UNIT-1: BASICS OF COMPUTER NETWORK

- 1. SCC (Standard Creation Committee)
- 2. ISO (International Organization for Standardization)
- 3. ITU-T (International Telecommunication Union Telecommunication Standards Sector)
- 4. CCITT (Consultative Committee for International Telephony and Telegraphy)
- 5. ANSI (American National Standards Institute)
- 6. IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers)
- 7. EIA (Electronic Industries Alliance)
- 8. W3C (World Wide Web Consortium)
- 9. ISOC (Internet SOCiety)
- 10. IAB (Internet Architecture Board)
- 11. IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force)
- 12. IRTF (Internet Research Task Force)
- 13. TDM (Time Division Multiplexing)
- 14. FDM (Frequency Division Multiplexing)
- 15. LAN (Local Area Network)
- 16. MAN (Metropolitan Area Network)
- 17. WAN (Wide Area Network)
- 18. HAN (Home Area Network)
- 19. PAN (Personal Area Network)
- 20. BAN (Body Area Network)
- 21. CAN (Controller Area Network)

- 22. SAN (Storage Area Network)
- 23. NAN (Near-by Area Network)
- 24. WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network)
- 25. VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network)
- 26. VPN (Virtual Private Network)
- 27. FTP (File Transfer Protocol)
- 28. TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol)
- 29. NFS (Network File System)
- 30. DFS (Distributed File System)
- 31. SMB (Server Message Block)
- 32. IPP (Internet Printing Protocol)
- 33. LPD (Line Printer Daemon)
- 34. UA (User Agent)
- 35. MTA (Message Transfer Agent)
- 36. MAA (Message Access Agent)
- 37. SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol)
- 38. POPv3 (Post Office Protocol Version 3)
- 39. IMAP (Internet Message Access Protocol)
- 40. MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions)
- 41. HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol)
- 42. HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure)
- 43. SSL/TLS (Secure Sockets Layer/ Transport Layer Security)
- 44. URL (Uniform Resource Locator)