

# TELEMETA, Audio web CMS for Ethnomusicological sound archives

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**Abstract.** The abstract should summarize the contents of the paper and should contain at least 70 and at most 150 words. It should be written using the *abstract* environment.

**Keywords:** Sound archives, Ethnomusicology, Database, web platform, Metadata

## 1 Introduction

In social sciences like anthropology or linguistic, researchers have to work on multiple type of multimedia documents like photos, videos, sound recordings or databases. The need to easily access, visualize and annotate such materials can be problematic given their diverse formats, sources and given their chronological nature. This particular concern gets together some laboratories<sup>1</sup> involved in research on Ethnomusicology from the french National Center on Scientific Research (CNRS).

Given those considerations, since 2007, the CREM laboratory and Parisson, a company specialized in the management of audio database, have been developing *Telemeta*, a innovative, collaborative and interdisciplinary web-based multimedia platform that fits the professional requirements from both sound archivists and researchers in ethnomusicology. Since 2008, a first prototype of this platform has been online<sup>2</sup>.

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<sup>1</sup> the Research Center on Ethnomusicology (CREM), the Musical Acoustics Laboratory (LAM, UMR 7190) and the sound archives of the Mediterranean House of Human Sciences (MMHS)

<sup>2</sup> Archives sonores du CNRS, Muse de l'Homme, <http://archives.crem-cnrs.fr>

## 2 Telemeta

### 2.1 Web audio content management features and architecture

Telemeta<sup>3</sup> is a free and open source<sup>4</sup> web audio content management system which introduces useful and secure methods to backup, index, transcode, analyse and publish any digitalized audio file with its metadata.

An overview of the Telemeta's web interface is illustrated in Figure 1

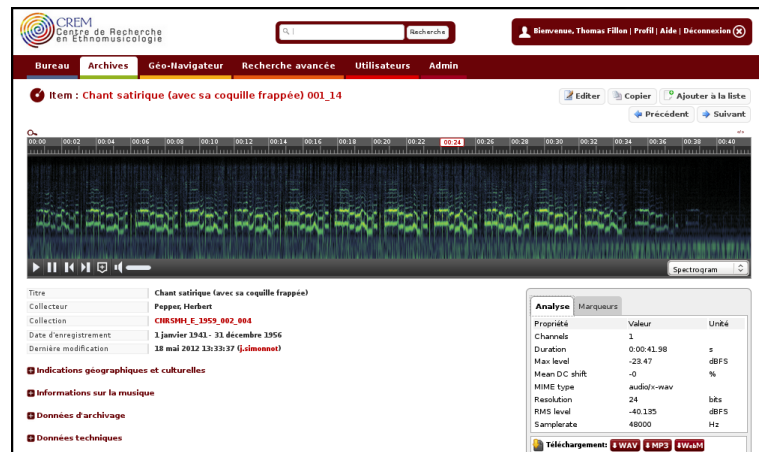


Fig. 1. Screenshot excerpt of the *Telemeta* web interface

Telemeta is dedicated to professionals who wants to easily organize, backup, archive and publish documented sound collections of audio files, CDs, digitalized vinyls and magnetic tapes over a strong database, in accordance with open web standards.

*Telemeta* architecture is flexible and can easily be adapted to particular database organization of a given sound archives.

Regarding web aspects, the main features of *Telemeta* are :

- *Pure HTML* web user interface including high level *search engine*
- *User management* with individual desk, lists, profiles and rights
- Strong SQL or Oracle backend

Beside database management, the audio support is mainly provided through an external component : TimeSide which is described in Section 3

<sup>3</sup> <http://telemeta.org>

<sup>4</sup> Telemeta code is available under the CeCILL Free Software License Agreement

## 2.2 Metadata

In addition to the audio data, an efficient and dynamic management of the associated metadata is also required. Dynamically handling metadata in a collaborative manner enable to optimize the continuous process of knowledge gathering and enrichment of the materials in the database. The compatibility with other systems is facilitated by the integration of the metadata standards protocols *Dublin Core* and *OAI-PMH* [2,4].

Metadata provide two different kinds of information about the audio item : contextual information and annotations.

*Contextual Information* Regarding ethnomusicology, contextual information could be geographic and cultural, musical. It could also store archives related information and include related materials in any multimedia format.

*Annotation and segmentation* Metadata also consist in temporal information such as *time-coded makers* with comments and *segmentation* according to ontology relevant for ethnomusicology (e.g. speech versus singing voice segment, chorus, ...) It should be notice that those annotations and segmentation can be done either by an human expert or by some audio processing automatic analysis (see Section 3).

## 3 TimeSide

One specificity of the Telemeta architecture is to rely on an external component, *TimeSide*, that offers audio player integration “on the fly” and advanced audio signal processing analysis capabilities. Figure 2 illustrates the overall architecture of *TimeSide*.

### 3.1 Audio management

TimeSide provides the following main features :

- *Secure archiving, editing and publishing of audio files* over internet.
- *Smart audio player* with enhance visualization (waveform, spectrogram)
- *Multi-format support* : FLAC, OGG, MP3, WAV and more (through Gstreamer)
- “On the fly” *audio analyzing, transcoding and metadata embedding* based on an easy plugin architecture

### 3.2 Audio features extraction

TimeSide incorporates some state-of-the-art audio feature extraction libraries such as Aubio, Yaafe and Vamp plugins [1,3,6]. This feature extraction capability enable to automatically analyzes every sound items in a given collection and display the results as a support to ethnomusicological studies. Further works on that subject will incorporate advance Music Information Retrieval methods to provide automatic annotation and segmentation together with similarity analysis.

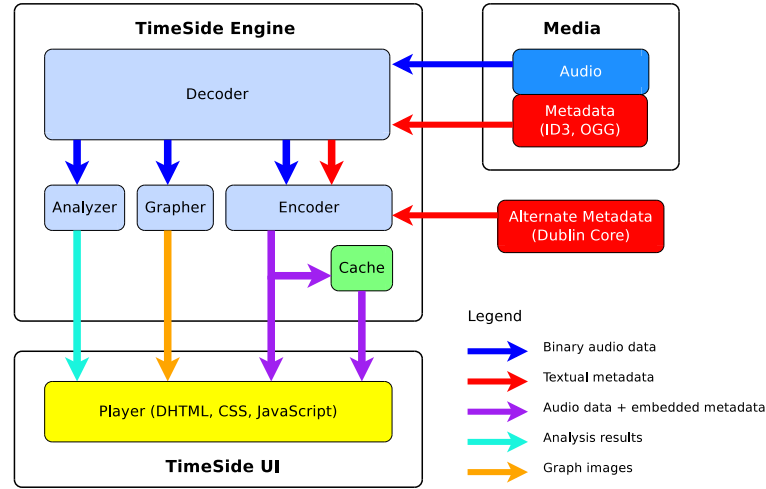


Fig. 2. TimeSide architecture

## 4 Conclusion - Purpose of the demonstration

The demonstration aims at presenting the features offered by *Telemeta* as detailed in Section 2 in the context of ethnomusicological sound archives [5]. It focuses on the enhance and collaborative user-experience for accessing the audio items and associated metadata and on the possibility for the expert user to further enrich those metadata. Another goal of this demonstration is to present the integrated audio analysis tools described in Section 3

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