

Sr.	Problem Definition
1	WAP to find a sum of even number into 1D array.
2	WAP to find whether string is palindrome or not.
3	WAP to find a Factor of a given number (iterative and recursive)
4	WAP to find a factorial of a given integer (iterative and recursive)
5	WAP to find a summation of a digit of a given number. (Iterative and recursive)
6	Print a following pattern1 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 4
7	WAP to find a Fibonacci series up to n terms (n is entered by user) (iterative and recursive)
8	WAP to find a total odd and total even digit of a given number.
9	WAP to find whether a number is Odd or Even without using a % operator.
10	WAP to find a prime number between range (range should be entered by user).
11	WAP to find whether given number is Armstrong number or not.
12	WAP to find Max, Min, Average of n numbers, n should be taken from user and all n value should be taken from user (Note that you are not allowed to use an array for this)
13	WAP to find a Multiplication of 2 Matrix (dimension and value should be entered by user)
14	WAP to calculate an angle between hour and minute hand. (Hours and minutes should be taken from user).
15	WAP to convert a Decimal number to BCD.
16	WAP to sort an Array using Bubble sort.
17	WAP to sort an Array using insertion sort.
18	WAP to sort an Array using Selection sort.
19	WAP to sort an Array using Bucket sort.
20	WAP to find a power a^b (without using power and multiplication operation).
21	WAP to sort an Array using Radix sort.
22	Print a following pattern <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> 1 A B 2 3 4 C D E F </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> ***** ***** ***** *** * </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> ***** **** * *** * ** * * * </div> </div>
23	WAP to enter an element at specific position into array. (Do not take a new array)
24	WAP to delete an element from array specified by user. if element is not found print a message "Element is not found" (do not take a new array).
25	WAP to check whether number is present in array or not (using recursion only) and the function's syntax is given below Int isInArray(int a[],int m); Where int a[] is Array of integer and m is element to be searched.
26	WAP to convert a Binary to Decimal.
27	WAP to find a quotient and remainder of 2 number (bigger number should be divided by lower number) and you are not allowed to use a division and quotient operator.
28	WAP to convert a Decimal to Binary.
29	Given two integer arrays nums1 and nums2, return an array of their intersection. Each element in the result must appear as many times as it shows in both arrays and you may return the result in sorted order.
30	Given an array, rotate the array to the right by k steps, where k is non-negative. Example 1:

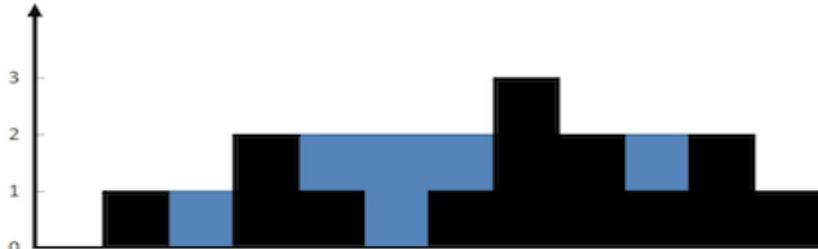
	<p>Input: nums = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7], k = 3</p> <p>Output: [5,6,7,1,2,3,4]</p> <p>Explanation:</p> <p>rotate 1 step to the right: [7,1,2,3,4,5,6] rotate 2 steps to the right: [6,7,1,2,3,4,5]</p> <p>rotate 3 steps to the right: [5,6,7,1,2,3,4]</p>
31	<p>Given an array nums with n integers, your task is to check if it could become non-decreasing by modifying at most one</p> <p>Input: nums = [4,2,3] Output: true</p> <p>Explanation: You could modify the first 4 to 1 to get a non-decreasing array.</p>
32	<p>You are given an integer num. Rearrange the digits of num such that its value is minimized and it does not contain any leading zeros.</p> <p>Return the rearranged number with minimal value.</p> <p>Note that the sign of the number does not change after rearranging the digits.</p> <p>Input: num = 310</p> <p>Output: 103</p> <p>Explanation: The possible arrangements for the digits of 310 are 013, 031, 103, 130, 301, 310.</p> <p>The arrangement with the smallest value that does not contain any leading zeros is 103.</p>
33	<p>Given an array of N integers, and an integer K, find the number of pairs of elements in the array whose sum is equal to K.</p> <p>e.g. Input:</p> <p>N = 4, K = 6</p> <p>arr[] = {1, 5, 7, 1}</p> <p>Output: 2</p> <p>Explanation:</p> <p>arr[0] + arr[1] = 1 + 5 = 6</p> <p>and arr[1] + arr[3] = 5 + 1 = 6.</p>
34	WAP to convert an Octal into hexa-decimal.
35	WAP to convert a hexa-decimal to Octal.
36	WAP to Convert a Decimal to Octal and Vice versa.
37	WAP to Convert a Decimal to Hexa-decimal and vice versa.
38	<p>Write a program to take 2 numbers from user and find out the distance between them. (How to compute distance: If number is 10 and 18 then 10 in binary 1010 and 18 in binary is 10010 and distance is 2 means total number of bits that needs to be changed when 10 is converted into 18 or 18 is converted into 10, do not convert the number into binary)</p>
39	<p>You have n super washing machines on a line. Initially, each washing machine has some dresses or is empty.</p> <p>For each move, you could choose any m (1 ≤ m ≤ n) washing machines, and pass one dress of each washing machine to one of its adjacent washing machines at the same time.</p> <p>Given an integer array machine representing the number of dresses in each washing machine from left to right on the line, return the minimum number of moves to make all the washing machines have the same number of dresses. If it is not possible to do it, return -1.</p> <p>Input: machines = [1,0,5] Output: 3</p> <p>Explanation:</p> <p>1st move: 1 0 <-- 5 => 1 1 4</p> <p>2nd move: 1 <-- 1 <-- 4 => 2 1 3</p> <p>3rd move: 2 1 <-- 3 => 2 2 2</p> <p>Input: machines = [0,3,0]</p> <p>Output: 2</p> <p>Explanation:</p> <p>1st move: 0 <-- 3 0 => 1 2 0</p>

	2nd move: 12 --> 0 => 1 1 1
40	<p>You are given several boxes with different colors represented by different positive numbers. You may experience several rounds to remove boxes until there is no box left. Each time you can choose some continuous boxes with the same color (i.e., composed of k boxes, $k \geq 1$), remove them and get $k * k$ points.</p> <p>Return the maximum points you can get. Input: boxes = [1,3,2,2,2,3,4,3,1] Output: 23 Explanation: [1, 3, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 3, 1] ----> [1, 3, 3, 4, 3, 1] ($3*3=9$ points) ----> [1, 3, 3, 3, 1] ($1*1=1$ points) ----> [1, 1] ($3*3=9$ points) ----> [] ($2*2=4$ points)</p>
41	Implement atoi function with the help of pointer
42	Implement itoa function with the help of pointer
43	<p>Given an array of integers nums and an integer target, return indices of the two numbers such that they add up to target.</p> <p>You may assume that each input would have exactly one solution, and you may not use the same element twice.</p> <p>You can return the answer in any order. Example 1: Input: nums = [2,7,11,15], target = 9 Output: [0,1] Explanation: Because $\text{nums}[0] + \text{nums}[1] == 9$, we return [0, 1].</p>
44	Convert a roman number into Decimal number.
45	<p>Given an array of strings strs, group the anagrams together. You can return the answer in any order. An Anagram is a word or phrase formed by rearranging the letters of a different word or phrase, typically using all the original letters exactly once.</p> <p>Example 1: Input: strs = ["eat","tea","tan","ate","nat","bat"] Output: [["bat"],["nat","tan"],["ate","eat","tea"]] Example 2: Input: strs = [""] Output: [[""]] Example 3: Input: strs = ["a"] Output: [["a"]]</p>
46	<p>Chef is standing at coordinate A while Chefina is standing at coordinate B.</p> <p>In one step, Chef can increase or decrease his coordinate by at most K.</p> <p>Determine the minimum number of steps required by Chef to reach Chefina.</p> <p>Input Format The first line of input will contain a single integer T, denoting the number of test cases. Each test case consists of three integers X,Y, and K, the initial coordinate of Chef, the initial coordinate of Chefina and the maximum number of coordinates Chef can move in one step.</p> <p>Output Format</p>

	For each test case, output the minimum number of steps required by Chef to reach Chefina.
47	<p>Chef's dog binary hears frequencies starting from 67 Hertz to 45000 Hertz (both inclusive).</p> <p>If Chef's commands have a frequency of XX Hertz, find whether binary can hear them or not.</p> <p>Input Format The first line of input will contain a single integer TT, denoting the number of test cases. Each test case consists of a single integer XX - the frequency of Chef's commands in Hertz.</p> <p>Output Format For each test case, output on a new line YES, if binary can hear Chef's commands. Otherwise, print NO.</p> <p>The output is case-insensitive. Thus, the strings YES, yes, yeS, and Yes are all considered the same.</p>
48	<p>Each contest - there are approximately 1500 - 2000 users who participate for the 1st time and get rated.</p> <p>The Chef wanted to tell new users some tricks for their 1st contest:</p> <p>Before the contest - you don't have any rating. So even if you make a single submission - you will become part of the contest rank list and you will get a rating. If you want your rating to increase - give the entire 3 hours to the contest & don't quit! If you keep trying till the end, and the more time you get, the more problems you can solve. That means larger rating increases! Do not ask your friends for their code. If you copy paste their code, you will get caught during plagiarism checks and your rating will be reduced by 275 points, along with a permanent black mark on your profile. Now to the problem:</p> <p>In a contest where N new users visited the contest,</p> <p>A user just saw the problems and didn't make any submissions and hence won't get any rating. B users who made a submission but could not solve any problem correctly. Thus, after the contest, they will get a rating in the range 800–1000. Everyone else could correctly solve at least 11 problems. Thus, they will get a rating strictly greater than 1000 after the contest. You need to output the number of new users in the contest who, after the contest, will get a rating and also the number of new users who will get a rating strictly greater than 1000.</p> <p>Input Format Each input file contains of a single line, with three integers, A and B - the number of new users, the number of users who just saw the problem and didn't make any submission, and the number of users who made a submission but could not solve any problem correctly.</p> <p>Output Format Output two integers separated by a space in a single line - the number of new users who will get a rating at the end of the contest and the number of new users who will get a rating higher than 1000.</p>
49	<p>In Chef Land, human brain speed is measured in bits per second (bps). Chef has a threshold limit of XX bits per second above which his calculations are prone to errors. If Chef is currently working at YY bits per second, is he prone to errors?</p> <p>If Chef is prone to errors print YES, otherwise print NO.</p> <p>Input Format The only line of input contains two space separated integers X and Y — the threshold limit and the rate at which Chef is currently working at.</p> <p>Output Format If Chef is prone to errors print YES, otherwise print NO.</p>

	You may print each character of the string in uppercase or lowercase (for example, the strings yes, Yes, yEs, and YES will all be treated as identical).
50	<p>Problem Chef's son wants to go on a roller coaster ride. The height of Chef's son is X inches while the minimum height required to go on the ride is H inches. Determine whether he can go on the ride or not.</p> <p>Input Format The first line contains a single integer T - the number of test cases. Then the test cases follow. The first and only line of each test case contains two integers X and H - the height of Chef's son and the minimum height required for the ride respectively.</p> <p>Output Format For each test case, output in a single line, YES if Chef's son can go on the ride. Otherwise, output NO.</p> <p>You may print each character of YES and NO in uppercase or lowercase (for example, yes, yEs, Yes will be considered identical)</p>
51	<p>Chef's computer has NN GB of free space. He wants to save X files, each of size 1 GB and Y files, each of size 2 GB on his computer. Will he be able to do so?</p> <p>Chef can save all the files on his computer only if the total size of the files is less than or equal to the space available on his computer.</p> <p>Input Format The first line contains an integer TT, denoting the number of test cases. The T test cases then follow: The first and only line of each test case contains three integers N,,X,Y, denoting the free-space in computer, the number of 1 and 2 GB files respectively.</p> <p>Output Format For each test case, print YES if Chef is able to save the files and NO otherwise.</p> <p>You may print each character of the string in uppercase or lowercase (for example, the strings yEs, yes, Yes and YES will all be treated as identical).</p>
52	<p>Given strings s1, s2, and s3, find whether s3 is formed by an interleaving of s1 and s2.</p> <p>An interleaving of two strings s and t is a configuration where s and t are divided into n and m substrings respectively, such that:</p> $s = s_1 + s_2 + \dots + s_n$ $t = t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_m$ $ n - m \leq 1$ <p>The interleaving is $s_1 + t_1 + s_2 + t_2 + s_3 + t_3 + \dots$ or $t_1 + s_1 + t_2 + s_2 + t_3 + s_3 + \dots$ Note: a + b is the concatenation of strings a and b.</p>
53	<p>Given an array nums with n objects colored red, white, or blue, sort them in-place so that objects of the same color are adjacent, with the colors in the order red, white, and blue.</p> <p>We will use the integers 0, 1, and 2 to represent the color red, white, and blue, respectively.</p> <p>You must solve this problem without using the library's sort function.</p> <p>Example 1: Input: nums = [2,0,2,1,1,0] Output: [0,0,1,1,2,2]</p>
54	<p>Determine if a 9 x 9 Sudoku board is valid. Only the filled cells need to be validated according to the following rules:</p> <p>Each row must contain the digits 1-9 without repetition.</p>

	<p>Each column must contain the digits 1-9 without repetition. Each of the nine 3 x 3 sub-boxes of the grid must contain the digits 1-9 without repetition.</p> <p>Note: A Sudoku board (partially filled) could be valid but is not necessarily solvable. Only the filled cells need to be validated according to the mentioned rules.</p> <p>Input: board =</p> <pre>[["5","3",".",".","7",".",".",".","."], ["6",".",".","1","9","5",".",".","."], [".","9","8",".",".",".","6",".","."], ["8",".",".","6",".",".","3",".","."], ["4",".","8",".","3",".",".","1","."], ["7",".",".","2",".",".","6",".","."], [".","6",".",".","2","8",".",".","."], [".",".","4","1","9",".","5",".","."], [".",".","8",".","7","9",".",".","."]]</pre> <p>Output: true</p>
55	<p>Given a sorted array of distinct integers and a target value, return the index if the target is found. If not, return the index where it would be if it were inserted in order.</p> <p>Input: nums = [1,3,5,6], target = 5 Output: 2</p> <p>Input: nums = [1,3,5,6], target = 2 Output: 1</p>
56	<p>Given an array of distinct integers candidates and a target integer target, return a list of all unique combinations of candidates where the chosen numbers sum to target. You may return the combinations in any order.</p> <p>The same number may be chosen from candidates an unlimited number of times. Two combinations are unique if the frequency of at least one of the chosen numbers is different.</p> <p>The test cases are generated such that the number of unique combinations that sum up to target is less than 150 combinations for the given input.</p> <p>Input: candidates = [2,3,6,7], target = 7 Output: [[2,2,3],[7]] Explanation: 2 and 3 are candidates, and 2 + 2 + 3 = 7. Note that 2 can be used multiple times. 7 is a candidate, and 7 = 7. These are the only two combinations.</p>
57	<p>You are given a set of points in the 2D plane. You start at the point with the least X and greatest Y value, and end at the point with the greatest X and least Y value. The rule for movement is that you can not move to a point with a lesser X value as compared to the X value of the point you are on. Also for points having the same X value, you need to visit the point with the greatest Y value before visiting the next point with the same X value. So, if there are 2 points: (0,4 and 4,0) we would start with (0,4) - i.e. least X takes precedence over greatest Y. You need to visit every point in the plane.</p> <p>Input You will be given an integer t(1<=t<=20) representing the number of test cases. A new line follows; after which the t test cases are given. Each test case starts with a blank line followed by an integer n(2<=n<=100000), which represents the number of points to follow. This is followed by a new line. Then follow the n points, each being a pair of integers separated by a single space; followed by a new line. The X and Y coordinates of each point will be between 0 and 10000 both inclusive.</p> <p>Output</p>

	For each test case, print the total distance traveled by you from start to finish; keeping in mind the rules mentioned above, correct to 2 decimal places. The result for each test case must be on a new line.
58	<p>Given an unsorted integer array nums, return the smallest missing positive integer.</p> <p>Input: nums = [1,2,0]</p> <p>Output: 3</p> <p>Explanation: The numbers in the range [1,2] are all in the array.</p>
59	<p>Given n non-negative integers representing an elevation map where the width of each bar is 1, compute how much water it can trap after raining.</p>  <p>Input: height = [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]</p> <p>Output: 6</p> <p>Explanation: The above elevation map (black section) is represented by array [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]. In this case, 6 units of rain water (blue section) are being trapped.</p> <p>Example 2:</p> <p>Input: height = [4,2,0,3,2,5]</p> <p>Output: 9</p>
60	<p>You are transporting some boxes through a tunnel, where each box is a parallelepiped, and is characterized by its length, width and height.</p> <p>The height of the tunnel 41 feet and the width can be assumed to be infinite. A box can be carried through the tunnel only if its height is strictly less than the tunnel's height. Find the volume of each box that can be successfully transported to the other end of the tunnel. Note: Boxes cannot be rotated.</p> <p>Input Format</p> <p>The first line contains a single integer n, denoting the number of boxes. N lines follow with three integers on each separated by single spaces –length width and height, and which are length, width and height in feet of the i-th box.</p> <p>Output Format</p> <p>For every box from the input which has a height lesser than 41 feet, print its volume in a separate line.</p>
61	Given a signed 32-bit integer x, return x with its digits reversed. If reversing x causes the value to go outside the signed 32-bit integer range $[-2^{31}, 2^{31} - 1]$, then return 0
62	Print a Pascal Triangle
63	<p>Given a triangle array, return the minimum path sum from top to bottom.</p> <p>For each step, you may move to an adjacent number of the row below. More formally, if you are on index i on the current row, you may move to either index i or index i + 1 on the next row.</p> <p>Example 1:</p> <p>Input: triangle = [[2],[3,4],[6,5,7],[4,1,8,3]]</p> <p>Output: 11</p>

	<p>Explanation: The triangle looks like:</p> <pre> 2 3 4 6 5 7 4 1 8 3 </pre> <p>The minimum path sum from top to bottom is $2 + 3 + 5 + 1 = 11$ (underlined above).</p> <p>Example 2:</p> <p>Input: triangle = [[-10]]</p> <p>Output: -10</p>
64	<p>You are given an array prices where prices[i] is the price of a given stock on the ith day.</p> <p>You want to maximize your profit by choosing a single day to buy one stock and choosing a different day in the future to sell that stock.</p> <p>Return the maximum profit you can achieve from this transaction. If you cannot achieve any profit, return 0.</p> <p>Example 1:</p> <p>Input: prices = [7,1,5,3,6,4]</p> <p>Output: 5</p> <p>Explanation: Buy on day 2 (price = 1) and sell on day 5 (price = 6), profit = 6-1 = 5.</p> <p>Note that buying on day 2 and selling on day 1 is not allowed because you must buy before you sell.</p>
65	<p>Given a string s and a dictionary of strings wordDict, return true if s can be segmented into a space-separated sequence of one or more dictionary words.</p> <p>Note that the same word in the dictionary may be reused multiple times in the segmentation.</p> <p>Example 1:</p> <p>Input: s = "leetcode", wordDict = ["leet","code"]</p> <p>Output: true</p> <p>Explanation: Return true because "leetcode" can be segmented as "leet code".</p>
66	Print the source code of program and output
67	WAP to sort a strings into Lexicographical order.
68	<p>Chang's new maths teacher is very enthusiastic about making sure that students understand the concept rather than remembering it. On her first day at teaching, she gives an assignment to all the students to test their potential. Chang wants to demonstrate that he understands the concept rather than rote learning. Help Chang in doing this by solving the hardest problem in the assignment. The problem is written as follows.</p> <p>A perfect function is defined in the following manner.</p> $F(x, y) = x^2 + y \text{ for } 1 \leq x \leq A, 1 \leq y \leq B$ $F(x, y) = 2 \text{ otherwise}$ <p>Find the number of integral pairs (x, y) such that F(x, y) is a perfect square.</p> <p>Input</p> <p>First and the only line of the input contains two single space separated integers A and B.</p> <p>Output</p> <p>Output a single integer indicating the output to the only test case.</p>
69	You are given a $2 \times N$ grid (2 rows, N columns) consisting of lower case English characters (i.e. from

	<p>'a' to 'z'). Two cells are said to be adjacent if they share a side with each other.</p> <p>The score of such a grid is defined to be the number of unordered pairs of adjacent cells, which have the same character in them.</p> <p>You want to rearrange the letters of the grid in such a way that the score is maximized and print the new rearranged grid. If there are multiple solutions, you can print any.</p> <p>Input The first line of the input contains an integer T denoting the number of test cases. The description of T test cases follow.</p> <p>The first line of each test case contains an integer N, denoting the number of columns in the grid.</p> <p>Each of the next two lines contains a string consisting of N lowercase English characters, describing the first and the second rows of the grid respectively.</p> <p>Output For each test case, output two lines, each containing a string of length N. These should describe the first and the second rows of the rearranged grid.</p>
70	Matrix Multiplication of Different Size.