Deep-dive into Tableau Part 1 Ashwini Hambarde

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- 1. Steps involved for creation of Tableau Report
- 2. Tableau Connections (Live, Extract)
- 3. Dimension and Measure

Steps involved for creation of Tableau Report

There are three basic steps involved in creating any Tableau data analysis report.

1 Connect to a data source

2 Choose dimensions and measures

3 Apply visualization technique

Step 1 : Connect to a data source

Tableau can connect to all the popular data sources which are widely used. Some examples include:

- File Systems such as CSV, Excel, etc.
- Relational Systems such as Oracle, Sql Server, DB2, etc.
- Cloud Systems such as Windows Azure, Google BigQuery, etc.
- Other Sources using ODBC

Connect

Search for Data

Tableau Server

To a File

Microsoft Excel

Text file

JSON file

Microsoft Access

PDF file

Spatial file

Statistical file

More...

To a Server

MySQL

Oracle

Amazon Redshift

Microsoft SQL Server

More.

Sample - Superstore

World Indicators

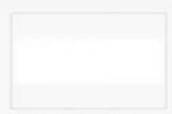
Open



Superstore



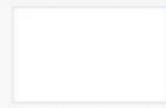
Sample Dashboard - F ...



Sample Dashboard - S...



Test



Open a Workbook

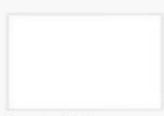
Advanced Spatial Files...



Hexbin Map Starter



Hexbin Map Starter



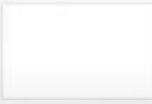
Oregon_Starter



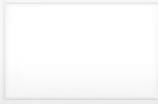
Context Filters and Da...



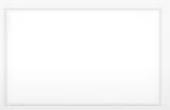
Sheet Swapping and C ...



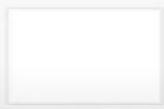
Student Survey Starter



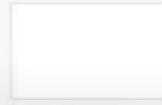
Annual Cohort Purcha...



Slope Chart Starter



Bump_Chart_Starter



Control Chart Starter

Sample Workbooks



Superstore



Regional



World Indicators

More Samples

Google Analytics

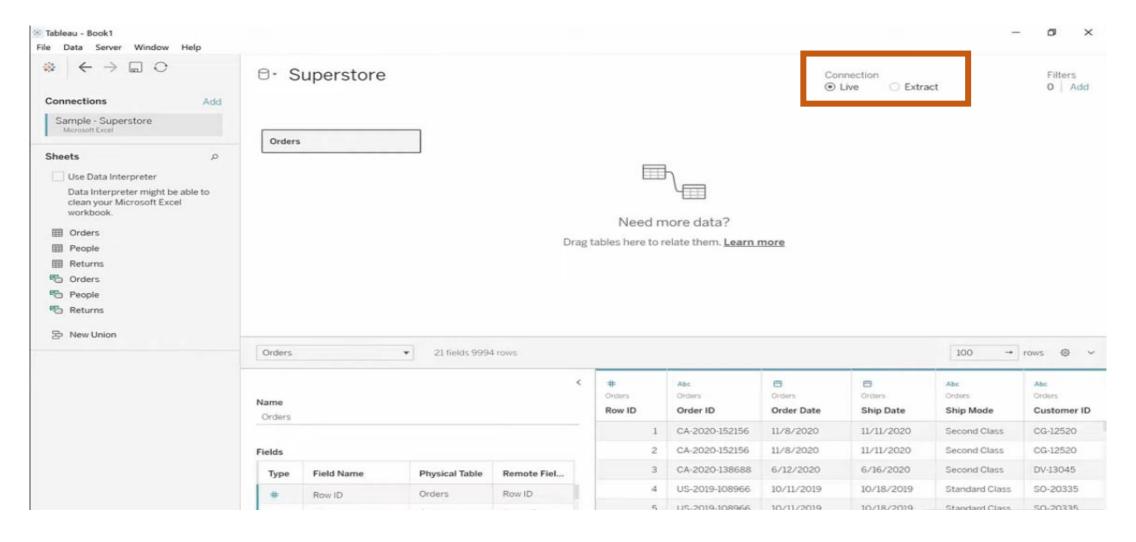
| Installed Connectors (76) | Google BigQuery | Pivotal Greenplum Database |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Actian Matrix | Google Cloud SQL | PostgreSQL |
| Actian Vector | Google Drive | Presto |
| Alibaba AnalyticDB for MySQL | Google Sheets | Progress OpenEdge |
| Alibaba Data Lake Analytics | Hortonworks Hadoop Hive | Qubole Presto |
| Alibaba MaxCompute | IBM BigInsights | Salesforce |
| Amazon Athena | IBM DB2 | SAP HANA |
| Amazon Aurora for MySQL | IBM PDA (Netezza) | SAP NetWeaver Business Warehouse |
| Amazon EMR Hadoop Hive | Impala | SAP Sybase ASE |
| Amazon Redshift | Intuit QuickBooks Online | SAP Sybase IQ |
| Anaplan | Kognitio | ServiceNow ITSM |
| Apache Drill | Kyvos | SharePoint Lists |
| Aster Database | LinkedIn Sales Navigator | SingleStore |
| Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 | MapR Hadoop Hive | Snowflake |
| Azure SQL Database | MariaDB | Spark SQL |
| Azure Synapse Analytics | Marketo | Splunk |
| Box | MarkLogic | Teradata |
| Cloudera Hadoop | Microsoft Analysis Services | Teradata OLAP Connector |
| Databricks | Microsoft PowerPivot | TIBCO Data Virtualization |
| Datorama | Microsoft SQL Server | Vertica |
| Denodo | MonetDB | Web Data Connector |
| Dremio | MongoDB BI Connector | |
| Dropbox | MySQL | Other Databases (JDBC) |
| Esri ArcGIS Server | OData | Other Databases (ODBC) |
| Exasol | OneDrive | |
| Firebird 3 | Oracle | |
| Google Ads | Oracle Eloqua | Additional Connectors (14) ① |

Actian ODBC by Actian

Oracle Essbase

Elasticsearch by Elastic Incorta Connector by Incorta Kyligence Connector by Kyligence MarkLogic by MarkLogic Ocient JDBC by Ocient Oracle NetSuite by Tableau Qubole Hive by Qubole Salesforce CDP by Salesforce SAP SuccessFactors by Tableau SQream DB by SQream Technologies Starburst Enterprise by Starburst Stratio Crossdata by Stratio BD Yellowbrick by Yellowbrick Data

Connection to Excel file



Live vs. Extract connection

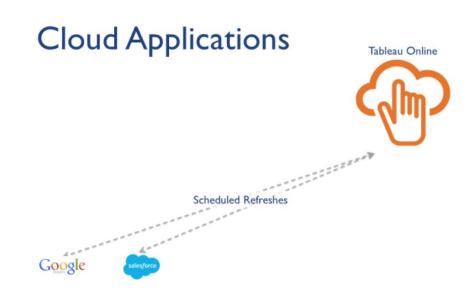
Live

- Allows real time data
- Not preferable for bulky data
- Slower than Extract due to live updating of data
- Rely on database queries
- E.g. Newly coming patient data at hospital

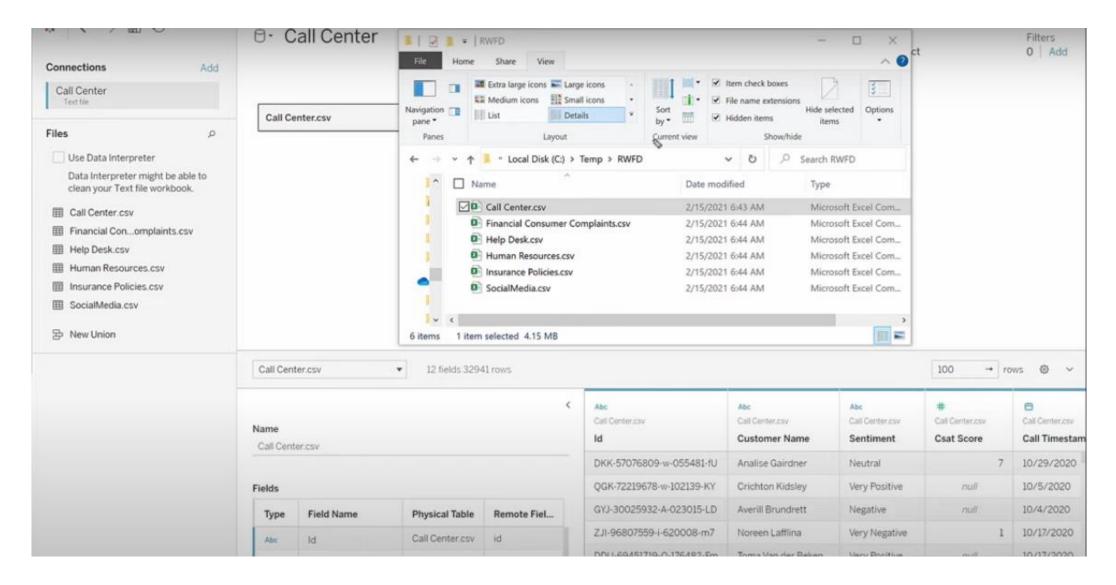
Cloud Databases Tableau Online Live connections Redshift MySQL PostgreSQL SQLServer BigQuery

Extract

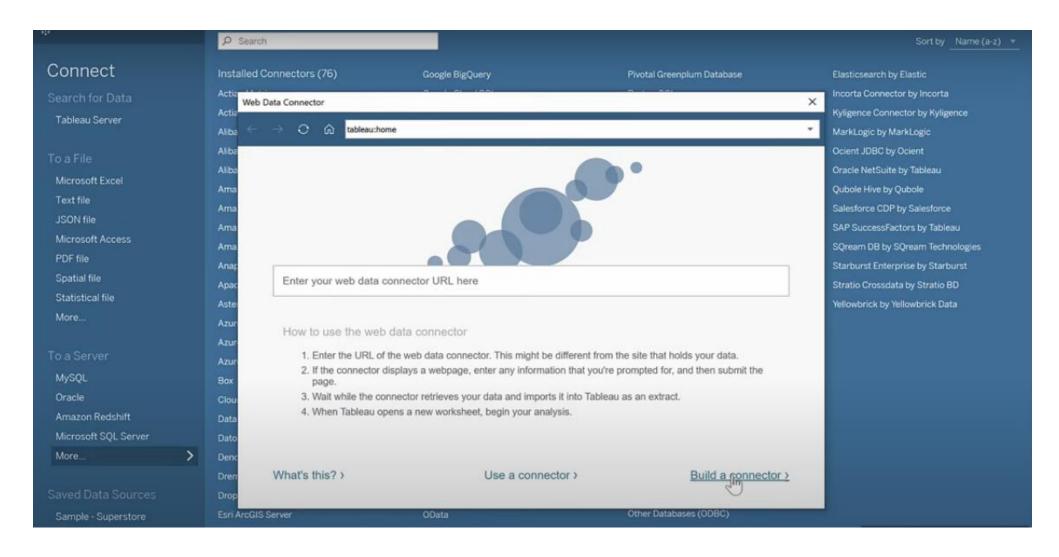
- Batched data need to be updated time to time
- Preferred for bulky data
- Much faster than Live
- Not always depend on database queries
- E.g. daily or weekly trends of patient data at hospital



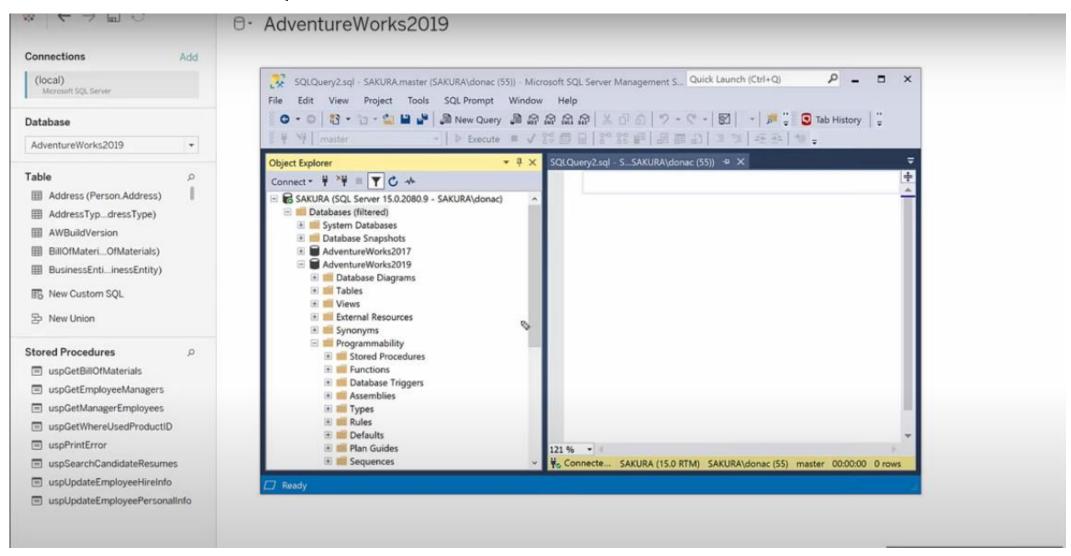
Connection to CSV file



Connection to Web Data Connector

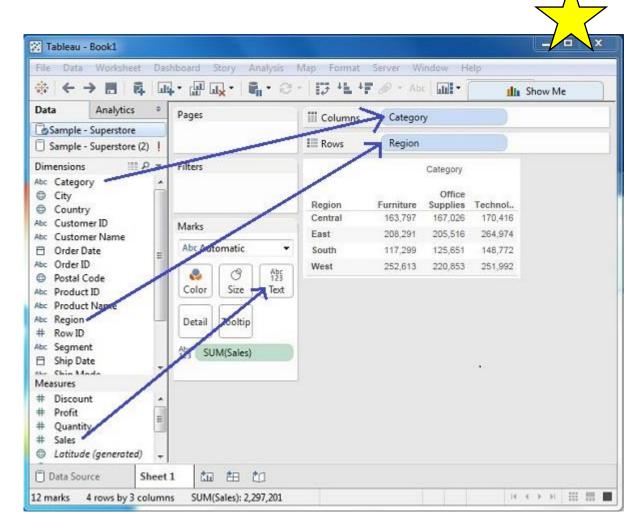


Connection to SQL



Step 2 : Choose Dimensions and Measures

- When data gets imported for the first time,
 Tableau automatically classifies fields into dimension and measure.
- We can change the default classification done by
 Tableau with simple drag and drop operations
- What are dimensions and measures?



Dimensions & Measures

- **Dimensions** are fields that can be considered as independent variable
- Usually fields that cannot be aggregated and are row or column headings

Qualitative Regions



In Tableau, Dimensions (marked in **BLUE**) are the categories of things in your data that you want to compare

- **Measures** are dependent variable i.e., their values are functions of one or more dimensions
- Usually fields that can be measured, aggregated, or used for mathematical operation

• Examples: Sales

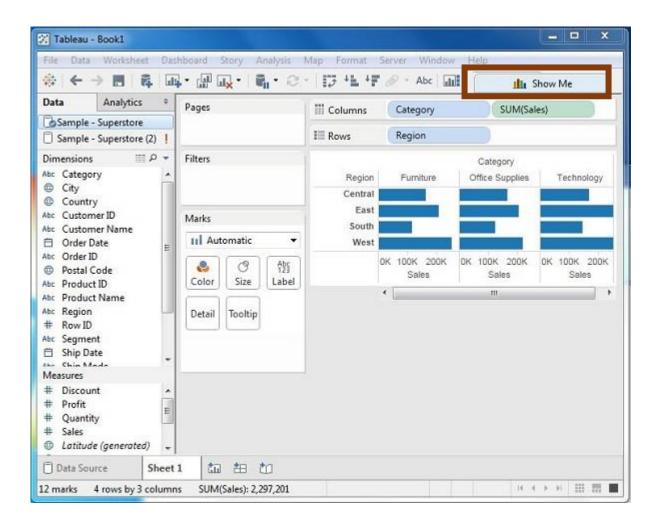




In Tableau, Measures (marked in **GREEN**) are the different metrics you want to use to compare those things

Step 3: Apply Visualization Technique

There are different forms of graphs, charts, maps and other visualization techniques available as per selected dimension and measure



Let's try ourselves

CEO of the Supermarket chain wants to view:

- 1. Category-wise Sales and Profit in a single sheet
- 2. State-wise Sales in UK region
- 3. Monthly sales trends from Jan to Dec for 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018

Thank you