

컴퓨터 그래픽스 입문

학번: 2016110056

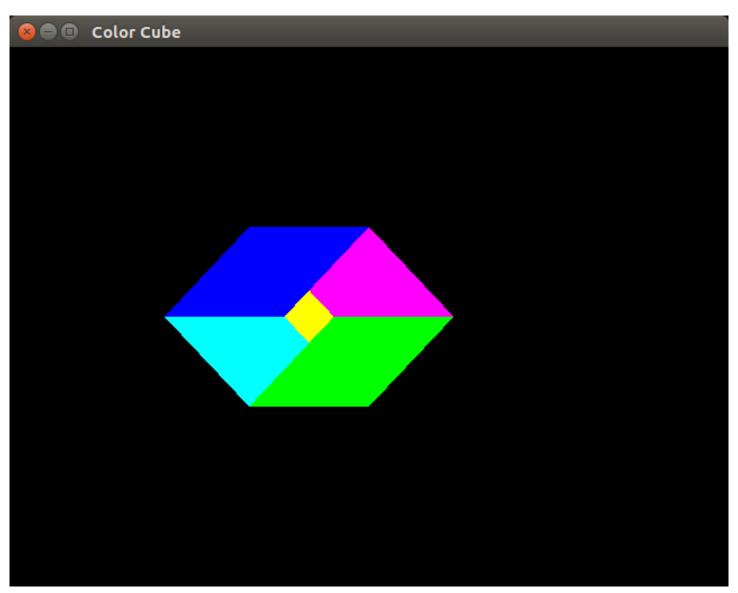
학과: 불교학부

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날짜: 2017년 3월 23일



제 1 절 Draw a cube



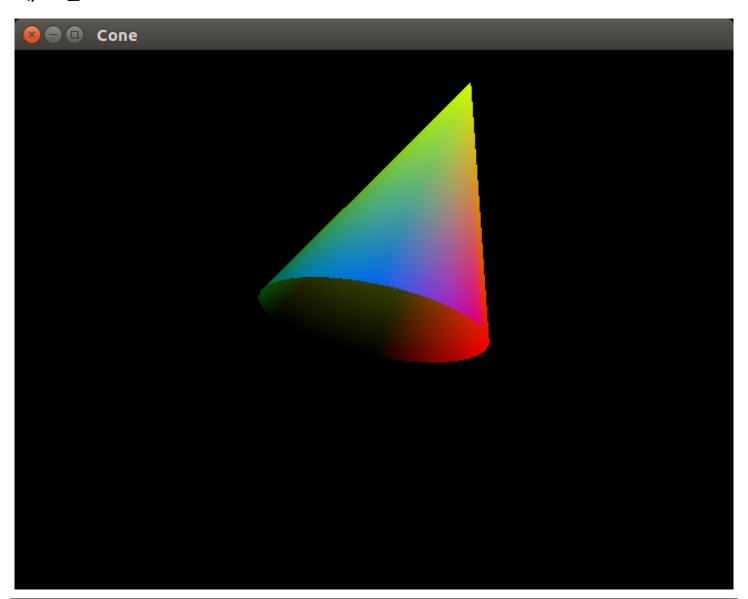
```
#include" glutil .h"
using namespace std;
extern Matrix<float> grotate;
extern Matrix<float> translate;

int main()
{
    grotate . glrotateY (M_PI/4);
    translate . gltranslate (0,0, sqrt (2));
    if (! glfwInit ()) return -1;
    GLFWwindow* window = glfwCreateWindow(640, 480, "Color Cube", NULL, NULL);
    if (! glinit (window)) return -1;
    glortho (3);

auto pl = polygon(4);
    vector<Matrix<float>> pl2;
    pl2 . insert (pl2.end(), begin(pl), end(pl));
```

```
pl = translate * pl; //z+1
pl2. insert (pl2.end(), begin(pl), end(pl)); // append elevated 4 vertex
for(auto& a : pl2) a = grotate * a; // rotate a little to have a good view
valarray < float > color(72); //{} does not make 72 size - initialize_list
                                                                        construct
color[slice (0,12,3)] = 1;
color[slice (26,12,3)] = 1;
color[slice (13,4,3)] = 1;
color[slice (49,8,3)] = 1;
int idx[24] = \{0,1,2,3, 4,5,6,7, 0,1,5,4, 1,2,6,5, 2,3,7,6, 0,3,7,4\};
vector<Matrix<float>> v;
for(auto& a : idx) v.push_back(pl2[a]);
auto fc = gl_transfer_data (color);
auto fv = gl_transfer_data (v);
while (!glfwWindowShouldClose(window)) {
    glClear (GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glBindBuffer (GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, fc);
    glEnableClientState (GL_COLOR_ARRAY);
    glColorPointer (3, GL_FLOAT, 0, nullptr );
    glBindBuffer (GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, fv);
    glEnableClientState (GL_VERTEX_ARRAY);
    glVertexPointer (3, GL_FLOAT, 0, nullptr); // 3 float is 1 vertex stride 0,
    glDrawArrays(GL_QUADS, 0, 24);//mode, first, count
     glDisableClientState (GL_COLOR_ARRAY);
     glDisableClientState (GL_VERTEX_ARRAY);
    glfwSwapBuffers(window);
    glfwPollEvents();
}
glfwTerminate();
```

제 2 절 Draw a cone



```
#include" glutil .h"
using namespace std;
extern Matrix<float> grotate;
extern Matrix<float> translate;

int main()
{
    if (! glfwInit ()) return -1;
    GLFWwindow* window = glfwCreateWindow(640, 480, "Cone", NULL, NULL);
    if (! glinit (window)) return -1;
        glortho (3);

auto pl = polygon(100); // return 100 circle vertexes
    vector<Matrix<float>> pl2;
    pl2.push_back({0,0,3}); // top point of cone
    pl2.insert (pl2.end(), begin(pl), end(pl));
    pl2.push_back(pl[0]);
```

```
grotate . glrotateX (5* M_PI/4 + 0.1);
for(auto& a : pl2) a = grotate * a; // rotate a little to have a good view
grotate .E();
while (!glfwWindowShouldClose(window)) {
    glClear (GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glBegin(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN);
    for(auto& a : pl2) {
        glColor3fv(a.data());
        a = grotate * a;
        glVertex3fv (a.data());
    }
    glEnd();
    glfwSwapBuffers(window);
    glfwPollEvents ();
}
glfwTerminate();
```

Listing 1: glutil.h

```
#pragma once
#include<GL/glew.h>
#include < GLFW/glfw3.h >
#include<vector>
#include<valarray>
#include<type_traits>
#include"matrix.h"
void glortho(float r);
void gloolor (unsigned char r, unsigned char g, unsigned char b, unsigned char a);
bool glinit (GLFWwindow* window);
std :: valarray < Matrix < float >> polygon(int points_count=100, float r=1);
template <typename T>
unsigned int gl_transfer_data (T* begin, T* end, GLenum mode = GL_ARRAY_BUFFER)
   int sz = end - begin;
    unsigned int vbo;
    glGenBuffers (1, &vbo);
```

```
glBindBuffer (mode, vbo);
   T ar[sz];
   memcpy(ar, begin, sizeof(ar));
    glBufferData(mode, sizeof(ar), ar, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
   return vbo;
}
static void mcopy(float* p, const Matrix<float>& m) {
   memcpy(p, m.data(), 3 * sizeof(float));
}
static void mcopy(float* p, float m) {
    *p = m;
template <typename T>
unsigned int gl_transfer_data (const T& v, GLenum mode = GL_ARRAY_BUFFER)
{//v should offer operator[]
   int dim = 1:
   int sz = v. size();
    unsigned int vbo;
    glGenBuffers (1, &vbo);
    glBindBuffer (mode, vbo);
    if (std :: is_class < typename T::value_type>::value) dim = 3; // if Matrix
    float ar[sz * dim];
    for(int i=0; i < sz; i++) mcopy(ar+i*dim, v[i]);
    glBufferData(mode, sizeof(ar), ar, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
   return vbo;
```

Listing 2: callbacks.cc : glutil implementation

```
#include < GLFW/glfw3.h >
#include < iostream >
#include < vector >
#include < valarray >
#include" matrix.h"
using namespace std;
Matrix < float > translate {4,4};
Matrix < float > grotate {4,4};
static Matrix < float > m{4,4};
bool record = false;
```

```
float camera_x=1, camera_y=1;
void key_callback (GLFWwindow* window, int key, int scancode, int action, int mods) {
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_LEFT && action == GLFW_PRESS) translate[4][1]—=0.01;
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_DOWN && action == GLFW_PRESS) translate[4][2]-=0.01;
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_RIGHT && action == GLFW_PRESS) translate[4][1]+=0.01;
    if(key == GLFW_KEY_UP \&\& action == GLFW_PRESS) translate[4][2]+=0.01;
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_W && action == GLFW_PRESS) grotate *= m.glrotateX(0.01);
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_A && action == GLFW_PRESS) grotate *= m.glrotateY(-0.01);
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_S && action == GLFW_PRESS) grotate *= m.glrotateX(-0.01);
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_D && action == GLFW_PRESS) grotate *= m.glrotateY(0.01);
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_SPACE && action == GLFW_PRESS) grotate.E();
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_J && action == GLFW_PRESS) camera_x==0.1;
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_K && action == GLFW_PRESS) camera_y==0.1;
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_L && action == GLFW_PRESS) camera_x+=0.1;
    if (key == GLFW_KEY_I && action == GLFW_PRESS) camera_y+=0.1;
}
void mouse_button_callback(GLFWwindow* window, int button, int action, int mods)
{
    double x, y;
    if (button == GLFW_MOUSE_BUTTON_LEFT && action == GLFW_PRESS) {//GLFW_RELEASE
        glfwGetCursorPos(window, &x, &y);
        cout << '(' << x / 4 << ',' << y / 4 << ')' << flush;
    }
}
void cursor_pos_callback (GLFWwindow* window, double xpos, double ypos) {
    if ({\tt record}) \ cout << {\tt xpos} << \verb|''| << {\tt ypos} << \verb|''| << {\tt flush};
}
void glortho(float r) {
    glOrtho(-r,r,-r,r,-r,r);
void gloolor (unsigned char r, unsigned char g, unsigned char b, unsigned char a) {
    glColor4f(float(r)/256, float(g)/256, float(b)/256, float(a)/256);
bool glinit (GLFWwindow* window) {
    if (! window) {
        glfwTerminate();
        return false;
    }
```

```
// callbacks here
    glfwSetKeyCallback(window, key_callback);
    glfwSetMouseButtonCallback (window, mouse\_button\_callback);
    glfwSetCursorPosCallback(window, cursor_pos_callback);
    /* Make the window's context current */
    glfwMakeContextCurrent(window);
    glClearColor (0, 0, 0, 0); // white background
    glewExperimental = true; // Needed for core profile
    if (glewInit() != GLEW_OK) {
        fprintf (stderr, "Failed to initialize GLEW\n");
        glfwTerminate();
        return false;
    }
    return true;
}
std :: valarray < Matrix < float >> polygon(int points_count, float r)
    Matrix<float> p{r, 0, 0}; // when arg is 3 or 4, it makes 4x1 matrix r, 0,0,1
    Matrix<float> rz\{4, 4\}; // this makes 4x4 matrix
    std :: valarray < Matrix < float >> pts { Matrix < float > {0,0,0}, points_count };
    rz.glrotateZ(2 * M_PI / points_count);
    for(int i=0; i<points_count; i++) {</pre>
        pts[i] = p;
        p = rz * p;
    return pts;
```

Listing 3: Matrix class

```
#pragma once
#include<cstring>
#include<sstream>
#include<cmath>
#include<cassert>
#include<iostream>
#include<iomanip>
#include*combi.h*

template <typename T> class Matrix
{
```

```
public:
    Matrix(unsigned short w, unsigned short h) {
        width = w; height = h;
        arr = new T[h * w];
        for(int i=0; i < w * h; i++) arr[i] = 0;
    }
    Matrix(T x, T y, T z, T w = 1) : Matrix\{1,4\} 
        arr[0] = x; arr[1] = y; arr[2] = z; arr[3] = w;
    }
    Matrix(std:: initializer_list <std:: initializer_list <T>> li)
        : Matrix<T>{static_cast<unsigned short>(li.begin()->size()),
                     static_cast < unsigned short > (li.size()) } {
        int x = 1, y = 1;
        for(auto& a : li ) {
            for(auto& b : a) (* this)[x++][y] = b;
            y++; x = 1;
        }
    }
    Matrix(const Matrix<T>& r): Matrix(r.width, r.height) {
        for(int i=0; i < width * height; <math>i++) arr[i] = r.arr[i];
    }
    Matrix(Matrix<T>&& r) {
        arr = r.arr; r.arr = nullptr;
        width = r.width; height = r.height;
    }
    virtual ~Matrix() {if(arr) delete [] arr;}
    /// getters
    T* data() const {return arr;}
    unsigned short get_width() const{return width;}
    unsigned short get_height() const{return height;}
    ///operator overloading
    T* operator[](int x) {// start from 11 21 31
        assert (x > 0);
        return arr + (x - 1) * height - 1;
    }
```

```
T* operator[](int x)const { // start from 11 21 31
    assert (x > 0);
    return arr + (x - 1) * height - 1;
}
Matrix<T> operator+(const Matrix<T>& r) const {
    if(width != r.width || height != r.height) throw "Matrix size not match";
    Matrix<T> m(width, height);
    for(int i=0; i < width + height; <math>i++) m.arr[i] = arr[i] + r.arr[i];
    return m;
}
Matrix<T> operator—(const Matrix<T>& r) const {
    if (width != r.width || height != r.height) throw "Matrix size not match";
    Matrix<T> m(width, height);
    for(int i=0; i<width*height; i++) m.arr[i] = arr[i] - r.arr[i];
    return m;
}
Matrix<T> operator∗(const Matrix<T>& r) const {
    if(width != r.height) throw "Matrix size not match";
    Matrix < T > m(r.width, height);
    for(int x = 1; x \le r.width; x++) for(int y = 1; y \le height; y++)
        m[x][y] = inner\_product(y, r.column(x));
    return m;
}
Matrix<T>& operator=(const Matrix<T>& r) {
    if (width != r.width || height != r.height) throw "Matrix size not match";
    for(int i=0; i<width*height; i++) arr[i] = r.arr[i];</pre>
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T>& operator∗=(const Matrix<T>& r) {
    *this = *this * r;
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T> operator*(const T& r) const {return r * *this;}
bool operator==(const Matrix<T>& r) const {
    if(width != r.width || height != r.height) return false;
```

```
for(int i=0; i<width*height; i++) if(arr[i] != r.arr[i]) return false;</pre>
    return true;
}
friend Matrix<T> operator*(const T l, const Matrix<T>& r) {
    Matrix < T > m(r.width, r.height);
    for(int y=0; y<r.height; y++) for(int x=0; x<r.width; x++)
        m.arr[y*r.width+x] = 1 * r.arr[y*r.width+x];
    return m;
}
Matrix<T> inverse() const{
    auto a = LU_decompose();
    auto P = a[0], L = a[1], U = a[2];
    Matrix<T> I{width, height};
    for(int i=1; i \le \text{height}; i++) {
        Matrix B{1, height}; // divide E into column pieces
        B[1][i] = 1;
        auto Ux = LxB(L, P * B); //Ax = B < ==> PAx = PB < ==> LUx = PB
        auto x = UxB(U, Ux);
        for(int j=1; j <= height; j++) I[i][j] = x[1][j];
    return I;
}
Matrix<T> transpose() const{
    Matrix<T> m{height, width};
    for(int x=1; x<=width; x++) for(int y=1; y<=height; y++)
        m[y][x] = (*this)[x][y];
    return m;
}
Matrix<T>E() {
    if(width != height) throw "must be square matrix!";
    for(int x = 1; x \le \text{width}; x++) for(int y = 1; y \le \text{height}; y++) {
        if(x == y) (*this)[x][y] = 1;
        else (*this)[x][y] = 0;
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T> gltranslate(T x, T y, T z) {
    if (width != 4 || height != 4) throw "should be 4x4";
```

```
E();
    (* this) [4][1] = x;
    (* this) [4][2] = y;
    (* this) [4][3] = z;
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T> glrotateZ(T th) {
    if (width != 4 || height != 4) throw "should be 4x4";
    E();
    (* this) [1][1] = cos(th);
    (* this) [2][1] = -\sin(th);
    (* this) [1][2] = sin(th);
    (* this) [2][2] = cos(th);
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T> glrotateX(T th) {
    if (width != 4 || height != 4) throw "should be 4x4";
    E();
    (* this) [2][2] = cos(th);
    (* this) [3][2] = -\sin(th);
    (* this) [2][3] = sin(th);
    (* this) [3][3] = cos(th);
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T> glrotateY(T th) {
    if (width != 4 || height != 4) throw "should be 4x4";
    E();
    (* this) [1][1] = cos(th);
    (* this) [3][1] = -\sin(th);
    (* this) [1][3] = sin(th);
    (* this) [3][3] = cos(th);
    return * this;
}
Matrix<T> glscale(T x, T y, T z) {
    if (width != 4 || height != 4) throw "should be 4x4";
    E();
    (* this) [1][1] = x;
    (* this) [2][2] = y;
    (* this) [3][3] = z;
    return * this;
}
```

```
Matrix<T> One() const {
        for(int i=0; i < width + height; <math>i++) arr[i] = 1;
    }
    Matrix<T> surround(T wall = 0) const {
        Matrix < T > m\{width + 2, height + 2\};
        for(int i=0; i<m.width*m.height; i++) m.arr[i] = wall;</pre>
        for(int x=1; x<=width; x++) for(int y=1; y<=height; y++)
            m[x+1][y+1] = (*this)[x][y];
        return m;
    }
protected:
   T* arr;
    unsigned short width, height;
private:
   T* column(int x) const{
        return arr + (x - 1) * height;
    }
    T inner_product(int row, T* col) const{
        T sum = 0;
        for(int i=0; i<width; i++) sum += (*this)[i+1][row] * *(col+i);
        return sum;
    }
    static Matrix<T> LU_decompose(Matrix<T> m) {
        int w = m.width;
        int h = m.height;
        if (!m[1][1]) return MatrixT>\{w,h\};
        if (m.width == 1) return m;
        for(int y=2; y<=h; y++) m[1][y] /= m[1][1]; // c /= a11
        for(int x=2; x<=w; x++) for(int y=2; y<=h; y++)
            m[x][y] -= m[x][1] * m[1][y]; // A' -= ch
        Matrix<T> mm\{w-1, w-1\};
        for(int x=1; x<w; x++) for(int y=1; y<w; y++) mm[x][y] = m[x+1][y+1];
        mm = LU_decompose(mm);// A' part recursive
        if (! mm[1][1]) return Matrix<T>{w,h};//if a11 == 0 -> change P, redo
        for(int x=1; x<w; x++) for(int y=1; y<w; y++) m[x+1][y+1] = mm[x][y];
        return m:
    }
    auto LU_decompose() const{
```

```
if(width != height) throw "should be square";
   nPr npr{width, width};
   while(npr.next()) {
       Matrix<T> P{width, width};// 조합으로 순열 매트릭스 생성.
       for(int j=1, i=0; j <= height; j++) P[npr[i++]][j] = 1;
       auto m = P * (*this);
       m = LU_decompose(m);
        if (! m[1][1]) continue;
        else {
            Matrix<T> L{width, height};
            Matrix<T> U{width, height};
            for(int x=1; x<=width; x++)
                for(int y=1; y<=width; y++)
                    if (x < y) L[x][y] = m[x][y];
                    else U[x][y] = m[x][y];
            for(int x=1; x < = width; x++) L[x][x] = 1;
            return std :: array<Matrix<T>, 3>{P, L, U};
        }
    }
   throw "no inverse";
static Matrix<T> LxB(Matrix<T> L, Matrix<T> B)
{ /// get \ x \ from \ Lx = B }
   int h = L.get_height();
    if (L.get_width () != h || B.get_width () != 1 || B.get_height () != h)
       throw "type mismatch";
   Matrix<T> x\{1, h\};
   for(int i=1; i <=h; i++) {
       T sum = 0;
       for(int j=1; j<i; j++) sum += L[j][i] * x[1][j];
       x[1][i] = B[1][i] - sum;
    }
   return x;
static Matrix<T> UxB(Matrix<T> U, Matrix<T> B)
\{///get\ x\ from\ Ux = B
   int h = U.get_height();
    if (U.get_width () != h || B.get_width () != 1 || B.get_height () != h)
        throw "type mismatch";
   Matrix<T> x\{1, h\};
   for(int i=h; i>0; i--) {
```

}

}

```
T sum = 0;
           for(int j=h; j>i; j--) sum += x[1][j] * U[j][i];
           x[1][i] = (B[1][i] - sum) / U[i][i];
       return x;
   }
};
template <typename T> std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& o, const Matrix<T>& r){
    int w = r.get_width(), h = r.get_height();
   int gap[w+1] \{0,\};
   for(int y=1; y<=h; y++) for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) {
        std:: stringstream ss;
        ss <<r[x][y];
       int sz = ss. str().length();
        if(gap[x] < sz) gap[x] = sz;
   }
    o << "\u23a1" << ' ';
   for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) o << std::setw(gap[x]) << r[x][1] << ' ';
    o << "\u23a4" << std::endl;
   for(int y=2; y<h; y++) {
       o << "\u23a2" << ' ';
       for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) o << std::setw(gap[x]) << r[x][y] << ' ';
        o << "\u23a5" << std::endl;
   }
    o << "\u23a3" << ' ';
   for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) o << std::setw(gap[x]) << r[x][h] << ' ';
    o << "\u23a6" << std::endl;
   return o;
}
template<typename T> class MatrixStream : public Matrix<T>
public:
   MatrixStream(const Matrix<T>& m) : Matrix<T>{m} {
        int w = this->width, h = this->height;
        gap = new int[w];
        memset((void*)gap, 0, sizeof(int) * w);
        linebyline = new std:: string [h];
        for(int y=1; y<=h; y++) for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) {
```

```
std :: stringstream ss;
        ss <<(*this)[x][y];
        int sz = ss. str().length();
        if (gap[x-1] < sz) gap[x-1] = sz; // get maximum length
    }// print with setw
    std:: stringstream ss;
    ss << (h-1? "\u23a1" : "["); // matrix bracket first line
    for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) ss << std::setw(gap[x-1]) << (*this)[x][1] << ' ';
    ss << (h-1? "\u23a4": "]");
    linebyline [0] = ss. str();
    ss.str("");
    ss.clear();
    for(int y=2; y<h; y++) { // middle lines
        ss << "\u23a2" << '';
        for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) ss << std::setw(gap[x-1]) << (*this)[x][y] << ';
        ss << "\u23a5";
        linebyline [y-1] = ss. str();
        ss.str("");
        ss.clear();
    }
    if (h > 1) { // last line
        ss << "\u23a3" << ' ';
        for(int x=1; x<=w; x++) ss << std::setw(gap[x-1]) << (*this)[x][h] << ' ';
        ss << "\u23a6";
        linebyline [h-1] = ss. str();
    }
~MatrixStream() {
    if(gap) delete[] gap;
    if( linebyline ) delete[] linebyline ;
std:: string space() {//make space string wide exactly the same width of matrix
    std :: string s; // to occupy the blank space
    int sum = 0;
    for(int i=0; i<this->width; i++) sum += gap[i];
    for(int i=0; i < sum + this -> width + 3; <math>i++) s += ' ';
    return s;
```

}

}

```
template < typename T2>
    friend std :: ostream& operator < < (std::ostream& o, MatrixStream < T2>& r);

protected:
    int* gap = nullptr; /// < contain biggest output width per every x -> setw()
    std :: string* linebyline = nullptr; /// < output line by line
    int pos = 0; /// < indicate what line to print
};

template < typename T>
std :: ostream& operator < < (std::ostream& o, MatrixStream < T>& r) {
    if (r.pos == r.height) r.pos = 0;
    o << r.linebyline [r.pos++];
    return o;
}</pre>
```