of happiness. But King says they are given a bad check. When King doesn't find the promises and agreement implemented, he complains against it and says that the American are not going to be no unless they get every right a white gets. Thus, his complaining is to those white authorities who were faithful to the agreements and promises that were made.

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

18. 2075 GIE Q. NO. 3A

How does Martin Luther King expose the discrimination prevailing in American Society? [10]

Martin Luther King Jr., a leader of Civil Right Movement, exposes the social discrimination prevailing in American society. He addressed 200,000 Americans, both blacks and whites in front of the Lincoln Memorial in Washington DC, in 1904, exactly one hundred years later when Lincoln made America a free nation, both politically and legally. Though the American constitution and the Declaration of Independence have promised equal rights, justice and freedom to all the blacks and whites, this is not implemented in practice. In the American Societies, there is still strong racial discrimination, injustice, hatred and other inequalities between whites and blacks. The Blacks are hated, neglected and tortured in practice. In the American societies, there is still strong racial discrimination, injustice, hatred and other inequalities between whites and blacks. The Blacks are hated, neglected and tortured because of their black skin. They are deprived of their rights, freedom, equality and justice. They are treated as slaves and are exiled in their own country. They live a very poor and miserable life among the rich whites. Only the whites enjoy rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Luther King Jr. exposes this bitter reality with hope. He addresses the American Blacks and says that they should continue their struggle until they establish equality, peace and brotherhood in America. Luther King hopes that the chains of hatred, racial discrimination, injustice and inequalities will be broken. The racial and color discrimination will weaken the foundation of America. In short, he believes that discrimination and inequality will disappear. All the blacks and whites will walk together joining hands as brother and sister. At last, not only blacks, all the American people will be free. There will be sweet music of liberty, justice and equality all over America.

19, 2075 SET A 0, NO, 3B

Discuss the dreams of Martin Luther king. [10]

Please refer to 2074 SET A Q. NO. 2D

20. 2075 SET C Q. NO. 3

"I Have a Dream" is a heart-breaking appeal for human rights and values. Justify this statement. [10]

> "I Have a Dream" is a public speech delivered by American civil rights activist Martin Luther King, Jr. on August 28, 1963, in which he called for freedom and equality and an end to racism in the United States. Delivered to over 250,000 civil rights supporters from the steps of the Lincoln Memorial during the march in Washington, the speech was a defining moment of the American Civil Rights Movement. The Negroes who had been segregated for centuries were given freedom even in the mid twentieth century. Thus, in the speech, King appeals for equality and freedom to what he calls all gods' children. Martin Luther King's "I Have Dream" is a historic speech for freedom and equality in America. The King's speech aims at mainstreaming the blacks in the land where segregation and discrimination holds a ground. The speech draws upon appeals to American's wish for freedom and justice to all people. He reinforces that racial justice is also in accord with God's will. Thus, the rhetoric of the speech provides redemption to America for its racial sins. King describes the promises made by America as a "promissory note" on which America has defaulted. He says that "America has given the Negro people a bad check", but that "we've come to cash this check by marching in Washington, D.C. Widely known masterpiece of rhetoric, King's speech invokes the Declaration of Independence, the Emancipation Proclamation, and the United States Constitution to appeal the nation's authority for equality and freedom guaranteed by all these documents. By discussing the gap between the American dream and reality. King points out that America becomes a great nation only when it treats both white and blacks equally and guarantees every American the freedom. King explains that this can be achieved through the promises of democracy, equal opportunities to all gods' children and brotherhood. King wants police to stop their brutality, Americans be given lodging everywhere and justice and rights roll like water. In the speech the king thus appeals for truth, justice, brotherhood, equality and freedom which the people of color are deprived of. To sum up, King dreamt of an ideal American Society where there would be the feeling of equality and freedom and a sense of brotherhood between the whites and the blacks. For that, he thought of nonviolent struggle, thus instructing his followers to go back to their places with an optimistic message of the change in the situation. His speech ends with a note that the song of freedom will echo and reecho from each and every nook and cranny of America.

21. 2074 PARTIAL D Q.NO.3B

What dream does Martin Luther King envision for America? Write them in paragraph form. [10]

> I Have a Dream " is an unforgettable speech delivered by civil right campaigner, Martin Luther Jr. in 1963. He delivered the speech on August 28 Lincoln Memorial on the occasion of the centennial (100th anniversary) of Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation. In this speech, by presenting the grim situation of discrimination and injustice, he reveals his dream of equality and justice addressing the mass of 200 thousands blacks and whites. Believing this situation can and will be changed, King expresses his hope and dream. Though he is convinced with the fact that blacks face are difficulties of today and tomorrow, he has a dream which is a dream deeply rooted in the American dream. He dreams that one day America will rise up and live out the true meaning of her creed—that all men are created equal. King's dream is that one day in Georgia, the sons of former slaves and the sons of former slave owners will be able to sit down together at the table of brotherhood. Similarly, he has a dream of seeing freedom and justice even in the state of Mississippi-a state sweltering with the heat of injustice and oppression. The dream is also that all American children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character. King's dream is to see little black boys and black girls joining hands with little white boys and white girls as sisters and brothers in Alabama. He also has a vision that one day every valley shall be exalted, and every hill and mountain shall be made low, the rough places will be plain, and the crooked places will be made straight and the glory of the Lord shall be revealed and all flesh shall see it together.

22. 2069 Q. NO. 13A

Discuss 'I Have a Dream' as a plea for freedom and equality. [10]

> Please refer to **2075 SET C Q.NO.3**

23, 2068 Q. NO, 13 B

Describe the dream which Martin Luther King had in his speech "I have a Dream." [10]

Please refer to 2074 SET A Q. NO. 2D

24. 2067 Q. NO. 13 B

What is the dream of Martin Luther King as stated in 'l Have a Dream?' [10]

> Please refer to **2074 SET A Q. NO. 2D**

25. 2061 Q. NO. 11 A

What is the dream Martin Luther King Jr. has? How is he going to achieve it? (10)

First Part: Please refer to **2075 PARTIAL E Q.NO. 12B**

> Second Part: Please refer to 2074 SET A Q. NO. 2D

26. 2061 Q. NO. 12

Argue in favor of some course of action in a situation that you consider an injustice. Racial injustice is one possible area, or unfairness to any minority, or to women, children, the old, ex-convicts, the handicapped, the poor. If possible narrow subject to a particular incident or a local situation on which you can write knowledgeably. [10]

> Different sorts of injustice have been in practice in human societies from time immemorial. Racial discrimination, biased treatment to minority group of people, gender description, child labor, unfair treatment to the old, handicapped and poor people are few. Such incidents are frequent throughout the world. In Nepal too, despite her democratic polity, we can observe many such situations of injustice. One of the situations of injustice felt and observed in one of the cities of Nepal, Kathmandu, is child labor which is an act of condemn as the children imposed in the work deprive of getting their right to education, parents and recreation. Children are seen working on the public vehicles, brick factories, and construction works and the domestic works in Kathmandu, despite the UNICEF guarantees the children with every rights. Every child has a right to education. But the children involved in the labor do not have access to school and the book. They are given with heavy works to finish in return of the limited money they get at the end of the day. This is a social evil and extreme exploitation by which the child deprives of getting at least the school education. Every child has the right to live with his/her parents. In Kathmandu, however, thousands of the children live as the life of domestic laborers far from their family and parents. They cook, send the landlords children to school and scrub the utensils. They don't even get time to think about their parents. Because many of the people living in the countryside produce many children and as a result can't feed and educate them, they hand over their children to a resident in Kathmandu. The parents, however, do not understand the consequences. The children who do not get the love and care of their parents on the one hand become dependent and on the other become involved in criminal activities. They spoil their life ultimately. This injustice is quite rampant in Kathmandu which needs to be revamped as child labor is against human rights. Similarly, the children do not get the time to play and recreate. The fundamental right of every child is also to get a proper amount of leisure and adequate time for recreation. But, the child working in the construction areas and brick factories and houses, doesn't get the time to be involved in such activities. The proper amounts of rest, sleep, entertainment are considered essential of which a labor child can never think of. His creativity and imaginations get killed. He never can think of anything big and important. A child is not responsible for it. He is the victim of his surroundings and condition. Although time has really undergone a sea change, our thoughts and our systems are still the same. Though Universal Declaration of Human Right 1948 asserts that motherhood and childhood are entitled to special care and assistance, all children, Whether born in or out of wedlock, shall enjoy the same social protection, our children are still the workers in the factories and houses. The pity for our government is that the children are the laborers in the construction of the public buildings in Kathmandu. So we must implement all the international agreements and declarations to which we are the parties. We know we can do it, ought to do it but what we lack is the wisdom, courage and compassion to change our learning in reality.

27. 2057 Q. NO. 3 A

0Ŗ

What is the historical significance of Martin Luther King's speech? [10]

Martin Luther King's speech, "I Have a Dream" delivered in 1963 has got a historical significance. The 1950s. 1960s and 1970s were tremendously difficult times for African-Americans. The American blacks were not treated like white Americans simply because of their skin color. And the laws protected the bad treatment they got. Laws requiring "separate" hotels. restaurants, schools, and even drinking fountains were common in many states. The speech, delivered in such a context aimed at changing this scene, thus has got a historical significance. This historical and unforgettable speech was delivered by Martin Luther King Junior, a civil rights campaigner to a large crowd on 28th August 1963 in Lincoln's Memorial Park, Washington DC. This speech was made on the occasion of 100 years of Lincoln emancipation proclamation which set the Negro slave free from their slavery in America. The speech makes them feel the urgency of this moment. So this has got its historic significance. In 1862, Lincoln had signed on the constitution had freed the Blacks from slavery but the con was not improved for so long period. The Blacks suffering from the destructive flame of injustice the declaration of freedom made by Lincoln came as the daybreak in the darkness of Negro's life but it didn't end the discrimination between the white and black in the country. Thus, to make the Americans aware of this fact, the speech becomes significant. In 1787, the constitution of the U.S.A. stated that all men are created equal, and that all men have the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

The blacks, like the whites, had expected that their situation would change, but it did not happen. The hope of black people did not materialize. They got neither freedom nor happiness. The speech is again significant to materialize the words of the constitution. Martin Luther King was a leader in the Civil Rights Movement, a drive to get more equal treatment for Americans, not just white Americans. This speech is so important as it is delivered at this historic contest brought even greater attention to the Civil Right Movement, which had been going on for many years. Again, it brought Martin Luther King and his message of non-violence to the worldwide audiences. The speech was carried on radio and was reprinted in newspapers and magazines all over the United States and all over the world. After this speech, the name Martin Luther King was known to many more people than before. Thus, king's speech has got a historical significance both in a nation and the world as a whole.