

Experiment NO. 5B

• Title :-

cloud computing

• Objectives :-

- ① Understand about basic concept of cloud computing.
- ② To host web application on AWS

• Problem statement :-

Deploy / Host your web application on AWS using Elastic Beanstalk.

• Outcomes :-

Student will be able to,

- ① Understand about basic concept of cloud computing
- ② Host web application on AWS.

• Software and Hardware Requirements :-

Browser, Visual Studio.

Theory :-

• cloud computing -

is a technology paradigm that transformed the way business and individual use, store & manage application and service. It provide on demand access to computing resource over the internet.

- cloud is the delivery of computer services, including services, storage, database, networking, software, more over the internet to foster innovation flexible, resource and economies of scale.

• AWS VPC (Virtual Private cloud) :

is a virtual network environment that allow you to provision of the AWS cloud where you can launch AWS resource.

- Hosting a web application in a VPC gives you full control over the network architecture and security setting.

AWS Elastic Beanstalk:

is a platform as a Service (PaaS) offering from AWS that simplifies the deployment of web application.

- It abstract away the infrastructure management and allow you to focus on your application code.

Execution Steps:-

• Deploying on AWS VPC:-

① create a VPC -

In the AWS management Console navigate to the VPC Service and create a new VPC. Define Subnets, route tables and Security groups to configure network setting.

② Launch EC2 Instances:-

Create EC2 instance within your VPC. These instance will host your web application choose the appropriate instance type and Amazon machine Image (AMI) for your application.

③ Configure Security :-

Set up Security groups and Network to control incoming and outgoing traffic to your instance. Define for SSH, HTTP and any other necessary protocols.

④ Install Web Server :-

SSH into your EC2 instances and install a web server to host your application. Deploy your application code to these instance.

⑤ Domain Configuration :-

If you have a custom domain configure Route 53 or third-part DNS Service to point to your applications IP address.

⑥ Load Balancer (Optional) :-

For redundancy and Scaling consider setting up an Application Load Balancer (ALB) to distribute traffic across multiple instances.

• Deploying on AWS Elastic Beanstalk :-

① Create an Elastic Beanstalk Environment

In the AWS management console, navigate to Elastic Beanstalk and create a new environment. Choose the platform that matches your application.

② Upload Application Code

Package your web application code and upload it to Elastic Beanstalk. The platform will handle the deployment and scaling of your application automatically.

③ Environment Configuration :-

Configure environment (various database and any other service) your application requires. Elastic Beanstalk makes it easy to manage these resources.

Domain Configuration -

Use AWS Services

like Route 53 or a custom domain registrar to set up your domain and route traffic to your Elastic Beanstalk environment.

⑤ Scaling options -

Configure auto-scaling options to handle traffic spikes and ensure high availability.

Conclusion :-

Hosting a web application on AWS provides fine-grained control over it. Suitable for complex and large application.

The choice between UPC and Elastic Beanstalk depends on you and your team's expertise in AWS Services.