# COW – Primitives, Operators, and Methods

# Read through and watch the following Notes and Videos for Lessons 1-6 (Hello World, Primitive Variables, Arithmetic, Methods, Math Class, Standard I/O)

#### Level 1

**Topics:** Writing a method with a return, Perform basic calculation using single operator.

# Create a class called Calculator1 that has the following methods:

#### Methods:

Name: calcAreaOfSquare Input: double length Output: double result

Action: Takes in the length of the sides of a square. It then calculates and returns the area.

Name: calcResistanceInSeries

Input: double resister1, double resister2
Output: double combinedResistance

Action: calculates the combined resistance of resisters in series. You can do this by adding

the two resister values together.

Name: calcAreaOfRectangle

Input: double length, double width

Output: double area

Action: Takes in the length and width of a rectangle. It then calculates and returns the area.

Name: calcMilesPerHour

Input: double miles, double hours

Output: double result

Action: Takes in the number of miles travels and the number of hours traveled and returns

the miles per hour.

Name: getProfit

Input: double income, double expenses

Output: double result

Action: Takes in the income and expenses and returns the profit.

**Topics:** Multiple Operators, Order of Operations, Fractions and avoiding integer division

# Create a class called Calculator2 that has the following methods:

#### Methods:

Name: calcVolOfRectPrism

Input: double length, double width, double height

Output: double volume

Action: Takes in the dimensions of a rectangular prism. It then calculates and returns the

volume.

Name: calcAreaOfTriangle

Input: double base, double height

Output: double area

Action: Takes in the base and height of a triangle. It then calculates and returns the area.

Name: calcFahrenheitToCelsius Input: double fahrenheitTemp Output: double celciusTemp

Action: converts a temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius.

Name: calcCelsiusToFahrenheit Input: double celciusTemp Output: double fahrenheitTemp

Action: converts a temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit.

Name: calcSlope

Input: double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2

Output: double slope

Action: Takes in the coordinates of two points. It then calculates and returns the slope of

the line going through those two points.

**Topics:** Math Class Constants and Methods

## Create a class called Calculator3 that has the following methods:

#### Methods:

Name: calcDifference

Input: double x1, double x2 Output: double measure

Action: calculates the difference between two numerical values, keep in mind that difference should always positive. Hint – use a method of the math class for this.

Name: calcAreaOfCircle
Input: double lengthOfRadius
Output: double areaOfCircle

Action: Takes in the length of the radius of a circle. It then calculates and returns the area.

Name: calcVolOfSphere Input: double lengthOfRadius

Output: double volume

Action: Takes in the radius of a sphere. It then calculates and returns the volume.

Name: calcGravity

Input: double mass1, double mass2, double radius

Output: double gravitationalForce

Action: returns the gravitational force between two obejcts with the first having a mass stored in mass1, the second with a mass stored in mass2, and the distance between them which is stored in radius. Use 6.67408 \* 10<sup>-11</sup>as your gravitational constant.

Name: calcVolumeOfCone

Input: double height, double radius

Output: double volume

Action: Takes in the dimensions of a cone. It then calculates and returns the volume.

**Topics:** Equation Manipulation, Multiple Steps

# Create a class called Calculator4 that has the following methods:

#### Methods:

Name: calcLengthOfRadius Input: double areaOfCircle Output: double lengthOfRadius

Action: Takes in the area of a circle. It then calculates and returns the length of the radius.

Name: calcResistanceInParallel

Input: double resister1, double resister2
Output: double combinedResistance

Action: calculates the combined resistance of resisters in parallel

Name: calcDistance

Input: double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2

Output: double distance

Action: Takes in the coordinates of two points. It then calculates and returns the distance

between those two points.

Name: calcIntercept

Input: double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2

Output: double yIintercept

Action: Takes in the coordinates of two points. It then calculates and returns the y-intercept

of the line passing through those two points.

Name: calcSurfaceAreaOfCone Input: double height, double radius

Output: double surfaceArea

Action: Takes in the dimensions of a cone. It then calculates and returns the surface area.

**Topics:** Math Class Trig Methods, Complex Equations

## Create a class called Calculator5 that has the following methods:

#### Methods:

Name: calcCompoundInterest

Input: double initialDeposit, double interestRate, double numCompounded, double

numYears

Output: double futureValue

Action: Calculates the future value of an investment given the initial deposit, interest rate,

the number of times per year the interest is compounded, and the number of years

invested.

Name: calcContinousCompoundInterest

Input: double initialDeposit, double interestRate, double numYears

Output: double futureValue

Action: Calculates the future value of an investment given the initial deposit, interest rate,

and the number of years invested.

Name: calcFirstRootOfQuadratic Input: double a, double b, double c

Output: double quadratic

Action: Calculates the first of two roots for a quadratic equation given the three coefficients

Name: calcHeight

Input: double angleOfElevation, double distance

Output: double height

Action: given an angle of elevation and distance to the building/object, return the height of

the object. The angle of elevation is in degrees.

Name: calcAngleOfElevation

Input: double height, double distance

Output: double angle

Action: given the distance to the building/object and the height of the building/object, return

the angle of elevation in degrees.

# Create a class called Calculator6 that has the following methods:

#### Methods:

Name: calcHalfLife

Input: double startingAmount, double currentAmount, double elapsedTime

Output: double halfLife

Action: Takes in how much radioactive material there was at the start, how much time has elapsed, and the current amount of radioactive material. It then calculates and returns

the half life.

Name: calcStandardDeviation

Input: double num1, double num2, double num3, double num4, double num5

Output: double standardDeviation

Action: given five numbers, calculate the standard deviation of the set of five numbers.

This should be the standard deviation for a population and not a sample (ie - divide by n and not n-1)

Name: solveSystemOfEquations

Input: double a1, double b1, double c1, double a2, double b2, double c2

Output: x value of the solution

Action: Takes in the coefficients for equations of lines in standard form. It then returns the

x value of the solution.

Name: calcPyramidSurfaceArea

Input: double height, double sideLength, double numSides

Output: double area

Action: Takes in the height and side length of a pyramid. It also takes in the number of

sides that base has. It then calculates the surface area of the pyramid which includes

the base and all the sides.

Name: calcPyramidVolume

Input: double height, double sideLength, double numSides

Output: double area

Action: Takes in the height and side length of a pyramid. It also takes in the number of

sides that base has. It then calculates the pyramid's volume.