Assignment 1

Q1] Count digits in number

```
int count = 0;
while(n != 0) {
        // n = 101
int remainder = n % 10; // 1

int n = n / 10; // 10

    count++ // 1
}
SOP (count)
}
```

```
while (n1 = 0)
        10 ≠ 0
int remainder = n % 10; // 0
  n = n / 10 ; // 1
   count ++ // 2
}
```

```
while (n1 = 0)
     // 1 ≠ 0.
int remainder = n % 10 // 1
  n = n / 10 ; // 0
   count ++ // 3
}
```

```
while (n1 = 0)
   0 = 0
```

O/P = 3

Code.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

Class main{
    psvm (String[] args){
        int count = 0;
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int num = sc.nextInt();

    while (n!=0)
        int remainder = n % 10;
            n = n/10;
            count++
        }
        SOP (count)
}
```

Q2] Check if a number is pallindrome or not.

```
// n = 101
int reversenum = 0;
while(n!=0){
    int remainder = n % 10 // 1
    reversenum = reversednum * 10 + remainder // 1
    n = n/10; // 10
}
SOP (reversenum)
if (reversenum == n)
  {
    SOP (Pallindrome)
  }
else
  {
    SOP (not pallindrome)
  }
```

```
int remainder = 10 % 10 // 0
reversenum = reversednum * 10 + remainder
                                  //10
n = n/10; // 1
}
```

```
int remainder = 10 % 10 // 1
reversenum = reversednum * 10 + remainder
                                  //101
n = n/10; //0
}
n = 0
SOP (reversenum)
if (reversenum == n) {
    SOP (Pallindrome)
    break.
}
else
  {
    SOP (not pallindrome)
  }
}
```

Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Demo{
    psv m ( ) {
      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in)
      int n = sc.nextInt();
      int reversenum = 0;
    while (n!=0){
    int remainder = n % 10;
    reversenum = reversednum * 10 + remainder;
        n = n/10;
    } SOP (reversenum);
```

1, 2, 4, 4

```
if (n == reversenumber)
{
    SOP ("Pallindrome")
}
else {
    SOP ("not Pallindrome"),
}
```

(03) Find GCD of two numbers

```
public static int gcd (int n1, int n2);
int min = Math.min (n1, n2);
int gcd = 1;
for (int i = 1; i <= min; i++) {
    if (n1 % i == 0 && n2 % i == 0) {
        gcd = i;
    }
}
return gcd;
}
```

(03 Find GCD of

```
while (n1 > 0
    if (n1
    }
    else
if (n1 ==
    gc
else
    gc
if (n1
}
else
```

Q3 Find GCD of two numbers

```
while (n1>0) && n2>0){
    if(n1>n2){
        n1 = n1%n2;
    }
    else
        n2 = n2%n1;
    if(n1==0)
        gcd = n2;
    else
        gcd = n1;
}
```

9 % 12 = 9

n2 = 12 % 9 = 3

3

n1 = 9 % 3 = 0

n1 == 0

n2 = 3

3

3

Code:-

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Demo {

    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner ();
        int n1 = sc.nextInt ();
        int n2 = sc.nextInt ();

    while (n1>0 && n2>0) {

        if (n1>n2)
        {
            n1 = n1 % n2; }
        else {
            n2 = n2 % n1;
        }

    if (n1==0) {
            return gcd = n2;
        }
    else
        return gcd = n1;

    }
}
```

Check if a number is Armstrong Number

~~int dig~~

count = by function calling

```
int sum = 0.
          153
while (n > 0) {
    int remainder = n % 10.   // 3
    sum = sum + remainder ^ power(count)
    n = n / 10;               // 15
}                             // 10 + 3^3 = 27
if (sum == n)
    SOP ("Armstrong");
else
    SOP ("no' Armstrong));
          15
while (n > 0)
    int remainder = n % 10    // 15 % 10 = 5
    sum = sum + remainder ^ power(count)
// 27 + 5^3 = 125 + 27 = 152
    n = n / 10;               // 1
```

```
While (1 > 0)
    int remainder = n % 10 = 1 % 10 = 1
    sum = sum + remainder^3
    // 152 + 1^3 = 153.
    n = n / 10;  // 0
} while (n > 0)  0 > 0
```

```
if (sum == n)
     153  153
SOP (Armstrong)
```

Code.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
Class Demo;

public static void main( ) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner;
    int n = sc.nextint
      count (n)
      isArmstrong (n)
    }

static ~~void~~ int count (int n) {
  int count = 0;
    while (n>0) {
      int remainder = n % 10;
      n = n / 10;
      count ++;
    }
  ~~sop (count)~~
    return count;
```

```
static int isArmstrong (int n){
int digits = count(n);
int sum = 0;
while (n > 0) {
    int remainder = n % 10;
    sum = sum + (int) Math.pow(remainder, digits);
    n = n / 10;
}
if (n == sum) {
    SOP ("is Armstrong")
}
else
    SOP ("not Armstrong");
}
}
```

5. Print all Divisors of a given number.

n = 36

```
for (int i=1; i<=sqrt n; i++) {
    if (n%i==0) {
        SOP(i);
        if (i!=n/i) {
            print(n/i);
        }
    }
}
```

36/1 = 36

i+1, 36

n%i

if (36%2==0) {
    SOP(i) // 2
    if (i!=n/i)
        SOP(n/i) // 18

2+1 = 3

18

if (36%3==0) {
    SOP(i) // 3
    if (i!=n/i) 36/3
        SOP(n/i) // 12

n*i=n

12

```
if (n % i) {
    sop (i)
    if (n != i)
    {
        sop (n/i)
    }
}
```

```
if (n % i) {
    sop (i)
    if    i++
```

```
if (n % i) {
    sop (i) = 6
    if (i != n/i)
        6 ≠ 6
```

o/p
1
36
2
18
3
12
4
9
6

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public static void main (){
    Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    factors (n);
}
static void factors (int n){
    for (int i=1; i<=Math.sqrt(n); i++){
        if (n%i==0) {
            SOP(i);
        }
        else if (n/i != n/i){
            SOP(n/i);
        }
    }
}
```

O/P

36	1
18	36
12	2
9	18
6	3
	12
	4
	9
	6

08 Check if a number is prime or not.

```
int count = 0
for(int i=1; i<=Math.sqrt(n); i++){
    if (n%i == 0){
        sop 1
        if (n/i != n/i){
            sop n/i;
        }
    }
}
cont++
if (count==1)
    print(prime)
else
    print(not prime)
```

will iterate 3 times if n=9

```
if (n%3 == 0)
if(n==  4:)
```

count == 3

```
if (count(==1)
    prime
else (not prime)
```

Code:-

```
import java.util.Scanner;
Class Demo{
  psvm () {
  Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   int n = sc.nextInt();
   factors (n);
  }

static void factors (int n) {
    int count = 0;
 for (int i = 1; i<= math.sqrt(n); i++){
      if (n % i == 0) {
        Sop (i)
        if (n != n/i){
          }
        }
      Count ++;
    }
  }
  count ++;
  }
```

```
if (count == 1){
 Sop ("is prime");
}
else {
  Sop ("not prime");
  }
```