



# 정보통신 수학 및 실습 Homework



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## Chapter 9 Homework

### 1. Solve the Laplace transformations of the following functions using the tables.

a)  $L[5]$

$$\int_0^{\infty} 5e^{-st} dt = \left[ \frac{5}{-s} e^{-st} \right]_0^{\infty} = \frac{5}{s}$$

b)  $L[5e^{-3t}]$

$$\int_0^{\infty} 5e^{-3t} e^{-st} dt = \int_0^{\infty} 5e^{-(s+3)t} dt = \frac{5}{s+3}$$

c)  $L[\cos(5t)]$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos 5t &= \frac{\cos 5t + i \sin 5t + \cos(-5t) + i \sin(-5t)}{2} = \frac{e^{i5t} + e^{-i5t}}{2} \\ \int_0^{\infty} \cos(5t) e^{-st} dt &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} (e^{i5t} + e^{-i5t}) e^{-st} dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} (e^{(i5-s)t} + e^{(-i5-s)t}) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{e^{(5i-s)t}}{5i-s} - \frac{e^{-(s+5i)t}}{s+5i} \right]_0^{\infty} = \\ \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{-s+5i} - \frac{1}{s+5i} \right) &= \frac{s}{s^2+25} \end{aligned}$$

d)  $L[5e^{-3t} \cos(5t+1)]$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\infty} 5e^{-3t} \frac{e^{i(5t+1)} + e^{-i(5t+1)}}{2} e^{-st} dt &= \frac{5}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{(5i-s-3)t+i} + e^{(-5i-s-3)t-i} dt = \frac{5}{2} \left[ \frac{e^{(5i-s-3)t+i}}{5i-s-3} + \frac{e^{(-5i-s-3)t-i}}{-5i-s-3} \right]_0^{\infty} = \\ \frac{5}{2} \left( -\frac{e^i}{5i-s-3} - \frac{e^{-i}}{-5i-s-3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

e)  $L[\sin(5t)]$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin 5t &= -\frac{i}{2} (\cos 5t + i \sin 5t - (\cos(-5t) + i \sin(-5t))) = -\frac{i}{2} (e^{i5t} - e^{-i5t}) \\ \int_0^{\infty} \sin(5t) e^{-3t} dt &= \int_0^{\infty} -\frac{i}{2} (e^{i5t} - e^{-i5t}) e^{-3t} dt \end{aligned}$$

f)  $L[t^2 \sin(2t)]$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\infty} t^2 \sin(2t) dt &= -\frac{i}{2} \int_0^{\infty} t^2 (e^{i2t} - e^{-i2t}) dt = \\ (e^{i2t} t^2)' &= 2ie^{i2t} t^2 + e^{i2t} 2t \\ e^{i2t} t^2 &= 2 \int e^{i2t} t^2 + e^{i2t} \\ \therefore \int e^{i2t} t^2 &= \frac{e^{i2t} (t^2 - 1)}{2} \\ t \leftarrow -t : \int e^{-i2t} t^2 &= \frac{e^{-i2t} (t^2 - 1)}{2} \\ -\frac{i}{2} \left[ \frac{e^{i2t} (t^2 - 1)}{2} - \frac{e^{-i2t} (t^2 - 1)}{2} \right]_0^{\infty} &= -\frac{i}{2} \end{aligned}$$

g)  $L\left[\frac{d}{dt} \sin(6t)\right]$

$$\begin{aligned} (f(x)e^{-st})' &= f'(x)e^{-st} + f(x) \cdot -se^{-st} \\ \int \frac{d}{dt} f(x) e^{-st} dt &= f(x)e^{-st} + s \int f(x) e^{-st} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore L\left[\frac{d}{dt}\sin(6t)\right] = \sin(6t)e^{-st} + s \int \sin(6t)e^{-st} dt$$

$$\mathbf{h)} \quad L\left[\int_0^t y dt\right]$$

$$F(t) = \int_0^t f(u) du$$

$$\int_0^\infty \int_0^t f(u) du \cdot e^{-st} dt = \left[ \int_0^t f(u) du \cdot \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} \right]_0^\infty - \int_0^\infty f(t) \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} dt = \frac{F(s)}{s}$$

$$\mathbf{i)} \quad L[u(t-1) - u(t-2)]$$

$$\mathbf{j)} \quad L[e^{-2t}u(t-2)]$$

$$\mathbf{k)} \quad L[6e^{-2.7t}\cos(9.2t+3)]$$

## 2. Solve the inverse Laplace transformations using the tables..

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad L^{-1}\left[\frac{5}{s+1}\right]$$

$$5e^{-t}$$

$$\mathbf{b)} \quad L^{-1}\left[\frac{6}{s^2}\right]$$

$$6t$$

$$\mathbf{c)} \quad L^{-1}\left[\frac{s+2}{(s+3)(s+4)}\right]$$

$$\frac{-1}{s+3} + \frac{2}{s+4} \longrightarrow -e^{-3t} + 2e^{-4t}$$

$$\mathbf{d)} \quad L^{-1}\left[\frac{6}{-s^2+6}\right]$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}\left(\frac{1}{s+\sqrt{6}} - \frac{1}{s-\sqrt{6}}\right) \longrightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}(e^{-\sqrt{6}t} - e^{\sqrt{6}t})$$

$$\mathbf{e)} \quad L^{-1}\left[\frac{5}{s}(1 - e^{-4.5s})\right] - - - \text{not solved}$$

$$\frac{5}{s} - \frac{e^{-4.5s}}{s} \longrightarrow 5 - \frac{F(s)}{s}$$

$$\frac{s}{e^{-4.5s}} = F(s)$$

f)  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{4+3j}{s+1-2j} + \frac{4-3j}{s+1+2j}\right]$

g)  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{6}{4s^2+20s+24}\right]$

**3. Solve the inverse Laplace transformations using partial fractions and the tables**

a)  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s^2-8s+25}\right]$

b)  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{9s+4}{(s+3)^3}\right]$

**4. Find the system transfer functions of the following DE's.**

a)  $5\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 5x(t)$

b)  $\frac{dy}{dt} + 8y = 3x$