

**Problem 1:-** (The wind is blowing with Velocity that is constant in time)

$$V_x = \frac{dx}{dt} = 0.2x^2 + 0.5y^2 + 20$$

$$V_y = \frac{dy}{dt} = 0.2y^3 + 0.5x^2 - 10$$

Where x & y varies from -10 to 10.

MATLAB Code:-

%Code 1:

close all;

clear all;

x = -10:1:10 ;

y = -10:1:10 ;

[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);

u = 0.2\*(X.\*X) + 0.5\*(Y.\*Y) + 20;

v = -0.1\*(Y.^3) + 0.5\*(X.\*X) - 10;

quiver(X,Y,u,v,'r');

startx = ones(1,length(x))\*-10;

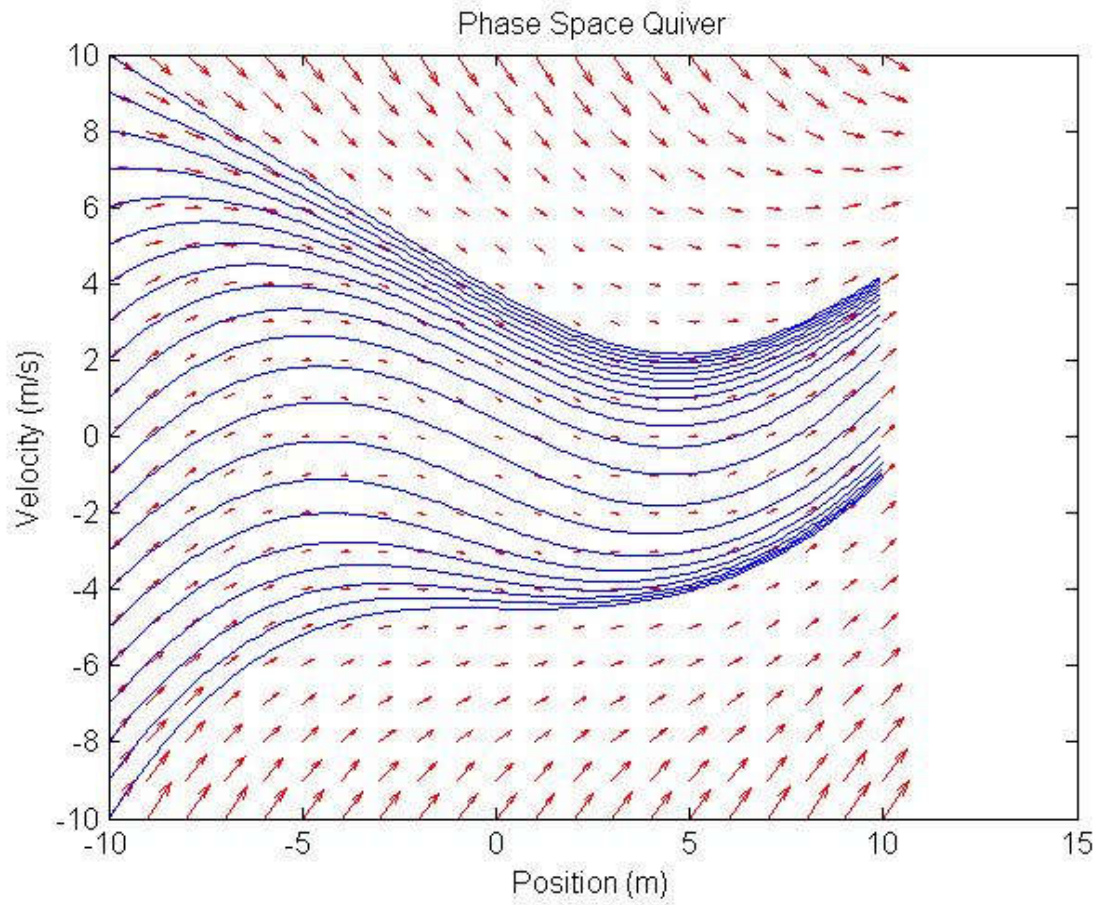
streamline(X,Y,u,v,startx,y);

xlabel('Position (m)');

ylabel('Velocity (m/s) ');

title('Phase Space Quiver');

Output:-



**Question:-**

- 1) What physical insight do you get from the plot?

**Velocity Field**

- 2) What does arrows that you produced with the quiver command show at each point?

Arrow that produced with the quiver command shows **Magnitude & the direction of the velocity at each point.**

- 3) What does the streamlines show (from a particle dynamics viewpoint)?

Streamline shows **the path that a particle would follow in this velocity field.**

**Problem 2:-** (Effect of Gravity)

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -G \frac{Me}{(x + Re)^2}$$

Where  $Me = 6e24$  kg ,  $Re = 6.4e6$  m &  $G = 6.674e-11$

- 1) Throw the ball up at the Speed of 1m/s , 10 m/s & 40 m/s:-

MATLAB Code:-

%Code 2:

clear all;

close all;

G = 6.67259e-11 ;

Re = 6.4e6 ;

Me = 6e24 ;

initVelocity = [1,10,20,40];

initX = [0,0,0,0];

x = 0:10:100;

v = 0:10:100;

[X,V] = meshgrid(x,v);

ux = V ;

uv = (-G\*Me./((X+Re).\*(X+Re))) ;

quiver(X,V,ux,uv,'r');

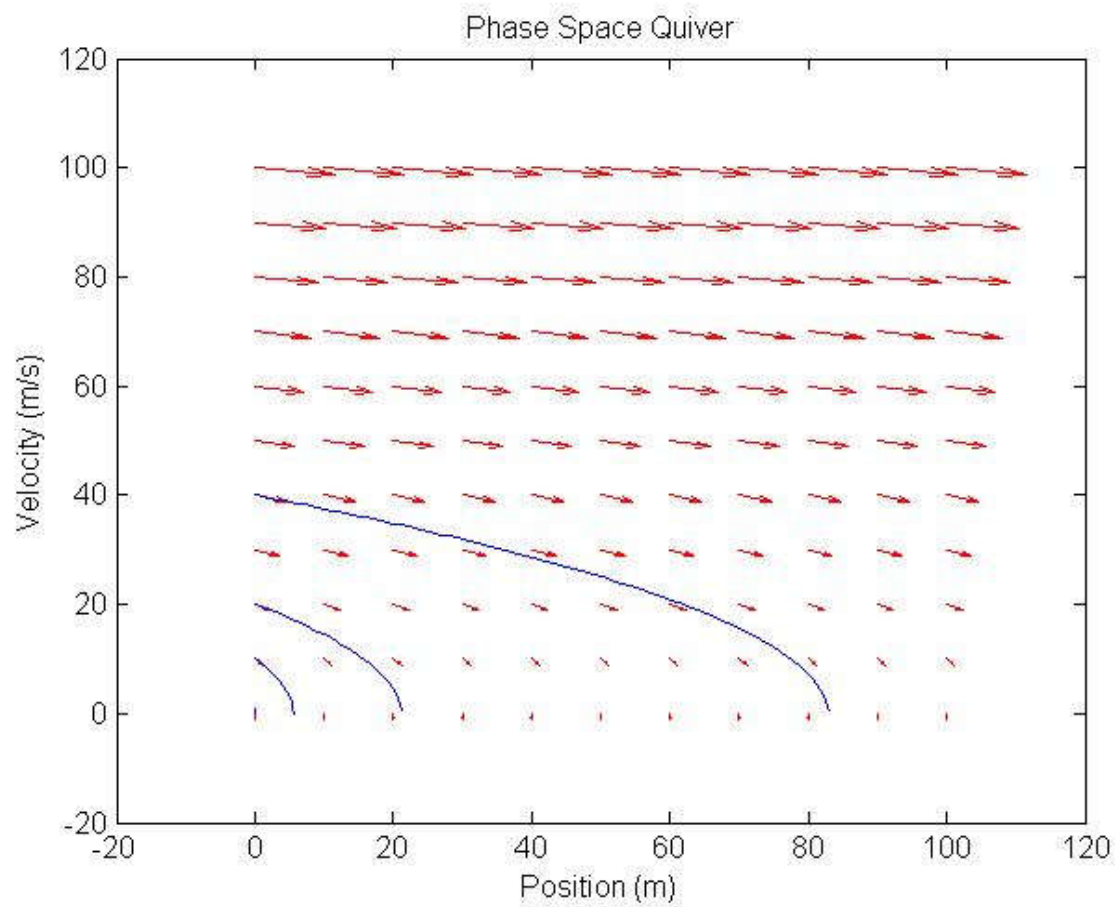
streamline(X,V,ux,uv,initX,initVelocity);

xlabel('Position (m)');

ylabel('Velocity (m/s) ');

title('Phase Space Quiver');

Output:-



- 2) Throw the ball up at the Speed of with the Rocket and achieve the Speed of 1000m/s , 5000 m/s & 10,000 m/s.

MATLAB Code:-

%Code 2:

```
clear all;  
close all;
```

```
G = 6.67259e-11 ;  
Re = 6.4e6 ;  
Me = 6e24 ;
```

```
initVelocity = [1,1000,5000,10000];  
initX = [0,0,0,0];
```

```
x = 0:1000:1000000;  
v = 0:1000:10000;  
[X,V] = meshgrid(x,v);  
ux = V ;  
uv = (-G*Me./ ( (X+Re).*(X+Re) ) ) ;
```

```
quiver(X,V,ux,uv,'r');  
streamline(X,V,ux,uv,initX,initVelocity);
```

```
xlabel('Position (m)');  
ylabel('Velocity (m/s) ');  
title('Phase Space Quiver');
```

Output:-

