

## *Anglais synthèse :*

### **1.1. - Synonyme**

Come up with => Invented

Ingenious => Clever

Replace => Substitute

Explored => Looked into

Accurate => Precise

Unveiled => Revealed

Technique => Procedure

Solution => Answer

Experts => Spécialiste

Extract => Remove

Parlance => A jargon

To pelt / bombard with => to pepper with

Effective => Efficient

Underline / emphasize => To highlight

Innovative / revolutionary => Ground breaking

Difficult => Tough

To add => to top top

A large quantity of => Host of

Useful => Only

Site / Property => Premises

Pundits => Expert

A smart meter => A gauge

Latter => Une chose dite dans la phrase précédente

## 1.2. - Antonyme

Downsides    =>    Advantage

## 1.3. - Traduction

Expiency    =>    Expiré

Creep into    =>    s'imicer

## 2 - Definitions

To follow the course of progress of    =>    Track

A useful and desirable thing or quality    =>    Asset

A discouraging or negative aspect    =>    Downside / upside

To make something known or public    =>    Unveil

To watch closely for purposes of control, surveillance, etc ... ; To check continually

=>    Monitor

An instrument for measuring and recording the quantity of something as for water, miles or time    =>    A meter / a gauge

A person who is an expert or knowledgeable in an area    =>    Pundits

The date by which perishable goods should be used    =>    The use by date / Expiry date

The second thing mentioned of two    =>    The latter

### **3 - Questions possibles**

( En général faut répondre en 5 lignes  
et ça vaut beaucoup de points )

#### **3.1. - Text => pass-thoughts to replace passwords**

- 3.1.1. - Would you prefer the pass-thought idea to passwords ?
- 3.1.2. - How safe do you think the things that require a password are ?
- 3.1.3. - Do you think the end is near for password ?
- 3.1.4. - How might hackers get round a pass-thought ?
- 3.1.5. - Is the concept of pass-thoughts like real science fiction ?
- 3.1.6. - How dangerous might pass-thought be ?

#### **3.2. - Text => The internet of thing ( IOT )**

- 3.3.1. - What is the internet of things (and why does it matter) ?
- 3.3.2. - Is It safe ? Can the internet of things be secured ?
- 3.3.3. - How will the internet of things affect business and work ?
- 3.3.4. - What does the internet of things mean for healthcare ?
- 3.3.5. - Is the internet of things real ?

## 4.1. – Phrasal verbs ( Voir feuilles avec les tableaux )

( Les réponses ici remplissent les cases vides du tableau )

( A l'examen, il faudra juste savoir replacer le phrasal verbs dans une phrase avec un trou )

### Exemple de question d'examen possible :

The man in black ..... Quietly ..... the bushes .

**Réponse** : The man in black **Krept** Quietly **into** the bushes .

### Remplissage du tableau :

Log in / Sign in                      =>      Connection / enregistrement

Hook up                      =>      to connect wires from a machine to

Another one

A power source

Power up                      =>

Boot up                      =>      To begin running a computer system

Set up                      =>      I Install google chrome on my new laptop

Click on                      =>      Opening a programme

=>      Navigate the web

=>      Click on the star menu to begin

Scroll up                      =>      to move quite slowly from the bottom to the top of a text

Run out of => My computer is running out of space.

To / a back up => Be sure you regularly make a back up of your files

Print out => You can print out any document ( with a printer of course )

Hack into => To enter / To go into a computer system illegally

Go down => To stop **operating** / **working** properly

Wipe out => Completely erase or delete files

Key in => to enter characters via a keyboard

Opt in / out => to choose to receive advertising or messages or offers

Filter out => To remove all unwanted mails or messages

Shut down => I shut down my laptop because I have finished my work.

Turn on / switch on => To start the operation of  
To activate

Go online / offline => to use the internet / not to use the internet

Link up => To connect / to join

Carry out => My computer can carry out different programmes

Try out => To test experimentally / to use experimentally

Find out => To learn / to discover

Take up => To occupy

Make up      =>      To constitute      /      to form

Fill in      =>      To complete      /      to write the necessary information

Type in      =>      To enter

## **4.2.      -      collocations**

Attach a file      =>      To join as an attachment

Stream a video / movie      =>      To watch from the internet without downloading it

Fully backward      =>

Wireless hotspots

=>      Locations or access points that can be used to access the internet without wires.

Plug and play      =>      A usb stick

Drag and drop      =>      To click on an icon / object to move it to a new location.

Highly sensitive information

=>      Any personal data ( Adresse, numéro de carte de banque, mot de passe, ... )

Freely available      =>      That can be downloaded free of charge.

## 5 - conditionals

5.1. - Pour une chose qui => Qui peut arriver dans le futur

=> est une vérité général ou qui arrive souvent

### Exemple :

=> If you **press** this button, you **get** a coke

=> If you **go** to this country, you **will** need a visa

### Exemple dans les exercices :

If I **told** (**tell**) them the truth , they **would be** very sad .

Be careful ! If you **does** (**do**) that , you **will hurt** yourself .

The job **will take** (**take**) only an hour if you **help** us .

What **will** happen if stress occurs ?

5.2. - Pour les choses => impossible

=> Qui ont peut de chance d'arriver

=> Qui peuvent arriver dans certains cas

**Exemple :**

=> If I knew the answer, I would tell you

=> If I were you, I would take proper advice .

**Exemple dans les exercices :**

If I spared enough money , I would go ( go ) on holiday next year .

How would you react if you saw ( see ) a ghost ?

If it stopped raining , we would be ( be ) able to go out .

If you touched that electrical cable , you would be ( be ) electrocuted .

You wouldn't have ( not have ) so many accidents , if you drove ( drive ) more slowly .

**Would you lend** ( you lend ) your brother money if he **asked** ( ask ) you to ?

If I **were** ( be ) you I **would make** ( make ) a backup immediadly .

If I were a star , I would help the poor .

I would not buy things here if I were you .



**5.3. - Les événements jamais arrivés et où l'on imagine ce qui aurait pu se passer .**

**Exemple :**

=> If He had had more experience, he **could / would / might have kept** the job .

**Exemple dans les exercices :**

If she **had studied** ( **study** ) more , she **wouldn't have** failed the exam .

If **would have arrived** ( **arrive** ) too late if we **had caught** the 10.30 train .

She **would have been** top of her class if she **had worked** harder .

**5.4. - Il y a 3 types d'exercices**

1. - Placer les termes entre ( ) au temps voulu ( Comme dans les exemples précédents ) .
2. - Traduire des phrases qui sont au conditionnels .
3. - Réécrire des phrases mais au conditionnel .