#### May 2018 Strategic case study examination

Pre-seen material



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS
BY

R, SHYAM PRASAD

# R. Shyam Prasad

- Member of CIMA from 2013
- Member of ACCA from 2014
- Postgraduate with MBA Finance
- ❖ Teaching CIMA & ACCA for last 5 years
- Studying is my hobby. Cleared CFA level 1, ICWAI Inter.
- Interested in Solving Case studies,
- \* Passionate in teaching Financial Management, Management Accounting, Strategic Management.
- Currently involved Edu start up "Wowacademics"

# Financial Analysis

RATIO, COMMONSIZE STATEMENT, COMPARATIVE STATREMENT

Comparative Analysis of CW & HV							
	Couchweb	HomeVideo					
Performance analysis in private sector orga	2018 2017	2018 2017	Comment	s			
Shareholders ratio							
Earnings per share (EPS)	0.4 0.3	0.3 0.4	Comparat	ively better	than Home	eVideo	
Note: Nominal or face value of							
share is assumed to be M\$1							
Price Earnings (PE) ratio	467.9 374.5	Share price information	Very high.	Due to hig	h expectati	on on futu	re growth.
		not given	This is due	to assump	tion of Face	e value	
Dividend per share (DPS)	No information is given	No information is given					



The following information has been extracted from Couchweb's financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2018

Couchweb

Consolidated statement of profit or loss

For the year ended 30 April 2018

	2018	2017
	M\$m	M\$m
Revenue	13,226.0	10,823.8
Cost of sales	(9,192.1)	(7,446.4)
Gross profit	4,033.9	3,377.4
Research and development expense	(1,069.5)	(854.2)
Other operating expenses	(1,880.2)	(1,630.0)
Operating profit	1,084.2	893.2
Finance costs	(184.0)	(170.0)
Profit before tax	900.2	723.2
Income tax expense	(215.8)	(195.9)
Profit for year	684.4	527.3

One hit series can give M\$ 400 - 600 mn Gross profit. Approximately:

So this 2018 Gp is culmination of 4000 / 600 = 7 Hit series

Couchweb					
Consolidated statement of financial p	osition				
As at 30 April 2018	0040	0047			
	2018	2017			
	M\$m	M\$m			
Non-current assets					
Content	9,463.5	7,972.4			
Other intangible assets	520.1	342.6			
Property, plant and equipment	378.2	296.3			
	10,361.8	8,611.3			
Current assets					
Content	4,652.7	3,812.8			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,942.6	1,533.5			
-	6,595.3	5,346.3			
Total assets	16,957.1	13,957.6			
Equity					
Share capital and share premium	1,830.0	1,580.0			
Retained earnings	1,813.3	1,426.7			
3					

Non-current liabilities

Non-current content Deferred tax

Current liabilities

Loans

Content

Current tax

In line with industry practice, Couchweb shows the cost of creating or licensing content as an asset, amortised over the useful life of those rights. Content that is expected to be amortised within 12 months is shown under current assets and content that is expected to be amortised beyond 12 months is shown as non-current.

3,643.3

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3,245.4

8,812.0

4,283.1

4,501.8

16,957.1

218.7

245.6

3,006.7

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The unpaid costs associated with acquiring content are recorded as liabilities, either current or non-current depending on whether payment is due within 12 months or beyond.

Comparative Analysis of CW & HV									
	Couch	web	HomeVi	deo					
Performance analysis in private sector org	2018	2017	2018	2017	Comments	3			
Profitability ratio									
Capital Employed	12455.3	10057.1	10083.7	6704.8	3				
ROCE	8.7	8.9	7.0	12.4	ROCE is low, As Company seems to be buying/Creating			/ing/Creating	
					more con	tent thereb	y increasin	g Capital e	mployed
Operating Profit ratio	8.2	8.3	7.4	9.7	Operating	profit is lo	w, because	of ???	
Gross Profit ratio	30.5	31.2	27.9	27.9	Gross Pro	fit ratio is h	ealthy.		



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Comparative Analysis of CW & HV					
	Couchweb		HomeVideo	•	
Performance analysis in private sector org	2018	2017	2018	2017	7 Comments
quidity ratio					
Current ratio	1.5	1.4	2.0	2.0	O Current ratio is slightly lower than HomeVideo
Quick or Acid test ratio	8.9	8.1	11.8	7.6	6 CouchWeb has high cash & cash equlivalents
Without content					compared to Tax payable
With Content	0.43	0.39			
Inventory turnover ratio	Not applicable		Not applicable		
Receivables turnover ratio	No information is g	given	No information is	given	1
Payables turnover ratio	No information is g	given	No information is	given	1
Note: Customers payment in ad	vance				
is not shown ib the balance shee	et explicity				
Working capital turnover	6.3	7.5	3.5	3.5	CouchWeb uses its working capital better than HomeVid



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Comparative Analysis of CW & HV								
	Couchwe	eb	HomeVid	eo				
Performance analysis in private sector org	2018	2017	2018	2017	Comments			
Capital Structure Ratio								
Capital Gearing ratio	2.4	2.3	2.6	1.7	Gearing of	2.4 in 20	18 is very h	nigh & aggressive
Interest coverage ratio	5.9	5.3	4.0	8.3	Interest coverage ratio of 6X indicates		ndicates	
					that Financ	ce cost ca	an be paid e	easily.
Income tax Expense	24	27	24	27				



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Deferred tax	245.6	232.1
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	4,501.0	3,300.5

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Consolidated statement of financial position

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Table indicating Op	erating profit on S	erial		
Page 9				
First TV Programme				million
Revenue	40 million viewer	rs x m\$12 x 3 n	nonths / 3 device	480
Cost of production	m\$ 6.8 mn x 13 e	pisodes		88.4
Operating profit per	r serial			391.6
2nd & 8th TV Progra	amme			
Revenue	60 million viewe	rs x m\$12 x 3 n	nonths / 3 device	720
Cost of production	m\$ 8.2 mn x 13 e	pisodes		106.6
Operating profit per	r serial			613.4

#### Own productions

In 2012, Couchweb conducted a survey of subscribers' viewing habits and discovered that it was becoming increasingly common for them to watch the whole of a new season of a programme over a weekend or over two or three consecutive evenings. The survey, backed up with data gathered from the website, also indicated the factors that attracted viewers. Couchweb realised that it could use this information to commission TV programmes that would attract large viewing figures.

Couchweb started to commission its first TV programme, a crime serial called 'Tumbling Down', aiming for a target audience of 40 million viewers. For the first season of 13 episodes, Couchweb hired a freelance creative director and production team and gave them a budget of M\$6.8 million per episode.

Production took eight months and the resulting programme was so popular with viewers that a second season was commissioned, with a budget of M\$8.2 million per episode. Even with this increased budget, the programme is relatively cheap to produce in comparison to other popular shows. It relies on good writing and excellent acting to develop story lines rather than special effects and other expensive elements.

Tumbling Down is now in its eighth season, with viewing figures averaging 60 million per season. All eight seasons still attract healthy viewing figures both from new subscribers and from those who enjoyed it enough to watch it again.

Tumbling Down remains one of Couchweb's most popular programmes, although it has proven to be the first of many successful programmes and even movies. 'The Politics Game' is presently Couchweb's most popular TV programme, attracting higher viewing figures than many of the more expensive programmes purchased from the major studios.

Viewers 40mn to 60mn viewers.

#### **Viewer Habits**

- So customers will not pay 12 monthly subscription fee. Rater they will pay fewer monthly payments and binge watch serials.
- This causes less & unpredictable income

# Table indicating Cash raised & spent on Content creation Issued Equity Share for M\$250 mn

Either eretained earnings is used for content production or Divident seems to be declared in 2017.

			Opening reserve		1,426.70	_
			2018 Profit		684.4	
Issued loans for M\$850 mn			Decrease in RE		-297.80	
Unpaid content for M\$900 mn			Closing Reserve		1,813.30	
New Content NCA =		1,491.10				
New Content CA =		839.90				
Total cash spent on New Content		2,331.00				
Equity =		250.00				
Debt =		851.00				
Non-current liability content =		897.10				
Current liability content =		572.10				
Decrease in reserve =		297.8				
Total cash raised for New Content		2,868.00				

#### Key Findings - Ratio Analysis

- ❖ 25% Increased Spending in R&D YoY
- Profit increased (30% YoY) faster than the revenue (22% YoY)
- \* M\$ 1491 mn of New Content created in 2018 which is 4X the PAT
- ❖ 51% Increased Spending in Other intangible assets for 2018
- ❖ In 2018 Content Asset alone is NCA + CA = 56+27 = 83% of Total Asset.
- ❖ In 2018 Content Unpaid is CL + NCL = 19+25 = 44% of Total liability

### Key Findings - Ratio Analysis

- Company has used M\$300 mn from Retained earnings
- Aggressive Content creation
- ❖ Currently each serial gives an Revenue of M\$ 720 mn, cost of creation is M\$106 mn & operating profit of M\$613 mn
- ❖ Inshort if successful an serail can give 6X return or 600%
- ❖ ROCE is low, because of Company seems to be buying/Creating more content thereby increasing Capital employed
- Gearing of 2.4 in 2018 is very high & aggressive.
- Interest coverage ratio of 6X indicates that Finance cost can be paid easily.

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