

# **Software Engineering**

(IT - 314)

# **Lab 5:**

Static Analysis

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Language: Python
Analysis Tool: Pylint

S.No	Message Object	Expansion	Explanation
1.	С	Convention	It is displayed when the program is not following the standard rules.
2.	R	Refactor	It is displayed for bad code smell
3.	W	Warning	It is displayed for python specific problems
4.	Е	Error	It is displayed when that particular line execution results some error
5.	F	Fatal	It is displayed when pylint has no access to further process that line.

# Code 1:

#### Git-hub link:

https://github.com/thartshorne/factorial/blob/master/factorial.py

#### Code:

# hello

```
import sys

def recur_factorial(n):
    """Function to return the factorial
    of a number using recursion"""
    if n == 1:
        return n
    else:
        return n*recur_factorial(n-1)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    arg = sys.argv
    print(recur_factorial(int(arg[1])))
```

#### Errors detected:

#### Analysis:

 First 3 messages are conventional (C) suggesting it has not followed some standard rules for writing.  The last message is R type - Refactor. It suggests that there is no meaning using the else statement after the return statement

# Code: 2

#### Link:

https://github.com/anish-rajan/sum\_of\_array/blob/master/python/a3/q6.py Fibonacci series:

## Code:

```
def fib(n,prev=1,count=0,next=0):
    #in fibonacci difference of terms are in ap
    if count==n:
        return next
    else:
        next=prev+next
        prev=next-prev
        count=count+1
        return fib(n,prev,count,next)
n=input("enter a number")
fib(n)
```

## Error detected:

```
PS C:\Users\student\Desktop\Lab 6\python-mini-project\Testfiles> py -m pylint tmp.py
************ Module tmp
tmp.py:10:0: C0303: Trailing whitespace (trailing-whitespace)
tmp.py:12:0: C0304: Final newline missing (missing-final-newline)
tmp.py:1:0: C0114: Missing module docstring (missing-module-docstring)
tmp.py:1:0: C0116: Missing function or method docstring (missing-function-docstring)
tmp.py:1:8: C0103: Argument name "n" doesn't conform to snake_case naming style (invalid-name)
tmp.py:1:8: W0621: Redefining name 'n' from outer scope (line 11) (redefined-outer-name)
tmp.py:1:25: W0622: Redefining built-in 'next' (redefined-builtin)
tmp.py:3:4: R1705: Unnecessary "else" after "return", remove the "else" and de-indent the code inside it (no-else-return)
```

- First 5 messages are conventional (C) suggesting it has not followed some standard rules for writing.
- For example message two indicates that there is no final empty line as per the standard convention.
- The 6th message is the warning type. And it says that you are using same named variable 'n' globally and locally as well.
- The last message is R type Refactor. It suggests that there is no meaning using the else statement after the return statement.

# Code:3

#### Link:

https://github.com/anish-rajan/sum\_of\_array/blob/master/python/a3/q5.py

### Code:

```
#This is a recursive function that uses the property between 2 numbers to
calculate GCD
def gcd(x,z):
    if(z==0):
        return x
    else:
        return gcd(z,x%z)
x=input()
y=input()
print(gcd(x,y))
```

- First 6 messages are conventional ( C ) suggesting it has not followed some standard rules for writing.
- For example, the 2nd message indicates that there is no final empty line as per the standard convention.
- The second last message is the warning type. And it says that you are using the same named variable 'x' globally and locally as well.
- The last message is R type Refactor. It suggests that there is no meaning using the else statement after the return statement.

# Code: 4

## Link:

https://github.com/anish-rajan/sum\_of\_array/blob/master/python/a3/q4.py

## Code:

```
import random
def factorial(m):
    if m==0 or m==1: #Added 1 to the base case so that the number of times
the recursion call takes places decreses by 1.
        return 1
    else:
        return m*factorial(m-1)
m=input()
print(factorial(m))
```

- First 5 messages are conventional (C) suggesting it has not followed some standard rules for writing.
- For example, the 1st message points out that the 3rd line is too long (>100 words).
- The second last message is R type Refactor. It suggests that we should use 'in' keyword instead of using two if conditions.
- The last message is the warning type. And it indicates that we have not used the library which we imported in the first line.

# Code: 5

### Link:

https://github.com/Twiggecode/Integer-Sequences/blob/main/Divisor%20Function/divisor function.py

## Code

```
power_of_function, dividend = input(
    "In the Function o(n) base x enter the base and n respictively: "
).split()
divisor = []
for i in range(1, int(int(dividend) / 2) + 1):
    if (int(dividend) % i) == 0:
        divisor.append(i)
divisor.append(int(dividend))

sum = 0
for i in divisor:
    sum += i ** int(power_of_function)
print(
    "sum of positive divisors function o x(n) where x is",
    power_of_function,
    "and n is",
    dividend,
    "is:",
    sum,
)
print("aliquot sum s(n) where n is", dividend, "is:", sum -
int(dividend))
```

### Error detected:

- First 2 messages are conventional (C) suggesting it has not followed some standard rules for writing.
- The second last message is the warning type. And it indicates that we are using the same named variable 'sum' globally and locally as well.
- The last message says that the variable name "sum" is not uppercase naming style.