# Case Based vs Constraint Based Recommender Systems



### Constraint-based recommender systems

- Constraint Based Recommender Systems consist of:
  - variables
    - user model features (requirements), Item features (catalogue)
  - set of constraints
    - logical implications (IF user requires A THEN proposed item should possess feature B)
- Derive a set of recommendable items
  - fulfilling set of applicable constraints
  - o applicability of constraints depends on current user model



### Constraint based recommender systems

id	price(€)	mpix	opt-zoom	LCD-size	movies	sound	waterproof
P <sub>1</sub>	148	8.0	4×	2.5	no	no	yes
$P_2$	182	8.0	5×	2.7	yes	yes	no
P <sub>3</sub>	189	8.0	10×	2.5	yes	yes	no
$P_4$	196	10.0	12×	2.7	yes	no	yes
P <sub>5</sub>	151	7.1	3×	3.0	yes	yes	no
P <sub>6</sub>	199	9.0	3×	3.0	yes	yes	no
P <sub>7</sub>	259	10.0	3×	3.0	yes	yes	no
P <sub>8</sub>	278	9.1	10×	3.0	yes	yes	yes

User's requirements can, for example, be
"the price should be lower than 300 €"
"the camera should be suited for
sports photography"



## Case-based recommender systems

- Items are retrieved using similarity measures
- Distance similarity

$$similarity(p, REQ) = \frac{\sum_{r \in REQ} w_r * sim(p, r)}{\sum_{r \in REO} w_r}$$

- Definition
  - o sim (p, r) expresses for each item attribute value its distance to the customer requirement  $r \in REQ$  of a user
  - wr is the importance weight for requirement r



#### Limitations

- Cost of knowledge acquisition
  - o from domain experts
  - o from users
  - o from web resources
- Does not react to short term trends

